

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
<b>5(a)</b>  $a + ar^2 = 75$  $ar + ar^2 = 45$  $\frac{1+r^2}{r+r^2} = \frac{75}{45} \left( = \frac{5}{3} \right)$  $2r^2 + 5r - 3 = 0 \quad (2r-1)(r+3) = 0$  $r = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{or} \quad -3$  <b>(b)</b> $a = \frac{75}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{4}\right)} = 60$  $S = \frac{a}{1-r} = \frac{60}{\frac{1}{2}} = 120 \quad \left( \text{or } S = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r} \text{ with } n = \infty \right)$	$a + ar^2 = 75$  $ar + ar^2 = 45$  $\frac{1+r^2}{r+r^2} = \frac{75}{45} \left( = \frac{5}{3} \right)$  $2r^2 + 5r - 3 = 0 \quad (2r-1)(r+3) = 0$  $r = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{or} \quad -3$  $a = \frac{75}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{4}\right)} = 60$  $S = \frac{a}{1-r} = \frac{60}{\frac{1}{2}} = 120 \quad \left( \text{or } S = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r} \text{ with } n = \infty \right)$	M1  A1  dM1   M1 (NB A1 on e-PEN) A1 (5)  B1  M1A1cao (3)  [8]
<b>(a)</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>dM1</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>(b)</b> <b>B1</b>  <b>M1</b> <b>A1cao</b>	Form an equation in $a$ and $r$ using either of the pieces of information given. Form a second equation <b>with both equations correct</b> Eliminate $a$ from their equations using a correct method. Depends on the first M mark. Solve their 3 term quadratic to obtain at least one value for the common ratio. (The method used must be shown or correct answers from a correct equation seen) <b>Both</b> values correct ( $\frac{1}{2}$ or 0.5) Correct answers from incorrect or no working – send to review.  Obtain the correct value for $a$ using $r = \frac{1}{2}$ Can be awarded if seen in (a) and <b>used in (b)</b>  Use $S = \frac{a}{1-r}$ with their value of $a$ and a value of $r$ found in (a) for which $ r  < 1$ Correct answer only	