

MARK SCHEME

Question number	Scheme	Marks
1 (a)	$l = r\theta \Rightarrow l = 13 \times 2 = 26 \text{ (cm)}$	B1 [1]
(b)	$A = \frac{\theta}{2} r^2 = \frac{2}{2} \times 13^2 = 169 \text{ (cm}^2\text{)}$	M1A1 [2]
Total 3 marks		
(a) B1 (b) M1 A1	$l = 26$ Use of $A = \frac{\theta}{2} r^2$ or $A = \frac{1}{2} rl$ or $A = \frac{l^2}{2\theta}$ $A = 169$	

Question number	Scheme	Marks
2 (a)	Line l_1 $m = \frac{-8}{4} = -2$ $y - 8 = -2(x) \Rightarrow y + 2x = 8$ Line l_2 $m = \frac{-4}{6} = -\frac{2}{3}$ $y - 4 = -\frac{2}{3}(x) \Rightarrow 3y + 2x = 12$	M1A1 A1 [3]
(b)	$x \geq 0$ $y + 2x \leq 8$ $3y + 2x \geq 12$ Accept < and >	B1B1ftB1ft [3]
Total 6 marks		
(a) M1 A1 A1 (b) B1 B1ft B1ft	Calculating the gradient of either l_1 or l_2 $y + 2x = 8$ $3y + 2x = 12$ NB If both are correct but not in the form $ax + by = c$ then award A1A0 For all 3 marks accept < and > instead of \leq and \geq $x \geq 0$ $y + 2x \leq 8$ oe (ft l_1) $3y + 2x \geq 12$ oe (ft l_2)	