

1) $\xi \sim R(0, \theta)$, $\theta > 0$ - вероятн. модель

\vec{x}_n - выборка

оценки параметра θ :

- $\tilde{\theta}_1 = 2\bar{x}$
- $\tilde{\theta}_2 = x_{\min}$
- $\tilde{\theta}_3 = x_{\max}$
- $\tilde{\theta}_4 = x_1 + \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=2}^n x_i$

характеристики ξ :

$$M\xi = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x dF(x, \theta) = \frac{\theta}{2}$$

$$M\xi^2 = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 dF(x, \theta) = \frac{\theta^2}{3}$$

$$D\xi = M\xi^2 - (M\xi)^2 = \frac{\theta^2}{12}$$

Парац. модели:

неки: $\forall \theta \in \Theta : M\tilde{\theta} = \theta$

состм.: $\forall \theta \in \Theta \quad k > 0 \quad P(|\tilde{\theta} - \theta| \geq \varepsilon) \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 0$

зпр.: $\tilde{\theta}_1$ зле $\tilde{\theta}_2$; $f(\cdot) \forall \theta \in \Theta \quad D\tilde{\theta}_1 \leq D\tilde{\theta}_2$

2) $\forall \text{расп} \exists \theta \in \Theta : D\tilde{\theta}_1 \leq D\tilde{\theta}_2$

Проверка оценок

① • Несмещённость:

$$\forall \theta > 0 : M\tilde{\theta} = M\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum x_i\right) = \frac{1}{n} \sum Mx_i = \theta \text{ (ок) } \checkmark$$

x_i - независимы, $x_i \sim R(0, \theta)$

• Сходимость

• Док. you док.

] ∀ расп. из б.и. $\tilde{\theta}$ несущ. и

$$\mathcal{D}\tilde{\theta} \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow \infty]{} 0$$

$\Rightarrow \tilde{\theta}$ сходит.

$\tilde{\theta}_i$ несущ. ✓

$$\mathcal{D}\tilde{\theta} = \frac{4}{n^2} \mathcal{D}(\sum x_i) = \frac{4}{n^2} \sum \mathcal{D}x_i = \frac{4^2}{3n} \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow \infty]{} 0 \text{ ✓}$$

$\Rightarrow \tilde{\theta}_i$ сходит.

② • Несущимость:

$$\forall \theta > 0 \quad M\tilde{\theta}_i = Mx_{\min} = *$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \exists n \sim F(x) = R(x) \\ \xi_{\min} \sim \underbrace{1 - (1 - F(x))^n}_{\Phi(x)} = n(1 - \frac{x}{\theta})^{n-1} \frac{1}{\theta} \{0, \theta\} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$* = \int_0^\theta x n(1 - \frac{x}{\theta})^{n-1} \frac{1}{\theta} dx = \frac{\theta}{n+1} - \text{сущ.} \otimes$$

Исправь: $\tilde{\theta}'_i = (n+1)x_{\min}$

$$\forall \theta > 0 \quad M\tilde{\theta}'_i = (n+1)M\tilde{\theta}_i = \theta - \text{несущ.} \text{ ✓}$$

• Составимость.

• Док. you док.

] ∀ расп. из б.и. $\tilde{\theta}$ - несущ. и

$$\mathcal{D}\tilde{\theta} \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow \infty]{} 0$$

$\Rightarrow \tilde{\theta}_i$ симметрич.

$\tilde{\theta}_i$: несинг. \otimes

$$\mathbb{D}\tilde{\theta}'_i = \mathbb{D}((n+1)x_{\min}) = (n+1)\mathbb{D}x_{\min}$$

$$\mathbb{D}x_{\min}^2 = \int x^2 n \left(1 - \frac{x}{\theta}\right)^{n+1} \frac{1}{\theta} dx =$$

$$= \frac{2\theta^2}{(n+1)(n+2)}$$

$$\mathbb{D}x_{\min} = \frac{2\theta^2}{(n+1)(n+2)} \cdot \frac{\theta^2}{(n+1)^2} = \frac{n\theta^2}{(n+1)^2(n+2)}$$

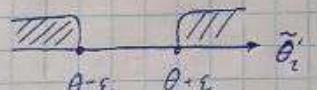
$$\mathbb{D}\tilde{\theta}'_i = \frac{n\theta^2}{n+2} \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow \infty]{} 0 \quad \otimes$$

• Опред. симметрич.

$$\forall \theta > 0 \quad \forall \varepsilon > 0 \quad P(|\tilde{\theta}'_i - \theta| \geq \varepsilon) \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow \infty]{} 0$$

$$|\tilde{\theta}'_i - \theta| \geq \varepsilon \iff \begin{cases} \tilde{\theta}'_i - \theta \leq -\varepsilon \\ \tilde{\theta}'_i - \theta \geq \varepsilon \end{cases}$$

$$P(|\tilde{\theta}'_i - \theta| \geq \varepsilon) \geq P(\tilde{\theta}'_i \geq \theta + \varepsilon) =$$


$$= P((n+1)x_{\min} \geq \theta + \varepsilon) =$$

$$= P(x_{\min} \geq \frac{\theta + \varepsilon}{n+1}) = 1 - \Phi\left(\frac{\theta + \varepsilon}{n+1}\right) =$$

в ашу кепкүйк $\Phi(x)$

$$= \left(1 - \frac{\theta + \varepsilon}{\theta(n+1)}\right)^n \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow \infty]{} e^{-\frac{\theta+\varepsilon}{\theta}} > 0 \quad \otimes$$

$\Rightarrow \tilde{\theta}'_i$ не эвли. симт!

③ • Несингенитост

$$\forall \theta > 0 \quad M\tilde{\theta}'_3 = Mx_{\max} = \frac{n}{(n+1)}\theta \text{ симт} \quad \otimes$$

Неравенство $\tilde{\theta}_3' = \frac{n+1}{n} x_{\max} - M\tilde{\theta}_3' = 0$ несправедливо

• Согласно неравенству

• Для каждого

• В распределении $\tilde{\theta}$ несправедливо

$$\mathcal{D}\tilde{\theta}_{n \rightarrow \infty} \rightarrow 0$$

$\Rightarrow \tilde{\theta}$ согласно.

• $\tilde{\theta}_3'$ несправедливо

$$\mathcal{D}\tilde{\theta}_3' = \left(\frac{n+1}{n}\right)^2 \mathcal{D}x_{\max}$$

$$Mx_{\max}^2 = \int_0^\theta x^2 n \left(\frac{x}{\theta}\right)^{n+1} \frac{1}{\theta} dx = \frac{n}{\theta^n} \frac{\theta^{n+2}}{n+2} = \frac{\theta^{n+2}}{n+2}$$

$$\mathcal{D}x_{\max} = \frac{n\theta^2}{(n+2)(n+1)}$$

$$\mathcal{D}\tilde{\theta}_3' = \frac{\theta^2}{n(n+2)} \underset{n \rightarrow \infty}{\rightarrow} 0 \quad (\checkmark)$$

$\Rightarrow \tilde{\theta}_3'$ согласно.

• Доказательство согласия

• $\tilde{\theta}_3': \forall \theta > 0 \ \forall \varepsilon > 0 \ P(|\tilde{\theta}_3' - \theta| > \varepsilon) \underset{n \rightarrow \infty}{\rightarrow} 0$

$$0 \leq P(|\tilde{\theta}_3' - \theta| > \varepsilon) = P(|\tilde{\theta}_3' - M\tilde{\theta}_3'| > \varepsilon) \leq \frac{\mathcal{D}\tilde{\theta}_3'}{\varepsilon^2} = \frac{\theta^2}{n(n+2)\varepsilon^2} \underset{n \rightarrow \infty}{\rightarrow} 0 \quad (\checkmark)$$

неравенство Чебышева

• $\tilde{\theta}_3: \forall \theta > 0 \ \forall \varepsilon > 0 \ P(|\tilde{\theta}_3 - \theta| > \varepsilon) \underset{n \rightarrow \infty}{\rightarrow} 0$

$$P(|\tilde{\theta}_3 - \theta| > \varepsilon) = P(|x_{\max} - \theta| > \varepsilon) = P(x_{\max} \leq \theta - \varepsilon) :$$

$$= \Phi(\theta - \varepsilon) = \begin{cases} 0, & \theta - \varepsilon \leq 0 \\ \left(\frac{\theta - \varepsilon}{\theta}\right)^n, & \theta - \varepsilon > 0 \end{cases}; \quad \left(\frac{\theta - \varepsilon}{\theta}\right)^n \underset{n \rightarrow \infty}{\rightarrow} 0 \quad (\checkmark)$$

$\Rightarrow \tilde{\theta}_3$ согласно.

④ • Непрерывность

$\forall \theta > 0$ и $\tilde{\theta}_n - \theta$ непрерывна

• Составительность

• Док. для состав

] \forall расп. из б.и. $\tilde{\theta}$ непрервна

$$\mathcal{D}\tilde{\theta} \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 0$$

$\Rightarrow \tilde{\theta}$ составл.

• $\tilde{\theta}_n$ непрервна

$$\mathcal{D}\tilde{\theta}_n = \frac{\theta^2}{n} + \frac{1}{n-1} \frac{\theta^2}{n} \rightarrow 0 \quad (*)$$

• Опред. составл.

$$\forall \theta \quad \tilde{\theta}_n \xrightarrow{P} \theta$$

$$\tilde{\theta}_n = x_1 + \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=2}^n x_i \xrightarrow{P} \gamma + \frac{\theta}{2} \quad \text{не заб. симм.} \quad (X)$$

Эффективность.

$$\mathcal{D}\tilde{\theta}_2' = \frac{n\theta^2}{n+2}$$

$\mathcal{D}\tilde{\theta}_3' = \frac{\theta^2}{n(n+2)}$ $\forall N \in \mathbb{N} \quad N < n \rightarrow \mathcal{D}\tilde{\theta}_2' < \mathcal{D}\tilde{\theta}_3' \quad - \quad \tilde{\theta}_3'$ эффективнее

$$N = 2$$