10 A student measures the circumference of a circular pipe.

He wraps a length of string around the pipe five times and marks it with ink, as shown in the photograph.



(a) The student unwraps the string and holds it against a ruler with a centimetre scale. The next photograph shows the first two ink marks on the string.



(i) Estimate the circumference of the pipe, using the photograph of the string and the centimetre scale.

Give your answer to two significant figures.

(2)

(ii) The student finds that the total length of string for 5 turns is $25.6\,\mathrm{cm}$.

Calculate the average (mean) circumference of the pipe using this value.

(1)

average circumference =cm

(iii) The student measures the **diameter** of the pipe using a digital calliper.



The calliper shows that the diameter is 15.10 mm.

Calculate the circumference of the pipe using the formula

circumference = diameter $\times \pi$

(2)

(4)

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- (b) The student uses two methods to find the circumference
 - averaging, using a measured length of string
 - calculating, using the digital calliper reading

Explain why the two methods are likely to give different results.



(Total for Question 10 = 9 marks)