

## WiFi Training Program 2025

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### Question-5:

**How the CAPWAP tunnel is maintained between AP and controller**

**CAPWAP) tunnel between an Access Point (AP) and a Wireless LAN Controller (WLC) entails ongoing communication via the Control Tunnel and optionally the Data Tunnel. The process provides reliability, security, and uninterrupted connectivity between the AP and controller.**

#### **1. Tunnel Initialization**

**Upon AP boot-up, it tries to find a controller with:**

- **DHCP (Option 43)**
- **DNS**
- **Static IP configuration**

**After discovery, the AP sends a Discovery Request to the controller. The controller replies with a Discovery Response.**

#### **2. Tunnel Establishment (Control Tunnel)**

- **The AP sends a Join Request to the controller over UDP port 5246.**
- **The controller validates the AP and replies with a Join Response.**
- **DTLS (Datagram Transport Layer Security) is established to encrypt and authenticate the control messages.**

#### **3. AP Configuration**

- **The controller pushes configuration settings (SSID, security policies, QoS, etc.) to the AP.**
- **Configuration messages are exchanged through the Control Tunnel.**

#### **4. Data Tunnel Establishment**

- **If operating in Tunnel Mode, a separate Data Tunnel is established over UDP port 5247 for forwarding user data traffic.**

#### **5. Heartbeat Mechanism (Keep-alive)**

- **To maintain the tunnel, the AP periodically sends Keep-Alive or Echo messages to the controller through the Control Tunnel.**
- **The controller responds to confirm its presence.**
- **If multiple missed heartbeats occur, the AP considers the controller unavailable and may attempt re-discovery.**

#### **6. Tunnel Re-establishment**

- **If the connection is lost (e.g., controller failure, network issues), the AP will retry discovery and re-join the controller.**
- **The controller may initiate a re-establishment process if it detects AP disconnection.**

#### **7. Management & Monitoring**

- **The controller continuously monitors the AP's status and performance metrics through the Control Tunnel.**
- **Firmware updates, configuration changes, and troubleshooting are all handled through this tunnel.**

#### **8. Termination**

- **The tunnel is terminated if:**
  - **The AP is manually removed or rebooted.**
  - **The controller sends a Deauthentication message.**
  - **Network issues cause a permanent loss of connectivity.**