Question 1 Correct	Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that A[i] - A[j] = k, i!= j.
Marked out of 3.00	Input Format
P Flag question	
	1. First line is number of test cases T. Following T lines contain:
	2. N, followed by N integers of the array
	3. The non-negative integer k
	Output format
	Print 1 if such a pair exists and 0 if it doesn't.
	Example
	Input:
	1
	3135
	4
	Output:
	1
	1

## Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
    int main()
 2
 3 + {
        int t;
        scanf("%d",&t);
 5
        while(t--){
 6
 7
            int n;
            scanf("%d",&n);
 8
            int a[n];
 9
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
10
11
                scanf("%d",&a[i]);
12
13
            int k;
            scanf("%d",&k);
14
            int flag =0;
15
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
16
                for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++){
17
                    if(a[i]-a[j] == k || a[j] - a[i] == k){flag=1; break;}
18
19
20
                if(flag) break;
21
            printf("%d\n",flag);
22
23
24
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1 3 1 3 5 4	1	1	~
~	1 3 1 3 5 99	0	9	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Question <b>2</b> Correct	Sam loves chocolates and starts buying them on the 1st day of the year. Each day of the year, x, is numbered from 1 to Y. On days when x is odd, Sam will buy x chocolates; on days when x is even, Sam will not purchase any chocolates.
Marked out of 5.00  Flag question	Complete the code in the editor so that for each day Ni (where $1 \le x \le N \le Y$ ) in array arr, the number of chocolates Sam purchased (during days 1 through N) is printed on a new line. This is a function-only challenge, so input is handled for you by the locked stub code in the editor.
	Input Format
	The program takes an array of integers as a parameter.
	The locked code in the editor handles reading the following input from stdin, assembling it into an array of integers (arr), and calling calculate(arr).
	The first line of input contains an integer, T (the number of test cases). Each line i of the T subsequent lines describes the ith test case as an integer, Ni (the number of days).
	Constraints
	1 ≤ T ≤ 2 × 105
	1 ≤ N ≤ 2 × 106
	$1 \le x \le N \le Y$
	Output Format
	For each test case, Ti in arr, your calculate method should print the total number of chocolates Sam purchased by day Ni on a new line.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
   int main()
3 +
        int t;
        scanf("%d",&t);
6 .
        while(t--){
           int n,c=0;
           scanf("%d",&n);
8
           for(int i=0;i<=n;i++){
              if(i%2!=0) c=c+i;
10
11
            }printf("%d\n",c);
13
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	1	1	,
	1	1	1	
	2	4	4	
	3			
~	10	1296	1296	,
	71	2500	2500	
	100	1849	1849	
	86	729	729	
	54	400	400	
	40	25	25	
	9	1521	1521	
	77	25	25	
	9	49	49	
	13	2401	2401	
	98			
	~	✓ 3 1 2 3  ✓ 10 71 100 86 54 40 9 77 9 13	✓ 3 1 1 1 2 4 3 ✓ 10 1296 71 2500 100 1849 86 729 54 400 40 25 9 1521 77 25 9 49 13 2401	1 1 1 1 1 2 4 4 3 3 1296 1296 71 2500 2500 100 1849 1849 86 729 729 54 400 400 40 25 9 1521 1521 77 25 25 9 49 49 13 2401 2401

Correct	
Marked out of 7.00	Football team A, has played three matches, and has scored { 1 , 2 , 3 } goals in each match respectively.
F Flag question	<ul> <li>Football team B, has played two matches, and has scored { 2, 4 } goals in each match respectively.</li> </ul>
	Your task is to compute, for each match of team B, the total number of matches of team A, where team A has scored less than or equal to the number of goals scored by team B in that match.
	In the above case:
	<ul> <li>For 2 goals scored by team B in its first match, team A has 2 matches with scores 1 and 2.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>For 4 goals scored by team B in its second match, team A has 3 matches with scores 1, 2 and 3.</li> </ul>
	Hence, the answer: {2, 3}.
	Complete the code in the editor below. The program must return an array of m positive integers, one for each maxes[i] representing the total number of
	elements nums[j] satisfying nums[j] $\leq$ maxes[i] where $0 \leq j < n$ and $0 \leq i < m$ , in the given order.
	It has the following:
	nums[nums[0],nums[n-1]]: first array of positive integers
	maxes[maxes[0],maxes[n-1]]: second array of positive integers
	Constraints
	• 2 ≤ n, m ≤ 105
	• 1 ≤ nums[j] ≤ 109, where 0 ≤ j < n.
	• 1 ≤ maxes[i] ≤ 109, where 0 ≤ i < m.

The number of goals achieved by two football teams in matches in a league is given in the form of two lists. Consider:

Question 3

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
 2 v int main(){
        int s1,s2,ans;
        scanf("%d",&s1);
        int ta[s1];
        for(int i=0;i<s1;i++)</pre>
        scanf("%d",&ta[i]);
        scanf("%d",&s2);
        int tb[s2];
        for(int i=0;i<s2;i++)
10
11
        scanf("%d",&tb[i]);
12 ,
        for(int j=0;j<s2;j++){</pre>
13
            ans=0;
14 *
            for(int i=0;i<s1;i++){
15
                if(tb[j]>=ta[i])
16
                 ans++;
17
            }printf("%d\n",ans);
18
19
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	4	2	2	
	1	4	4	
	4			
	2			
	4			
	2			
	3			
	5			
~	5	1	1	
	2	0	0	
	10	3	3	
	5	4	4	
	4			
	8			
	4			
	3			
	1			
	7			
	8			

Marked out of	Input Format									
1.00										
F Flag question		Input contains the array size, no of elements								
	Output Format									
	Print the maximum of numbers	Print the maximum of numbers								
	Constraints									
	1 <= size <= 1000									
	Sample Input 1									
	8									
	13521869									
	3									
	Sample Output 1									
	555889									
	For example:									
	Input Result									
	8 1 3 5 2 1 8 6 9 3									
	10 7 7 5 9 9 9 8 5 3 7 5 1 2 9 8 5 3 2 3									

the array.

Question 1

Marked out of

Correct

ts and the window size

Given an array of numbers and a window of size k. Print the maximum of numbers inside the window for each step as the window moves from the beginning of

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %) #include<stdio.h> int main() 2 3 , int n ,k,i,a,b; 4 scanf("%d",&n); 5 int arr[n]; 6 7 for(i=0;i<n;i++){ scanf("%d",&arr[i]); 8 9 scanf("%d",&k); 10 11 for(a=0;a<=n-k;a++){ int max = arr[a]; 12 for(b=a;b<a+k;b++){ 13 1 if(arr[b]>max){ 14 max = arr[b];15 16 17 printf("%d ",max); 18 19 20

	Input	Expected Got	
<b>~</b>	8 1 3 5 2 1 8 6 9 3	5 5 5 8 8 9 5 5 5 8 8 9	~
~	10 3 7 5 1 2 9 8 5 3 2 3	77599985 77599985	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Question <b>2</b> Correct Marked out of 1.00  Flag question	Given an array and a threshold value find the output.  Input: {5,8,10,13,6,2}  Threshold = 3  Output count = 17  Explanation:						
	Number		Counts				
	5	{3,2}	2				
	8	{3,3,2}	3				
	10	{3,3,3,1}	4				
	13	{3,3,3,3,1}	5				
	6	{3,3}	2				
	2	{2}	1				
	Input For	rmat					
	N - no of	f elements in a	an array				
	Array of	elements					
	Threshol	d value					

Question 2	Given an array ar	nd a thresh	old value find the output.							
Correct	Input: {5,8,10,13,	Input: {5,8,10,13,6,2}								
Marked out of 1.00	Threshold = 3									
F Flag question	Output count = 17									
	Explanation:									
	Number Pa	irts	Counts							
	5 {3,2}	2								
	8 {3,3,2}	3								
	10 {3,3,3,1	1} 4								
	13 {3,3,3,3	3,1} 5								
	6 {3,3}	2								
	2 {2}	1								
	Input Format									
	N - no of elements in an array									
	Array of elements									
	Threshold value									
	Output Format									
	Display the coun	t								
	Sample Input 1									
	6									
	5 8 10 13 6 2									
	3									
	Sample Output 1	I								
	17									



	Input	Expected	Got	
~	6 5 8 10 13 6 2 3	17	17	~
~	7 20 35 57 30 56 87 30 10	33	33	~

Passed all tests! <

Question 3 Correct Marked out of 1.00 Frag question	N1 - no of el Array elemen N2 - no of el	merged array without t lements in array 1 nts for array 1 lements in array 2 nts for array2	uplicates.							
	Output Format									
	Display the r	merged array								
	Sample Inpu	ıt 1								
	5									
	12369									
	4									
	2 4 5 10									
	Sample Output 1									
	1 2 3 4 5 6 9 10									
	For example	e:								
	Input	Result								
	5 1 2 3 6 9 4 2 4 5 10	1 2 3 4 5 6 9 10								

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
      #include<stdio.h>
       int main()
    2
    3
           int a,b;
    4
           scanf("%d",&a);
    5
           int arr1[a];
    7
           for(int i=0;i<a;i++)
    8
           scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);
    9
           scanf("%d",&b);
           int arr2[b];
   10
   11
           for(int i=0;i<b;i++)
           scanf("%d",&arr2[i]);
   12
   13
           int p=0,q=0;
           while((p<a)&&(q<b)){
   14 :
   15 +
               if(arr1[p] < arr2[q]){
   16
                   printf("%d ",arr1[p]);
   17
                    p++;
   18
   19
               else if(arr1[p]>arr2[q]){
                   printf("%d ",arr2[q]);
   20
   21
                   q++;
   22
   23
               else{
   24
                    printf("%d ",arr1[p]);
   25
                   p++;
   26
                    q++;
   27
   28
           for(int j=p;j<a;j++){</pre>
   29
               printf("%d ",arr1[j]);
   30
   31
   32
           for(int j=q;j<b;j++){
               printf("%d ",arr2[j]);
   33
   34
   35
           return 0;
   36
```

	Input	Expected Got	
~	5	1 2 3 4 5 6 9 10 1 2 3	4 5 6 9 10 🗸
	1 2 3 6 9		
	4		
	2 4 5 10		



