

05/02/24

1) PySpark:- It is a Apache Spark library written in Python to run Python applications using Apache Spark capabilities. Using PySpark we can run app ~~1101~~ on distributed cluster.

2) Apache Spark:- It is an open-source unified analytics engine used for large scale data processing. Spark is designed to be fast, flexible & easy to use, making it a popular choice for processing large-scale data sets.

-> It operates on billions & trillions of data on distributed clusters 100 times faster than traditional applications.

-> can run on single/multi-node clusters.

-> was created to address the limitations of Mapreduce by doing in-memory processing.

-> ~~It~~ It reuses data by using in-memory.

3) uses PySpark:- Python including NumPy, TensorFlow, Walmart, Trivago, Canoh etc.

-> Spyder IDE, Jupyter notebook to run PySpark app, Anaconda also.

4) PySpark features

- > in memory computation
- > distributed processing used Parallelize
- > can be used with many cluster managers (Spark, Yarn, Mesos etc.)
- > fault-tolerance
- > Inbuilt optimization when using data frames.
- > Immutable
- > supports ANSI SQL
- > lazy Evaluation
- > Cache & Persistence.

5) Adv of PySpark:-

- > It is general purpose, in-memory, distributed processing engine allows you to process data efficiently in distributed cluster.
- > App running on Spark are 100x faster than usual.
- > will get great benefits from PySpark for data ^{ingestion} ~~ingestion~~ pipelines
- > It can process data from HADOOP HDFS, AWS S3, & ~~more~~ etc.
- > also used to process real-time data using Streaming & Kafka.
- > has ~~many~~ ML & graph libraries.

6) What version of Python Pyspark supports?

- Pyspark 3.5 is compatible with Python 3.8 & newer
- RDBMS, Java versions 8, 11 & 12.
- Scala version 2.12 & 2.13 beyond.

7) Pyspark architecture -

- works in master-slave architecture
- master-driver slaves-workers

8) Pyspark modules & Packages

- Pyspark RDD (`Pyspark.RDD`)
- " Data frame & SQL (`Pyspark.sql`)
- " Streaming (`Pyspark.streaming`)
- " MLlib " ml (`Pyspark.ml`)
- " Graph frames (`GraphFrames`)
- " Resource (`Pyspark.resource`)
- Spark-Packages.org are 3 Party libraries

9) PySpark RDD - Resilient Distributed Data set :-

Create RDD

2 ways

↓
Loading an External
dataset

↓
distributing a set of collection
of objects

Ex i) by using `Parallelize()` function.

from pyspark.sql import SparkSession

Spark = SparkSession \

• builder \

• appName("Python Spark Create RDD Example")

• Config("Spark.some.config.option", "some-value")

first
we have
to import
Spark
Session

df = Spark.sparkContext.parallelize([(1,2,3,'abc'),
(4,5,6,'def'),(7,8,9,'ghi')]), toDF
(['col1', 'col2', 'col3', 'col4'])

df.show() ⇒ Prints RDD data

Syntax

```
# import SparkSession
```

```
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
```

```
# create SparkSession
```

```
Spark = SparkSession.builder()
```

```
    .master("local[1]") \
```

```
    .appName
```

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Run Code

In [2]: `pip install pyspark`

```
----- 316.9/316.9 MB 2.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Preparing metadata (setup.py): started
Preparing metadata (setup.py): finished with status 'done'
Collecting py4j==0.10.9.7 (from pyspark)
  Downloading py4j-0.10.9.7-py2.py3-none-any.whl (200 kB)
----- 0.0/200.5 kB ? eta -:-:--
----- 200.5/200.5 kB 6.1 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Building wheels for collected packages: pyspark
  Building wheel for pyspark (setup.py): started
  Building wheel for pyspark (setup.py): still running...
  Building wheel for pyspark (setup.py): finished with status 'done'
  Created wheel for pyspark: filename=pyspark-3.5.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl size=317425388 sha256=7bf5b3a4bc79d2e0ba8d37a6a105224c801b1813b9b060ed3532649b0487de26
  Stored in directory: c:\users\sumedha\AppData\Local\Pip\Cache\wheels\38\df\61\8c121f50c3cffd77f8178180dd232d90b3b99d1bd61fb6d6be
Successfully built pyspark
Installing collected packages: py4j, pyspark
Successfully installed py4j-0.10.9.7 pyspark-3.5.0
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
```

```
In [3]: ► import pyspark
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
# Create SparkSession
spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("SparkByExamples.com") .getOrCreate()
dataList = [("Java", 20000), ("Python", 100000), ("Scala", 3000)]
rdd=spark.sparkContext.parallelize(dataList)
result = rdd.collect()
("RDD Contents:", result)
```

```
Out[3]: ('RDD Contents:', [('Java', 20000), ('Python', 100000), ('Scala', 3000)])
```

In [4]: `import pyspark`

In [6]: `from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("jupyter notebook").getOrCreate()
spark
df=spark.read.csv("C:\\Users\\Sumedha\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\employee_data.csv")
df.show()`

+-----+-----+-----+			
	_c0 _c1	_c2	_c3
+-----+-----+-----+			
	Name Age Salary	Department	
	John 30 50000	HR	
	Jane 28 55000	IT	
	Bob 35 60000	Finance	
	Alice 32 48000	HR	
	Charlie 40 70000	IT	
+-----+-----+-----+			

In []:




UPDATE Read [the migration plan](#) to Notebook 7 to learn about the new features and the actions to take if you are using extensions - Please note that updating to Notebook 7 might break some of your extensions. Don't show anymore


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          Code 

In [8]:  `from pyspark.sql import SparkSession`

```
# Create SparkSession
spark = SparkSession.builder \
    .master("local[1]") \
    .appName("SparkByExamples.com") \
    .getOrCreate()
dataList = [("Java", 20000), ("Python", 100000), ("Scala", 3000)]
rdd=spark.sparkContext.parallelize(dataList)
rdd2 = spark.sparkContext.textFile("C:\\Users\\Sumedha\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\scores.txt")
result = rdd2.collect()
("RDD2 Contents:", result)
```

Out[8]: ('RDD2 Contents:',
['Name,M1 Score,M2 Score,age',
 'Alex,62,80,20',
 'Brad,45,56,19',
 'Joey,85,98,21',
 'abhi,54,79,20'])

In []: 