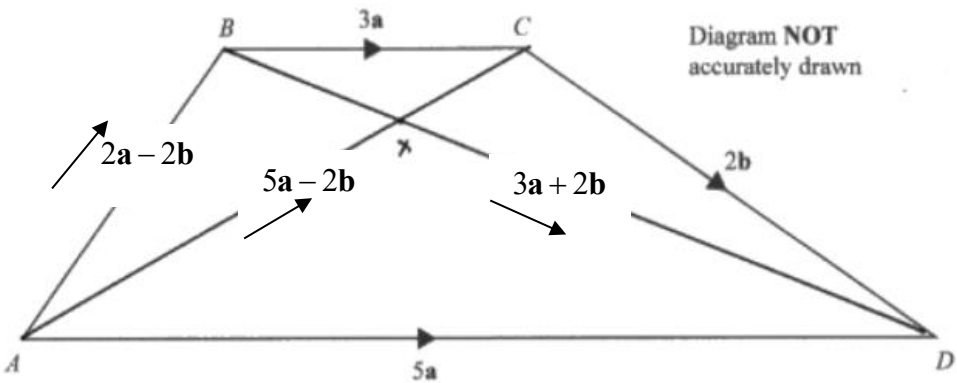


Question	Scheme	Marks
8(a)	$\vec{AB} = \vec{AD} + \vec{DC} + \vec{CB} = 5\mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{b} - 3\mathbf{a} = 2\mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{b}$	B1 [1]
(b)	$\vec{BX} = k \vec{BD} = k(3\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b})$ $\vec{BX} = \vec{BA} + \lambda \vec{AC} = -2\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b} + \lambda(5\mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{b})$ $\Rightarrow k(3\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b}) = -2\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b} + \lambda(5\mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{b})$ $\Rightarrow 3k\mathbf{a} + 2k\mathbf{b} = (5\lambda - 2)\mathbf{a} + (2 - 2\lambda)\mathbf{b}$ $\Rightarrow 3k = 5\lambda - 2 \quad 2k = 2 - 2\lambda$ $\Rightarrow k = \frac{3}{8} \quad \left[\lambda = \frac{5}{8} \right]$	M1 M1 M1 M1A1 [5]
(c)	$\Delta CXD = \frac{5}{8} \Delta BCD$ $\Delta BCD = \frac{3}{8} ABCD$ $\frac{\Delta CXD}{ABCD} = \frac{\frac{5}{8}}{\frac{3}{8}} = \frac{15}{64}$ Ratio of area of triangle CXD : Trapezium $ABCD = 15 : 64$	M1 M1 M1 A1 [4]
Total 10 marks		

Useful sketch



Part	Mark	Notes
(a)	B1	For the correct vector for \vec{AB}
(b)	Note carefully. For the first two marks in part (b) you must follow through their working using their \vec{AB} or \vec{AC} or \vec{BD}	
	M1	For one correct vector statement for \vec{BX}
	M1	For a second correct and different vector statement for \vec{BX} For example: $\vec{BX} = \vec{BA} + \lambda \vec{AC} = -2\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b} + \lambda(5\mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{b})$ OR $\vec{BX} = \vec{BC} + \lambda \vec{AC} = 3\mathbf{a} - \lambda(5\mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{b})$
	ddM1	For equating coefficients of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} and forming two equations in k and another parameter. This must be correct Dependent on first two M marks
	dddM1	For solving their simultaneous equations to find k Allow one arithmetical error in processing. Dependent on all three previous M marks
	A1	For $k = \frac{3}{8}$
(c)	M1	For using their k to find the ratio of the areas of for example, $CXD : CAD \Rightarrow \frac{CXD}{CAD} = \frac{3}{8} \text{ or } \frac{CXD}{CAD} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{8} \times 2b \times \sin ACD}{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{8}{8} \times 2b \times \sin ACD} = \frac{3}{8}$ OR $CXD : BCD \Rightarrow \frac{CXD}{BCD} = \frac{5}{8} \text{ or } \frac{CXD}{CAD} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{5}{8} \times 2b \times \sin BDC}{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{8}{8} \times 2b \times \sin BDC} = \frac{5}{8}$
		For using the given lengths of BC and AD [3 and 5], to find the ratio of the area of triangle ACD : trapezium $ABCD$ $\frac{CAD}{ABCD} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times h \times 5}{\frac{1}{2} \times h \times (5+3)} = \frac{5}{8} \quad \text{OR} \quad \frac{BCD}{ABCD} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times h \times 3}{\frac{1}{2} \times h \times (5+3)} = \frac{3}{8}$
	Note carefully. You must fit their ratios above and check to see if they are being combined correctly for the final M mark here.	
	M1	Combines the areas above to obtain: $\frac{CXD}{CAD} \times \frac{CAD}{ABCD} = \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{5}{8} = \left(\frac{15}{64}\right) \quad \text{OR} \quad \frac{CXD}{BCD} \times \frac{BCD}{ABCD} = \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{3}{8} = \left(\frac{15}{64}\right)$
	A1	For the correct ratio 15 : 64