| Question 1<br>Correct | Given a string, s, consisting of alphabets and digits, find the frequency of each digit in the given string. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Marked out of<br>1.00 | Input Format   |
| Y Flag<br>question    | The first line contains a string, <i>num</i> which is the given number.                                      |
|                       | Constraints  |
|                       | 1 ≤ len(num) ≤ 1000  |
|                       | All the elements of num are made of English alphabets and digits.  |
|                       | Output Format  |
|                       | Print ten space-separated integers in a single line denoting the frequency of each digit from 0 to 9.        |
|                       | Sample Input 0   |
|                       | a11472o5t6   |
|                       | Sample Output 0  |
|                       | 0210111100   |
|                       |  |

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #includecstdio.h>
 2
    int main()
3 + {
4
       char str[1000];
       scanf("%s",str);
 6
       int hash[10]={0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,;};
 7
       int temp;
8 .
       for(int i=0;str[i]!="\0";i++){
           temp=str[i]-'0';
 9
10 .
           if(temp<=988temp>=0){
11
               hash[temp]++;
12
13
14 .
        for(int i=0;i<=9;i++){
15
           printf("%d ",hash[i]);
16
17
       return 0;
18 }
```

|   | Input                |   | Expected |   |   |   |   |   | Got |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|---|----------------------|---|----------|---|---|---|---|---|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | a11472o5t6           | 0 | 2        | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1   | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 6 | ~ |
| ~ | lw4n88j12n1          | 0 | 2        | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0   | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 9 | ~ |
| 1 | 1v888861256338ar@ekk | 1 | 1        | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0   | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 9 | / |

Passed all tests! <

# Question **2** Correct

Marked out of 1.00

F Flag question Today, Monk went for a walk in a garden. There are many trees in the garden and each tree has an English alphabet on it. While Monk was walking, he noticed that all trees with vowels on it are not in good state. He decided to take care of them. So, he asked you to tell him the count of such trees in the garden.

Note: The following letters are vowels: 'A', 'E', 'I', 'O', 'U', 'a', 'e', 'i', 'o' and 'u'.

## Input:

The first line consists of an integer T denoting the number of test cases.

Each test case consists of only one string, each character of string denoting the alphabet (may be lowercase or uppercase) on a tree in the garden.

## Output:

For each test case, print the count in a new line.

#### Constraints:

 $1 \le T \le 10$  $1 \le length of string \le 10^5$ 

#### SAMPLE INPUT

2

nBBZLaosnm

JHklsnZtTL

#### SAMPLE OUTPUT

2

1

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
```

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
   int main()
3 .
       int t:
5
       scanf("%d",&t);
6 .
       while(t--){
           char str[100000];
8
           int co=0;
9
           scanf("%s",str);
10
           for(int i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++){
11
              char c=str[i];
              if((c=-'a')||(c=-'e')||(c=='i')||(c=='u')||(c=='A')||(c=='E')||(c=='I')||(c=='0')||(c=='U'))
12
13
              co++;
           }printf("%d\n",co);
14
15
16
       return 0;
17 }
```

|   | Input                    | Expected | Got |   |
|---|--------------------------|----------|-----|---|
| ~ | 2                        | 2        | 2   | ~ |
|   | nBBZLaosnm<br>JHkIsnZtTL | 1        | 1   |   |
| ~ | 2                        | 2        | 2   | ~ |
|   | nBBZLaosnm<br>JHkIsnZtTL | 1        | 1   |   |

Passed all tests! 🗸

| Question 3<br>Correct | Given a sentence, s, print each word of the sentence in a new line. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Marked out of<br>1.00 | Input Format  |
| ₹ Rag<br>question     | The first and only line contains a sentence, s.                     |
|                       | Constraints   |
|                       | $1 \le len(s) \le 1000$   |
|                       | Output Format   |
|                       | Print each word of the sentence in a new line.                      |
|                       | Sample Input 0  |
|                       | This is C   |
|                       | Sample Output 0   |
|                       | This  |
|                       | is  |
|                       | c   |

# Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #includecstdio.h>
 2 int main()
 3 + {
       char s[1000];
 5
       scanf("%[^\n]s",s);
 6 .
       for(int i=0;s[i]!='\0';i++){
         if(s[i]!=' ')
          printf("%c",s[i]);
          else
           printf("\n");
10
11
12
       return 0;
13
```

|   | Input             | Expected                   | Got                        |   |
|---|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| ~ | This is C         | This<br>is<br>C            | This<br>is<br>C            | ~ |
| ~ | Learning C is fun | Learning<br>C<br>is<br>fun | Learning<br>C<br>is<br>fun | ~ |

Passed all tests! V

| Question 4            | Input Format  |
|-----------------------|---|
| Marked out of<br>1.00 | You are given two strings, $\alpha$ and $b$ , separated by a new line. Each string will consist of lower case Latin characters ('a'-'z').                             |
| ₹ Rag<br>question     | Output Format   |
|                       | In the first line print two space-separated integers, representing the length of <b>a</b> and <b>b</b> respectively.  |
|                       | In the second line print the string produced by concatenating $a$ and $b$ ( $a + b$ ).  |
|                       | In the third line print two strings separated by a space, a' and b'. a' and b' are the same as a and b, respectively, except that their first characters are swapped. |
|                       | Sample Input  |
|                       | abcd  |
|                       | ef  |
|                       | Sample Output   |
|                       | 4 2   |
|                       | abcdef  |
|                       | ebcd af   |
|                       |   |

## Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 || #include<stdio.h>
    int main()
 3 +
        char str1[10], str2[10], t;
 5
       int i=0, j=0;
        int c1=0,c2=0;
       scanf("%s",str1);
 8
        scanf("%s",str2);
 9
        while(str1[i]!='\0'){
10
           c1++;
11
           1++;
12
13
        while(str2[j]!='\0'){
14
           c2++;
15
           j++;
16
17
        printf("%d %d\n",c1,c2);
18
        printf("%s%s\n",str1,str2);
19
        t=str1[0];
20
        str1[0]=str2[0];
21
        str2[0]=t;
        printf("%s %s",str1,str2);
23
        return 0;
24 }
```

|    | Input      | Expected                 | Got                      |   |
|----|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| V. | abcd<br>ef | 4 2<br>abcdef<br>ebcd af | 4 2<br>abcdef<br>ebcd af | ~ |

Passed all tests! V