```
public class Sliding Window Two Pointer {
  // Longest Substring Without Repeating Characters
  class Solution {
     int longestUniqueSubsttr(String S) {
        int start = 0, end = 0, unique = 0, repeat = 0, ans = 0;
       int freq[] = new int[256];
        int n = S.length();
       while (end < n) {
          freq[S.charAt(end)]++;
          if (freq[S.charAt(end)] > 1) {
             repeat++:
          }
          end++:
          while (start < end && repeat > 0) {
             if (freq[S.charAt(start)] > 1) {
               repeat--;
             freq[S.charAt(start)]--;
             start++;
          if (repeat == 0) {
             ans = Math.max(end - start, ans);
       return ans;
  }
  // Max Consecutive Ones III
  class Solution {
     public int longestOnes(int[] nums, int k) {
       int start = 0, end = 0, flips = 0;
        int n = nums.length;
       int ans = -1;
        while (end < n) {
          if (nums[end] == 0) {
             flips++;
          }
          end++;
          while (start < end && flips > k) {
             if (nums[start] == 0) {
               flips--;
             start++;
          if (flips \leq k) {
             ans = Math.max(end - start, ans);
       }
```

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return ans;
  }
}
// Fruit Into Baskets
class Solution {
  public int totalFruit(int[] nums) {
     int start = 0, end = 0:
     int n = nums.length;
     int ans = -1;
     Map<Integer, Integer> mp = new HashMap<>();
     while (end < n) {
        if (mp.get(nums[end]) == null) {
          mp.put(nums[end], 1);
        } else
          mp.put(nums[end], mp.get(nums[end]) + 1);
        end++;
        while (start < end && mp.size() > 2) {
          int key = nums[start];
          if (mp.get(key) == 1) {
             mp.remove(key);
          } else {
             mp.put(nums[start], mp.get(nums[start]) - 1);
          start++;
        if (mp.size() \le 2) {
          ans = Math.max(end - start, ans);
        }
     return ans;
}
// Longest repeating character replacement
class Solution {
  public int characterReplacement(String s, int k) {
     int ans = Integer.MIN VALUE;
     for (char ch = 'A'; ch <= 'Z'; ch++) {
        ans = Math.max(ans, solve(s, k, ch));
     return ans;
  public int solve(String s, int k, char ch) {
     int start = 0, end = 0, changes = 0, ans = 0, n = s.length();
     while (end < n) {
        if (s.charAt(end) != ch) {
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changes++;
       end++:
       while (start < end && changes > k) {
          if (s.charAt(start) != ch) {
             changes--;
          start++;
       ans = Math.max(ans, end - start);
     return ans;
  }
}
// Binary subarray with sum
class Solution {
  public int numSubarraysWithSum(int[] nums, int k) {
     return countSubArray(nums, k) - countSubArray(nums, k - 1);
  }
  public int countSubArray(int nums[], int k) {
     int start = 0, end = 0, n = nums.length, sum = 0, ans = 0;
     while (end < n) {
       sum += nums[end];
       end++:
       while (start < end && sum > k) {
          sum -= nums[start];
          start++;
       ans += end - start;
     return ans;
// Count number of nice subarrays
class Solution {
  public int countSubArray(int nums[], int k) {
     int start = 0, end = 0, n = nums.length, noOfOdd = 0, ans = 0;
     while (end < n) {
       if (nums[end] \% 2 == 1) {
          noOfOdd++;
       end++;
       while (start < end && noOfOdd > k) {
          if (nums[start] \% 2 == 1) {
             noOfOdd--;
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}
            start++;
          }
          ans += end - start;
       return ans;
     }
     public int numberOfSubarrays(int[] nums, int k) {
       return countSubArray(nums, k) - countSubArray(nums, k - 1);
  }
  // Number of substring containing all three characters
  class Solution {
     public int numberOfSubstrings(String s) {
       int n = s.length();
       int start = 0:
       int end = 0;
       int ans = 0:
       Map<Character, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
       while (end < n) {
          map.put(s.charAt(end), map.getOrDefault(s.charAt(end), 0) + 1);
          if (!map.containsKey('a') || !map.containsKey('b') || !map.containsKey('c')) {
            end++;
          }
          else {
            while (map.containsKey('a') && map.containsKey('b') && map.
containsKey('c')) {
               ans += n - end;
               char ch = s.charAt(start);
               map.put(ch, map.getOrDefault(ch, 0) - 1);
               if (map.get(ch) == 0) {
                 map.remove(ch);
               start++;
            }
            end++;
       return ans;
  }
  // Maximum point you can obtain from cards
  class Solution {
     public int maxScore(int[] cardPoints, int k) {
```

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int n = cardPoints.length;
     int dp[][] = new int[n + 1][n + 1];
     for (int rows[] : dp) {
        Arrays.fill(rows, 0);
     return f(0, n - 1, 0, k, cardPoints, dp);
  }
  public int f(int start, int end, int ct, int k, int cardPoints[], int dp[][]) {
     if (ct == k) {
        return 0:
     if (dp[start][end] != -1) {
        return dp[start][end];
     int takeFront = cardPoints[start] + f(start + 1, end, ct + 1, k, cardPoints, dp);
     int takeBack = cardPoints[end] + f(start, end - 1, ct + 1, k, cardPoints, dp);
     return dp[start][end] = Math.max(takeFront, takeBack);
  }
  class Solution {
     public int maxScore(int[] cardPoints, int k) {
        int sum = 0:
        int n = cardPoints.length;
        for (int i = 0; i < k; i++) {
           sum += cardPoints[i];
        int maxSum = sum;
        for (int i = k - 1, j = n - 1; i >= 0; i --, j --) {
           sum -= cardPoints[i];
           sum += cardPoints[i];
           maxSum = Math.max(maxSum, sum);
        return maxSum;
  }
}
// Longest Substring with At Most K Unique characters
class Solution {
  public int longestkSubstr(String s, int k) {
     // code here
     int start = 0:
     int end = 0:
     int unique = 0;
     int ans = -1;
     int[] freq = new int[123];
     int n = s.length();
     while (end < n) {
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freq[s.charAt(end)]++;
        if (freq[s.charAt(end)] == 1)
          unique++;
        end++;
        while (start < end && unique > k) {
          freq[s.charAt(start)]--;
          if (freq[s.charAt(start)] == 0)
             unique--;
          start++;
        }
        if (unique == k) {
          ans = Math.max(ans, end - start);
     return ans;
}
// Subarray with k different integers
class Solution {
  public int subarraysWithKDistinct(int[] nums, int k) {
     return f(nums, k) - f(nums, k - 1);
  }
  public int f(int nums[], int k) {
     int start = 0, end = 0, n = nums.length, ans = 0, unique = 0;
     int freq[] = new int[10000000];
     while (end < n) {
        freq[nums[end]]++;
        if (freq[nums[end]] == 1)
          unique++;
        end++;
        while (start < end && unique > k) {
          freq[nums[start]]--;
          if (freq[nums[start]] == 0)
             unique--;
          start++;
        ans += end - start;
     return ans;
}
// Minimum Window Substring
class Solution{
  boolean isSatisfied(int[] sfreq, int[] tfreq) {
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < 123; i++) {
        if(tfreq[i] > sfreq[i]) return false;
        return true;
     public String minWindow(String s, String t) {
        int n = s.length(), m = t.length();
        int[] tfreq = new int[123];
        for(int i = 0; i < m; i++) tfreq[t.charAt(i)]++;
        int[] sfreq = new int[123];
        int start = 0, end = 0:
        int ans = Integer.MAX VALUE;
        int ansStart = -1, ansEnd = -1:
        while(end < n) {
          sfreq[s.charAt(end)]++;
          end++:
          while(start < end && isSatisfied(sfreq, tfreq)) {
             if(ans > end - start) {
             ans = end - start;
             ansStart = start;
             ansEnd = end;
          sfreq[s.charAt(start)]--;
          start++;
       }
     if(ansStart == -1) return "";
     return s.substring(ansStart, ansEnd);
  }
}
  // Minimum Window Subsequence
  public class Main {
     public static String DistinctWindow(String s) {
        int n = s.length();
        int cnt[] = new int[123]:
        int distinct = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          cnt[s.charAt(i)]++;
          if (cnt[s.charAt(i)] == 1)
             distinct++;
        return smallest(s, n, distinct);
     public static String smallest(String s, int n, int k) {
       // write code here
        int ans = Integer.MAX VALUE, start = 0, end = 0, unique = 0, ansStart = -1,
ansEnd = -1;
```

```
int freq[] = new int[123];
        while (end < n) {
          char ch = s.charAt(end);
          freq[ch]++;
          if (freq[ch] == 1) {
             unique++;
          }
          end++;
          while (start < end && unique == k) {
             if (ans > end - start) {
               ans = end - start;
               ansStart = start;
               ansEnd = end;
             char g = s.charAt(start);
             freq[g]--;
             if (freq[g] == 0) {
               unique--;
             start++;
       if (ans == -1) {
          return "";
        return s.substring(ansStart, ansEnd);
     public static void main(String[] args) throws Throwable {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        String s = sc.nextLine();
        String ans = DistinctWindow(s);
        System.out.println(ans);
     }
  }
}
```