10 The quadratic equation $2x^2 + kx + 4 = 0$ has roots α and β such that

$$k < 0$$
 and $\alpha > \beta$

Given that
$$\alpha^2 - \beta^2 = \frac{7\sqrt{17}}{4}$$

(a) show that k = -7

(8)

(b) Hence form a quadratic equation that has roots

$$(\alpha - \beta)$$
 and $(\alpha + \beta)$

(4)

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(Total for Question 10 is 12 marks)

