

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
6(a)	$\mathbf{r} = (-3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}) \text{ m}$	B1 (1)
(b)	$3.4 = 2T - 3 \quad \text{or} \quad -12 = 4 - 5T$ $T = 3.2$	M1 A1 A1 (3)
(c)	$\mathbf{r} = (-3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}) + t(2\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j})$ $\mathbf{v} = (2\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j})$ $\text{speed} = \sqrt{(2^2 + (-5)^2)} = \sqrt{29} = 5.4 \text{ m s}^{-1} \text{ or better}$	M1 A1 M1 A1 (4) 8
Alt (c)	$ \mathbf{s} = \sqrt{6.4^2 + (-16)^2} = 17.23\dots$ $\therefore \text{speed} = \frac{17.23}{3.2} = 5.4 \text{ or better}$	M1 A1 M1 A1 (4)
	Notes	
6(a)	Allow column vectors throughout. B1 for $(-3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}) \text{ (m)}$	
(b)	M1 for a clear attempt at either $3.4(\mathbf{i}) = (2T - 3)(\mathbf{i})$ or $-12(\mathbf{j}) = (4 - 5T)(\mathbf{j})$ First A1 for a correct equation (either) <u>without i's and j's</u> A1 for 3.2 oe N.B. $T = \frac{6.4\mathbf{i} - 16\mathbf{j}}{2\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j}} = 3.2$ scores M1A1A1 <u>BUT</u> if RHS is not a single number, then M0. Also, if they get 3.2 and another value and don't clearly choose 3.2 then A0	
(c)	First M1 for a complete method for finding \mathbf{v} e.g. $\mathbf{r} = (-3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}) + t(2\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j})$ so $\mathbf{v} = 2\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j}$ OR: $\mathbf{v} = \frac{(3.4\mathbf{i} - 12\mathbf{j}) - (-3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j})}{\text{their } T}$ OR: $\mathbf{v} = \frac{d\mathbf{r}}{dt} = 2\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j}$ First A1 for $2\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j}$; M1A1 can be awarded for $2\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j}$ <u>only</u> . Second M1 for attempt to find magnitude of their \mathbf{v} , i.e. $\sqrt{2^2 + (-5)^2}$ Second A1 for $\sqrt{29}$ or 5.4 or better OR First M1 for attempt to find distance travelled: $d = \sqrt{(-3 - 3.4)^2 + (4 - -12)^2}$ First A1 if correct Second M1 for their d / their T Second A1 for $\sqrt{29}$ or 5.4 or better	