UNIT 6 CONTROL STRUCTURE

A. Decision Making Statements (if, if...else, if...else if, switch)

1. WAP to check whether entered number is negative. #include<stdio.h> int main(){ int n; printf("Enter a number to be tested:"); scanf("%d",&n); if(n<0){ printf("The number %d is negative.",n); } return 0; 2. WAP to determine whether the entered number is even or odd. #include<stdio.h> int main(){ int n; printf("Enter a number:"); scanf("%d",&n); if(n%2==0){

printf("The number %d is even.",n);

```
}
      else{
             printf("The number %d is odd.",n);
      }
      return 0;
}
3. WAP that input cost price (CP) and selling price (SP) and determine whether
there is gain or loss.
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int cp,sp,profit,loss;
      printf("Enter Cost Price(CP):");
      scanf("%d",&cp);
      printf("Enter Selling Price(SP):");
      scanf("%d",&sp);
      if(sp>cp){
             profit=sp-cp;
             printf("The profit amount=%d",profit);
      else{
             loss=cp-sp;
             printf("The loss amount=%d",loss);
      return 0;
}
```

4. WAP to determine the roots of quadratic equation ax²+bx+c=0.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main(){
      float a,b,c,d,real,img,root1,root2;
      printf("Enter values of a, b and c:");
      scanf("%f%f%f",&a,&b,&c);
      d=b*b-4*a*c;
      if(d<0){
            printf("Roots are imaginary:");
            d=sqrt(fabs(d));
            real=-b/(2*a);
            img=d/(2*a);
            printf("\nRoot1 = %.2f + i %.2f",real,img);
            printf("\nRoot2 = %.2f- i %.2f",real,img);
      }
      else{
            printf("Roots are real:");
            d=sqrt(d);
            root1=(-b+d)/(2*a);
            root2=(-b-d)/(2*a);
            printf("\nRoot1 = %.2f",root1);
            printf("\nRoot2 = %.2f",root2);
      }
```

```
return 0;
```

5. WAP to find the smallest among three numbers using nested if else statement.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int a,b,c;
      printf("Enter three numbers:");
      scanf("%d%d%d",&a,&b,&c);
      if(a<b){
             if(a<c){
                   printf("%d is the smallest number.",a);
             }
             else{
                   printf("%d is the smallest number.",c);
             }
      }
      else{
             if(b < c){
                   printf("%d is the smallest number.",b);
             else{
                   printf("%d is the smallest number.",c);
             }
      }
```

```
return 0;
```

}

6. WAP to read the marks of four subjects of a student from the user and compute percentage and grade of the student using the following conditions:

```
percentage>=80
                                    grade = A
percentage<80 and per>=60
                                    grade = B
percentage<60 and per>=50
                                    grade = C
percentage<50 and per>=40
                                    grade = D
                                    grade = F
percentage<40
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      float m1,m2,m3,m4,percentage;
      char grade;
      printf("Enter marks of 4 subjects:");
      scanf("%f%f%f%f",&m1,&m2,&m3,&m4);
      percentage=(m1+m2+m3+m4)/4;
      if(percentage>=80)
            grade = 'A';
      else if(percentage>=60)
            grade = 'B';
      else if(percentage>=50)
            grade = 'C';
      else if(percentage>=40)
            grade = 'D';
      else
```

```
grade = 'F';
      printf("Percentage is %.2f. \nGrade is %c.",percentage,grade);
      return 0;
}
7. WAP that finds the largest among three numbers using logical operator and
else if statement.
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int a,b,c;
      printf("Enter three numbers:");
      scanf("%d%d%d",&a,&b,&c);
      if(a>b && a>c){
            printf("%d is the largest number,",a);
      else if(b>a && b>c){
            printf("%d is the largest number.",b);
      }
      else{
            printf("%d is the largest number.",c);
      return 0;
```

8. Write the output of the program.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int n;
      printf("Enter a number:");
      scanf("%d",&n);
      switch(n){
             case 1:
             case 2:
                   printf("1 or 2?");
                   break;
             case 3:
             case 4:
                   printf("3 or 4?");
             case 5:
             case 6:
                   printf("5 or 6?");
                   printf("or may be 3 or 4?");
                   break;
             default:
                   printf("Invalid choice.");
      return 0;
}
```

9. WAP that demonstrates the use of switch statement.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int n;
      printf("Which of the following websites you visit the most?");
      printf("\nSelect 1 for FACEBOOK, 2 for TWITTER and 3 for INSTAGRAM.");
      printf("\nEnter your choice:");
      scanf("%d",&n);
      switch(n){
            case 1:
                   printf("You use FACEBOOK.");
                   break;
            case 2:
                   printf("You use TWITTER.");
                   break;
            case 3:
                   printf("You use INSTAGRAM.");
                   break;
            default:
                   printf("You have entered an invalid option.");
      return 0;
}
```

10. WAP that performs the arithmetic operation using switch statement.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int a,b;
      char c;
      printf("Enter two numbers:");
      scanf("%d%d",&a,&b);
      printf("Select + to add, - to subtract, * to multiply and / to divide.");
      printf("Enter your choice:");
      scanf(" %c",&c);
      switch(c){
            case '+':
                   printf("Sum of two numbers=%d",a+b);
                   break;
            case '-':
                   printf("Difference of two numbers=%d",a-b);
                   break;
             case '*':
                   printf("Product of two numbers=%d",a*b);
                   break;
             case '/':
                   printf("Division of two numbers=%d",a/b);
                   break;
             default:
```

```
printf("Invalid choice.");
```

```
}
return 0;
}
```

B. <u>Iteration (Looping/Repetitive) Statement (for, while, do...while)</u>

11. WAP to print out all numbers from 1 to 10 using for loop,

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int i;
    for(i=1;i<=10;i++){
        printf("%d\t",i);
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

12. WAP to calculate the factorial of a positive number read from user using for loop.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int i,num;
    long fac=1;
    printf("Enter a number:");
    scanf("%d",&num);
```

```
for(i=1;i<=num;i++){</pre>
            fac=fac*i;
      }
      printf("Factorial of %d is %d.",num,fac);
      return 0;
}
13. WAP to sum all integers from 1 to 100 using for loop.
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int i,sum=0;
      for(i=1;i<=100;i++){
             sum=sum+i;
      }
      printf("Sum is %d.",sum);
      return 0;
}
14. WAP to find the sum and average of the marks of five subjects using for
loop.
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      float marks,total=0,average;
      for(int i=1;i<=5;i++){
             printf("Enter marks in %d th subject:",i);
             scanf("%f",&marks);
             total+=marks;
```

```
}
      printf("Total marks = %.2f",total);
      printf("\nAverage marks = %.2f",total/5);
      return 0;}
15. WAP to find the sum of digits of any number supplied by the user using
while loop.
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int num,rem,sum=0;
      printf("Enter a number:");
      scanf("%d",&num);
      while(num!=0){
            rem=num%10;
            sum+=rem;
            num/=10;
      }
      printf("Sum of digits = %d",sum);
      return 0;
}
```

16. WAP that check whether the entered number is Armstrong Number.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
     int num,rem,sum=0,check;
      printf("Enter a number:");
     scanf("%d",&num);
      check=num;
     while(num!=0){
           rem=num%10;
           sum+=rem*rem*rem;
           num/=10;
      }
     if(check==sum){
           printf("%d is Armstrong Number.",check);
      }
      else{
           printf("%d is not Armstrong Number.",check);
      return 0;
```

17. WAP to read a number and find and display its reverse.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int num,rem,rev=0;
    printf("Enter a number:");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    while(num!=0){
        rem=num%10;
        rev=rev*10+rem;
        num/=10;
    }
    printf("Reverse number = %d",rev);
    return 0;
}
```

18. WAP to read a number from keyboard and check whether it is a palindrome or not.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int num,rem,rev=0,check;
    printf("Enter a number:");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    check=num;
    while(num!=0){
        rem=num%10;
        rev=rev*10+rem;
    }
}
```

```
num/=10;
      }
      if(check==rev){
            printf("%d is a palindrome number.",check);
      }
      else{
            printf("%d is not a palindrome number.",check);
      }
      return 0;
}
19. WAP to print out all numbers from 1 to 10 using do-while loop.
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int x=1;
      do{
            printf("%d\t",x);
            X++;
      }while(x<=10);
      return 0;
```

20. WAP to find the Fibonacci sequence: 1,1,2,3,5,8,13,.....

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int a=1,b=1,c,num;
      printf("Enter number upto which you want Fibonacci sequence:");
      scanf("%d",&num);
      printf("%d",a);
      do{
            printf(",%d",b);
            c=a+b;
            a=b;
            b=c;
      }while(num>b);
      return 0;}
```

C. Jumping Statements (break, continue and goto)

21. WAP to illustrate the use of break within loop.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    for(int i=1;i<=10;i++){
        if(i==4){
            break;
        }
        printf("%d\t",i);
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

22. WAP to illustrate the use of continue statement.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    for(int i=1;i<=10;i++){
        if(i==2){
            continue;
        }
        printf("%d\t",i);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

23. WAP to print numbers 1 to 10 using goto statement (without using loop) and label.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int x=1;
      label1:
            printf("%d\t",x);
            χ++;
      if(x<=10)
      goto label1;
      return 0;
}
```

D. Extra Practice

1. WAP to display your name 5 time using for loop.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    for(int i=1;i<=5;i++){
        printf("Sharat Maharjan\n");
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

2. WAP to display "C Programming" 5 times using while loop.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int i=1;
    while(i<=5){
        printf("C Programming\n");
        i++;
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

3. WAP to display "Tribhuvan University" 5 times using do-while loop.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int i=1;
      do{
            printf("C Programming\n");
             i++;
      }while(i<=5);</pre>
      return 0;
}
4. WAP to calculate sum of first 10 even numbers.
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int sum=0;
      for(int i=2;i<=10;i=i+2){
             sum+=i;
      }
      printf("Sum of first 10 even numbers = %d",sum);
      return 0;
```

5. WAP to display the following menu

- 1. To find area of circle
- 2. To check the given number is odd or even
- 3. To find the sum of N numbers
- 4. Exit

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define TRUE 1
#define PI 3.14
int main(){
      int choice,n,N,sum;
      float r;
      printf("1. Find area of circle.");
      printf("\n2. Check the given number is odd or even.");
      printf("\n3. Find the sum of N numbers.");
      printf("\n4. Exit.");
      while(TRUE){
            printf("\nEnter a choice:");
            scanf("%d",&choice);
            switch(choice){
                   case 1:
                          printf("\nEnter a radius:");
                         scanf("%f",&r);
                          printf("Area of circle = %.2f",PI*r*r);
```

```
break;
case 2:
      printf("\nEnter a number to check even or odd:");
      scanf("%d",&n);
      if(n%2==0)
            printf("%d is even number.",n);
      else
            printf("%d is odd number.",n);
      break;
case 3:
      sum=0;
      printf("\nHow many numbers do you want to add?");
      scanf("%d",&N);
      printf("Enter %d numbers:",N);
      for(int i=1;i<=N;i++){
            scanf("%d",&n);
            sum+=n;
      printf("Sum = %d",sum);
      break;
case 4:
      exit(0);
default:
      printf("\nInvalid choice. Please try again.");
```

```
}
      }
      return 0;
}
6. WAP to print the following outputs using for loops.
1
2
      2
3
      3
             3
4
      4
                   4
5
      5
             5
                   5
                          5
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int i,j;
      for(i=1;i<=5;i++){
             for(j=1;j<=i;j++){
                   printf("%d\t",i);
             printf("\n");
return 0;
```

7. WAP to display following

```
      1

      2
      3

      3
      4
      5

      4
      5
      6
      7

      5
      6
      7
      8
      9
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int i,j;
    for(i=1;i<=5;i++){
        for(j=1;j<=i;j++){
            printf("%d\t",(i+j-1));
        }
        printf("\n");
}</pre>
```

}

}

return 0;

8. WAP to display following:

```
5
     10
           15
                20
                      25
10
     15
           20
                25
                      30
15
     20
           25
                30
                      35
20
     25
           30
                35
                      40
25
     30
           35
                40
                      45
```

#include<stdio.h>

```
int main(){
    int i,j;
    for(i=1;i<=5;i++){
        for(j=1;j<=5;j++){
            printf("%d\t",(i+j-1)*5);
        }</pre>
```

printf("\n");

return 0;}}

9. WAP to display the following

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50

#include<stdio.h>

```
int main(){
    int i,j;
    for(i=1;i<=5;i++){
        for(j=1;j<=10;j++){
            printf("%d\t",(i*j));
        }
        printf("\n");</pre>
```

return 0;

}

}

10. WAP to display the following

```
1
1
      1
1
      1
             1
1
      1
             1
                    1
1
      1
             1
                    1
                          1
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int i,j;
      for(i=1;i<=5;i++){
             for(j=1;j<=i;j++){
                    printf("%d\t",1);
             }
             printf("\n");
      }
      return 0;
}
```

11. WAP to read a positive integer less than 20 and display its multiplication table.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int n,i;
      printf("Enter a positive number less than 20: ");
      scanf("%d",&n);
      if(n>0&&n<20){
            for(i=1;i<=10;i++){
                   printf("%d * %d = %d\n",n,i,n*i);
            }
      }
      else{
            printf("You have entered either a negative number or a number
greater than 20 or zero.");
      }
      return 0;
}
```

12. WAP to read a four digits number and display it in reverse order.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int num,rem,rev=0,a;
      printf("Enter four digits number:");
      scanf("%d",&num);
      a=num;
      if(num>=1000 && num<=9999){
            while(num!=0){
                  rem=num%10;
                  rev=rev*10+rem;
                  num/=10;
            printf("Reverse number of %d is %d.",a,rev);
      }
      else{
            printf("%d is not four digits number.",num);
      return 0;
```

13. WAP to input an integer number and check whether it is prime number or not.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int num,i;
      printf("Enter a number:");
      scanf("%d",&num);
      for(i=2;i<num;i++){
            if(num%i==0){
                  printf("%d is not a prime number,",num);
                  break;
            }
      }
      if(num==i){
            printf("%d is a prime number.",num);
      return 0;
}
```