

INTERNATIONAL GCSE PHYSICS PAPER 1P – SUMMER 2012

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
1 (a)	A - microwave(s) B - X-rays	REJECT 'micro' REJECT 'X' ACCEPT capital or lower case X, with or without hyphen	2
(b) (i)	C		1
(ii)	D		1

Total 4 Marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (a) (i)	pressure = force ÷ area;	pressure = force ÷ area area = force ÷ pressure force = pressure x area Accept standard symbols (P, F, A) – upper or lower case acceptable for this item REJECT relationship 'triangle' on its own	1
(ii)	Substitution into correct equation / 8 times the force; Calculation; e.g. pressure = $8 \times 0.036 \div 0.0013 =$ 220 (Pa)	Correct final value = 2 irrespective of working Final value of 27.7 or 28 scores 1 (since it is a correct calculation that has missed the x8 factor) ALLOW 222 (Pa), 221.5..... (Pa), 220 (Pa) for final value NO significant figure penalty	2
(b) (i)	(total) force is unchanged / the same; same mass/number/weight (of coins);	ACCEPT 'force is the same because the weight is the same'=2 'force is the same because the mass is the same'=2	2
(ii)	Reduced / less; ONE of - (reduced) by a factor of 8; <u>same</u> mass/weight/force spread over a larger area; calculates the new pressure;	NOT ACCEPT 'larger surface area' alone	1 1

Total 7 Marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
7 (a)	<p>Any 4 of: heat loss is reduced / traps heat;</p> <p><u>relating to the air being an insulator –</u> air is a (good) insulator / air insulates / air is insulation / air is a bad conductor / air reduces conduction;</p> <p><u>relating to the blanket / fibres being an insulator –</u> blanket is a (good) insulator / blanket insulates / blanket is insulation / blanket is a bad conductor / blanket reduces conduction;</p> <p><u>relating to convection –</u> air is trapped / blanket traps air / air movement reduced;</p> <p>convection (currents) reduced / convection (currents) stopped;</p> <p><u>relating to sweating –</u> sweat cannot evaporate;</p> <p>(so) less cooling effect from sweating;</p>	<p>seen anywhere in the answer</p> <p>ACCEPT 'air stops conduction / air does not conduct'</p> <p>ACCEPT 'blanket', 'fibres', 'cloth', 'fabric', etc as the same thing – 'it' refers to the blanket ACCEPT 'blanket stops conduction / blanket does not conduct'</p> <p>ACCEPT 'air cannot move' IGNORE 'keeps out cold air'</p> <p>NOT ACCEPT 'stops sweating'</p>	4
(b)	<p>Mark is for the reason and must match yes / no statement Any ONE of - <u>Yes / right</u> (Al / foil / heat) reflects; Al is a poor absorber/emitter (of radiation);</p> <p><u>No / wrong</u> (Al / foil) is a (good) conductor / bad insulator;</p>	<p>IGNORE shiny</p> <p>ACCEPT answers that refer to the blanket if they imply a relevant point, e.g. 'no, because the blanket would conduct away less heat'</p>	1

Total 5 Marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
8 (a)	A (background radiation)		1
(b)	<p>Any TWO of</p> <p>1. Range / penetration of alpha radiation is low;</p> <p>2. Radon (is a gas so) particles /atoms mobile OR americium (solid so) particles / atoms stay in place;</p> <p>3. Radon can be inhaled / damage internal tissue OR radiation from americium stays within smoke detector / absorbed by the plastic;</p>	<p>WTTE throughout this part</p> <p>ACCEPT 'cannot penetrate skin' / 'travel a few cm in air'</p> <p>ACCEPT 'all around us', 'more likely to come into contact', ACCEPT 'contained', 'stays in detector'</p> <p>ACCEPT 'can be breathed in', 'can get inside body', 'can damage (internal) cells /organs' ACCEPT 'high up', 'far from people'</p>	2
(c) (i)	A (86)		1
(ii)	B (134)		1
(d) (i)	Bq / becquerel(s);	<p>ACCEPT approximate / phonetic spellings of becquerel / Becquerel / bekerel REJECT B, BQ, bQ, bq</p>	1

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
14 (a)	Substitution into correct equation; Calculation; e.g. $10\,000 \times 10 = p_2 \times 270$ $p_2 = 370$ (kPa)	correct answer = 2 marks ACCEPT 370.37..... (kPa)	2
(b)	pressure decreases; Any two from: molecules slow down; less frequent collisions with walls / don't collide as much with walls; less hard /less force (on same area);	ACCEPT less <u>kinetic</u> energy / less momentum IGNORE collisions with each other ACCEPT smaller momentum change (in collisions)	3
(c) (i)	Pressure decreases; One of Fewer molecules (bombarding container); Less force from the molecules;		2
(ii)	Gas leaves (the liquid)/Expands/Foams the cream;	ACCEPT Cools;	1

Total 8 Marks