

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
8. (a)	$v = \int a dt = 6t - \frac{4}{2}t^2 (+c)$	M1A1
	(i) $v = 0$ , (when $t = 0$ ) so $c = 0 \Rightarrow v = 6t - 2t^2$	A1
	(ii) $s = \int v dt = 3t^2 - \frac{2t^3}{3} (+d)$	M1
	$s = 5, t = 0, \Rightarrow d = 5, \Rightarrow s = 3t^2 - \frac{2t^3}{3} + 5$	M1A1
		(6)
(b)	$6t - 2t^2 = 0 \Rightarrow 2t(3 - t) = 0, \Rightarrow (t = 0), \Rightarrow t = 3$	M1M1A1
	$s = 3 \times 3^2 - \frac{2 \times 3^3}{3} + 5 = 14 \text{ m}$	M1A1
		(5)
		<b>(11)</b>

Notes

(a) (i)

M1 for attempting to integrate the given expression for  $a$  (see General Guidance for the definition of an attempt)

A1 for the correct expression for  $v$  (with or without  $c$ )

A1 for the correct expression for  $v$  **AFTER** using  $t = 0$  when  $v = 0$ . For the award of this mark they must have had  $(+c)$  following integration. **They cannot just assume  $c = 0$ .**

(ii)

M1 for an attempt to integrate their expression for  $v$  (with or without  $d$ )

M1d for substituting in  $s = 5, t = 0$  to attempt to find  $d$ . Note; they cannot earn this mark without  $+d$ .

A1 for a fully correct expression for  $s$

(b)

M1 setting their  $v = 0$  which must be a quadratic expression.

M1 attempting to solve a two term quadratic – take  $t$  out as a common factor.

A1 for finding  $t = 3$

M1 for substituting their  $t = 3$  into their expression for  $s$  **AND** attempting to evaluate

A1 for  $s = 14$  (m)

**Note: If they give an answer of  $14\text{m} + 5\text{m} = 19\text{m}$  after  $14\text{m}$  is seen, award A0**