Question Number	Scheme	Marks
5. (a)	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{4-x}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{x}{4}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \qquad p = \frac{1}{2}, q = \frac{1}{4}$	B1B1 (2)
(b)	(i) $ \left(1 - \frac{x}{4}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \left\{1 + \left(\frac{-1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{-x}{4}\right) + \left(\frac{\left(\frac{-1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{-3}{2}\right)\left(\frac{-x}{4}\right)^{2}}{2!}\right) + \frac{\left(\frac{-1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{-3}{2}\right)\left(\frac{-5}{2}\right)\left(\frac{-x}{4}\right)^{3}}{3!} + \dots \right\} $	M1A1
	$\frac{1}{2}(1-\frac{x}{4})^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{16} + \frac{3x^2}{256} + \frac{5x^3}{2048}$	A1
	(ii)  Range $-4 < x < 4 \text{ or }  x  < 4$	B1 (4)
(c)	$2(1+x)(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{16} + \frac{3x^2}{256}), = 1 + \frac{9x}{8} + \frac{19x^2}{128} + \dots$	M1,M1A1
	(i) $a = 1$ , (ii) $b = \frac{9}{8}$ , (iii) $c = \frac{19}{128}$	(3)
		(9)

## **Notes**

(a)

B1 for either 
$$p = \frac{1}{2}$$
 or  $q = \frac{1}{4}$ 

B1 for both 
$$p = \frac{1}{2}$$
 and  $q = \frac{1}{4}$ 

(b) (i)

The M1 and first A1 in this part are for the binomial expansion. Ignore p for the first 2 marks

- M1 for using a **binomial** expansion at least up to the term in  $x^3$ . If there are errors in substitution, withhold this mark if the formula is not seen. Each term, must have at least, the correct power of their  $\left(\frac{-x}{4}\right)$ . The expansion must start with 1.
- A1 for a fully correct **binomial** expansion. Need not be simplified for this mark.
- A1 for a fully correct simplified expansion with correct p and q.

(ii)

B1 for the correct validity range of x

(c)

M1 for replacing the fraction with their binomial expansion

$$2(1+x)\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{16} + \frac{3x^2}{256} + \dots\right) = 2\left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{16} + \frac{3x^2}{256} + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{3x^3}{256} + \dots\right]$$

Up to the term in  $x^2$  there will be 5 terms un-simplified.

## M1 This is A1 in Epen

for attempting to multiply their binomial expansion by 2(1 + x)

We need to see 5 terms here minimum; ignore powers of  $x^3$  and above.

A1 for a correct expansion with correct values of a, b and c. The values of a, b and c need not be shown explicitly, they can be embedded in the expansion.