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NPTEL (https://swayam.gov.in/explorer?ncCode=NPTEL) » Problem Solving Through Programming In C (course)



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Week 9: Programming Assignment 2

Due on 2023-09-28, 23:59 IST

Write a C program to search a given element from a 1D array and display the position at which it is found by using linear search function. The index location starts from 1.

| Course | |
|-------------|--|
| outline | |
| How does an | |
| NPTEL | |
| online | |
| course | |
| work? () | |
| Week 0 : () | |
| Week 1 () | |
| Week 2 () | |
| Week 3 () | |
| Week 4 () | |
| Week 5 () | |
| Week 6 () | |
| Week 7 () | |

| Private Test cases used for evaluation | Input Expected Output | | Actual Output | Status | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|--|
| Test Case 1 | 4 45 65 85 25 95 | 95 is not present in the array. | 95 is not present in the array. | Passed | |
| Test Case 2 | 5 6 9 5 4 7 6 | 6 is present at location 1. | 6 is present at location 1. | Passed | |

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

2 out of 2 tests passed.

You scored 100.0/100.

Assignment submitted on 2023-09-28, 22:05 IST

Your last recorded submission was :

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int linear_search(int[], int, int);
3 int main()
4 {
```

```
Week 8 ()
```

Week 9 ()

Week 10 ()

Week 11 ()

Week 12 ()

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Problem Solving Session -July 2023 ()

```
int array[100], search, c, n, position;
  5
  6
7
        /* search - element to search, c - counter, n - number of elements in arra
        position - The position in which the element is first found in the list.
  8
          scanf("%d", &n); // Number of elements in the array is read from the test
 10
         for (c = 0; c < n; c++) scanf("%d", &array[c]); //Elements of array is read from the test data
 11
 12
 13
 14
          scanf("%d", &search); //Element to search is read from the test case dat
 15
 16
        /* Use the following in the printf statement to print the output
        printf("%d is not present in the array.", search);
printf("%d is present at location %d.", search, position+1); //As array[0]
 17
 18
 19
 20 int flag=0;
 21
     for(c=0;c<n;c++)
 22
 23
       if(array[c]==search)
 24
         flag=1;
 25
          printf("%d is present at location %d.", search, c+1);
 26
 27
          break;
 28
       }
 29
     if(flag==0)
 30
 31
 32
       printf("%d is not present in the array.",search);
 33
     return 0;
 34
 35
    }
 36
 37
Sample solutions (Provided by instructor)
```

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
 2 int linear_search(int[], int, int);
 3 int main()
 4
      int array[100], search, c, n, position;
 5
 6
      /* search - element to search, c - counter, n - number of elements in arra
 7
      position - The position in which the element is first found in the list. 3
 8
 9
       scanf("%d", &n); // Number of elements in the array is read from the test
10
       for (c = 0; c < n; c++)
11
12
       scanf("%d", &array[c]); //Elements of array is read from the test data
13
       scanf("%d", &search); //Element to search is read from the test case dat
14
15
16
      /* Use the following in the printf statement to print the output
      printf("%d is not present in the array.", search);
17
      printf("%d is present at location %d.", search, position+1); //As array[0]
18
19
20
   position = linear_search(array, n, search);
21
22
      if (position == -1)
23
         printf("%d is not present in the array.", search);
24
25
         printf("%d is present at location %d.", search, position+1);
26
      return 0;
27 }
28
29 int linear search(int a[], int n, int find) {
30
31
      for (c = 0; c < n; c++)
32
         if (a[c] == find)
33
34
            return c;
35
36
      return -1;
```

37 }