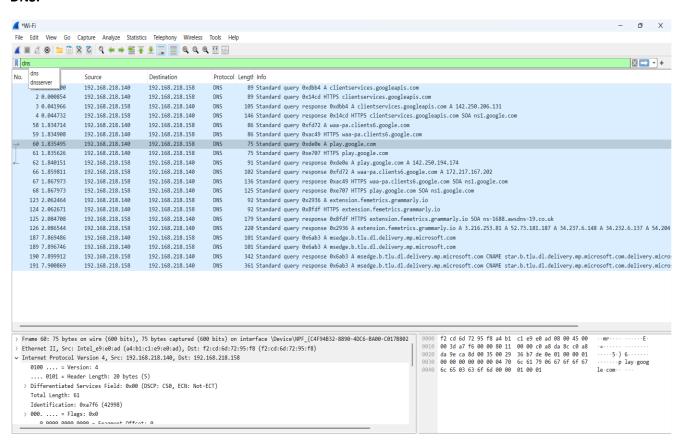
Name: Devansh Srivastava Registration number: 21BCE0527

**Network Training Programme** 

Module 7 and 8

Q2. Use Wireshark to capture and analyze DNS, TCP, UDP traffic and packet header, packet flow, options and flags

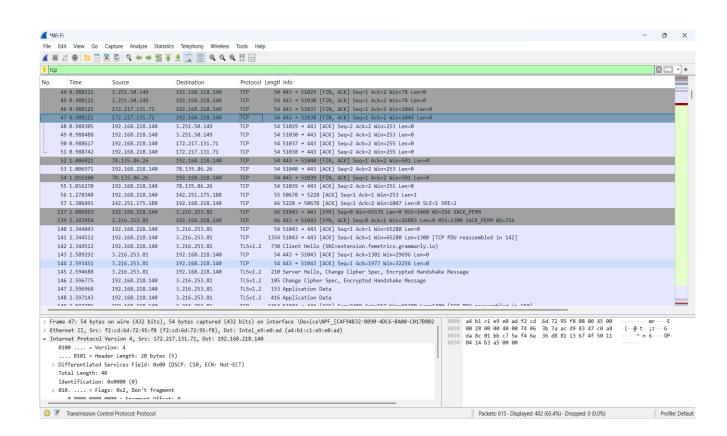
## **DNS**:

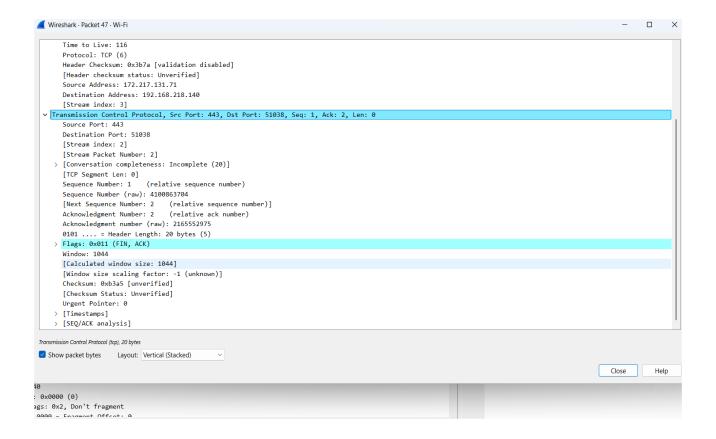


```
✓ Wireshark · Packet 60 · Wi-Fi

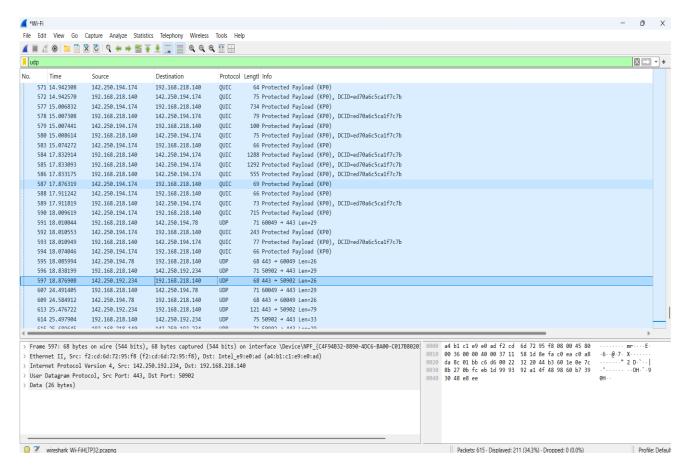
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Identification: 0xa7f6 (42998)
      > 000. .... = Flags: 0x0
...0 0000 0000 0000 = Fragment Offset: 0
Time to Live: 128
          Protocol: UDP (17)
          Header Checksum: 0x0000 [validation disabled]
[Header checksum status: Unverified]
           Source Address: 192.168.218.140
          Destination Address: 192.168.218.158
          [Stream index: 0]
  v User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 51853, Dst Port: 53
Source Port: 51853
          Destination Port: 53
          Destination Port: 53
Length: 41
Checksum: 0x36b7 [unverified]
[Checksum Status: Unverified]
[Stream index: 5]
[Stream Packet Number: 1]
          [Timestamps]
           UDP payload (33 bytes)
   ∨ Domain Name System (query)
      Transaction ID: 0xde0e
> Flags: 0x0100 Standard query
          Questions: 1
          Answer RRs: 0
Authority RRs: 0
Additional RRs: 0
         Queries
          [Response In: 62]
 Domain Name System (dns), 33 bytes
Show packet bytes Layout: Vertical (Stacked)
```

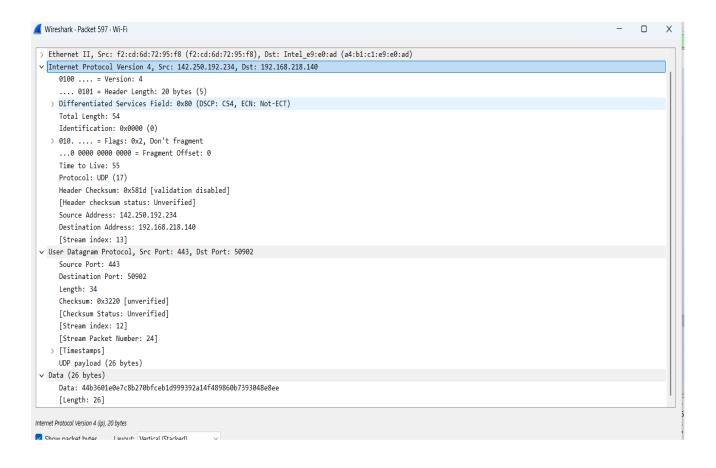
## TCP:





## UDP:





## **Key Learning:**

- 1. Wireshark helps us in visualising network communication.
- 2. TCP has connection-oriented flags (SYN, ACK, FIN, etc.).
- 3. UDP is connectionless and used for faster communication.