



Figure 3

Figure 3 shows the parallelogram *OABC*

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$$
 $\overrightarrow{OC} = \mathbf{c}$

The midpoint of AB is M and the midpoint of BC is N.

The line OB intersects MN at the point X.

- (a) Find in terms of a and c,
 - (i) \overrightarrow{OB}
 - (ii) \overrightarrow{MN}

(2)

Given $\overrightarrow{MX} = \lambda \overrightarrow{MN}$ and that $\overrightarrow{OX} = \mu \overrightarrow{OB}$,

(b) use a vector method to find the value of λ and the value of μ .

(8)

(c) Hence find, in its simplest form, the ratio

Area of quadrilateral OXNC: Area of parallelogram OABC.

(3)