```
package Love Babbar;
public class Bit {
  class BitManipulation {
     // Count set bits in an integer
     class Solution {
        static int setBits(int N) {
           // code here
           int bit = 1:
           int cnt = 0:
           while (N != 0) {
             int check = N & 1;
             if (check != 0) {
                cnt++;
             N = N >> 1;
           return cnt;
     // Find the two non-repeating elements in an array of repeating elements
     class Solution {
        public int[] singleNumber(int[] nums) {
           // Code here
           int n = nums.length;
           int ans[] = new int[2];
           int xor = 0;
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
             xor = xor ^ nums[i];
           int rb1 = R(xor);
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
             int check = nums[i] & (1 << rb1);
             if (check != 0) {
                ans[0] = ans[0] \land nums[i];
                ans[1] = ans[1] \wedge nums[i];
           return ans;
        public int R(int a) {
           int bit = 1;
           for (int i = 0; i \le 31; i++) {
             int check = a \& (bit << i);
```

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if (check != 0) {
           return i;
     return -1;
// Count number of bits to be flipped to convert A to B
class Solution {
  // Function to find number of bits needed to be flipped to convert A to B
  public static int countBitsFlip(int a, int b) {
     int cnt = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i \le 31; i++) {
        int c1 = a >> i;
        int c2 = b \gg i;
        int bit1 = (1) \& c1;
        int bit2 = (1) \& c2;
        // System.out.println("Bit1: "+bit1+" Bit2: "+bit2);
        if (bit1 != bit2) {
           cnt++;
     return cnt;
// Count total set bits in all numbers from 1 to n--
class Solution {
  // Function to return sum of count of set bits in the integers from 1 to n.
  public static int countSetBits(int n) {
     // Your code here
     int cnt = 0:
     for (int k = 1; k \le n; k++) {
        for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++) {
           int bit = 1 << i;
           int check = bit & k;
           if (check != 0) {
             cnt++;
     return cnt;
// Program to find whether a no is power of two
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class Solution {
  // Function to check if given number n is a power of two.
  public static boolean isPowerofTwo(long n) {
     // Your code here
     if (n == 0) {
        return false:
     long res = n \& (n - 1);
     if (res == 0) {
        return true;
     } else
        return false;
  }
// Find position of the only set bit
class Solution {
  static int findPosition(int N) {
     // code here
     int bit = 1;
     int cnt = 0:
     int bitpos = 1;
     int ans = -1;
     while (N != 0) {
        int check = N & 1;
        if (check != 0) {
           cnt++;
           if (cnt > 1) {
             return -1;
           if (cnt == 1) {
             ans = bitpos;
           }
        N = N >> 1;
        bitpos++;
     return ans;
// Copy set bits in a range
class Solution {
  static int setAllRangeBits(int N, int L, int R) {
     // code here
     int res = N;
     for (int i = L - 1; i < R; i++) {
        int bitmask = 1 << i;
```

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res = res | bitmask;
        return res;
     }
  // Divide two integers without using multiplication, division and mod operator
  // Calculate square of a number without using *, / and pow()
   // Power Set
   class Solution {
     public List<String> AllPossibleStrings(String s) {
        // Code here
        List<String> answer = new ArrayList<>();
        int n = s.length();
        int tot = 1 << n;
        for (int num = 0; num < tot; num++) {
          String ans = "";
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
             int ind = n - 1 - i;
             int check = num & (1 << ind);
             if (check != 0) {
                ans += s.charAt(i);
             }
          if (!ans.equals(""))
             answer.add(0, ans);
        Collections.sort(answer);
        return answer;
  }
}
```