Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
9 (a)	gravitational potential (energy);	GPE	1
b	any three of: MP1. turbine spins; MP2. (causes) coils of wire spin; MP3. between the poles of (large)	allow turbines rotates magnets spin inside coils of wire	3
	magnets; MP4. current or voltage is induced; MP5. in or across the coils of wire;	inside cons of wife	
С	any one of: MP1. to keep voltage or current (value) constant; MP2. voltage (or current) produced depends on the speed of rotation (of coil);	allow frequency of voltage depends on the speed of rotation	1
d i	efficiency = <u>useful energy output</u> total energy input		1
ii	substitution; rearrangement; evaluation of useful energy; subtraction from input energy; e.g. $\frac{36}{100} = \underbrace{\text{output energy}}_{100} \qquad \text{gains 1}$ $100 \qquad 1050$ OP energy = $\underbrace{36 \times 1050}_{100} \qquad \text{gains 2}$ 100 =378 (kJ) \text{gains 3} \text{wasted energy} = 1050-378 = 672 (kJ) \text{gains 4}	allow alternative method by calc 64% of 1050 kJ POT error (often as 36 not seen as % or fraction) loses 1st mark	4
iii	any two suitable energy forms: e.g. thermal energy (of the water); frictional heating (along the pipe/in bearings); noise/sound;	condone 'heat' not just 'friction'	2