Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 (a) (i)	line starts at (0,-17) and rises to steady temperature of 0 °C (after 5 minutes); 6 minutes along time axis at temperature of 0 °C; line drawn showing increase in temperature from 0 °C until 20 minutes on time axis;	allow candidate's time axis scale or clearly marked times line can be curved or straight ignore start and end times as long as duration is 6 minutes line can be curved or straight and can end at any temperature	3
(ii)	 any one from: keep heater submerged; (check) voltage remains constant; idea of not removing lid; stirring (once some ice has melted); repeat and average; 	ignore using more insulation, digital thermometer allow idea that lid is well sealed allow repeat and remove anomalies	1
(b)	dimensionally correct substitution into $\Delta Q = m \times c \times \Delta T$; rearrangement; evaluation; e.g. $2500 = 0.048 \times 880 \times \Delta T$ $\Delta T = 2500 / (0.048 \times 880)$ $(\Delta T =) 59 (°C)$	allow mass in kg or g for this mark seen or implied from working -1 for POT error final answer of 42 = 2 marks allow 59.2, 59.18 (°C) condone 59.1 (°C)	3

Total for Question 5 = 7 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
7 (a)	opposite poles facing; held (very) close together;	reject if magnets described as touching	2
(b) (i)	arrow directed towards the centre of the circle in line with the position of the proton;	judge by eye condone arrow that does not originate at the position of the proton	1
(ii)	correct diameter given to 1 significant figure = 1 mark; correct diameter given to 2 or 3 significant figures = 2 marks;;	6 (cm) 5.8-6.1 (cm)	2
(iii)	use of radius; dimensionally correct substitution into $v = 2 \times \pi \times r / T$; evaluation; e.g.	allow ecf from (b)(ii) -1 for POT error accept alternative method using $v = \pi \times d / T$	3
	r = $(6.0 / 2 =) 3.0 \text{ cm}$ v = $2 \times \pi \times 0.030 / 8.7 \times 10^{-6}$ (v =) 22000 (m/s)	allow 21 000-22 000 (m/s)	

Total for Question 7 = 8 marks