

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
8(a)(i)	$\cos 2A = \cos^2 A - \sin^2 A$ $= (1 - \sin^2 A) - \sin^2 A, = 1 - 2\sin^2 A^*$	M1 M1,A1 (3)
(ii)	$\sin 2A = 2\sin A \cos A$	B1 (1)
(b)	$\sin 3A = \sin 2A \cos A + \cos 2A \sin A$ $= \sin A(1 - 2\sin^2 A) + 2\sin A \cos^2 A$ $\sin A - 2\sin^3 A + 2(1 - \sin^2 A)\sin A$ $= 3\sin A - 4\sin^3 A$	M1 M1 M1 A1 (4)
(c)	$\sin 3A = -\frac{1}{2}$ $3A = 210^\circ, -30^\circ, -150^\circ$ $A = 70^\circ, -10^\circ, -50^\circ$	M1 M1 (any one) A1A1 (4)
(d)	(i) $\int \sin^3 \theta \, d\theta = \frac{1}{4} \int (3\sin \theta - \sin 3\theta) \, d\theta$ $= \frac{1}{4} \left[-3\cos \theta + \frac{1}{3}\cos 3\theta \right]$ (ii) $\frac{1}{4} \left[-3\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{3}\cos \frac{3\pi}{4} - \left(-3\cos 0 + \frac{1}{3}\cos 0 \right) \right]$ $\frac{1}{4} \left[-\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \left(-3 + \frac{1}{3} \right) \right]$ $\frac{8-5\sqrt{2}}{12}$ oe for 5,8,12	M1 M1A1 M1 A1 (5)

(d)	ALT for (d) (i) $\int \sin^3 \theta \, d\theta = \int (\sin \theta - \cos^2 \theta \sin \theta) \, d\theta$ $= \left[-\cos \theta + \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 \theta \right] \quad (+c)$ (ii) $-\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 \frac{\pi}{4} - \left(\cos 0 + \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 0 \right)$ $= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} - \left(1 + \frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{8-5\sqrt{2}}{12}$	M1 M1A1 M1dd A1 [17]
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Notes

(a) (ii)

M1 for the correct expression for $\cos 2A$ M1 for using $\cos^2 A + \sin^2 A = 1$, and substituting into the expression for $\cos 2A$

A1 for the correct identity as shown. Note this is show question!

(ii)

B1 for the correct identity for $\sin 2A$

(b)

M1 for substituting $\sin 2A$ into their expression in part (a) to give $\sin (2A + A)$ M1 for using the given $\cos 2A$ and their $\sin 2A$ in their expression for $\sin 3A$ M1 for using $\cos^2 A + \sin^2 A = 1$

A1 for the final identity as shown. Note: this is a show question

(c)

 M1 for $8\sin^3 A - 6\sin A = 1 \Rightarrow -2(3\sin A - 4\sin^3 A) = 1 \Rightarrow \sin 3A = k$, where
 $-1 \leq k \leq 1$
M1 for $3A$ equal to any one of $210^\circ, -30^\circ, -150^\circ$ A1 for any **two** correct anglesA1 for **all three** correct angles

If there are extra angles outside of range, ignore. If there are extra angles within the range deduct one A mark for each up to a maximum of 2 marks.

(d) (i)

M1 for re-arranging the GIVEN expression for $\sin 3A$ to make $\sin^3 A$ the subject

M1 for an attempt at integrating their re-arranged expression

 As a minimum for this mark, $\int \sin 3A \, dA \Rightarrow \pm \frac{1}{3} \cos 3A \quad (+c) \quad (+c \text{ not required})$
A1 for the correct integrated expression as shown $(+c \text{ not required})$

(ii)

 M1dd for substituting $\frac{\pi}{4}$ **and** 0 into their integrated expression **and** attempting to evaluate

(there must be a final answer given for this mark) .

A1 for the final answer as shown

ALT

(i)

M1 for finding $\sin^3 A = \sin A(1 - \cos^2 A) = \sin A - \sin A \cos^2 A$ M1 for attempting to integrate. $\int \sin A dA - \int \cos^2 A \sin A dA = \left\{ -\cos A + \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 A (+c) \right\}$ For a minimum attempt you need to see; $\int \cos^2 A \sin A dA = \pm \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 A (+c)$ A1 for $-\cos A + \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 A (+c)$

(ii)

M1dd for substituting $\frac{\pi}{4}$ **and** 0 into their integrated expression **and** attempting to evaluate
(there must be a final answer given for this mark).

A1 for the final answer as shown

ALT (Using substitution)

(i)

M1 for writing the integral as $\sin \theta \sin^2 \theta \Rightarrow \sin \theta (1 - \cos^2 \theta)$ and substituting $\cos \theta = u$ and differentiating to achieve $\frac{du}{d\theta} = -\sin \theta$ M1 for substituting and integrating $-\int \sin \theta (1 - u^2) \frac{du}{d\theta} \cdot d\theta \Rightarrow -\int 1 - u^2 du \Rightarrow -\left[u - \frac{u^3}{3} \right]$

For definition of an attempt, see General Guidance

A1 for substituting $u = \cos \theta$ to give $-\cos A + \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 A (+c)$

(ii)

M1dd for substituting $\frac{\pi}{4}$ **and** 0 into their integrated expression **and** attempting to evaluate
(there must be a final answer given for this mark).

A1 for the final answer as shown