

PATUAKHALI SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY

COURSE CODE CCE-121

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Assignment: Assignment 10

Assignment title: Chapter 14

(Deitel Java book)

14.1 State whether each of the following is true or false. If false, explain why.

a) When String objects are compared using ==, the result is true if the Strings contain the same values.

Ans: False. '==' operator will check whether they share the same memory or not.

b) A String can be modified after it's created.

Ans: False. A string is an immutable object and thus can't be modified.

14.2 For each of the following, write a single statement that performs the indicated task:

```
a) Compare the string in s1 to the string in s2 for equality of contents.
```

```
1 s1.equals(s2)
```

b) Append the string s2 to the string s1, using +=.

```
1 s1 += s2;
```

c) Determine the length of the string in s1.

```
1 s1.length();
```

14.3 (Palindromes)

```
1 public class Palindrome {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
2
       String s = "madam";
3
       System.out.println(isPalindrome(s));
4
    }
5
6
    static boolean isPalindrome(String s) {
7
       int n = s.length();
8
9
       for (int i = 0; i < n/2; i++) {
          if (s.charAt(i) != s.charAt(n-i-1)) {
10
            return false;
11
12
          }
13
14
        return true;
     }
15
16 }
```

```
14.4 (Comparing Portions of Strings)
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 public class Compare {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
5
       Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.println("Enter first string: ");
6
       String s1 = input.nextLine();
7
8
       System.out.println("Enter second string: ");
       String s2 = input.nextLine();
9
       System.out.println("Enter number of characters to be compared: ");
10
11
       int n = input.nextInt();
12
       System.out.println("Enter starting index of the comparison: ");
13
       int i = input.nextInt();
       input.close();
14
15
       if (s1.regionMatches(true, i, s2, i, n)) {
16
          System.out.println("The strings are equal.");
17
       } else {
18
         System.out.println("The strings are not equal.");
19
20
       }
     }
21
22 }
14.5 (Random Sentences)
1 public class SentenceGeneration {
    String[] article = { "the", "a", "one", "some", "any" };
2
    String[] noun = { "boy", "girl", "dog", "town", "car" };
3
    String[] verb = { "drove", "jumped", "ran", "walked", "skipped" };
4
    String[] preposition = { "to", "from", "over", "under", "on" };
5
6
7
    int randomNum(int min, int max) {
       return (int) (Math.random() * (max - min + 1) + min);
8
    }
9
10
11
     String randomArticle() {
```

```
return article[randomNum(0, article.length - 1)];
12
     }
13
14
15
     String randomNoun() {
       return noun[randomNum(0, noun.length - 1)];
16
     }
17
18
19
     String randomVerb() {
       return verb[randomNum(0, verb.length - 1)];
20
21
     }
22
     String randomPreposition() {
23
       return preposition[randomNum(0, preposition.length - 1)];
24
     }
25
26
27
     String randomSentence() {
       String sentence = randomArticle() + " " + randomNoun() + " " +
28
randomVerb() + " " + randomPreposition() + " "
           + randomArticle() + " " + randomNoun() + ".";
29
       return sentence.substring(0, 1).toUpperCase() + sentence.substring(1);
30
     }
31
32
     public static void main(String[] args) {
33
       SentenceGeneration sentenceGeneration = new
34
SentenceGeneration();
       for (int i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
35
         System.out.println(sentenceGeneration.randomSentence());
36
       }
37
     }
38
39 }
14.6 (Project: Limericks)
1 public class Limericks {
    String[] threeRhymer = { "There was a young lady of station\n", "I love
man was her sole exclamation\n".
        "Isle of Man is the true explanation\n" };
3
```

```
String[] twoRhymer = { "But when men cried, \"You flatter\"\n", "She
replied, \"Oh! no matter!\n" \;
5
    int randomNum(int min, int max) {
6
      return (int) (Math.random() * (max - min + 1) + min);
7
8
    }
9
     String threeRimeGen() {
10
       return threeRhymer[randomNum(0, threeRhymer.length - 1)];
11
12
     }
13
     String twoRimeGen() {
14
       return twoRhymer[randomNum(0, twoRhymer.length - 1)];
15
16
     }
17
18
     String randomSentence() {
       String sentence = threeRimeGen() + threeRimeGen() + twoRimeGen()
19
+ twoRimeGen() + threeRimeGen();
       return sentence.substring(0, 1).toUpperCase() + sentence.substring(1);
20
     }
21
22
23
     public static void main(String[] args) {
24
       Limericks sentenceGeneration = new Limericks();
       for (int i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
25
         System.out.println(sentenceGeneration.randomSentence());
26
       }
27
     }
28
29 }
14.7 (Pig Latin)
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 public class PigLatin {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
4
      Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
5
      System.out.println("Enter a sentence: ");
6
```

```
String sentence = input.nextLine();
7
      input.close():
8
9
       String[] words = sentence.split(" ");
10
       for (String word : words) {
11
         System.out.print(word.substring(1) + word.charAt(0) + "ay ");
12
13
     }
14
15 }
14.8 (Tokenizing Telephone Numbers)
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 public class TokeinizingTelephone {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
4
5
      Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
      System.out.println("Enter a telephone number: ");
6
7
      String telephoneNumber = input.nextLine();
8
      input.close();
9
       String[] tokens = telephoneNumber.split("[()\\-]");
10
       String areaCode = tokens[1];
11
       String firstThreeDigits = tokens[3]:
12
       String lastFourDigits = tokens[4];
13
       String phoneNumber = firstThreeDigits + lastFourDigits;
14
15
       System.out.println("Area code: " + areaCode);
16
       System.out.println("Phone number: " + phoneNumber);
17
     }
18
19 }
14.9 (Displaying a Sentence with Its Words Reversed)
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 public class ReverseSentence {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
4
      Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
5
      System.out.println("Enter a sentence: ");
6
      String sentence = input.nextLine();
7
      input.close();
8
```

```
9
       String[] words = sentence.split(" ");
10
       for (int i = words.length - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
11
         System.out.print(words[i] + " ");
12
13
14
     }
15 }
14.10 (Longest Word in a Sentence)
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 public class LongestWord {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
5
      Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
      System.out.println("Enter a sentence: ");
6
7
      String sentence = input.nextLine();
8
      input.close();
9
       String[] words = sentence.split(" ");
10
11
       int maxLength = 0;
       String longest word = "";
12
13
       for (String word : words) {
         if (word.length() > maxLength) {
14
15
           longest word = word;
16
           maxLength = word.length();
17
       }
18
19
       System.out.println("The longest word is: " + longest_word);
20
21
     }
22 }
```