



Pearson
Edexcel

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2020

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE
in Physics (4PH1)
Paper 2PR

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
1 (a)	<div> <div>EM wave</div> <div> <div>gamma</div> <div>infrared</div> <div>radio waves</div> <div>ultraviolet</div> <div>x-rays</div> </div> <div> <div>Use</div> <div> <div>long range communication</div> <div>cooking</div> <div>sterilising food</div> <div>observing internal structures</div> <div>fluorescent lamps</div> </div> </div> <p>all four correct;;;;</p> </div>	<p>gamma use is given so only judge other four EM waves for marks</p> <p>three or two correct scores 2 marks one correct scores 1 mark</p>	3
(b)	<p>C (internal heating of tissue);</p> <p>A is incorrect because this is a hazard of visible and ultraviolet radiation B is incorrect because this is a hazard of x-ray and gamma radiation D is incorrect because this is a hazard of infrared radiation</p>		1
(c)	radio (waves);		1

Total for Question 1 = 5 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (a) (i)	substitution; evaluation; e.g. (GPE \Rightarrow) $1.8 \times 10 \times 0.95$ (GPE \Rightarrow) 17 (J)	allow $g = 9.8, 9.81$ allow 16.8, 16.7..., 17.1... (J)	2
(a) (ii)	idea that KE (gained) is greater than GPE (lost); idea KE gained = GPE lost + work done; e.g. $17 + 4 = 21$ OR $21 - 17 = 4$		2
(b) (i)	use of $KE = \frac{1}{2} \times \text{mass} \times \text{speed}^2$; substitution; rearrangement; evaluation; e.g. $KE = \frac{1}{2} \times m \times v^2$ $21 = 0.5 \times 1.8 \times v^2$ $v = \sqrt{(21/0.9)}$ ($v \Rightarrow$) 4.8 (m/s)	allow standard symbols can be implied from working allow 4.83, 4.83... (m/s)	4
(ii)	substitution into $F = mv - mu / t$; evaluation; e.g. $F = (1.8 \times 4.8) / 0.12$ ($F \Rightarrow$) 72 (N)	allow ecf from (b)(i) allow alternative method using $a = (v - u)/t$ and $F = ma$ allow 72.5, 72.45... (N)	2

Total for Question 4 = 10 marks