3

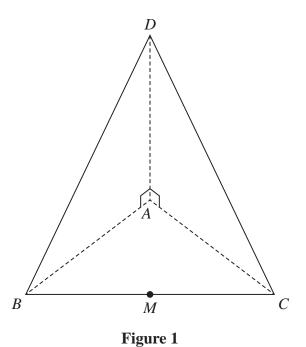


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Figure 1 shows a triangular pyramid ABCD.

The base, ABC, of the pyramid is a horizontal isosceles triangle with $AB = AC = 10 \,\text{cm}$ and $BC = 16 \,\text{cm}$. The midpoint of BC is M.

The face BCD of the pyramid is an isosceles triangle with $BD = CD = 26 \,\mathrm{cm}$ and D is vertically above A.

$$\angle BAD = \angle CAD = 90^{\circ}$$

(a) Calculate the length, in cm, of AM.

(2)

Calculate, in degrees to the nearest degree,

(b) the size of $\angle BCD$,

(3)

(c) the size of the angle between the planes BCA and BCD.

(4)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

Question 3 continued		



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

Question 3 continued	

