

**Name: Aswath S**

**College: Vellore Institute of Technology, Vellore**

**Reg.No: 21BEC2188**

## **Wi-Fi Training Program 2025**

### **Module 4**

#### **Question 1:**

**What is the significance of MAC layer and in which position it is placed in OSI Layer?**

#### **Solution:**

#### **Significance of MAC Layer:**

##### **1. Medium Access control:**

Uses CSMA/CA (Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Avoidance) instead of CSMA/CD (used in Ethernet). Since devices can't detect collisions easily in wireless, they avoid them by waiting and listening before transmitting. Random backoff times are used to reduce the chance of collisions.

##### **2. Frame Acknowledgement (ACK):**

In Wi-Fi, every unicast data frame is usually acknowledged by the receiver. If no ACK is received, the sender retransmits.

##### **3. RTS/CTS Mechanism:**

Helps solve the hidden node problem, where two devices can't hear each other but can interfere at a common receiver.

##### **4. Power Saving:**

The MAC layer helps manage sleep/wake cycles of devices to save power.

##### **5. Security & Encryption Control**

While encryption is technically above the MAC layer, the MAC handles encryption keys and headers (e.g., for WPA2/WPA3 security mechanisms).

#### **Position of MAC in OSI Layer:**

The MAC Layer is placed **in Layer 2 Data Link Layer** in OSI Layer.