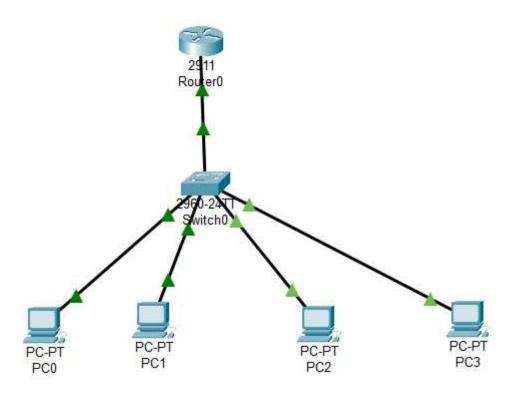
LINUX NETWORKING MODULE 7 AND 8 ASSESSMENT SOLUTION

-BY SAKTHI KUMAR S

8.You configured VLANs 10 and 20 on your switch and assigned ports to each VLAN However, devices in VLAN 10 cannot communicate with devices in VLAN. Troubleshoot the issue

Topology:



Steps for trouble shooting:

Assigning VLAN Correctly:

```
Physical Config CLI Attributes

Switch>
Switch>
Switch>configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNIL/2.
Switch(config) #vlan 10
Switch(config) #vlan 10
Switch(config) #vlan 10
Switch(config) #vlan 20
Switch(config) #vlan 20
Switch(config) #vlan 20
Switch(config) #vlan 20
Switch(config) #switch(config) #switch(config)
```

Verify VLAN Configuration:

```
Switch#show vlan brief
VLAN Name
                                     Status
                                                Ports
                                                Fa0/5, Fa0/6, Fa0/7, Fa0/8
  default
                                     active
                                                Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Fa0/11, Fa0/12
                                                Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16
                                                Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19, Fa0/20
                                                Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24
                                                Gig0/1, Gig0/2
10 VLAN10
                                                Fa0/1, Fa0/2
                                     active
   VLAN20
20
                                     active
                                                Fa0/3, Fa0/4
1002 fddi-default
                                     active
1003 token-ring-default
                                     active
1004 fddinet-default
                                     active
1005 trnet-default
Switch#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config) #interface FastEthernet0/5
Switch(config-if) #switchport mode trunk
Switch (config-if) #exit
Switch(config) #^Z
Switch#
%SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by console
```

Verify port assignments

Switch>en

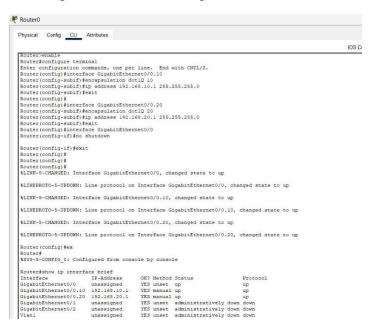
Switch#show interfaces status

Port	Name	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed	Type
Fa0/1		connected	10	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/2		connected	10	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/3		connected	20	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/4		connected	20	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/5		connected	trunk	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/6		notconnect	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/7		notconnect	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/8		notconnect	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
/-						10/100D mir

Checking Trunk interfaces:

	trunk		
lode	Encapsulation	n Status	Native vlan
on	802.1q	trunking	1
/lans allow	ed on trunk		
L-1005			
Vlans allow	ed and active	in management	domain
1,10,20			
/lans in sp	anning tree fo	orwarding state	and not pruned
none			
7 1	Thans allow -1005 Thans allow ,10,20 Thans in sp	In 802.lq Tans allowed on trunk -1005 Tans allowed and active ,10,20 Tans in spanning tree for	Tans allowed on trunk -1005 The allowed and active in management ,10,20 The ans in spanning tree forwarding state

Enabling Inter-VLAN Routing:



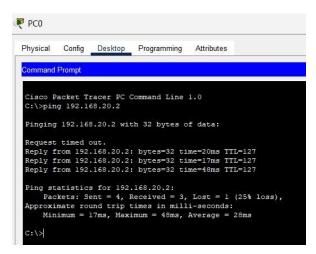
Checking Ip Route:

```
Router#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
     192.168.10.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C
       192.168.10.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0.10
       192.168.10.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0.10
    192.168.20.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
       192.168.20.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0.20
C
       192.168.20.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0.20
```

Ping Test:

Router#

Pinging PC of VLAN 2 from VLAN 1 and Vice versa:



- If inter-VLAN routing is missing, configuring Router-on-a-Stick or an L3 switch.
- Ensuring correct VLAN assignment and trunking.
- Verifying default gateways and IP configurations.
- Checking ACLs that may be blocking traffic.
- Pinging into Different VLAN
- Checking IP route
- Verifying Port Assignments

These are the steps to troubleshoot the inter VLAN routing issues.