S P University

Questions on Unit 2

Object	ive questions
1.	An organization is considered as system.
	a. Organic or living
	b. Dead entity
	c. Support
	d. None of these
2.	The goal(s) of organizations is/are
	a. Stable
	b. Grow and Mature
	c. Adapt
	d. All of these
3.	An organization encompasses of numbe rof
	a. Subsystems
	b. Controls
	c. People
	d. None of these
4.	sub-system consists of planning, organizing, staffing,
	directing, coordinating and controlling the activities of the various
	subsystems.
	a. Managerial
	b. Production
	c. Informal
	d. None of these
5.	sub-system defines a set of attitudes and needs to
	the organization which influence their work behavior.
	a. Managerial
	b. Individual
	c. Production
	d. None of these
6.	Any sub-system of an organization is considered as a
	a. System
	b. Part
	c. Component
	d. None of these
7.	An organization is to be considered as a/an system.
	a. Open
	b. Close
	c. Integrated
	d. None of these

8.	The supreme goal of an organization is
	a. To make profit
	b. To Survive
	c. To adapt new technologies
	d. None of these
9.	organization refers to structure of well define jobs, each
	bearing a specific authority, responsibility and accountability.
	a. Non-formal
	b. Formal
	c. Operational
	d. None of these
10.	organization refers to natural grouping of people on
	basis of some similarities in organization.
	a. Non-Formal or Informal
	b. Formal
	c. Operational
	d. None of these
11.	is the framework of the formal relationships among
	various tasks, activities and people in the organization.
	a. Government policy
	b. Organization structure
	c. Quality standards
	d. None of these
12.	refers to the number of subordinates which can be
	effectively supervised by a superior.
	a. High Post
	b. Span of job
	c. Span of control
	d. None of these
13.	A system, which is a part of a bigger system, is called
	a. Child system
	b. Dependent system
	c. Sub system
	d. Any of these
14.	Basic element of a social system is
	a. Roles
	b. People
	c. Infrastructure
	d. None of these

- 15. Which of the following is not an organization model?
 - a. Project organization
 - b. Task force
 - c. Matrix organization

d. None of these

16. _____ approach of decision making uses mathematical models to seek optimum solutions.

a. Quantitative

- b. Decision centered
- c. Managerial
- d. None of these
- 17. _____ approach of decision making seeks satisfactory solutions against optimum solutions.
 - a. Quantitative

b. Decision centered

- c. Managerial
- d. None of these

Other questions

- 1. What are the goals of an organization? Describe it in detail.
- 2. What are the major three conditions that an organization should satisfy for the survival?
- 3. Explain various subsystems of an organization.
- 4. Describe formal and informal organization in brief.
- 5. What are major factors on which the classical theory of organization based? (Or Explain the classical pillars of an organization.)
- 6. List only the five basic components of scalar and functional processes.
- 7. Define structure of an organization.
- 8. Write a short note on modern organizational models.
- 9. Explain in one to two line matrix model of the modern organization.
- 10. List only the three decision making models.
- 11. Explain quantitative approach of decision making by giving its diagram.
- 12. Explain decision centered approach of decision making.
- 13. Explain role of computers in an organization considering marketing and market research department.
- 14. Explain role of computers on individuals of an organization