

Question number	Scheme	Marks
10 (a)	$x = \tan^{-1}(-3) = -72$ $x = 108 \quad x = 288$	M1 A1 A1 (3)
(b)	$7 \sin^2 \theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta = 6(\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta)$ $\sin^2 \theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta - 6 \cos^2 \theta = 0$ $\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} + \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} - 6 = 0$ $\tan^2 \theta + \tan \theta - 6 = 0$	M1 A1 cso (3)
(c)	$(\tan y + 3)(\tan y - 2) = 0$ $\tan y = -3 \quad \tan y = 2$ $y = 108, 288 \quad y = 63, 243$	M1 A1 A1ft A1 (4)
Total 10 marks		

Part	Mark	Guidance
(a)	M1	For using inverse tan to obtain any correct angle $\tan^{-1}(-3) \Rightarrow x = -71.565...^{\circ}$ Accept awrt -72°
	A1	For either 108 or 288
	A1	For both 108 and 288
(b)	M1	Uses $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$ on the given equation to obtain $7 \sin^2 \theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta = 6(\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta)$
	M1	For rearranging and dividing through by $\cos^2 \theta$ with the $\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \tan \theta$ identity to obtain a 3TQ: $\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} + \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} - 6 = 0 \Rightarrow (\tan^2 \theta + \tan \theta - 6 = 0)$
	ALT 1	
	M1	Divides the given equation through by $\cos^2 \theta$ with the $\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \tan \theta$ identity to obtain $7 \tan^2 \theta + \tan \theta = \frac{6}{\cos^2 \theta}$
	M1	Uses $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$ to obtain $\tan^2 \theta + 1 = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta}$ and uses this result on the given equation and rearranges to achieve a 3TQ to obtain $7 \tan^2 \theta + \tan \theta = 6(1 + \tan^2 \theta) \Rightarrow (\tan^2 \theta + \tan \theta - 6 = 0)$
	A1	For obtaining the given expression $\tan^2 \theta + \tan \theta - 6 = 0$ * in full. Note: This is a show question, there must be no errors in the solution.
	ALT 2	
	M1	Uses the identity $\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \tan \theta$ with $\tan^2 \theta + \tan \theta - 6 = 0$ to achieve $\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} + \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} - 6 = 0$ and multiplies through by $\cos^2 \theta$ to obtain $\sin^2 \theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta - 6 \cos^2 \theta = 0$
	M1	Uses $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$ to obtain $\sin^2 \theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta - 6(1 - \sin^2 \theta) = 0$ and rearranges to obtain $7 \sin^2 \theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta = 6$
	A1 cso	For obtaining the given expression $7 \sin^2 \theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta = 6$ in full. Note: This is a show question, there must be no errors in the solution.
(c)	M1	For changing $7 \sin^2 y + \sin y \cos y = 6$ to $\tan^2 y + \tan y - 6 = 0$ [this step must be correct] and then attempting to solve the 3TQ by any method.
	A1	For $\tan y = -3$ and $\tan y = 2$
	A1ft	For both $y = 108$ and 288 (ft from (a)) Do not ft angles out of range
	A1	For both $y = 63$ and 243
Rounding errors: Penalise rounding only once in this question when first seen provided angles round to 108, 288, 63 or 243		
Extra angles: Deduct one A mark for any extra angles within range. Ignore angles outside of range.		