

- 9 The photograph shows a whale jumping out of the surface of the sea.



(Source: © Alexander Baumann/Shutterstock)

- (a) At the top of the jump, the whale's velocity is 0 m/s.

The whale falls 2.2 m from the top of the jump to the surface of the sea.

Calculate the velocity of the whale when it hits the surface of the sea.

(4)

velocity = ..... m/s



(b) A resultant force causes the whale to slow down when it hits the surface of the sea.

(i) Draw an arrow to show this resultant force.

(1)



(Source: © Eugenia Petrovskaya/Shutterstock)

(ii) The resultant force acting on the whale is 18 000 N.

The mass of the whale is 4100 kg.

Calculate the acceleration of the whale.

(3)

acceleration = ..... m/s<sup>2</sup>

**(Total for Question 9 = 8 marks)**

