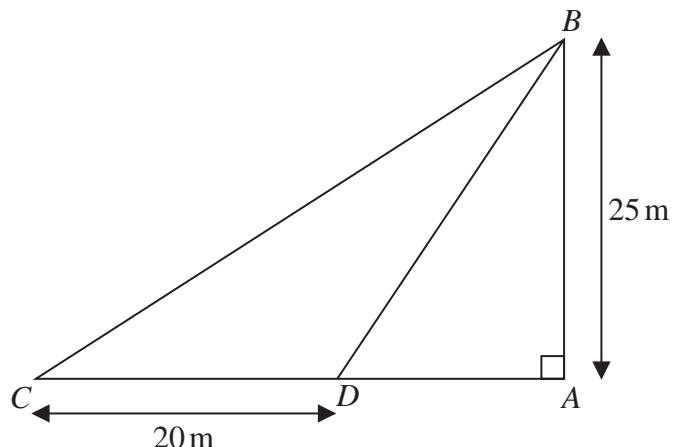


18

In the diagram, AB represents a vertical cliff of height 25 m.

The points C and D are buoys on the surface of the sea so that CDA is a horizontal straight line.

The angle of elevation of B from C is 33° and $CD = 20\text{ m}$.

Calculate the size, in degrees to 3 significant figures, of the angle of depression of D from B .

(Total for Question 18 is 4 marks)

