9 A curve *C* has equation

$$y = \frac{qx - 2}{x - p} \qquad \qquad x \neq p$$

The curve crosses the y-axis at the point A.

The line l with equation y = x + 2 is the normal to C at A.

- (a) (i) Show that p = 1
 - (ii) Find the value of q.

(7)

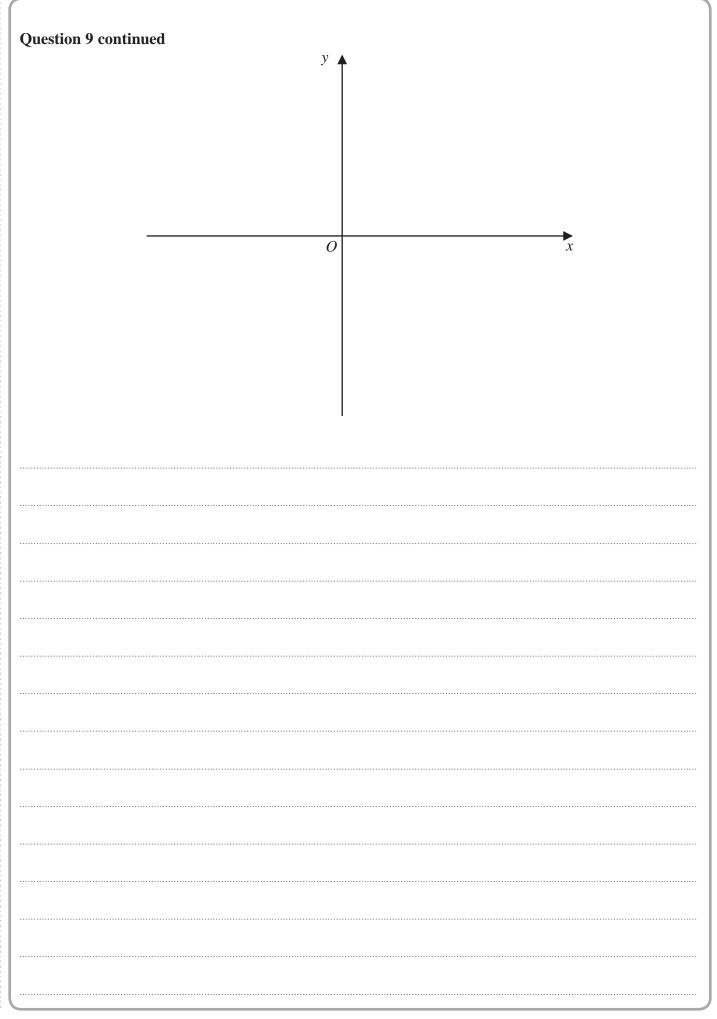
(b) Using the axes on the opposite page, sketch *C*, showing clearly the asymptotes and the coordinates of the points where *C* crosses the coordinate axes.

(5)

The line l meets C again at the point D.

(c) Find the x coordinate of D.

(4)





DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

uestion 9 continued	

