

PART 1: Connecting & Shaping the Data

Open a new Power BI Desktop file, and complete the following steps:

1) Update your Power BI options and settings as follows:

- Deselect the "Autodetect new relationships after data is loaded" option in the **Data Load** tab
- Make sure that Locale for import is set to "English (United States)" in the **Regional Settings** tab

2) Connect to the **MavenMarket_Customers** csv file

- Name the table "**Customers**", and make sure that headers have been promoted
- Confirm that data types are accurate (**Note:** "customer_id" should be whole numbers, and both "customer_acct_num" and "customer_postal_code" should be text)
- Add a new column named "full_name" to merge the "first_name" and "last_name" columns, separated by a space
- Create a new column named "birth_year" to extract the year from the "birthdate" column, and format as text
- Create a **conditional column** named "has_children" which equals "N" if "total_children" = 0, otherwise "Y"

3) Connect to the **MavenMarket_Products** csv file

- Name the table "**Products**" and make sure that headers have been promoted
- Confirm that data types are accurate (**Note:** "product_id" should be whole numbers, "product_sku" should be text),

"product_retail_price" and "product_cost" should be decimal numbers)

- Use the statistics tools to return the number of distinct product brands, followed by distinct product names
 - **Spot check:** You should see **111 brands** and **1,560 product names**
- Add a calculated column named "discount_price", equal to 90% of the original retail price
 - Format as a fixed decimal number, and then use the rounding tool to round to 2 digits
- Select "product_brand" and use the **Group By** option to calculate the average retail price by brand, and name the new column "Avg Retail Price"
 - **Spot check:** You should see an average retail price of **\$2.18** for Washington products, and **\$2.21** for Green Ribbon
- Delete the last applied step to return the table to its pre-grouped state
- Replace "null" values with zeros in both the "recyclable" and "low-fat" columns

4) Connect to the **MavenMarket_Stores** csv file

- Name the table "**Stores**" and make sure that headers have been promoted
- Confirm that data types are accurate (**Note:** "store_id" and "region_id" should be whole numbers)
- Add a calculated column named "full_address", by merging "store_city", "store_state", and "store_country", separated by a comma and space (**hint:** use a custom separator)
- Add a calculated column named "area_code", by extracting the characters before the dash ("-") in the "store_phone" field

5) Connect to the **MavenMarket_Regions** csv file

- Name the table "**Regions**" and make sure that headers have been promoted
- Confirm that data types are accurate (**Note:** "*region_id*" should be whole numbers)

6) Connect to the **MavenMarket_Calendar** csv file

- Name the table "**Calendar**" and make sure that headers have been promoted
- Use the date tools in the query editor to add the following columns:
 - *Start of Week (starting Sunday)*
 - *Name of Day*
 - *Start of Month*
 - *Name of Month*
 - *Quarter of Year*
 - *Year*

7) Connect to the **MavenMarket>Returns** csv file

- Name the table "**Return_Data**" and make sure that headers have been promoted
- Confirm that data types are accurate (all ID columns and *quantity* should be whole numbers)

8) Add a new folder on your desktop (or in your documents) named "**MavenMarket Transactions**", containing both the **MavenMarket_Transactions_1997** and **MavenMarket_Transactions_1998** csv files

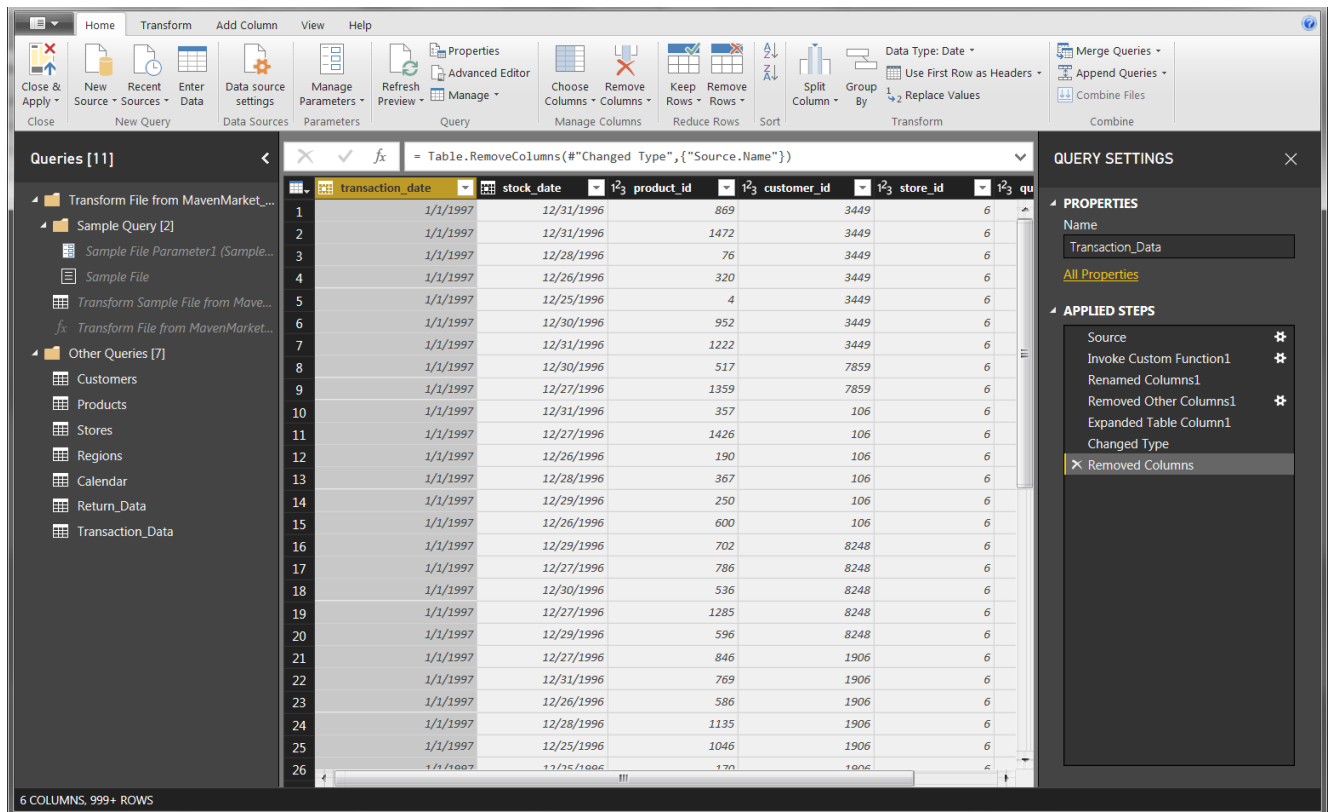
- Connect to the folder path, and choose "Edit" (vs. *Combine and Edit*)
- Click the "*Content*" column header (double arrow icon) to combine the files, then remove the "*Source.Name*" column
- Name the table "**Transaction_Data**", and confirm that headers have been promoted
- Confirm that data types are accurate (all ID columns and *quantity* should be whole numbers)
 - **Spot check:** *You should see data from 1/1/1997 through 12/30/1998 in the "transaction_date" column*

9) With the exception of the two data tables, disable "*Include in Report Refresh*", then **Close & Apply**

- Confirm that all 7 tables are now accessible within both the **RELATIONSHIPS** view and the **DATA** view

10) Save your .pbix file (i.e. "**MavenMarket_Report**")

Solution screenshot (for reference):



PART 2: Creating the Data Model

Using the report you created in Part 1, complete the following steps:

1) In the MODEL view, arrange your tables with the lookup tables above the data tables

- Connect **Transaction_Data** to **Customers**, **Products**, and **Stores** using valid primary/foreign keys
- Connect **Transaction_Data** to **Calendar** using both date fields, with an inactive "stock_date" relationship
- Connect **Return_Data** to **Products**, **Calendar**, and **Stores** using valid primary/foreign keys
- Connect **Stores** to **Regions** as a "snowflake" schema

2) Confirm the following:

- All relationships follow **one-to-many** cardinality, with primary keys (1) on the lookup side and foreign keys (*) on the data side
- Filters are all **one-way** (no two-way filters)
- Filter context flows "**downstream**" from lookup tables to data tables
- Data tables are connected via **shared lookup tables** (*not directly to each other*)

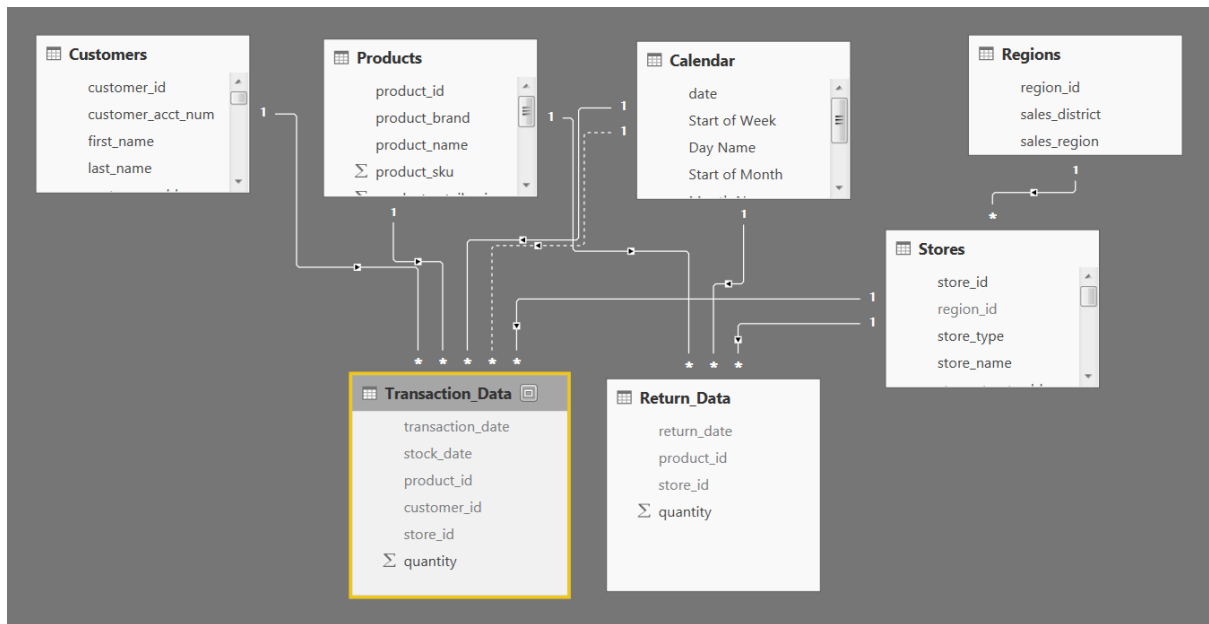
3) Hide all **foreign keys** in both data tables from Report View, as well as "*region_id*" from the **Stores** table

4) In the **DATA** view, complete the following:

- Update *all* date fields (across all tables) to the "**M/d/yyyy**" format using the formatting tools in the **Modeling** tab
- Update "*product_retail_price*", "*product_cost*", and "*discount_price*" to **Currency (\$ English)** format
- In the **Customers** table, categorize "*customer_city*" as **City**, "*customer_postal_code*" as **Postal Code**, and "*customer_country*" as **Country/Region**
- In the **Stores** table, categorize "*store_city*" as **City**, "*store_state*" as **State or Province**, "*store_country*" as **Country/Region**, and "*full_address*" as **Address**

5) Save your .pbix file

Solution screenshot (for reference):



PART 3: Adding DAX Measures

Using your report from Part 2, complete the following steps:

1) In the **DATA** view, add the following **calculated columns**:

- In the **Calendar** table, add a column named **"Weekend"**
 - Equals **"Y"** for Saturdays or Sundays (otherwise **"N"**)
- In the **Calendar** table, add a column named **"End of Month"**
 - Returns the last date of the current month for each row
- In the **Customers** table, add a column named **"Current Age"**
 - Calculates current customer ages using the *"birthdate"* column and the TODAY() function
- In the **Customers** table, add a column named **"Priority"**
 - Equals **"High"** for customers who own homes and have Golden membership cards (otherwise **"Standard"**)
- In the **Customers** table, add a column named **"Short_Country"**

- Returns the first three characters of the customer country, and converts to all uppercase
- In the **Customers** table, add a column named "**House Number**"
 - Extracts all characters/numbers before the first space in the "customer_address" column (*hint: use SEARCH*)
- In the **Products** table, add a column named "**Price_Tier**"
 - Equals "**High**" if the retail price is >\$3, "**Mid**" if the retail price is >\$1, and "**Low**" otherwise
- In the **Stores** table, add a column named "**Years_Since_Remodel**"
 - Calculates the number of years between the current date (TODAY()) and the last remodel date

2) In the **REPORT** view, add the following **measures** (Assign to tables as you see fit, and use a matrix to match the "**spot check**" values)

- Create new measures named "**Quantity Sold**" and "**Quantity Returned**" to calculate the sum of quantity from each data table
 - **Spot check:** You should see total Quantity Sold = **833,489** and total Quantity Returned = **8,289**
- Create new measures named "**Total Transactions**" and "**Total Returns**" to calculate the count of rows from each data table
 - **Spot check:** You should see **269,720** transactions and **7,087** returns
- Create a new measure named "**Return Rate**" to calculate the ratio of quantity returned to quantity sold (format as %)
 - **Spot check:** You should see an overall return rate of **0.99%**

- Create a new measure named "**Weekend Transactions**" to calculate transactions on weekends
 - **Spot check:** *You should see **76,608** total weekend transactions*
- Create a new measure named "**% Weekend Transactions**" to calculate weekend transactions as a percentage of total transactions (format as %)
 - **Spot check:** *You should see **28.4%** weekend transactions*
- Create new measures named "**All Transactions**" and "**All Returns**" to calculate grand total transactions and returns (regardless of filter context)
 - **Spot check:** *You should see **269,720** transactions and **7,087** returns across all rows (test with product_brand on rows)*
- Create a new measure to calculate "**Total Revenue**" based on transaction quantity and product retail price, and format as \$ (*hint: you'll need an iterator*)
 - **Spot check:** *You should see a total revenue of **\$1,764,546***
- Create a new measure to calculate "**Total Cost**" based on transaction quantity and product cost, and format as \$ (*hint: you'll need an iterator*)
 - **Spot check:** *You should see a total cost of **\$711,728***
- Create a new measure named "**Total Profit**" to calculate total revenue minus total cost, and format as \$
 - **Spot check:** *You should see a total profit of **\$1,052,819***
- Create a new measure to calculate "**Profit Margin**" by dividing total profit by total revenue calculate total revenue (format as %)
 - **Spot check:** *You should see an overall profit margin of **59.67%***
- Create a new measure named "**Unique Products**" to calculate the number of unique product names in the **Products** table

- **Spot check:** You should see **1,560** unique products
- Create a new measure named "**YTD Revenue**" to calculate year-to-date total revenue, and format as \$
 - **Spot check:** Create a matrix with "**Start of Month**" on rows; you should see **\$872,924** in YTD Revenue in September 1998
- Create a new measure named "**60-Day Revenue**" to calculate a running revenue total over a 60-day period, and format as \$
 - **Spot check:** Create a matrix with "**date**" on rows; you should see **\$97,570** in 60-Day Revenue on 4/14/1997
- Create new measures named "**Last Month Transactions**", "**Last Month Revenue**", "**Last Month Profit**", and "**Last Month Returns**"
 - **Spot check:** Create a matrix with "**Start of Month**" on rows to confirm accuracy
- Create a new measure named "**Revenue Target**" based on a 5% lift over the previous month revenue, and format as \$
 - **Spot check:** You should see a Revenue Target of **\$99,223** in March 1998

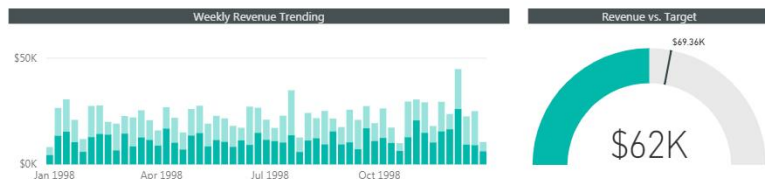
(See COMPLETE report file to check your DAX formulas)

PART 4: Building the Report

For the final phase of the project, you can either follow the instructions to recreate the report shown below, or design your own version -- the choice is yours!



Product Brand	Total Transactions	Total Profit	Profit Margin	Return Rate
Hermanos	2,795	\$11,233	58.71 %	0.95 %
Ebony	2,657	\$10,224	59.84 %	0.78 %
Tell Tale	2,642	\$10,168	58.01 %	0.96 %
Tri-State	2,587	\$10,130	58.64 %	1.07 %
High Top	2,537	\$10,006	60.46 %	0.80 %
Nationeel	2,519	\$9,642	60.43 %	1.15 %
Best Choice	2,206	\$9,510	60.88 %	0.79 %
Horatio	1,124	\$8,911	58.35 %	0.44 %
Fort West	1,095	\$7,908	59.88 %	0.95 %
Fast	2,094	\$8,322	61.24 %	0.96 %
Carrington	2,039	\$7,780	59.75 %	0.65 %
Red Wing	2,027	\$8,377	59.32 %	1.02 %
Sunset	1,992	\$7,072	60.40 %	1.02 %
Big Time	1,980	\$8,057	60.25 %	1.02 %
Cormorant	1,908	\$8,120	61.61 %	0.94 %
Super	1,902	\$7,253	60.67 %	0.84 %
High Quality	1,893	\$8,416	59.98 %	1.20 %
Imagine	1,848	\$7,734	61.23 %	1.13 %
BBB Best	1,827	\$6,646	62.21 %	0.69 %
PigTail	1,808	\$6,016	60.88 %	1.07 %
Golden	1,793	\$6,770	58.60 %	0.70 %
Pietro	1,776	\$6,756	60.64 %	1.11 %
Denny	1,770	\$7,848	58.01 %	1.03 %
Landslide	1,656	\$5,313	58.61 %	0.82 %
CDR	1,558	\$6,020	58.84 %	1.16 %
Better	1,406	\$4,564	61.15 %	1.10 %
Pleasant	1,342	\$5,211	60.17 %	1.01 %
Just Right	1,329	\$4,757	59.37 %	0.76 %
Carlson	1,287	\$5,272	61.18 %	0.78 %
Hilltop	1,285	\$5,603	58.76 %	0.96 %
Total	58,494	\$229,642	59.95 %	0.96 %



1) Rename the tab "Topline Performance" and insert the Maven Market logo

2) Insert a **Matrix** visual to show **Total Transactions**, **Total Profit**, **Profit Margin**, and **Return Rate** by **Product_Brand** (on rows)

- Add conditional formatting to show **data bars** on the Total Transactions column, and **color scales** on Profit Margin (*White to Green*) and Return Rate (*White to Red*)
- Add a visual level **Top N** filter to only show the top 30 product brands, then sort descending by Total Transactions

3) Add a **KPI Card** to show **Total Transactions**, with **Start of Month** as the trend axis and **Last Month Transactions** as the target goal

- Update the title to "**Current Month Transactions**", and format as you see fit

- Create two more copies: one for **Total Profit** (vs. *Last month Profit*) and one for **Total Returns** (vs. *Last Month Returns*)
 - Make sure to update titles, and change the Returns chart to color coding to "*Low is Good*"

4) Add a **Map** visual to show **Total Transactions** by store city

- Add a slicer for store country
 - Under the "selection controls" menu in the formatting pane, activate the "*Show Select All*" option
 - **Pro Tip:** Change the orientation in the "General" formatting menu to **horizontal** and resize to create a *vertical* stack (rather than a list)

5) Next to the map, add a **Treemap** visual to break down **Total Transactions** by store country

- Pull in **store_state** and **store_city** beneath **store_country** in the "Group" field to enable drill-up and drill-down functionality

6) Beneath the map, add a **Column Chart** to show **Total Revenue** by week, and format as you see fit

- Add a **report level filter** to only show data for 1998
- Update the title to "*Weekly Revenue Trending*"

7) In the lower right, add a **Gauge Chart** to show **Total Revenue** against **Revenue Target** (as either "*target value*" or "*maximum value*")

- Add a visual level **Top N** filter to show the latest **Start of Month**

- Remove data labels, and update the title to "***Revenue vs. Target***"

8) Select the Matrix and activate the **Edit interactions** option to prevent the Treemap from filtering

9) Select "***USA***" in the country slicer, and drill down to select "***Portland***" in the Treemap

- Add a new bookmark named "***Portland 1000 Sales***"
- Add a new report page, named "***Notes***"
- Insert a text box and write something along the lines of "***Portland hits 1,000 sales in December***"
- Add a button (your choice) and use the "***Action***" properties to link it to the bookmark you created
- Test the bookmark by CTRL-clicking the button
- Find 2-3 additional insights from the Topline Performance tab and add new bookmarks and notes linking back