

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a)	9 (kPa);		1
(b)	(liquid) pressure = depth (of liquid) \times density $\times g$;	accept d, h, height for depth rho, ρ for density g.f.s or gravitational field strength for g reject gravity for g	1
(c)	substitution; rearrangement; evaluation; e.g. pressure difference = 9 kPa $9\,000 = d \times 960 \times 10$ $d = 9000 / (9600)$ $d = 0.94 \text{ (m)}$	allow ecf from (a) allow use of $g = 9.8(1) \text{ m/s}^2$ giving 0.96 m allow 0.937(5) POT error penalty of 1 mark, except if formula is incorrect i.e. no 'g'	3

Total for Question 2 = 5 marks