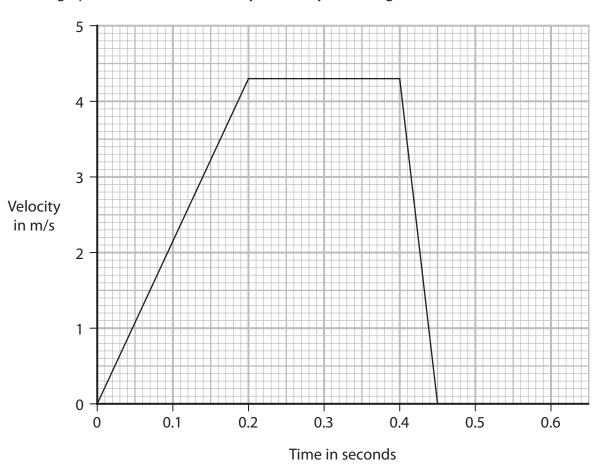
A student does an investigation to show how the velocity of a toy car changes when the car rolls down a ramp onto a table and hits a wooden block.

The graph shows how the velocity of the toy car changes with time.



(a) Calculate the distance travelled by the car during the first 0.4 seconds.

(4)

distance = ..... m

(b) (i) Calculate the acceleration of the car between 0.40 s and 0.45 s.	(3)
acceleration =	m/s²
(ii) State the formula linking resultant force, mass and acceleration.	(1)
(iii) The car has a mass of 0.13 kg.	
Calculate the resultant force on the car as it slows down.	
culculate the resultant force on the car as it slows down.	(2)
resultant force =	N
(c) A piece of soft material is fixed to the front of the toy car.	
Explain how this will affect the gradient of the velocity-time graph after the car hits the block.	
This the block.	(3)
(Total for Question 5 = 13 m	arks)



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