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6. Two girls, Agatha and Brionie, are roller skating inside a large empty building. The girls are modelled as particles.

At time $t = 0$, Agatha is at the point with position vector $(11\mathbf{i} + 11\mathbf{j})\text{ m}$ and Brionie is at the point with position vector $(7\mathbf{i} + 16\mathbf{j})\text{ m}$. The position vectors are given relative to the door, O , and \mathbf{i} and \mathbf{j} are horizontal perpendicular unit vectors.

Agatha skates with constant velocity $(3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j})\text{ m s}^{-1}$

Brionie skates with constant velocity $(4\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j})\text{ m s}^{-1}$

- (a) Find the position vector of Agatha at time t seconds.

(2)

At time $t = 6$ seconds, Agatha passes through the point P .

- (b) Show that Brionie also passes through P and find the value of t when this occurs.

(4)

At time t seconds, Agatha is at the point A and Brionie is at the point B .

- (c) Show that $\overrightarrow{AB} = [(t - 4)\mathbf{i} + (5 - t)\mathbf{j}] \text{ m}$

(2)

- (d) Find the distance between the two girls when they are closest together.

(4)

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