

Question number	Scheme	Marks
3(a)	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2e^{2x}(x^2 + 1) + e^{2x}(2x)$	M1A1A1 [3]
(b)	<p>When $x = 0$</p> $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \times 1 \times 1 + 1 \times 0 = 2 \qquad y = e^{2 \times 0}(0 + 1) = 1$ $y - 1 = 2(x - 0) \Rightarrow y = 2x + 1$	<p>B1B1</p> <p>B1 [3]</p>
Total 6 marks		
<p>(a)</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p>	<p>Attempted use of the product rule. Sum of two terms (either way round) with $x^n \rightarrow x^{n-1}$ (Condone e^{2x} instead of $2e^{2x}$) Once the correct answer is seen ISW. This mark may be implied by the sum of two terms with one of the two terms correct.</p> <p>Either term correct</p> <p>Both terms correct</p> <p>When $x = 0$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2$</p> <p>When $x = 0$ $y = 1$</p> <p>$y = 2x + 1$</p>	