

Mechanics 1 PhysicsAndMathsTutor.com

in equilibrium \therefore ~~for~~ resultant = 0

equate coeffs of \underline{i}

$$15 + 5q - 3p = 0 \quad \dots (1)$$

equate coeffs of \underline{j}

$$1 - p - q = 0 \quad \dots (2)$$

$$1 - p = q$$

sub into equation (1)

$$15 + 5(1 - p) - 3p = 0$$

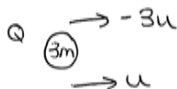
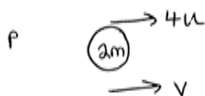
$$15 + 5 - 5p - 3p = 0$$

$$20 = 8p$$

$$p = 2.5 \quad \therefore q = 1 - 2.5$$

$$\underline{q = -1.5}$$

a)



$$4u \times 2m + (-3u) \times 3m = 3mu + 2mv$$

$$-um = 3mu + 2mv$$

$$\frac{-4um}{2m} = v = -2u$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{speed} &= |-2u| \\ &= 2u \end{aligned}$$

b) direction of P has been reversed

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as I took initial direction as positive

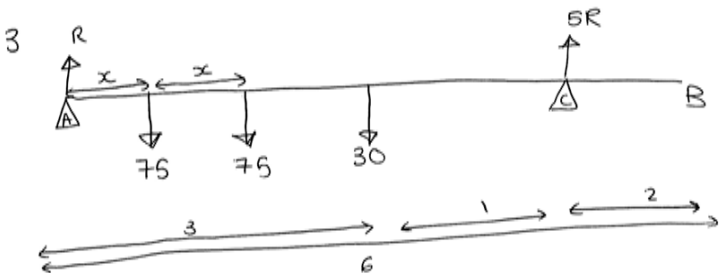
$\rightarrow +$ and the ~~die~~ answer was negative.

c) on Q $I = m(v - u)$

$$= 3m(u - -3u)$$

$$= 3m \times 4u$$

$$= \underline{12mu}$$



moments $\curvearrowright A$: $75x + (75 \times 2x) + (30 \times 3) - (5R \times 4) = 0$

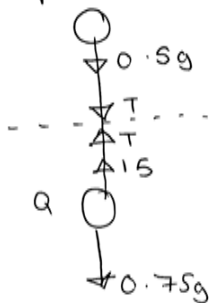
$$= \therefore 225x + 90 - 20R = 0$$

moments $\curvearrowright C$: $(30 \times 1) + (75 \times (4 - 2x)) + (75 \times (4 - x)) - 4R = 0$

$$= 30 + 300 - 150x + 300 - 75x - 4R = 0$$

$$\boxed{630 - 225x = 4R} \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$\boxed{90 + 225x = 20R} \dots \textcircled{2}$$



② ... at Q $\uparrow -0.75g + T = 0.75a$

add ① and ② together

$$-1.25g + 16 = 1.25a$$

$$2.75 = 1.25a$$

$$a = \underline{\underline{2.2}}$$

sub 'a' into ①

$$-0.5g - T = 0.5 \times 2.2$$

$$-0.5g - 0.5 \times 2.2 = T$$

$$T = -6\text{ N}$$

$$T = |-6| = \underline{\underline{6\text{ N}}}$$

6) \overrightarrow{AB}

$$s = 40$$

$$u =$$

$$v = 10$$

$$a = ?$$

$$t = 5$$

$$s = vt - \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$40 = 50 - \frac{1}{2}a \times 25$$

$$-20 = -25a$$

$$a = \underline{\underline{0.8}}$$

$\overrightarrow{A_{mid}}$

b) $s = 20$

$$u =$$

$$v =$$

$$a = 0.8$$

$$t =$$

\overrightarrow{AB}

$$s = 40$$

$$u = ?$$

$$v = 10$$

$$a = 0.8$$

$$t = 5$$

$$s = \left(\frac{u+v}{2} \right) t$$

$$40 = \left(\frac{u+10}{2} \right) 5$$

$$\underline{\underline{u = 6}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 s &= 20 \\
 u &= 6 \\
 v &= \\
 a &= 0.8 \\
 t &= ?
 \end{aligned}$$

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

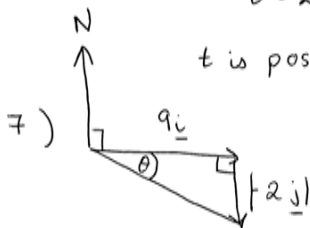
$$20 = 6t + 0.4t^2$$

$$0.4t^2 + 6t - 20 = 0$$

$$\frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{6^2 - 4(0.4)(-20)}}{2 \times 0.4}$$

$$t = 2.81 \text{ or } -17.8$$

$$t \text{ is positive } \therefore \underline{\underline{t = 2.81}}$$



$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{9}\right) = 12.5^\circ$$

$$\text{bearing} = 12.5 + 90 = \underline{\underline{103^\circ}}$$

$$b) \quad p = (9\mathbf{i} + 10\mathbf{j}) + t(9\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j})$$

$$q = (\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}) + t(4\mathbf{i} + 8\mathbf{j})$$

$$c) \quad \overrightarrow{QP} = p - q$$

$$= 9\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{i} + 10\mathbf{j} - 4\mathbf{j} + 9t\mathbf{i} - 4t\mathbf{i} - 2t\mathbf{j} - 8t\mathbf{j}$$

$$= 8\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j} + 5t\mathbf{i} - 10t\mathbf{j}$$

$$= (8 + 5t)\mathbf{i} + (6 - 10t)\mathbf{j} \quad \text{* as given}$$

points = pythagoras.

$$\sqrt{(8+5t)^2 + (6-10t)^2} = 10$$

$$(8+5t)(8+5t) + (6-10t)(6-10t) = 100$$

$$64 + 80t + 25t^2 + 36 - 120t + 100t^2 = 100$$

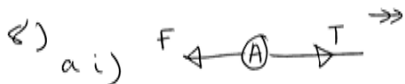
$$125t^2 - 40t + 100 = 100$$

$$125t^2 - 40t = 0$$

$$t(125t - 40) = 0$$

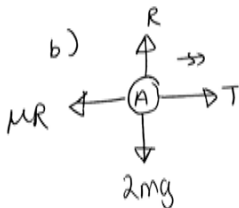
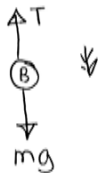
$$\underline{\underline{t=0}} \quad \text{or} \quad 125t = 40$$

$$\underline{\underline{t=0.32}}$$



$$A \rightarrow + T - F = 2ma$$

$$B \text{ ii) } mg - T = ma$$



$$\uparrow + R = 2mg$$

$$\therefore F = \mu R = 2mg\mu$$

sub into equation for A

$$T - 2mg\mu = 2ma$$

for both B and A

$$mg - ma = T$$

\therefore

$$mg - ma - 2mg\mu = 2ma$$

$$mg(1 - 2\mu) = 3ma$$

$$a = \frac{mg}{3m}(1 - 2\mu) = \frac{g}{3}(1 - 2\mu)$$

c) When B hits floor $s = h$

\downarrow

$$s = h$$

$$u = 0$$

$$v = ?$$

$$a = \frac{g}{3}(1 - 2\mu)$$

t

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$v^2 = 0^2 + \frac{2hg}{3}(1 - 2\mu)$$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{2gh}{3}(1 - 2\mu)}$$

d) when B hits floor \Rightarrow no tension

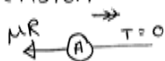
$$\therefore s = d - h$$

$$u = \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$v = 0$$

$$a = -\frac{1}{3}g$$

$t =$



$$\therefore -\mu R = 2ma$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \times 2mg = 2ma$$

$$a = -\frac{1}{3}g$$

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$0 = \frac{2}{9}gh + 2\left(-\frac{1}{3}g\right)(d-h)$$

$$0 = \cancel{\frac{2}{9}gh} - \frac{2}{3}g(d-h)$$

$$0 = \frac{h}{9} - \frac{1}{3}d + \frac{1}{3}h$$

$$\frac{1}{3}d = \frac{4}{9}h$$

$$d = \frac{4}{3}h$$

e) the system would not move