```
public class Greedy {
  // Assign Cookies
  class Solution {
     public int findContentChildren(int[] g, int[] s) {
        Arrays.sort(g);
        Arrays.sort(s);
        int i = 0, i = 0, child = 0;
        while (i < g.length && j < s.length) {
          if (q[i] \le s[i]) {
             child++;
             i++;
             i++:
          } else {
             j++;
       return child;
  }
  // Fractional Knapsack Problem
  class Solution {
     class itemComparator implements Comparator<Item> {
        @Override
        public int compare(Item a, Item b) {
          double r1 = (double) a.value / (double) a.weight;
          double r2 = (double) b.value / (double) b.weight;
          if (r1 < r2) {
             return 1;
          } else
             return -1;
     }
     double fractionalKnapsack(int W, Item arr[], int n) {
       // Your code here
        Arrays.sort(arr, new itemComparator());
       int curr = 0;
        double profit = 0.0;
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          if (curr + arr[i].weight <= W) {
             curr += arr[i].weight;
             profit += arr[i].value;
          } else {
             int remain = W - curr;
             profit += ((double) arr[i].value / (double) arr[i].weight) * (double) remain;
             break;
          }
```

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return profit;
   }
}
// Greedy algorithm to find minimum number of coins
class Solution {
   static List<Integer> minPartition(int N) {
     // code here
     int arr[] = new int[] { 2000, 500, 200, 100, 50, 20, 10, 5, 2, 1 };
     int n = arr.length;
     int target = N;
     int i = 0:
     List<Integer> Is = new ArrayList<>();
     while (i < n) {
        if (target >= arr[i]) {
           target -= arr[i];
           ls.add(arr[i]);
        } else {
           i++;
     return Is;
  }
}
// Lemonade Change
class Solution {
   public boolean lemonadeChange(int[] bills) {
      int cnt[] = new int[] { 0, 0, 0 };
     int n = bills.length;
     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (bills[i] == 5) {
           cnt[0]++;
        } else if (bills[i] == 10) {
           if (cnt[0] > 0) {
              cnt[0]--;
              cnt[1]++;
           } else {
              return false;
        } else {
           if (cnt[0] > 0 \&\& cnt[1] > 0 || cnt[0] > 2) {
              if (cnt[0] > 0 \&\& cnt[1] > 0) {
                 cnt[0]--;
                 cnt[1]--;
                 cnt[2]++;
              } else {
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cnt[0] = cnt[0] - 3;
          } else {
             return false;
        }
     return true;
// Valid Paranthesis Checker
// N meetings in one room
class Solution {
  // Function to find the maximum number of meetings that can
  // be performed in a meeting room.
  public static int maxMeetings(int start[], int end[], int n) {
     // add your code here
     ArrayList<Meeting> meet = new ArrayList<>();
     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        meet.add(new Meeting(start[i], end[i], i));
     ArrayList<Integer> ans = new ArrayList<>();
     MeetingComparator mc = new MeetingComparator();
     Collections.sort(meet, mc);
     int limit = meet.get(0).end;
     ans.add(meet.get(0).pos);
     int count = 1;
     for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        if (meet.get(i).start > limit) {
          count++;
          ans.add(meet.get(i).pos);
          limit = meet.get(i).end;
        }
     return count;
  static class Meeting {
     int start, end, pos;
     Meeting(int s, int e, int p) {
        this.start = s:
        this.end = e;
        this.pos = p;
  }
```

```
static class MeetingComparator implements Comparator<Meeting> {
     @Override
     public int compare(Meeting m1, Meeting m2) {
        if (m1.end < m2.end) {
          return -1;
        } else if (m1.end > m2.end) {
          return 1;
        } else if (m1.pos < m2.pos) {
          return -1;
        return 1;
     }
  }
}
// Jump Game
class Solution {
  public boolean canJump(int[] arr) {
     int n = arr.length;
     boolean vis[] = new boolean[n];
     Queue<Integer> q = new LinkedList<>();
     int start = 0:
     q.add(start);
     vis[start] = true;
     while (!q.isEmpty()) {
        Integer ind = q.remove();
        if (ind == n - 1) {
          return true;
        int s = arr[ind];
        for (int steps = 1; steps <= s; steps++) {
          if (ind + steps >= n - 1) {
             return true;
          if (vis[ind + steps] == false) {
             q.add(ind + steps);
             vis[ind + steps] = true;
       }
     return false;
}
// Jump Game 2
class Solution {
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public int jump(int[] arr) {
      if (arr.length == 1) {
        return 0:
     int n = arr.length;
      boolean vis[] = new boolean[n];
      Queue<Integer> q = new LinkedList<>();
      q.add(0):
     vis[0] = true;
     int st = 1;
     while (!q.isEmpty()) {
        int s = q.size();
        for (int i = 0; i < s; i++) {
           Integer ind = q.remove();
           if (ind == n - 1) {
              return st;
           int steps = arr[ind]:
           for (int ir = 0; ir \leq steps; ir++) {
              if (ind + ir >= n - 1) {
                 return st:
              int nl = ind + ir;
              if (vis[nl] == false) {
                 vis[nl] = true;
                 q.add(nl);
           }
        }
        st++;
     return -1;
}
// Minimum number of platforms required for trains
class Solution {
   // Function to find the minimum number of platforms required at the
   // railway station such that no train waits.
   static int findPlatform(int arr[], int dep[], int n) {
     // add your code here
     Arrays.sort(arr);
     Arrays.sort(dep);
     int res = 1, plat = 1, i = 1, j = 0;
     while (i < n \&\& j < n) \{
        if (arr[i] > dep[j]) {
           plat--;
           j++;
        } else {
```

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plat++;
           i++;
        if (res < plat) {
           res = plat;
     return res;
  }
}
// Job sequencing Problem
// Candv
// Program for Shortest Job First (or ...
// Program for Least Recently Used (LR...
// Insert Interval
// Merge Intervals
class Solution {
  public int[][] merge(int[][] intervals) {
     List<int[]> res = new ArrayList<>();
     if (intervals.length == 0 || intervals == null) {
        return res.toArray(new int[0][]);
     Arrays.sort(intervals, (a, b) \rightarrow a[0] - b[0]);
     int start = intervals[0][0];
     int end = intervals[0][1];
     for (int[] i : intervals) {
        if (i[0] \le end) {
           end = Math.max(end, i[1]);
        } else {
           res.add(new int[] { start, end });
           start = i[0];
           end = i[1];
        }
     res.add(new int[] { start, end });
     return res.toArray(new int[0][]);
// Non-overlapping Intervals
```