

# Marginal Distributions of Continuous Random Variables

Probability and Statistics for Data Science

Carlos Fernandez-Granda

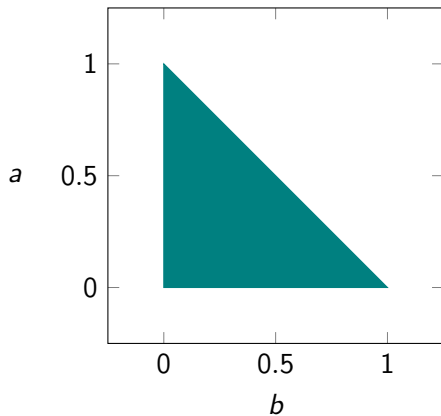


These slides are based on the book [Probability and Statistics for Data Science](#) by Carlos Fernandez-Granda, available for purchase [here](#). A free preprint, videos, code, slides and solutions to exercises are available at <https://www.ps4ds.net>

# Goal

In a model with many variables, how do we characterize behavior of individual variables?

## Triangle lake: Joint pdf



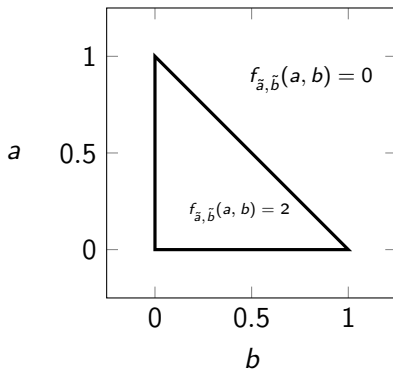
What if we only care about  $\tilde{a}$ ?

## Marginal pdf

$$\begin{aligned} F_{\tilde{a}}(a) &= \mathbb{P}(\tilde{a} \leq a) \\ &= \int_{u=-\infty}^a \int_{b=-\infty}^{\infty} f_{\tilde{a}, \tilde{b}}(u, b) \, db \, du \end{aligned}$$

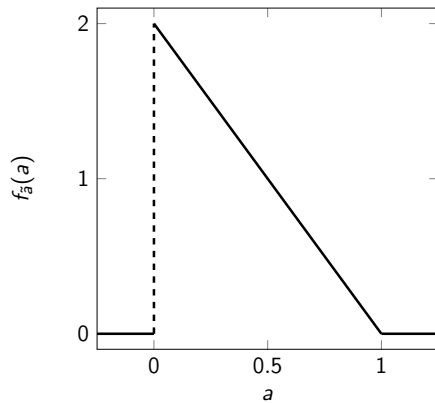
$$f_{\tilde{a}}(a) = \int_{b=-\infty}^{\infty} f_{\tilde{a}, \tilde{b}}(a, b) \, db$$

## Marginal pdf



$$\begin{aligned} f_{\tilde{a}}(a) &= \int_{b=-\infty}^{\infty} f_{\tilde{a}, \tilde{b}}(a, b) \, db \\ &= \int_{b=0}^{1-a} 2 \, db = 2(1-a) \end{aligned}$$

## Marginal pdf



# Marginal pdf

Marginal pdf of  $\tilde{a}$

$$f_{\tilde{a}}(a) = \int_{b=-\infty}^{\infty} f_{\tilde{a}, \tilde{b}}(a, b) \, db$$

Marginal pdf of  $\tilde{x}[i]$

$$f_{\tilde{x}[i]}(a) = \int_{x[1]} \dots \int_{x[i-1]} \int_{x[i+1]} \dots \int_{x[d]} f_{\tilde{x}}(x[1], \dots, x[i-1], a, x[i+1], \dots, x[d]) \, dx[1] \dots dx[i-1] dx[i+1] \dots dx[d]$$

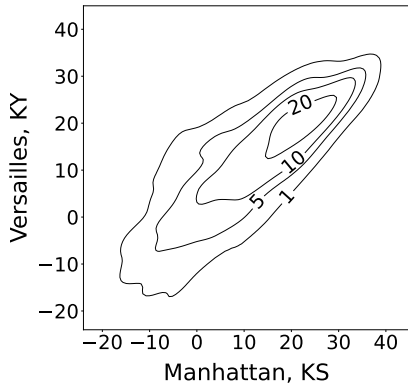
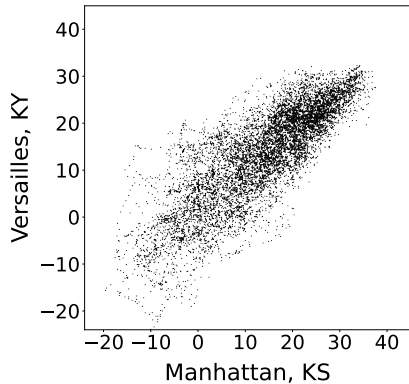


## Marginal pdf

Marginal joint pdf of  $\tilde{x}[1]$  and  $\tilde{x}[4]$

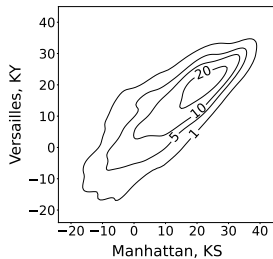
$$f_{\tilde{x}[1], \tilde{x}[4]}(a, d) = \int_{b=-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{c=-\infty}^{\infty} f_{\tilde{x}}(a, b, c, d) \, db \, dc$$

# Temperature

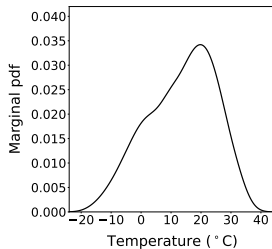


# Marginal distributions

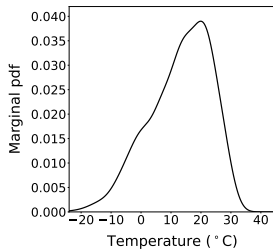
Joint pdf



Manhattan



Versailles



# What have we learned?

Definition of marginal distribution

How to compute it from the joint pdf