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Topic: Instanceof operator

Total 5

(1) How is instance of operator different
from "==" in java? And in what
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one over another? (2)

(2) While working with multiple class hierarchy involving inheritance, what hind of issues may arrrise if we use instance of operator? Explain with a proper example.

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(2) How is instance of operator different from "==" in java? And in what scenarios would you prefer using one over another? (2)

Amp: In java "==" operator is used for the emparison of reference. It checks if two reference point to the exact same location. On the other hand instance of operator is used for type checking, which determines if an object is an instance of a particular class or interface.

"==" operators can be used when we are compairing primitive types, or when we want to explicitly compare object references. On the other hand, instance of can be used to perstorm downcasting and polymorphism based operations where we need specific data type.

(2) While working with multiple class hieranchy involving inherotance, what kind of issues may arraise if we use instanceof operators? Explain with a proper example, (3)

Ann: The instance of operators considers subclasses as instances of their parcent class, which may lead to unintended behaviors when checking for specific types.

consider an iherotance hierranchy wheree a class shape is extended to circle which is extended to savarce. Now if we create an object of child class then instance of operators will return 1 for every class of the hierarchy which might cause a problem if we want to determine a certain class specifically.

```
class Shape 17
class Cincle extends Shape f}
class Savarre extends Circle ()
public class Test of
    public static void main (Streing [] aregs) {
           shape shape = new sime();
           if (shape instanceof Savarre) of
                 System.out.preintln ("Savarre");
           if (shape instanceof circle) {
                  System.out. println (" (inde");
           if ( shape instance of shape) {
                  System. out, prointln ("Shape");
           3
```

Here instanceofvare operatore will print both three. So in this way we can't specifically determine a cerdain class.