LAB 3 EXECUTION:SIMULATE THE WORKING OF A QUEUE OF INTEGERS WITH BASIC OPERATIONS

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
#define QUE_SIZE 3
int front=0,rear=-1,c=0;
char item[30];
struct
{
 char s[30];
}q[10];
void insertrear()
{
 if(rear == QUE_SIZE - 1)
 {
    printf("----\n");
    printf("Queue OVERFLOW!!\n");
    printf("----\n");
    return;
  }
```

```
rear++;
  strcpy(q[rear].s,item);
}
int deletefront()
  if(front>rear)
    front = 0;
    rear = -1;
    return -1;
  }
  strcpy(item,q[front++].s);
}
void displayQ()
{
  if(front>rear)
  {
    printf("----\n");
    printf("Queue is empty\n");
    printf("----\n");
    return;
```

```
}
  printf("Contents of Queue\n");
  for(int i = front;i<=rear;i++)</pre>
  {
    puts(q[i].s);
  }
}
void main()
{
  int choice;
  for(;;)
  {
    printf("Enter \n1.for insertion\n2.for deletion\n3.for display\n4.exit\n");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
    switch(choice)
    {
       case 1: printf("Enter the item to be inserted\n");
           scanf("%s",&item);
           insertrear();
           break;
       case 2: c = deletefront();
           if(c == -1)
```

```
{
            printf("----\n");
            printf("Queue is empty\n");
            printf("----\n");
          }
          else
            printf("Item deleted = %s\n",item);
          break;
      case 3: displayQ();
          break;
     default: exit(0);
    }
  }
}
```

OUTPUT:

1.INSERTION

```
Enter
1.for insertion
for deletion
3.for display
4.exit
Enter the item to be inserted
Enter
1.for insertion
2.for deletion
for display
4.exit
Enter the item to be inserted
1.for insertion
for deletion
for display
4.exit
Enter the item to be inserted
Queue OVERFLOW!!
```

2.Deletion

```
Enter
1.for insertion
2.for deletion
3.for display
4.exit
2
Item deleted = 1
Enter
1.for insertion
2.for deletion
3.for display
4.exit
3
Contents of Queue
2
```

3.Display

```
1.for insertion
2.for deletion
3.for display
4.exit
3
Contents of Queue
1
2
```