

**3** James Dewar was a scientist who investigated liquid oxygen.

(a) He discovered that the boiling point of liquid oxygen is  $-183\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

(i) Convert  $-183\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to a temperature on the Kelvin scale.

(1)

Temperature = ..... K

(ii) Use ideas about particles to describe the changes that happen when a liquid boils to form a gas.

(3)

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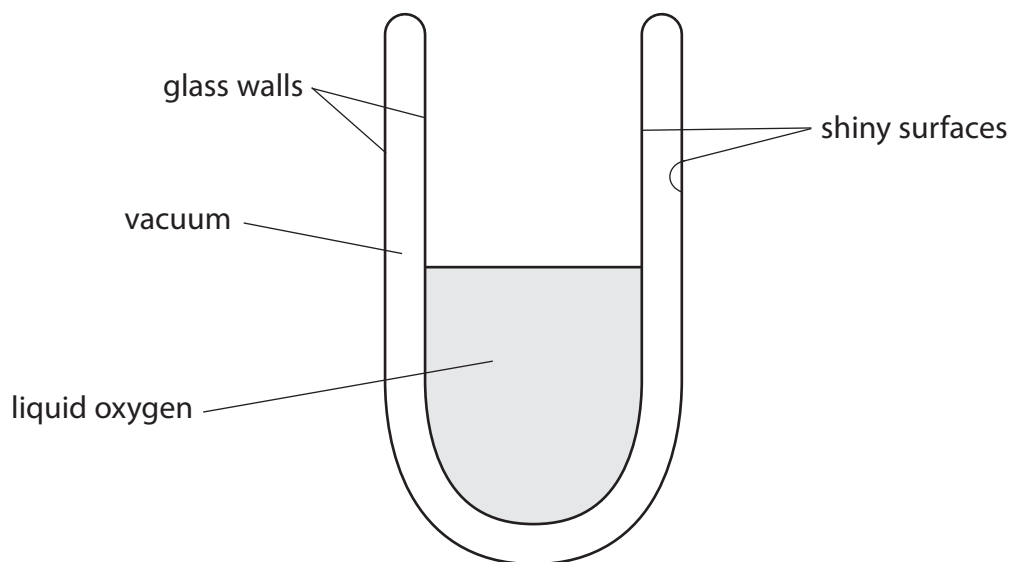
(b) Dewar invented a special flask for storing liquid oxygen in the laboratory.

It was designed to reduce heat flow from the air outside to the liquid oxygen inside.

The flask had two glass walls with a vacuum between them.

The inside glass surfaces were each covered with a thin layer of shiny metal.

The diagram shows a cross section of the flask.



(i) Explain how the **shiny surfaces** reduce the thermal energy transferred to the liquid oxygen from the laboratory.

(2)

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(ii) Explain how the **vacuum** reduces the thermal energy transferred to the liquid oxygen from the laboratory.

(2)

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(c) Dewar's flask did not have a lid when it was holding liquid oxygen.

Suggest why a lid was not needed.

(2)

**(Total for Question 3 = 10 marks)**

