

UNIT 11

DATA FILE HANDLING

LH - 4HRS

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C PROGRAMMING

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11.1 Introduction

- Programs without data files accept input data from the keyboard at the time of execution and write to the monitor.
- This type of I/O is called console I/O.

Problems with console I/O:

- Entire data is lost when either the program is terminated or the computer is turned off.
- When the volume of data to be entered is large, it takes a lot of time to enter the data.
- If user makes a mistake while entering data, whole data has to be re-entered.

Solution: File

File handling in C enables us to **create, update, read, and delete the files** stored on the local file system through our C program. The following operations can be performed on a file.

- Creation of the new file
- Opening an existing file
- Reading from the file
- Writing to the file
- Closing the file

11.2 Types of File

- Generally, a file is used to store user data in a computer.
- File is a **collection of data** stored on secondary memory like hard disk of a computer.
- C programming language supports **two types of files** and they are as follows:
 - ✓ **Text File (or) ASCII File** - The text file contains textual information in the form of alphabets, digits and special characters or symbols.
 - ✓ **Binary File** - The file that contains data in the form of bytes (0's and 1's) is called as binary file. Generally, the binary files are compiled version of text files.

11.3 Opening and Closing Data File

- To create a new file or open an existing file, we need to create a file pointer of FILE type.
- Following is the sample code for creating **file pointer**.

FILE *fp ;

- We use the pre-defined method **fopen()** to **create a new file or to open an existing file**.

File *fp ;

fp = fopen("C:\\abc.txt", "w") ;

- The **fclose()** function is used to close a file.
- The syntax of fclose() function is given below:

fclose(fp);

LAB 1: WAP to create a file named test.txt and write some text "I study BCA".

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main(){
    FILE *fp;
    fp=fopen("D:\\test.txt","w");
    if(fp==NULL){
        printf("\n File can't be created.");
        exit(0);
    }
    fputs("I study BCA.", fp);
    fclose(fp);
    return 0;
}
```

LAB 2: WAP to open the file named test.txt, read its content and display it to screen.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main(){
    FILE *fptr;
    char message[100];
    fptr = fopen("D:\\test.txt","r");
    if(fptr==NULL){
        printf("No file found.");
        exit(0);
    }
    fgets(message,20,fptr);
    printf("%s",message);
    fclose(fptr);
    return 0;
}
```


LAB 3: WAP to open the file named test.txt and add to it the text “At Prime College”.

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main(){
```

```
    FILE *fptr;
```

```
    fptr = fopen("D:\\test.txt","a");
```

```
    if(fptr==NULL){
```

```
        printf("File can't be opened.");
```

```
    }
```

```
    fputs("At Prime College.",fptr);
```

```
    fclose(fptr);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

LAB 4: WAP to open a file and copy all its content to another file.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main(){
    FILE *sfptr,*dfptr;
    char c;
    sfptr=fopen("D:\\test.txt","r");
    if(sfptr==NULL){
        printf("File can't be opened.");
        exit(0);
    }
    dfptr=fopen("D:\\dest.txt","w");
    if(dfptr==NULL){
        printf("File can't be created or opened.");
        exit(0);
    }
    while((c=fgetc(sfptr))!=EOF){
        fputc(c,dfptr);
    }
    fclose(sfptr);
    fclose(dfptr);
    return 0;
}
```

LAB 5: Define a structure for Vehicle Owner having data members name, address, telephone, vehicle number and license number. Take the data for ten owners, write them in file "vehicleOwner.txt". Read the data from the file and display them.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct vehicleOwner{
    char name[30];
    char address[30];
    long int tel_phone;
    int vehicle_no;
    int license_no;
};
int main(){
    FILE *fptr;
    struct vehicleOwner v[10];
    fptr=fopen("D:\\vehicleOwner.txt","w+");
    if(fptr==NULL){
        printf("File can't be opened.");
    }
    for(int i=0;i<3;i++){
        printf("Enter name:");
        scanf("%s",v[i].name);
        printf("Enter address:");
        scanf("%s",v[i].address);
        printf("Enter phone number:");
        scanf("%ld",&v[i].tel_phone);
        printf("Enter vehicle number:");
        scanf("%d",&v[i].vehicle_no);
        printf("Enter license number:");
        scanf("%d",&v[i].license_no);
    }
    for(int i=0;i<3;i++){
        //writing into file
        fprintf(fptr,"%s\t%s\t%ld\t%d\t%d\n",v[i].name,v[i].address,v[i].tel_phone,v[i].vehicle_no,v[i].license_no);
        fflush(fptr);
    }
    for(int i=0;i<3;i++){
        //reading from file
        fscanf(fptr,"%s\t%s\t%ld\t%d\t%d",v[i].name,v[i].address,&v[i].tel_phone,&v[i].vehicle_no,&v[i].license_no);
        printf("%s\t%s\t%ld\t%d\t%d\n",v[i].name,v[i].address,v[i].tel_phone,v[i].vehicle_no,v[i].license_no);
    }
}
```

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION