

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
6 (a)			1
(i)	only 2.65 (mm) circled;		
(ii)	discards anomaly; performs averaging; quotes answer to 3sf / 2 d.p.; e.g. $3.60 + 3.62 + 3.63 + 3.61 + 2.65$ $+ 3.62 + 3.60 + 3.61$ $(= 25.29)$ $25.29 \div 7 = 3.612857\dots$ $= 3.61$ (to 3 sf)	$\div 7$ or $\div 8$ sufficient even if sum is incorrect e.g. $3.61 \rightarrow 3$ marks $3.6128 \rightarrow 2$ marks (wrong sf) $3.49 \rightarrow 2$ marks (includes anomaly) $3.4925 \rightarrow 1$ mark (includes anomaly and wrong sf)	3
(b)			1
(i)	Bar chart/graph;	condone histogram	
(ii)	Idea that (size) data is discontinuous; and either of - Idea that there are no values between sizes; Idea that a line graph would indicate continuity;	discrete, categoric, non continuous allow "no half sizes"	2
(iii)	Idea of inverse relationship; Idea of non-linearity;	allow a pattern sentence, condone negative correlation allow "almost" linear Ignore idea of proportionality	2

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
6 (c)	<p>Any four of -</p> <p>MP1. idea of a displacement method;</p> <p>MP2. instrument to measure volume (of liquid displaced);</p> <p>MP3. a relevant experimental detail;</p> <p>MP4. second relevant experimental detail;</p> <p>MP5. use of known liquid density to find volume from mass (if appropriate);</p>	<p>Allow overspill or rise in level</p> <p>Allow balance if mass method used (see MP5)</p> <p>Including</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • idea of repetition or averaging at any stage • full immersion of object • check liquid level in displacement can, • subtracting before and after volume measurements , • care with meniscus (e.g. in the measuring cylinder), • check zero or tare of balance • avoid parallax when reading scale <p>as above</p>	4

Total 13 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
8 (a) (i)	gravitational potential energy = mass x g x height	Allow symbols and rearrangements, e.g. GPE = $m \times g \times h$	1
(ii)	Substitution into correct equation; Calculation; e.g. $GPE = 2.75 \times 10 \times 0.61$ $= 17 \text{ (J)}$	16.8, 16.775, 16.78 (J) allow calculation with $g = 9.81$ $= 16.46 \text{ (J)}$	2
(iii)	Any two of- MP1. idea that system is inefficient OR not 100% efficient; MP2. idea that energy is lost / wasted / dissipated ; MP3. explanation /detail of fate of energy; e.g. used when working against {friction / drag / air resistance} as thermal energy to parts of the apparatus or surroundings transferred to surroundings by sound converted into KE as mass fell	condone used / transferred elsewhere Need mention of 'object' Ignore light allow to overcome friction allow heat for thermal energy	2
(iv)	Substitution into correct equation; Calculation; e.g. Energy transferred = $0.46 \times 12.7 \times 1.3$ 7.6 (J)	allow answer without working or equation seen (7.5946)	2
(b)	three of the following ideas- MP1. water has (initial) GPE; MP2. KE of (moving) water; MP3. Work done on turbine / generator; MP4. Work done against magnetic force; MP5. Electrical energy/power/current/voltage (produced);	allow KE in turbine / generator	3

Total 10 marks