WEEK 12 APPLICATION OF LL (ADDITION OF TWO LONG INTEGERS, EVALUATION OF POLYNOMIAL EXPRESSION, ADDITION OF POLYNOMIALS)-EXECUTION

1. ADDITION OF TWO LONG INTEGERS

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
struct node
  int info;
  struct node *link;
};
typedef struct node *NODE;
NODE getnode()
  NODE x;
  x=(NODE)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  if(x==NULL)
  {
    printf("OUT OF MEMORY");
    exit(0);
  }
  return x;
NODE insert_front(NODE first,int data)
{
NODE temp=getnode();
temp->link=first;
temp->info=data;
return temp;
```

```
NODE extract(char *s,NODE head)
{int n;
  for(int i=0;i<strlen(s);i++)</pre>
    n=s[i]-'0';
    head=insert_front(head,n);
  }
  return head;
NODE add_long(NODE head1,NODE head2,NODE head3)
{
  int temp;
  int carry=0;
  int sum;
NODE cur1=head1;
NODE cur2=head2;
while(cur1!=NULL&&cur2!=NULL)
  temp=cur1->info+cur2->info+carry;
  if(temp>9)
  {
    sum=temp%10;
    carry=temp/10;
  }
  else
    sum=temp;
    carry=0;
  head3=insert front(head3,sum);
  cur1=cur1->link;
  cur2=cur2->link;
```

```
while(cur1!=NULL)
 temp=cur1->info+carry;
 if(temp>9)
 {
    sum=temp%10;
    carry=temp/10;
  else
 sum=temp;
 carry=0;
  head3=insert_front(head3,sum);
 cur1=cur1->link;
while(cur2!=NULL)
 temp=cur2->info+carry;
  if(temp>9)
 {
    sum=temp%10;
    carry=temp/10;
  }
 else
    sum=temp;
    carry=0;
  head3=insert_front(head3,sum);
 cur2=cur2->link;
}
```

```
if(cur1==NULL&&cur2==NULL)//once both have reached end of list
 {
    if(carry==1)
    head3=insert_front(head3,carry);
    return head3;
 }
}
void display(NODE first)
{
  NODE cur;
if(first==NULL)
{
  printf("The list is empty");
  return;
}
else
  cur=first;
while(cur!=NULL)
{
  printf("%d ",cur->info);
  cur=cur->link;
}}}
int main()
{
 NODE head1=NULL;
 NODE head2=NULL;
 NODE head3=NULL;
 char s1[30],s2[30];
 printf("\nEnter the first integer:");
 scanf("%s",s1);
 head1=extract(s1,head1);
```

```
display(head1);
printf("\nEnter the second integer:");
scanf("%s",s2);
head2=extract(s2,head2);
display(head2);
head3=add_long(head1,head2,head3);
printf("\nThe result is:");
display(head3);
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the first integer:1234
4 3 2 1
Enter the second integer:77998
8 9 9 7 7
The result is:7 9 2 3 2
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 14.044 s
Press any key to continue.
```

2. EVALUATION OF POLYNOMIALS

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
struct node
{
    float cf;
    float px;
    float py;
```

```
struct node *link;
};
typedef struct node *NODE;
NODE getnode()
{
  NODE x;
  x=(NODE)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  if(x==NULL)
  {
    printf("Out of memory");
    exit(0);
  }
  return x;
}
NODE insert_rear(float cf,float x,float y,NODE head)
{
  NODE temp, cur;
  temp=getnode();
  temp->px=x;
  temp->py=y;
  temp->cf=cf;
  cur=head->link;
```

```
while(cur->link!=head)
  {
    cur=cur->link;
  }
  cur->link=temp;
  temp->link=head;
  return head;
}
NODE read_poly(NODE head)
{
  int i;
  float cf,px,py;
  printf("Enter the coefficient as -999 to end polynomial\n");
for(int i=0;;i++)
{
  printf("Enter the %d term:",i+1);
  printf("coefficient:");
  scanf("%f",&cf);
  if(cf==-999)
    break;
  printf("Power of x:");
  scanf("%f",&px);
```

```
printf("Power of y:");
  scanf("%f",&py);
  head=insert_rear(cf,px,py,head);
}
return head;
}
float evaluate(NODE head)
{
  float x,y,sum=0;
  NODE poly;
  printf("Enter the value of x:");
  scanf("%f",&x);
  printf("Enter the value of y:");
  scanf("%f",&y);
  poly=head->link;
  while(poly!=head)
  {
    sum=sum+poly->cf*pow(x,poly->px)*pow(y,poly->py);
   poly=poly->link;
  }
  return sum;
```

```
}
void display(NODE head)
{
  if(head->link==head)
  {
    printf("Polynomial doesnt exist");
    return;
  }
  NODE temp=head->link;
  while(temp->link!=head)
  {
  printf("(%5.2fx^%3.1fy^%3.1f)+",temp->cf,temp->px,temp->py);
 temp=temp->link;
  }
   printf("(%5.2fx^%3.1fy^%3.1f)",temp->cf,temp->px,temp->py);//to avoid
plus in last term
  printf("\n");
}
int main()
{
  NODE head;
  head=getnode();
```

```
head->link=head;
float res;
printf("Enter the polynomial\n");
head=read_poly(head);
res=evaluate(head);
printf("The given Polynomial is:\n");
display(head);
printf("The result is:%.2f\n",res);

return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the polynomial
Enter the coefficient as -999 to end polynomial
Enter the 1 term:coefficient:1
Power of x:2
Power of y:3
Enter the 2 term:coefficient:4
Power of x:3
Power of y:5
Enter the 3 term:coefficient:8
Power of x:3
Power of y:1
Enter the 4 term:coefficient:-999
Enter the value of x:2
Enter the value of y:1
The given Polynomial is:
( 1.00x^2.0y^3.0)+( 4.00x^3.0y^5.0)+( 8.00x^3.0y^1.0)
The result is:100.00
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 17.718 s
Press any key to continue.
```

3. ADDITION OF TWO POLYNOMIALS

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
struct node
{
float cf;
float px;
float py;
int flag;
struct node *link;
```

```
};
typedef struct node *NODE;
NODE getnode()
{
  NODE x=(NODE)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  if(x==NULL)
  {
    printf("OUT OF MEMORY");
    exit(0);
  }
  return x;
}
NODE insert_rear(float cf,float x,float y,NODE head)
{
 NODE temp;
 NODE cur;
 temp=getnode();
 temp->cf=cf;
 temp->px=x;
 temp->link=NULL;
 temp->py=y;
 temp->flag=0;
```

```
if(head==NULL)
 {
   return temp;
 }
 cur=head;
 while(cur->link!=NULL)
 {
   cur=cur->link;
 }
 cur->link=temp;
 return head;
}
NODE read_poly(NODE head)
{
  float cf,px,py;
  printf("Enter -999 to end the polynomial:");
  for(int i=1;;i++)
  {
    printf("Enter the %d term\n",i);
    printf("Coefficient:");
    scanf("%f",&cf);
    if(cf==-999)
```

```
{
      break;
    }
    printf("power of x:");
    scanf("%f",&px);
    printf("power of y:",&py);
    scanf("%f",&py);
    head=insert_rear(cf,px,py,head);
  }
  return head;
}
void display(NODE head)
{
  NODE temp;
if(head==NULL)
{
  printf("Polynomial doesnt exist\n");
}
else
  temp=head;
  while(temp->link!=NULL)
```

```
{
printf("(%5.2fx^%3.2fy^%3.2f)+",temp->cf,temp->px,temp->py);
 temp=temp->link;
  }
  printf("(%5.2fx^%3.2fy^%3.2f)",temp->cf,temp->px,temp->py);
}
}
NODE add_poly(NODE h1,NODE h2,NODE h3)
{
 NODE p1;
 NODE p2;
 float x1,x2;
 float y1,y2;
 float cf1,cf2,cf3;
  p1=h1;
  while(p1!=NULL)
  {
    x1=p1->px;
    y1=p1->py;
    cf1=p1->cf;
    p2=h2;
    while(p2!=NULL)
```

```
{
       x2=p2->px;
       y2=p2->py;
       cf2=p2->cf;
       if(x1==x2\&\&y1==y2)
       {
         break;//it will go out of the loop
       }
       p2=p2->link;
    }
   if(p2!=NULL)//when it comes out of loop when power of x and y are equal
and the node p2 is not null
   {
      cf3=cf1+cf2;
      p2->flag=1;
     if(cf3!=0)
      {
        h3=insert_rear(cf3,x1,y1,h3);
      }
   }
   else
    {
```

```
h3=insert_rear(cf1,x1,y1,h3);
    }
   p1=p1->link;
  p2=h2;
  while(p2!=NULL)
  {
    if(p2->flag==0)
    {
    h3=insert_rear(p2->cf,p2->px,p2->py,h3);
    }
     p2=p2->link;
  }
  return h3;
}
int main()
{
 NODE h1,h2,h3;
 h1=NULL;
 h2=NULL;
 h3=NULL;
 printf("Enter the first polynomial:\n");
```

```
h1=read_poly(h1);

printf("Enter the second polynomial:\n");

h2=read_poly(h2);

h3=add_poly(h1,h2,h3);

printf("The first polynomial is:\n");

display(h1);

printf("\nThe second polynomial is:\n");

display(h2);

printf("\nThe sum of the two polynomials is:\n");

display(h3);

return 0;

}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the first polynomial:
Enter -999 to end the polynomial:Enter the 1 term
Coefficient:1
power of x:2
power of y:3
Enter the 2 term
Coefficient:4
power of x:3
power of y:3
Enter the 3 term
Coefficient:-999
Enter the second polynomial:
Enter -999 to end the polynomial:Enter the 1 term
Coefficient:5
power of x:2
power of y:3
Enter the 2 term
Coefficient:5
power of x:1
power of y:1
Enter the 3 term
Coefficient:-999
The first polynomial is:
( 1.00x^2.00y^3.00)+( 4.00x^3.00y^3.00)
The second polynomial is:
( 5.00x^2.00y^3.00)+( 5.00x^1.00y^1.00)
The sum of the two polynomials is:
( 6.00x^2.00y^3.00)+( 4.00x^3.00y^3.00)+( 5.00x^1.00y^1.00)
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 27.079 s
Press any key to continue.
```