Surname	Other names
Pearson Edexcel nternational GCSE	Centre Number Candidate Number
<b>Further Pu</b>	re Mathematics
Paper 1	are matricinaties
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## **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.

## Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

## **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

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Turn over ▶



## Answer all ELEVEN questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

l	$f(x) = 3x^3 + 2\sin x - \frac{4}{x^2}$ where $x \neq 0$
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(a) Find f'(x)

(3)

(4)


Question 1 continued	
	(Total for Question 1 is 7 marks)



<b>2</b> Find the set of values of <i>x</i> for which	$(2x-3)^2 > 7x - 3$	(5)

Question 2 continued	
	(Total for Question 2 is 5 marks)



3	The volume, $V \text{ cm}^3$ , of a sphere of radius $r \text{ cm}$ is increasing at the rate of 60 cm <sup>3</sup> /s.			
	Find the rate of increase of the radius, in cm/s correct to 2 significant figures, when the volume is $36000\pi$ cm <sup>3</sup> .			
		(7)		

Question 3 continued	
	(Total for Question 3 is 7 marks)



4	An arithmetic series has first term $p$ and common difference $p$ where $p \neq 0$ A geometric series also has first term $p$ . The common ratio of this geometric series is $r$ . The sum of the first three terms of the arithmetic series is equal to the sum of the first three terms of the geometric series.	
	Given that $r > 0$	
	show that $r = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{21}}{2}$	(5)





- 5 Given that  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{4-x}}$  can be written as  $p(1-qx)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ 
  - (a) find the value of p and the value of q.

(2)

- (b) (i) Find the first four terms in the expansion of  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{4-x}}$  in ascending powers of x, simplifying each term.
  - (ii) State the range of values of x for which this expansion is valid.

(4)

Given that the first three terms of the expansion of  $\frac{2(1+x)}{\sqrt{4-x}}$  are  $a+bx+cx^2$ 

- (c) find the exact value of
- (i) *a*
- (ii) b
- (iii) c

(3)


Question 5 continu			

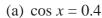


Question 5 continued	

	Question 5 continued
	(Total for Question 5 is 9 marks)
$\otimes$	(Total for Question 5 is 9 marks)



**6** Giving your solutions to 3 decimal places, solve the equation



$$-\pi < x < \pi$$

(2)

(b) 
$$\tan\left(2\theta + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 1.5$$

$$0 < \theta < \pi$$

(4)



Questi	ion 6 continued				
			(Total f	or Question 6 is	a 6 martza)



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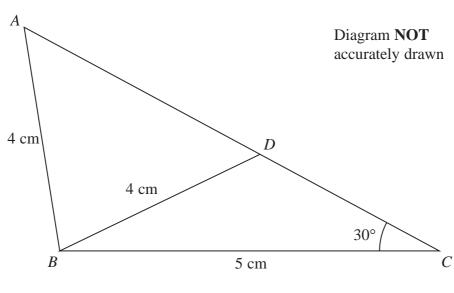


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows the triangle ABC with AB = 4 cm, BC = 5 cm and angle  $BCA = 30^{\circ}$ The point D lies on AC such that BD = 4 cm and angle BDC is obtuse.

Find

(a) the size of angle BDC, giving your answer in degrees correct to 1 decimal place,

(3)

(b) the length, in cm, of AD, giving your answer correct to 3 significant figures,

**(3)** 

(c) the area, in cm<sup>2</sup>, of triangle ABD, giving your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

(2)

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Question 7 continued		



<b>Question 7 continued</b>	
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	Question 7 continued
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	(Total for Question 7 is 8 marks)



8	A particle <i>P</i> is moving along the positive <i>x</i> -axis. At time <i>t</i> seconds $(t \ge 0)$ , the acceleration $a \text{ m/s}^2$ of <i>P</i> is given by $a = 6 - 4t$	
	When $t = 0$ , P is at rest and the displacement of P from the origin O is 5 metres.	
	At time $t$ seconds, the velocity of $P$ is $v$ m/s and the displacement of $P$ from $O$ is $s$ metres.	
	(a) Find, in terms of $t$ , an expression for	
	(i) <i>v</i>	
	(ii) s	(6)
	For $t > 0$ , $P$ comes to instantaneous rest at the point $A$ .	(0)
	(b) Find	
	(i) the value of $t$ when $P$ reaches $A$ ,	
	(ii) the distance <i>OA</i> .	
		(5)

Question 8 continued	



Question 8 continued

Question 8 continued	
	(Total for Question 8 is 11 marks)



9

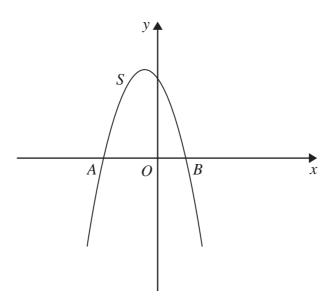


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows the curve S with equation  $y = 8 - 2x - x^2$ 

The curve S crosses the x-axis at the points A and B.

(a) Find the x coordinate of A and the x coordinate of B.

(3)

(b) Use calculus to find the area of the finite region bounded by S and the x-axis.

(4)

The curve *T* with equation  $y = x^2 + x + 6$  intersects *S*.

(c) Find the x coordinates of the points of intersection of S and T.

(2)

(d) Use calculus to find the area of the finite region bounded by S and T.

(4)



Que	estion 9 continued	



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Question 9 continued	




- **10** Given that  $2\log_y x + 2\log_x y = 5$ 
  - (a) show that  $\log_y x = \frac{1}{2}$  or  $\log_y x = 2$

(5)

(b) Hence, or otherwise, solve the equations

$$xy = 27$$

$$2\log_y x + 2\log_x y = 5$$

**(6)** 

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Question 10 continued

Question 10 continued	
	(Total for Question 10 is 11 marks)



11

$$f(x) = 4 + 3x - x^2$$

(a) Write f(x) in the form  $P - Q(x + R)^2$ , where P, Q and R are rational numbers.

(2)

The curve *C* has equation  $y = 4 + 3x - x^2$ 

(b) Find the coordinates of the maximum point of C.

(1)

The line  $l_1$  is a tangent to C at the point where x = 1

(c) Find an equation for  $l_1$ 

(5)

Another line  $l_2$  is perpendicular to  $l_1$  and is also a tangent to C.

The lines  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  intersect at the point A.

(d) Find the coordinates of A.

(5)

The point *B* with coordinates (-3, 2) lies on  $l_1$ 

(e) Find the exact length of AB.

(2)

The point D with coordinates (8, 0) lies on  $l_2$ 

(f) Find the exact area of triangle ABD.

(3)





Question 11 continued			



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Question 11 continued	

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Question 11 continued		
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