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An experiment report on

“Snake Game Player”

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Abstract

This project aims to bring the fun and simplicity of snake game with some new features. It will include computer controlled intelligent opponents whose aim will be to challenge the human players. It will also have the multiplayer feature that will allow more than one players to play the game over a network.

This project explores a new dimension in the traditional snake game to make it more interesting and challenging. The simplicity of this game makes it an ideal candidate for a minor project as we can focus on advanced topics like multiplayer functionality and implementation of computer controlled intelligent opponents.

1.1 Introduction

Project documentation is concerned with describing the delivered software product, in this case the Snake game project. Project documentation includes user documentation which tells users how to use the software product and system documentation which is principally intended for further development and understanding.

1.2 Objectives

Snake game is a mobile action game, whose goal is to control a snake to move and collect food in a map. In this paper we develop a controller based on movement rating functions considering smoothness, space, and food. Scores given by these functions are aggregated by linear weighted sum, and the snake takes the action that leads to the highest score. To find a set of good weight values, we apply an evolutionary algorithm. We examine several algorithm variants of different crossover and environmental selection operators. Experimental results show that our design method is able to generate smart controllers.

1.3 Project Description

Snake Game project is a mobile game application. This game is created for the recreation of people. To create this game we actually need some hardware device and software application. For hardware we mainly need micro-controller, LCD and Keypad. Now how this game may played.

Firstly Welcome screen,

This is the starting screen in your game, on pressing s should start the game. On this screen, you have to provide an overview of the scoring system and the controls.

Secondly Moving the Player

Currently, the snake doesn't move at all. Let's make it move. To Do:

- The snake should move up, down, left, and right when you press those arrows.
- The snake shouldn't have a sudden change in direction. It should not move left immediately if it is moving right or vice versa. Same is true for up and down movements i.e., if the snake is going up and the down arrow is pressed, nothing should happen. That is supposed to be true for every opposite direction.

- The enumeration for UP, DOWN, LEFT and RIGHT are defined in (key.h). Snake should eat the food

If you get the snake moving, you will see that it just walk (slithers) over the food right now. To Do:

- Make it eat the food.
- It should grow by size if it eats a growing food and should reduce in size if it eats a reducing (junk) food. These food are indicated by 'X' and 'O' on the board.
- Once eaten, the food should disappear and another food (of random type) should be spawn at a random location on the game window.

Show points

No points are printed right now. To Do:

- Calculate the points as per the food eaten*

2.1 Hardware Diagram

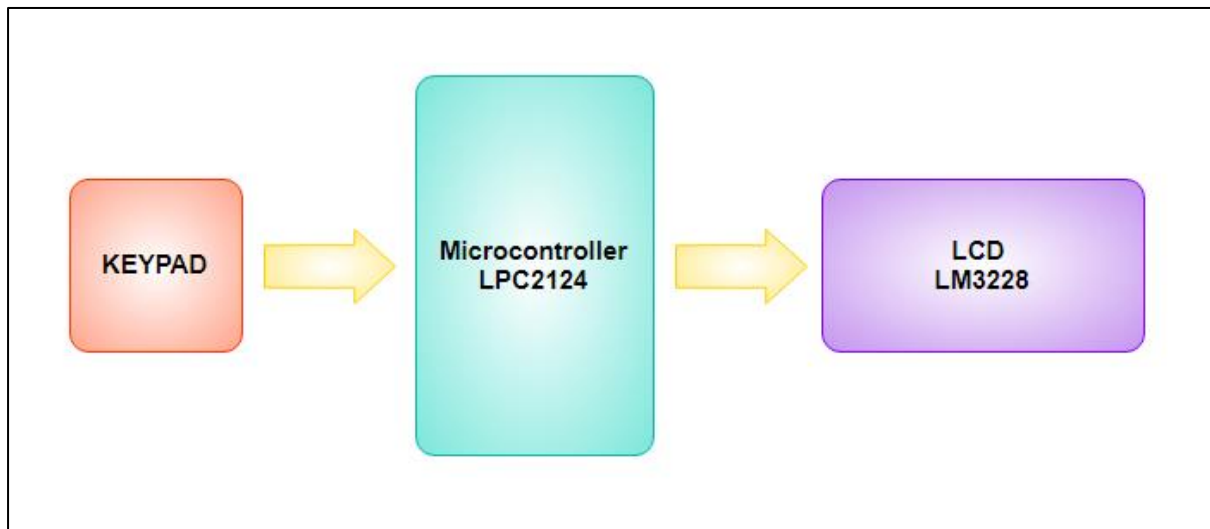


Figure 1: Hardware Diagram

2.1.1 The Hardware Diagram consists of

1. Microcontroller LPC2124
2. LCD LM3228
3. KEYPAD

2.2 Circuit Diagram

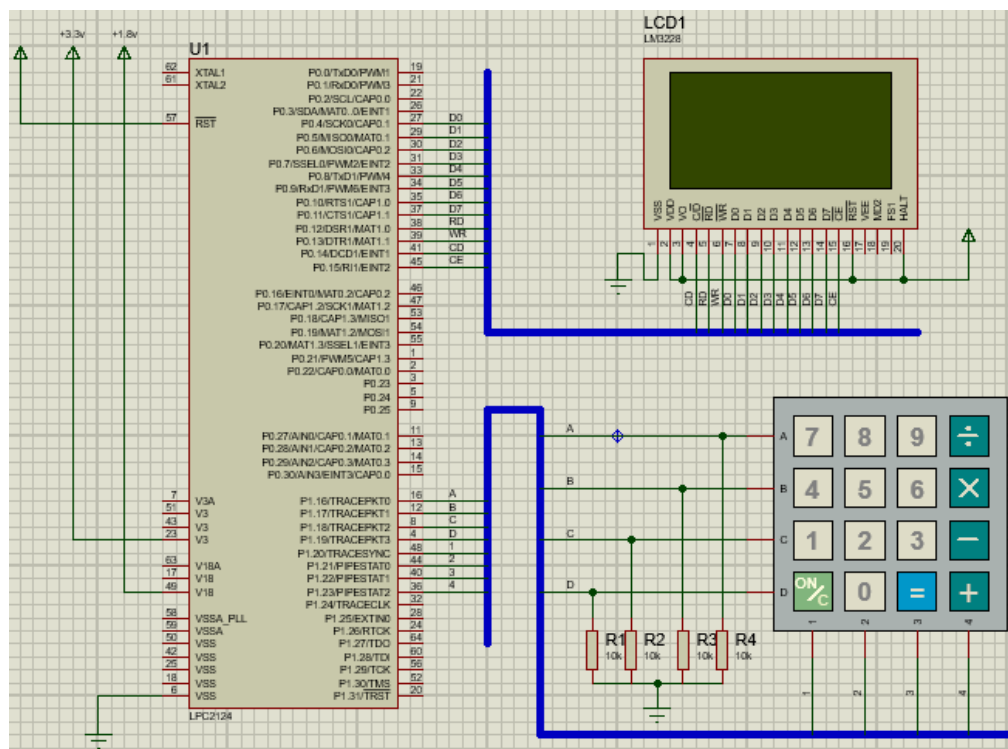


Figure 2: Circuit Diagram

2.2.1 Components Used in the Circuit

SL. No.	Components	Specification
1	Microcontroller	LPC2124
2	LCD	LM3228
3	KEYPAD	SMALLCALC
4	Resistors	10K

Table 1: Components Used in the Circuit

2.2.2 Components Description

1. Microcontroller

In this project we're using the NXP (founded by Philips) LPC2124 Microcontroller. The NXP LPC2124 is an ARM7TDMI-S based high-performance 32-bit RISC Microcontroller with Thumb extensions 256KB on-chip Flash ROM with In-System Programming (ISP) and In-Application Programming (IAP) 16KB RAM, Vectored Interrupt Controller, Two UARTs, I2C serial interface, 2 SPI serial interfaces, Two timers (7 capture/compare channels), PWM unit with up to 6 PWM outputs, 4-channels 10bit ADC, Real Time Clock, Watchdog Timer, General purpose I/O pins. CPU clock up to 60 MHz, On-chip crystal oscillator and On-chip PLL.



Figure 3: LPC2124

Basics of LPC2124

When coming to ARM7 Programming there are 5 things you need to be get familiarize with. They are-

- PINSEL
- IODIR
- IOSET
- IOCLR
- IOPIN

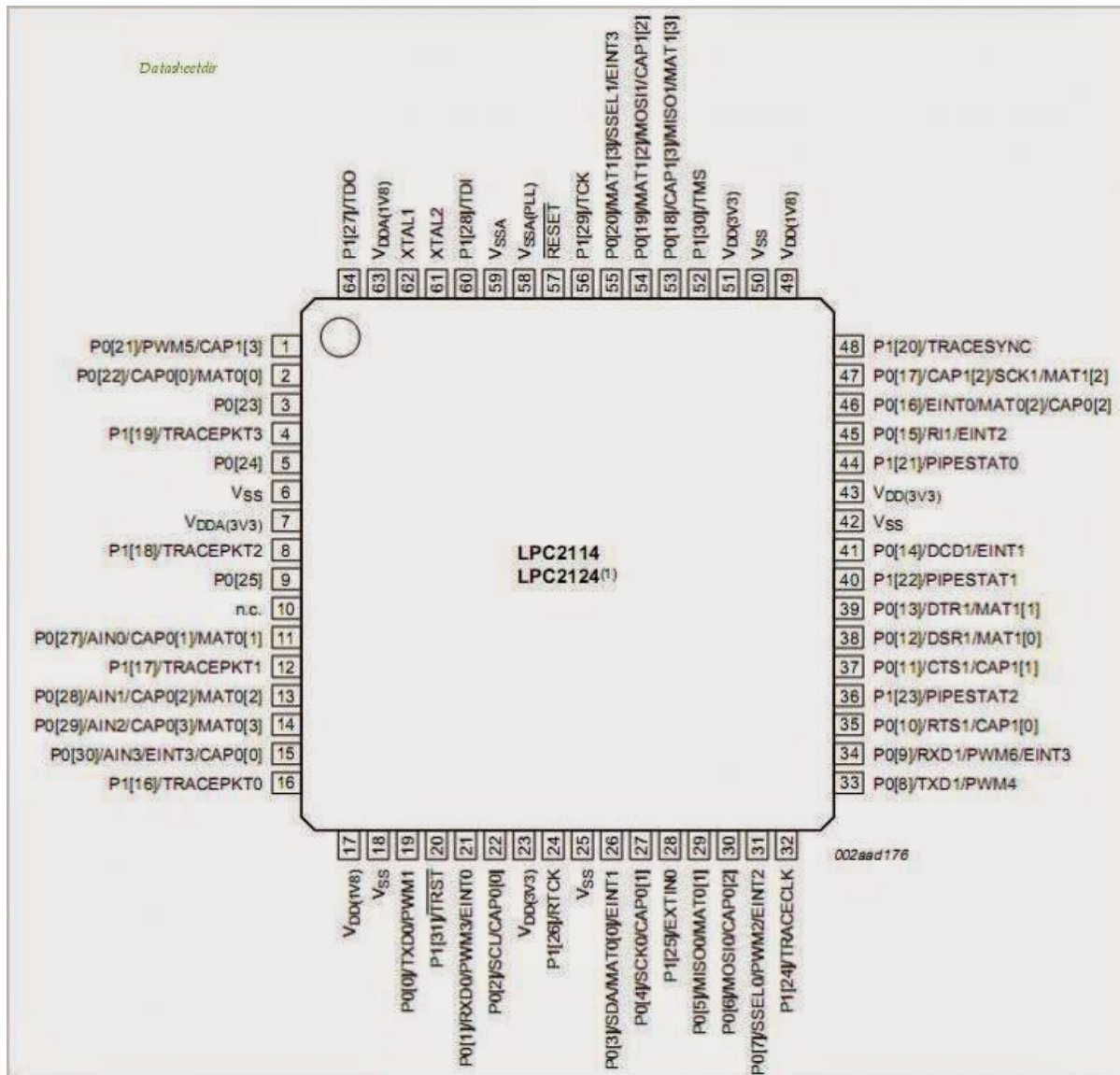


Figure 4: Pin Diagram of LPC 2124

PINSEL:

A 32 bit register which is used to select the function of the pins in which the user needs it to operate. There are four functions for each pins of the controller, in which the first function one was GPIO (General Purpose Input Output). It means that the pin can either act as an Input or Output with no specific functions.

There are totally three PINSEL register in LPC2124 Controller in order to control the functions of the Pins in the respective ports. The classification is given below

PINSEL0 – Controls functions of Port0.0 – Port0.15

PINSEL1 – Controls functions of Port0.16-Port0.31

PINSEL2 – Controls functions of Port1.16-Port1.31

PINSEL0	Pin Name	Function when 00	Function when 01	Function when 10	Function when 11	Reset Value
1:0	P0.0	GPIO Port 0.0	TxD (UART0)	PWM1	Reserved	00
3:2	P0.1	GPIO Port 0.1	RxD (UART0)	PWM3	EINT0	00
5:4	P0.2	GPIO Port 0.2	SCL (I ² C)	Capture 0.0 (TIMER0)	Reserved	00
7:6	P0.3	GPIO Port 0.3	SDL (I ² C)	Match 0.0 (TIMER0)	EINT1	00
9:8	P0.4	GPIO Port 0.4	SCK (SPI0)	Capture 0.1 (TIMER0)	Reserved	00
11:10	P0.5	GPIO Port 0.5	MISO (SPI0)	Match 0.1 (TIMER0)	Reserved	00
13:12	P0.6	GPIO Port 0.6	MOSI (SPI0)	Capture 0.2 (TIMER0)	Reserved	00
15:14	P0.7	GPIO Port 0.7	SSEL (SPI0)	PWM2	EINT2	00
17:16	P0.8	GPIO Port 0.8	TxD (UART1)	PWM4	Reserved	00
19:18	P0.9	GPIO Port 0.9	RxD (UART1)	PWM6	EINT3	00
21:20	P0.10	GPIO Port 0.10	RTS (UART1)	Capture 1.0 (TIMER1)	Reserved	00
23:22	P0.11	GPIO Port 0.11	CTS (UART1)	Capture 1.1 (TIMER1)	Reserved	00
25:24	P0.12	GPIO Port 0.12	DSR (UART1)	Match 1.0 (TIMER1)	Reserved	00
27:26	P0.13	GPIO Port 0.13	DTR (UART1)	Match 1.1 (TIMER1)	Reserved	00
29:28	P0.14	GPIO Port 0.14	CD (UART1)	EINT1	Reserved	00
31:30	P0.15	GPIO Port 0.15	RI (UART1)	EINT2	Reserved	00

Table 2: PINSEL Table

IODIR:

Like DDR in AVR and TRIS in PIC, ARM uses IODIR register to specify the direction which in which we are going to use the pins. Two 32 bit registers IODIR0 for Port0 (P0.0 – P0.31) and IODIR1 for Port (P1.16- P1.31). Kindly note that loading values in IODIR, it will take effect only if the Pins are used as GPIO and the directions are controlled automatically if it was specified with any special functions.

IOSET:

This Register is meant to set the pins in the Ports where writing 1 to it will set the respective pin while 0 will have no effect. There are two registers dedicated for both the ports IOSET0 –P0.0 – P0.31 and IOSET1 for P1.16 – P1.31

IOCLR:

This Register is meant to clear the pins in the Ports where writing 1 will clear the respective pin while 0 will have no effect in the Ports. There are two registers dedicated for both the ports IOCLR0 –P0.0 – P0.31 and IOCLR1 for P1.16 – P1.31

IOPIN:

This is used only when we assign certain pins as Input in the IODIR register. There are two registers dedicated for both the ports IOPIN0 –P0.0 – P0.31 and IOPIN1 for P1.16 – P1.31.

2. LCD

In this project we're using LM3228 LCD (Liquid Crystal Display). It's a 128 x 64 Dots Graphic LCD. It has 20 pin to control whole things.

FEATURES

- 128 x 64 dots + 4 Icons
- Built-in controller (KS0108)
- + 5V power supply
- 1/64 duty cycle
- EL backlight (built-in EL inverter)
- Built-in N.V



Figure 5: LM3228 LCD

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1	VSS	Ground (0V)
2	VDD	Logic Supply Voltage (+5V)
3	VO	LCD drive voltage for contrast adjustment
4	C/D	WR="L"...C/D="H" : Command write C/D="L": Data write RD="L"...C/D="H" : Status read C/D="L": Data read
5	RD	Data read Active Low
6	WR	Data write Active Low
7	D0	Data Bus Line 0
8	D1	Data Bus Line 1
9	D2	Data Bus Line 2
10	D3	Data Bus Line 3
11	D4	Data Bus Line 4
12	D5	Data Bus Line 5
13	D6	Data Bus Line 6
14	D7	Data Bus Line 7
15	CE	Chip enable Active Low
16	RST	Chip reset Active Low
17	VEE	Negative voltage input for LC drive (Negative voltage output for models with on-board negative voltage generator)
18	MD2	Mode Selection
19	FS1	Terminals for selection of font size
20	HALT	Halt Function (H = Normal, L = Stop Oscillation)

Table 3: LM3228 LCD Pin Description

3. KEYPAD

We're using 4X4 KEYPAD in this project.

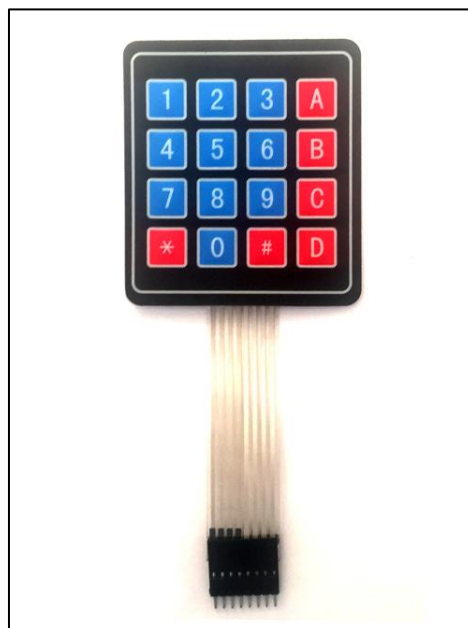


Figure 6: 4X4 KEYPAD

4X4 KEYPAD MODULE Features and Specifications

- Maximum Voltage across EACH SEGMENT or BUTTON: 24V
- Maximum Current through EACH SEGMENT or BUTTON: 30mA
- Maximum operating temperature: 0°C to + 50°C
- Ultra-thin design
- Adhesive backing
- Easy interface
- Long life.

4X4 KEYPAD Pin Configuration

4X4 KEYPAD MODULES are available in different sizes and shapes. But they all have same pin configuration. It is easy to make 4X4 KEYPAD by arranging 16 buttons in matrix formation by yourself.

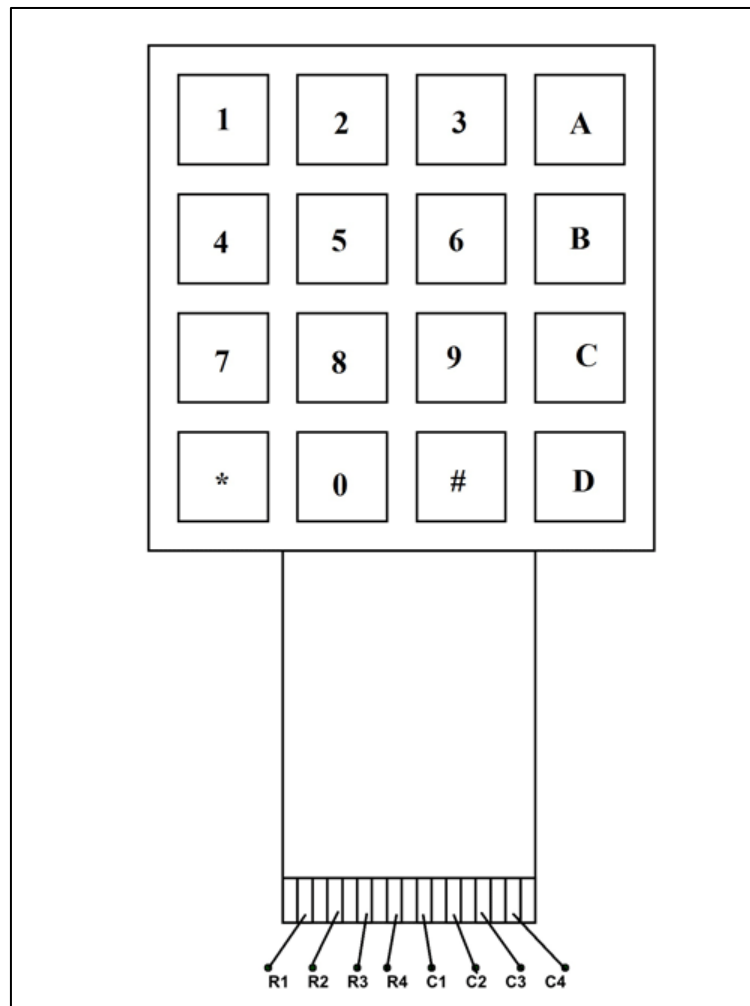


Figure 7: KEYPAD PINOUT

Pin Number	Description
1	PIN1 is taken out from 1 st ROW
2	PIN1 is taken out from 2 nd ROW
3	PIN1 is taken out from 3 rd ROW
4	PIN1 is taken out from 4 th ROW
5	PIN1 is taken out from 1 st COLUMN
6	PIN1 is taken out from 2 nd COLUMN
7	PIN1 is taken out from 3 rd COLUMN
8	PIN1 is taken out from 4 th COLUMN

Table 4: Description of KEYPAD Pin

4. Resistor

A resistor is a passive two-terminal electrical component that implements electrical resistance as a circuit element. In electronic circuits, resistors are used to reduce current flow, adjust signal levels, to divide voltages, bias active elements, and terminate transmission lines, among other uses. Here we using 10K resistor.



Figure 8: 10K Resistor

3.1 Software Diagram

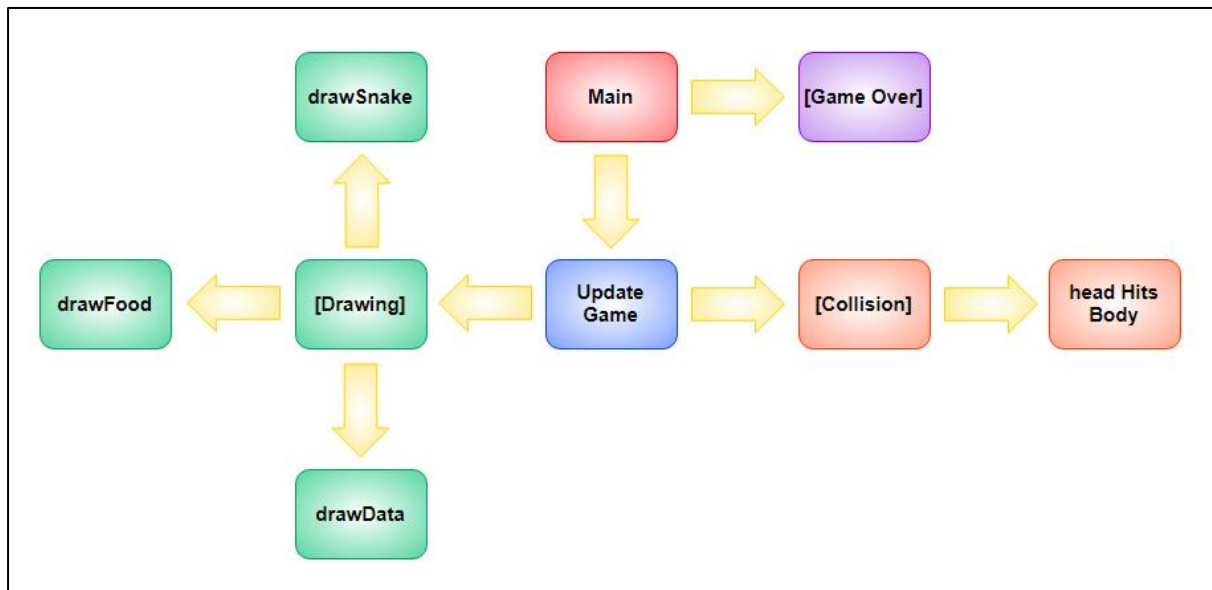


Figure 9: Software Diagram

3.2 Flow Chart

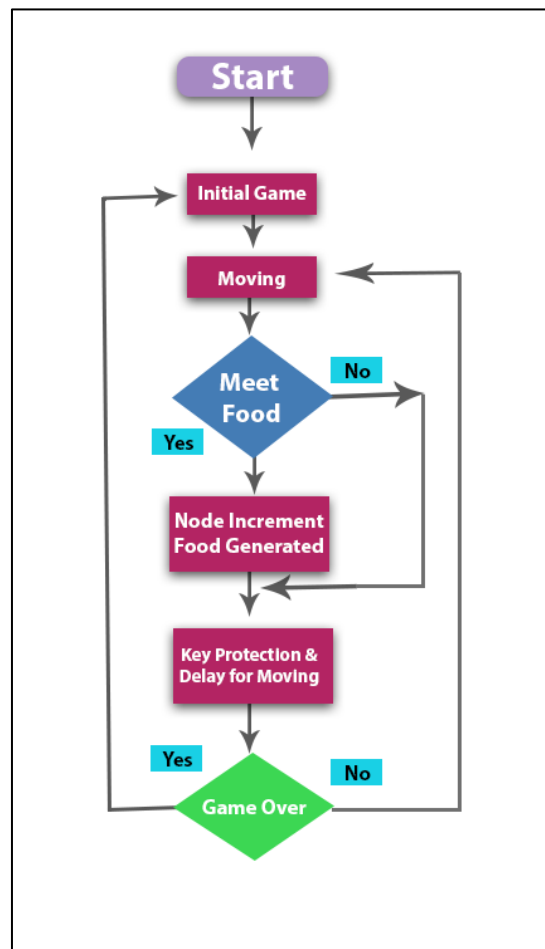


Figure 10: Flowchart

3.3 Function

3.3.1 Draw a robust snake

We should draw a robust snake instead of just one point.

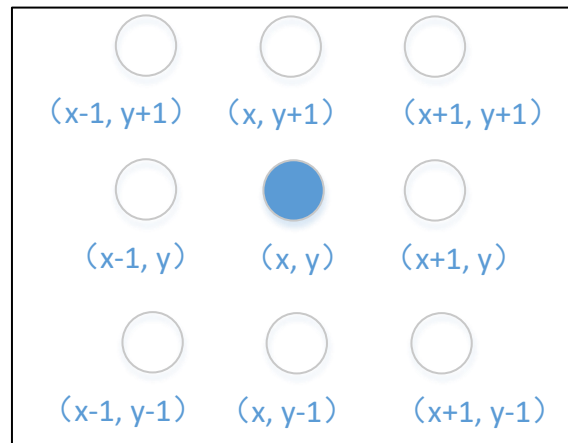


Figure 11: Nine small cells

Robust Snake Code:

```
void Display(uint8 x,uint8 y)
{
    GUI_Point(x, y, LCD_DISP_COLOR);
    GUI_Point(x+1, y, LCD_DISP_COLOR);
    GUI_Point(x-1, y, LCD_DISP_COLOR);
    GUI_Point(x, y+1, LCD_DISP_COLOR);
    GUI_Point(x, y-1, LCD_DISP_COLOR);
    GUI_Point(x+1, y+1, LCD_DISP_COLOR);
    GUI_Point(x+1, y-1, LCD_DISP_COLOR);
    GUI_Point(x-1, y+1, LCD_DISP_COLOR);
    GUI_Point(x-1, y-1, LCD_DISP_COLOR);
}

void Clear(uint8 x,uint8 y)
{
    GUI_Point(x, y, LCD_BACK_COLOR);
}
```

```
GUI_Point(x+1, y, LCD_BACK_COLOR);  
GUI_Point(x-1, y, LCD_BACK_COLOR);  
GUI_Point(x, y+1, LCD_BACK_COLOR);  
GUI_Point(x, y-1, LCD_BACK_COLOR);  
GUI_Point(x+1, y+1, LCD_BACK_COLOR);  
GUI_Point(x+1, y-1, LCD_BACK_COLOR);  
GUI_Point(x-1, y+1, LCD_BACK_COLOR);  
GUI_Point(x-1, y-1, LCD_BACK_COLOR);  
}
```

3.3.2 Double linked list

```
struct part  
{  
    uint8 x, y;  
    struct part *next,*per;  
};  
head_x=21;head_y=10;  
struct part *head,*tail;  
uint8 snake_map[42][21];
```

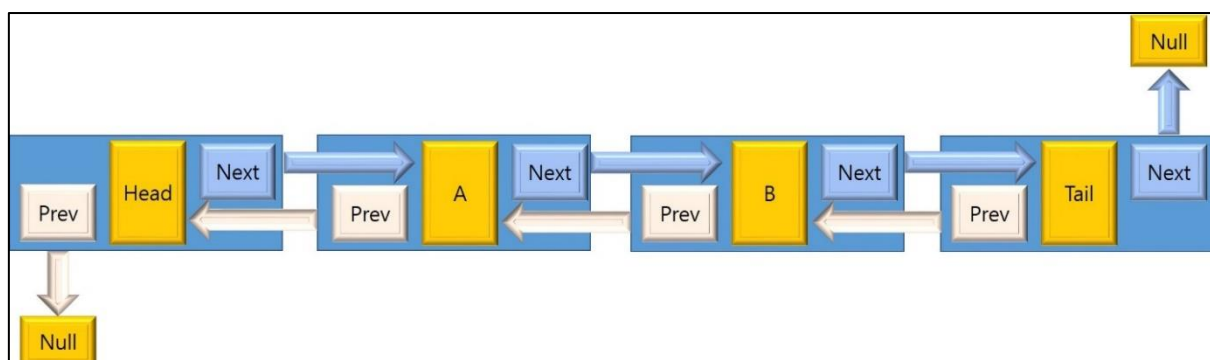


Figure 12: Doubly Linked List Node

In contrast to the singly linked list, our doubly linked list node will have two pointers LITERALLY pointing to the next and previous node.

For all linked list implementations, we must have either a head and/or a tail. I will mention this just in case. The head and tail node are the first and last node of a linked list respectively.

So our Node container will have the following attributes.

- Data.
- Next node.
- Previous node.

3.3.3 Back Insertion

The back insertion mirrors the front insertion.

1. Create new node (C).
2. Check if list is empty.
 - If head is empty
 1. set C as the new head. Existence of head node indicates that there are elements in the list (well, at least for this implementation).
 - Otherwise, check if tail is null.
 1. If tail is null
 1. Set next node pointer of current head (B) to point to new node (C).
 2. Set prev node pointer of new node (C) to point at current head (B).
 2. Otherwise,
 1. Set the prev node of C to point at current tail (B).
 2. Set the next node of B to point at new node (C).
 - Assign the newly created node (C) as the new tail.
 - Set next node of C to null.

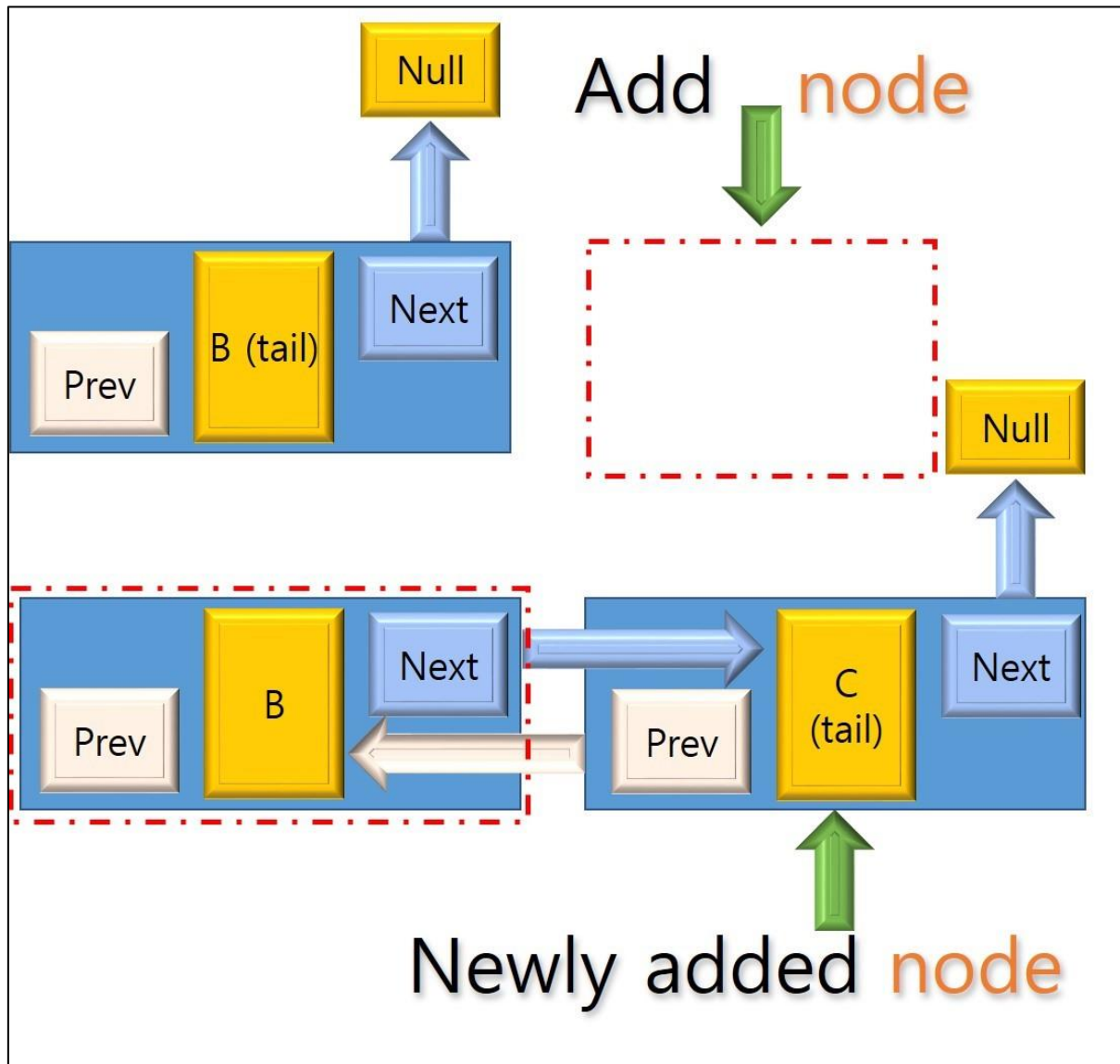


Figure 13: Back insertion

Back Insertion Pseudo Code:

```
begin insertAtBack(T dataToInsert):
```

```
// First element.
```

```
    if head is null:
```

```
        nodeToInsert = new Node(dataToInsert)
```

```
        head = nodeToInsert
```

```
// Tail and head cannot point at the same node
```

```
    tail = null
```

```
    else:
```

```
// Second element to add to list

    if tail is null:

        tail = new Node(dataToInsert)

// Update references

// curHead --> Tail , curHead <-- Tail

    curhead.setNext(this.tail)

    tail.setPrev(this.curhead)

    else:

        prevTail = tail

        newTail = new Node(dataToInsert)

// Update references

// prevTail --> newTail , prevTail <-- newTail

    newTail.setPrev(prevTail)

    prevTail.setNext(newTail)

    tail = newTail

    end if else;

end if else;

increment size

end insertAtBack;
```

3.3.4 Typical Dlink list operation

```
int dlink_append_last(void *pval)

{

    node *pnode=create_node(pval);

    if (!pnode)

        return -1;

    pnode->next = phead; //insert before phead

    pnode->prev = phead->prev;
```



```
phead->prev->next = pnode;
phead->prev = pnode;
count++;
return 0;
}

void Init_snake()    //control snake with dlink
{ struct part *body;
  head=(struct part*)malloc(sizeof(struct part));
  tail=(struct part*)malloc(sizeof(struct part));
  body=(struct part*)malloc(sizeof(struct part));
  body->x=21;
  body->y=10;
  body->next=NULL;
  body->per=NULL;
  snake_map[21][10]=1;
  head->next=body;
  tail->per=body;
  size=1;
  Display(tail->per->x*3+1,tail->per->y*3+1);
//begin at the middle point 64*32
}
```

3.3.5 Snake move

```
Move(dis){
  if(dis==1) head_x++; // 1:move to right side
  if(dis==2) head_x--; // 2: move to left side
  if(dis==3) head_y++; // 3: move down
  if(dis==4) head_y--; // 4: move up }
```

3.3.6 Cross the boundary

```
if(head_x==43) head_x=1;//42*3+1=127
```

```
    if(head_x==0) head_x=42;
```

```
    if(head_y==20) head_y=1;
```

```
    if(head_y==0) head_y=20;
```

3.3.7 Food reproduce

```
if(head_x==X&&head_y==Y)
```

```
{
```

```
    food();
```

```
    size++;
```

```
}
```

```
void food()
```

```
{
```

```
    while(1)
```

```
{
```

```
    X=rand()%40;
```

```
    Y=rand()%20;
```

```
    if(X>0&&Y>0)
```

```
        if(snake_map[X][Y]==0)
```

```
        {
```

```
            Display(X*3+1,Y*3+1);
```

```
            break;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

3.3.8 snake_map[]

- Snake_map[] is used to record the location of the snake and decide whether to eat it.
- That is to say, each time we only need to determine whether the corresponding point of map is 1. If each snake traverses every point, the time complexity is high.
- To judge whether you eat yourself, you have to go through the whole snake, but if I store it in map according to the corresponding coordinates when drawing snakes, I will find the corresponding point directly when judging, so I don't need to go through the snake.

```
unsigned int display_snake()
{
    struct part *body;
    body=(struct part*)malloc(sizeof(struct part));
    body->x=head_x;
    body->y=head_y;
    head->next->per=body;
    body->next=head->next;
    head->next=body;
    Display(head_x*3+1,head_y*3+1);
    if(snake_map[head_x][head_y]==1) return 0;
    else snake_map[head_x][head_y]=1;
    if(head_x==X&&head_y==Y) {
        food();
        size++; }
    else {
        snake_map[tail->per->x][tail->per->y]=0;
        Clear(tail->per->x*3+1,tail->per->y*3+1);
        tail->per=tail->per->per;
```

```
    free(tail->per->next);
}
return 1;
}
```

3.4 Another method to design software

3.4.1 Big point

//画一个大点, $0 < x < 127, 0 < y < 63$

```
void Big_Point(uint8 x, uint8 y, TCOLOR color)
{
    int i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++)
    {
        GUI_Point(x+dir[i][0], y+dir[i][1], color);
    }
}
```

3.4.2 Snake

//初始化一条蛇, 长度为 30, 头部在显示屏中心

```
void snake_init(int x, int y)
{
    int i;
    snake_length = 0; //初始长度为 0
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) //长度为 10 的蛇
    {
        Big_Point(x, y, LCD_DISP_COLOR);
        snake[snake_length].x = x;
        snake[snake_length].y = y;
    }
}
```

```
        snake_length++;  
        x -= 3;  
    }  
}
```

3.4.3 Food

//随机产生一个食物

```
void creat_food()
```

```
{  
    int i,flag = 1;  
    Big_Point(food_x,food_y,LCD_BACK_COLOR); //消除旧点  
    do//先执行一次，产生一个新事物  
    {  
        //srand((unsigned)time(NULL));  
        food_x = rand() % 127;  
        food_y = rand() % 63;  
        for(i = 0;i < snake_length-1;i++)    //判断新产生的点是否在蛇  
        身上  
        {  
            if(snake[i].x+2 <= food_x || food_x <= snake[i].x-2 ||  
snake[i].y+2 <= food_y || food_y <= snake[i].y-2)  
                flag = 0;  
        }  
    }while(flag);  
    Big_Point(food_x,food_y,LCD_DISP_COLOR); //产生新点  
}
```

3.4.4 Snake move

void snake_move(int direction){//蛇运动

int i;

struct Snake last; //保留最后一个点的坐标

last = snake[snake_length-1];

//将后面的点向前移动，就是将前面的点坐标保存在后面一个数组节点上

for(i = snake_length - 1;i > 0;i--) {

snake[i]= snake[i-1]; }

snake[0].x += dir[direction][0] * 3; //将头向 direction 移动

snake[0].y += dir[direction][1] * 3;

if(snake[0].x >= 127)snake[0].x = 1; //判断是否出界

else if(snake[0].x <= 0)snake[0].x = 126;

else if(snake[0].y <= 0)snake[0].y = 62;

else if(snake[0].y >= 63)snake[0].y = 1;

for(i = 1;i < snake_length-1;i++) { //判断头是否撞到蛇身

if(snake[i].x+2 >= snake[0].x && snake[0].x >= snake[i].x-2

&& snake[i].y+2 >= snake[0].y && snake[0].y >=

snake[i].y-2)

{ gameover = 1; //游戏结束

return ; }

if(snake[0].x+2 >= food_x && food_x >= snake[0].x-2 //判断是否吃到食物

&& snake[0].y+2 >= food_y && food_y >=

snake[0].y-2) {

snake[snake_length] = last; //吃到食物将食物放到最后，就是之前保存的最后一个点

```
        creat_food();        //产生新食物

        snake_length++;    //蛇身加长  }

    else  {

        Big_Point(last.x,last.y,LCD_BACK_COLOR);    //消除蛇尾  }

        //重新显示蛇

        Big_Point(snake[0].x,snake[0].y,LCD_DISP_COLOR); //将头显示出来}

来}
```

3.4.5 Initial values used in the I/O ports

/获取运动方向

int GetDir()

```
{

    int temp,temp1,temp2;

    IO0DIR |= 0x0000F; //列输出

    IO0SET |= 0x0000F;    //列拉高

    temp1 = IO0PIN & 0x000F0000;    //判断行

    //获取行

    switch(temp1)

    {

        case 0x0010000:temp1 = 0;break;

        case 0x0020000:temp1 = 1;break;

        case 0x0040000:temp1 = 2;break;

        case 0x0080000:temp1 = 3;break;

        default:temp1 = 4;

    }

    if(temp1 != 4)    //有键按下

    {
```

```
IO0DIR &= 0xFFFFFFFFF0; //列输入
IO0DIR |= 0x000F0000; //行输出
IO0CLR |= 0x0000000F; //列置 0
IO0SET |= 0x000F0000; //行拉高
temp2 = IO0PIN & 0x0000000F;
//获取列
switch(temp2)
{
    case 0x001:temp = temp1*4 + 0;break;
    case 0x002:temp = temp1*4 + 1;break;
    case 0x004:temp = temp1*4 + 2;break;
    case 0x008:temp = temp1*4 + 3;break;
    default:temp = 0;
}
IO0CLR |= 0xF0000; //行拉低
IO0DIR &= 0x0FFFF; //行输入
}
return temp;
}
```


4.1 Complete System Diagram (Hardware)

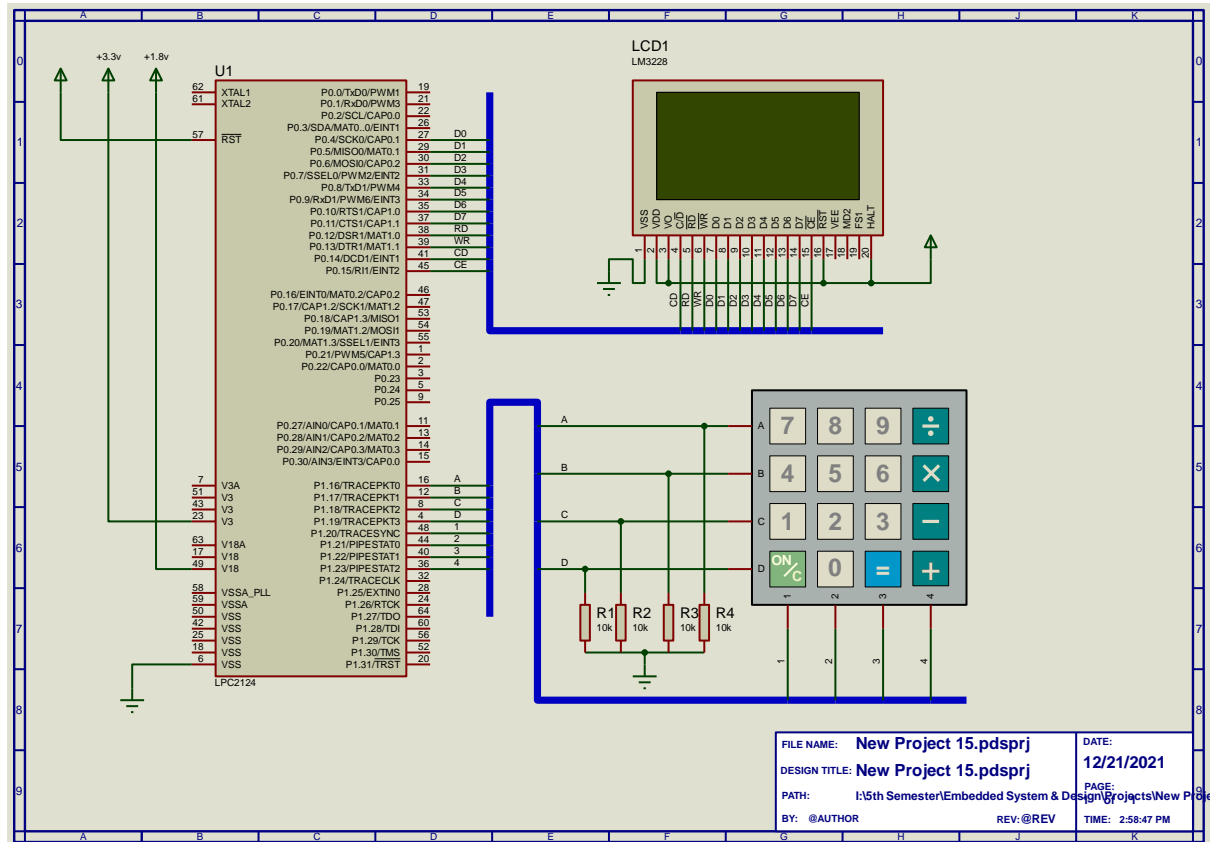


Figure 14: Complete System Diagram (Hardware)

4.2 Complete System Diagram (Software)

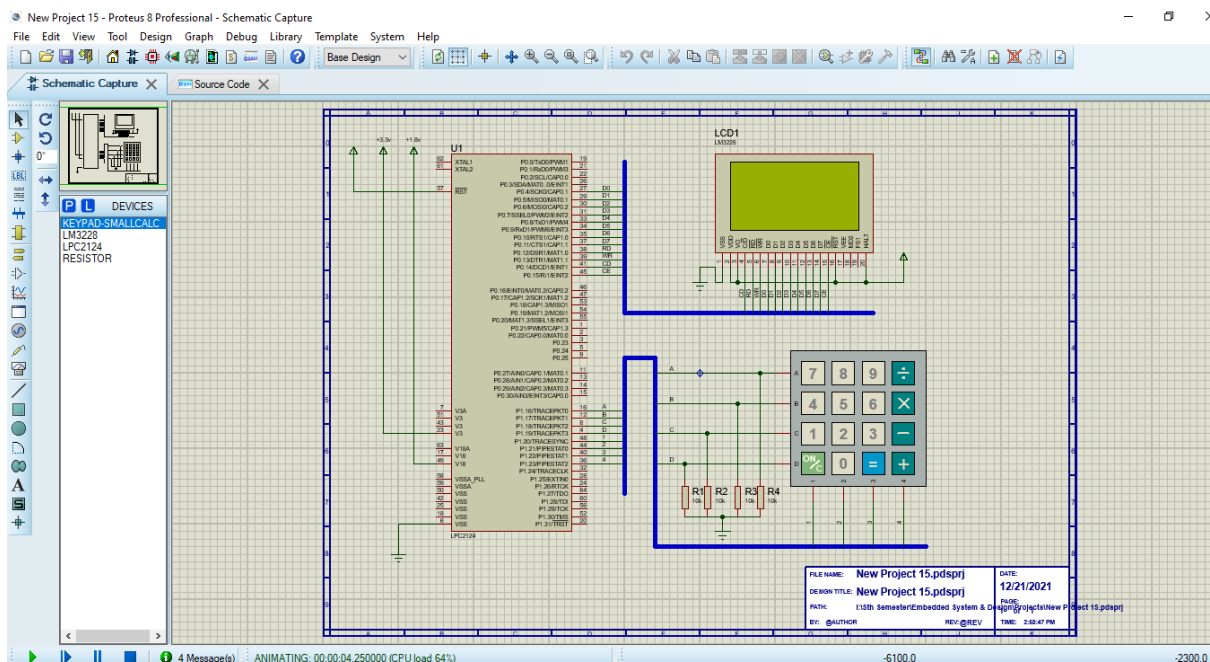


Figure 15: Complete System Diagram (Software)

4.2.1 Game Running

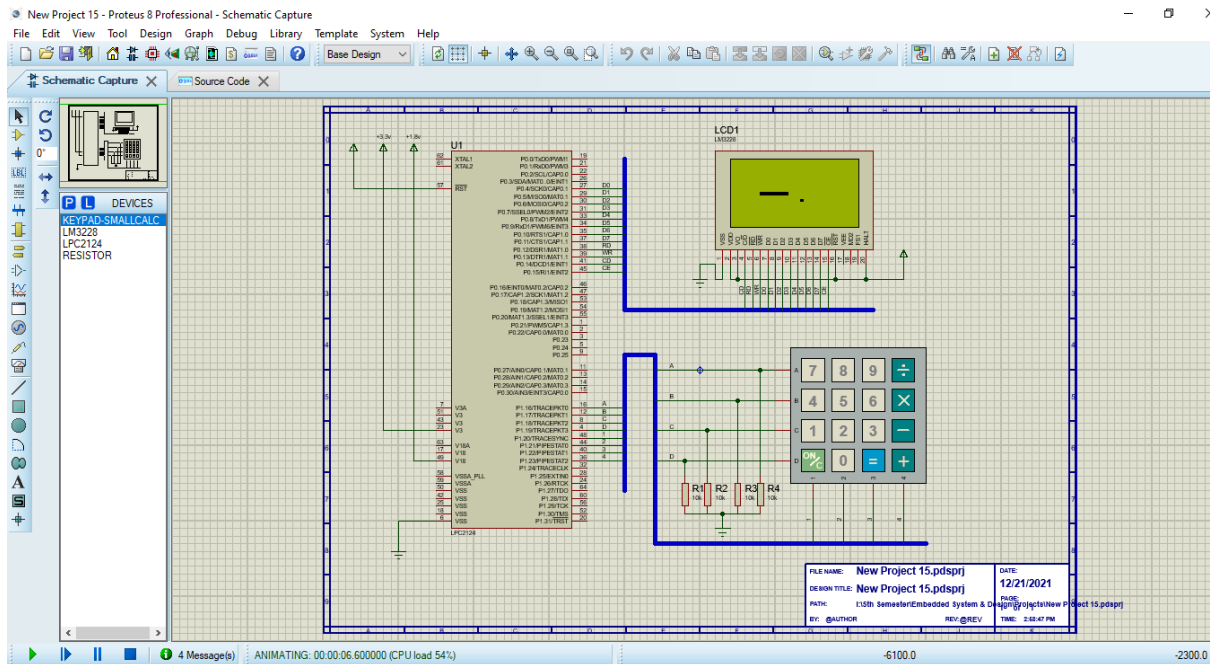


Figure 16: Game running-1

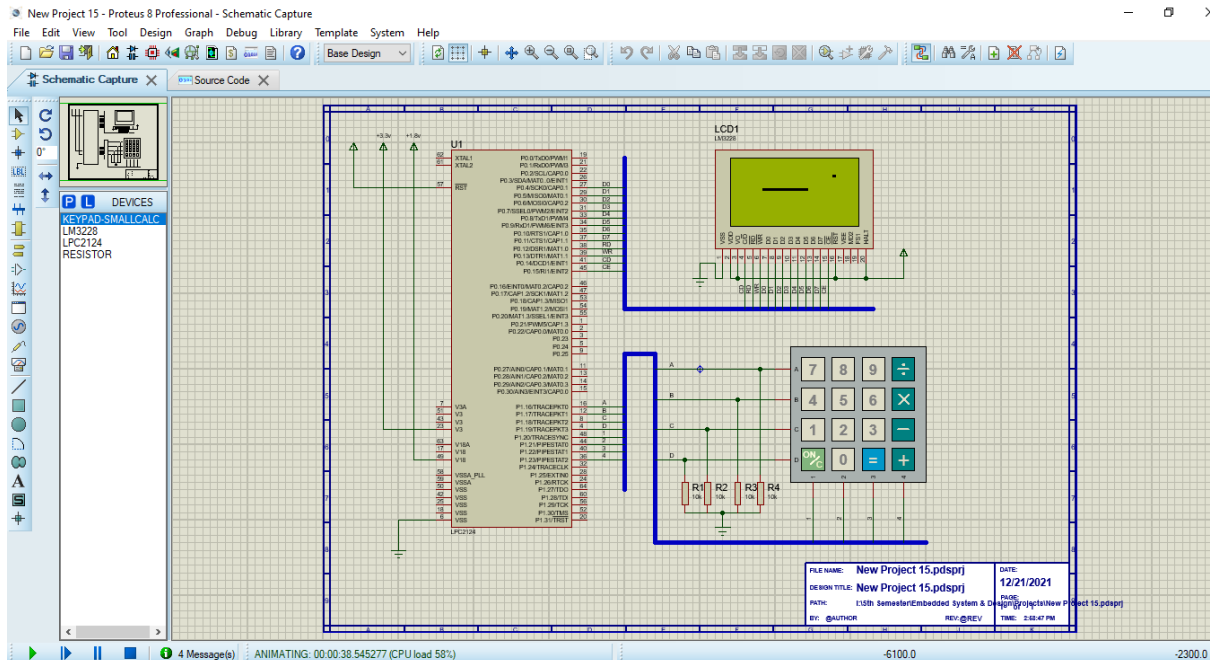


Figure 17: Game running-2

4.2.2 Game Over

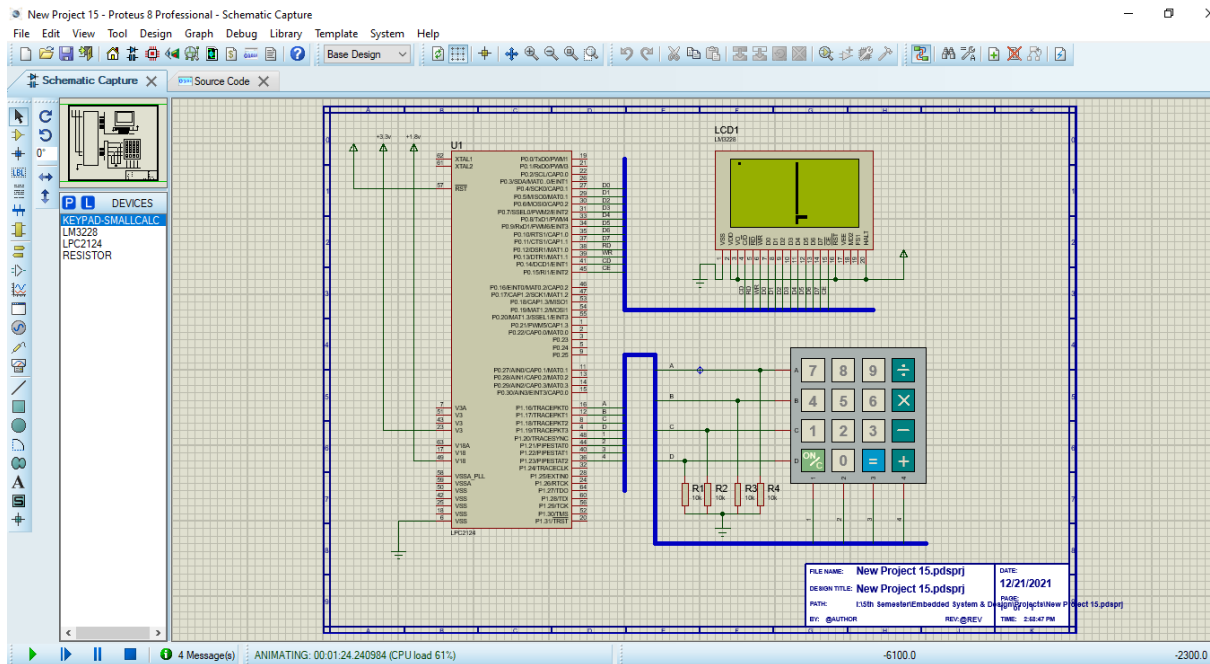


Figure 18: Game over

4.2.3 New Game

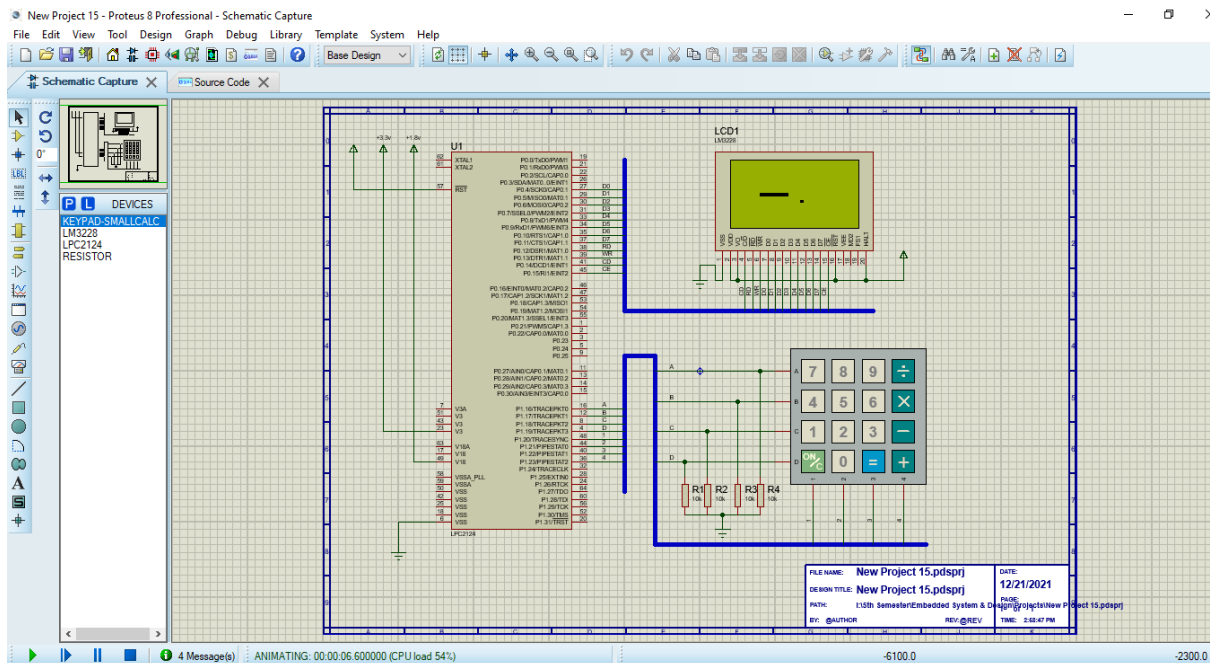


Figure 19: New game

5.1 Discussions

The coding of Snake was extremely difficult with many errors arising. Many systems had to be written numerous ways before a final working solution was found. For example, two different movement methods were used prior to final version; however, even the final version is flawed as vertical movement causes the snake to change scale. There were also issues with the food – snake collision detection. While the final version resulted in a snake that could eat food, the movement glitch caused the food to cause further size issues.

Despite the fact that the game could not truly be played due to the fact no score could be given, the game is still satisfying. With the exception of the size glitch when turning, the snake responds to user input and moves around the screen as directed. Given longer to work on this, the collision detection with the movement would be the first thing fixed. By fixing this, all other sections of code that are currently not working would run. The leaderboard would work as there would be correct scores input, and the snake would grow as the food would cause it to only increase by one and not varying numbers based on direction. In addition, fixing the movement would allow for the snake to die when colliding with itself. In the current state, the snake moves as a matrix so it can not kill itself as it would be impossible to move in any direction. This failure to establish a perfect movement system was the biggest disappointment of the game as all other problems stemmed from it.

For these reasons, it is recommended that anyone who wishes to recreate this game starts simply when writing the code. It is advisable that they first perfect the snake movement controls before messing with the food generation. By taking the code in small sections, it is easier to get individual features to work. Building off this, use functions to contain each aspect of the game. Using functions made it easier to determine where errors were occurring when debugging the code. It also kept the code more organized.

5.2 References

<https://www.w3schools.com/>

<https://stackoverflow.com/>

<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/>

<https://wenku.baidu.com/>

6.1 main.c

```
#include "config.h"
#include "lcddrv.h"
#include <string.h>

/*****ASCII *****/

TCOLOR disp_color;
TCOLOR back_color;

int dir[9][2]={0,-1,0,1,-1,0,1,0,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,0,0};
int snake_length, snake_dir = 3, food_x, food_y, gameover;
int keyvalue[16]={
    -1, 0,-1,-1,
    2,-1, 3,-1,
    -1, 1,-1,-1,
    -1,-1,-1,-1};

//////////

struct Snake
{
    int x,y;
}snake[1000];

void delayMs(int n)
{
    int i;
    for(i = 0;i < 1000;i++)
        for(;n>0;n--);
}

/////ASCII color1//color2////
```

```
void GUI_SetColor(TCOLOR color1, TCOLOR color2)
```

```
{
    GUI_CopyColor(&disp_color,color1);
    GUI_CopyColor(&back_color,color2);
}
```

```
//////////0<x<127,0<y<63
```

```
void Big_Point(uint8 x,uint8 y,TCOLOR color)
```

```
{
    int i;
    for (i=0;i < 9;i++)
    {
        GUI_Point(x+dir[i][0],y+dir[i][1],color);
    }
}
```

```
////////////////////////////////////
```

```
void snake_init(int x,int y)
```

```
{
    int i ;
    snake_length = 0;
    for (i = 0;i < 10;i++)
    {
        Big_Point(x,y,LCD_DISP_COLOR);
        snake[snake_length].x = x;
        snake[snake_length].y = y;
        snake_length++;
        x-=3;
    }
}
```

```
//////////
```

```
void creat_food()
{
    int i,flag = 1;
    Big_Point(food_x,food_y,LCD_BACK_COLOR);
    do
    {
        //stand((unsigned)time(NULL));
        food_x = rand() % 127;
        food_y = rand() % 63;
        for( i= 0;i < snake_length-1;i++)
        {
            if(snake[i].x+2 <= food_x || food_x <= snake[i].x-2 || snake[i].y+2 <= food_y ||
food_y <= snake[i].y-2)
                flag = 0;
        }
    }while(flag);
    Big_Point(food_x,food_y,LCD_DISP_COLOR);
}
```

```
//////////
```

```
void snake_move(int direction)
{
    int i;
    struct Snake last;
    last = snake[snake_length-1];
    ////////////
    for(i = snake_length - 1;i>0;i--)
    {
        snake[i]=snake[i-1];
```

```
}

////////// diraction//////////

snake[0].x += dir[direction][0] * 3;
snake[0].y += dir[direction][1] * 3;

//////////

if(snake[0].x>= 127)snake[0].x = 1;
else if(snake[0].x <= 0)snake[0].x = 126;
else if(snake[0].y <= 0)snake[0].y = 62;
else if(snake[0].y >= 63)snake[0].y = 1;

//////////

for(i = 1; i< snake_length -1; i++)
{
    if(snake[i].x + 2>= snake[0].x && snake[0].x>= snake[i].x-2 && snake[i].y+2 >=
snake[0].y && snake [0].y >= snake[i].y-2)
    {
        gameover =1;
        return;
    }
}

//////////

if(snake[0].x +2 >= food_x && food_x >= snake[0].x-2 &&snake[0].y+2 >= food_y &&
food_y >= snake[0].y-2)
{
    snake[snake_length]=last;
    creat_food();
    snake_length++;
}
else
{
    Big_Point(last.x,last.y,LCD_BACK_COLOR);
}
}
```



```
////////
```

```
Big_Point(snake[0].x,snake[0].y,LCD_DISP_COLOR);
```

```
}
```

```
//////////
```

```
int GetDir()
```

```
{
```

```
    int temp,temp1,temp2;
```

```
    IO0DIR |=0x0000F;
```

```
    IO0SET |=0x0000F;
```

```
    temp1= IO0PIN& 0X000F0000;
```

```
    //////////
```

```
switch(temp1)
```

```
{
```

```
    case 0X0010000:temp1 = 0;break;
```

```
    case 0X0020000:temp1 = 1;break;
```

```
    case 0X0040000:temp1 = 2;break;
```

```
    case 0X0080000:temp1 = 3;break;
```

```
    default:temp1 = 4;
```

```
}
```

```
    if(temp1 != 4)
```

```
    {
```

```
IO0DIR &= 0xFFFFFFFF0;
```

```
IO0DIR |= 0x000F0000;
```

```
IO0CLR |= 0x0000000F;
```

```
IO0SET |= 0x000F0000;
```

```
temp2 = IO0PIN & 0x0000000F;
```

```
    //////////////////////////////////
```

```
switch(temp2)
```

```
{
case 0x001:temp = temp1*4 + 0;break;
case 0x002:temp = temp1*4 + 1;break;
case 0x004:temp = temp1*4 + 2;break;
case 0x008:temp = temp1*4 + 3;break;
default:temp = 0;
}
IO0CLR |= 0xF0000;
IO0DIR &= 0x0FFFF;
}
return temp;
}

int main (void)
{

    int dir = 3;
    GUI_Initialize();
    GUI_SetColor(LCD_DISP_COLOR,LCD_BACK_COLOR);
    snake_init(64,32);
    creat_food();
    while (!gameover)
    {
        dir = keyvalue[GetDir()];
        if(dir == -1)
        dir = snake_dir;
        if(snake_dir + dir != 1 && snake_dir + dir !=5)
        {
            snake_dir = dir;
        }
    }
}
```

```
snake_move(snake_dir);

delayMs(100000);

}

}
```

6.2 lcddrv.c

```
#include "config.h"

#include "lcddrv.h"

/* 0x00000000 - 0x0000000F: GPIO0 - GPIO7 (P0.0 - P0.7) */
/* 0x00000010 - 0x0000001F: GPIO8 - GPIO15 (P0.8 - P0.15) */

#define BUS_NO 4

/* 0x00000000 - 0x0000000F: GPIO0 - GPIO7 (P0.0 - P0.7) */

#define OutData(dat) IO0DIR = IO0DIR | (0xff << BUS_NO); IO0CLR = 0xff << BUS_NO;
IO0SET = (dat & 0xff) << BUS_NO

#define InData() IO0DIR = IO0DIR & ~(0x000000ff << BUS_NO); dat =
(uint8)((IO0PIN & (0xFFFFFFFF)) >> BUS_NO)

/* 0x00000000 - 0x0000000F: GPIO0 - GPIO7 (P0.0 - P0.7) */

#define LCM_RD 12

#define LCM_UNREAD() IO0SET = 1 << LCM_RD

#define LCM_READ() IO0CLR = 1 << LCM_RD

/* 0x00000000 - 0x0000000F: GPIO0 - GPIO7 (P0.0 - P0.7) */

#define LCM_WR 13

#define LCM_UNWRITE() IO0SET = 1 << LCM_WR

#define LCM_WRITE() IO0CLR = 1 << LCM_WR

/* 0x00000000 - 0x0000000F: GPIO0 - GPIO7 (P0.0 - P0.7) */

#define LCM_CD 14

#define LCM_COM() IO0SET = 1 << LCM_CD

#define LCM_DATA() IO0CLR = 1 << LCM_CD

/* 0x00000000 - 0x0000000F: GPIO0 - GPIO7 (P0.0 - P0.7) */

#define LCM_CE 15

#define LCM_DISABLE() IO0SET = 1 << LCM_CE
```

```
#define LCM_ENABLE()          IO0CLR = 1<<LCM_CE

/* ¶·ÒâLCM²Û÷÷µÄÄüÁî×Ö */

// T6963C ÄüÁî¶·Òâ

#define LCM_CUR_POS 0x21 // ¹â±êÎ»ÖÃÉèÖÃ
#define LCM_CGR_POS 0x22 // CGRAM Æ«ÖÃµØÖ·ÉèÖÃ
#define LCM_ADD_POS 0x24 // µØÖ·Ö_ÖêÎ»ÖÃ
#define LCM_TXT_STP 0x40 // ÎÄ±¼ÇøÊ×Ö·
#define LCM_TXT_WID 0x41 // ÎÄ±¼Çø¿í¶È
#define LCM_GRH_STP 0x42 // Í¼ÐÎÇøÊ×Ö·
#define LCM_GRH_WID 0x43 // Í¼ÐÎÇø¿í¶È
#define LCM_MOD_OR    0x80 // ÎÖÊ³¼·½Ê½²Â¼-»ð
#define LCM_MOD_XOR 0x81 // ÎÖÊ³¼·½Ê½²Â¼-Òì»ð
#define LCM_MOD_AND 0x82 // ÎÖÊ³¼·½Ê½²Â¼-Óë
#define LCM_MOD_TCH 0x83 // ÎÖÊ³¼·½Ê½ÎÄ±¼ÌØÖ÷
#define LCM_DIS_SW    0x90 // ÎÖÊ³¼·¹ØD0=1/0:¹â±êÉÁË_ÆðÓÃ½ûÓÃ
// D1=1/0:¹â±êÎÖÊ³¼ÆðÓÃ½ûÓÃ
// D2=1/0:ÎÄ±¼ÎÖÊ³¼ÆðÓÃ½ûÓÃ
// D3=1/0:Í¼ÐÎÎÖÊ³¼ÆðÓÃ½ûÓÃ

#define LCM_CUR_SHP 0xA0 // ¹â±êÐÎ×´Ñ;Ôñ0xA0-0xA7±Ê³¼¹â±êÖ¼µÄÐÐËý
#define LCM_AUT_WR 0xB0 // ×Ö¶·Ð´ÉèÖÃ
#define LCM_AUT_RD 0xB1 // ×Ö¶·¶ÁÉèÖÃ
#define LCM_AUT_OVR 0xB2 // ×Ö¶·¶Á/Ð´½áÊø
#define LCM_INC_WR 0xC0 // Êý³¼ÝÒ»¹Ð´µØÖ·¼Ó1
#define LCM_INC_RD 0xC1 // Êý³¼ÝÒ»¹¶ÁµØÖ·¼Ó1
#define LCM_DEC_WR 0xC2 // Êý³¼ÝÒ»¹Ð´µØÖ·¼õ1
#define LCM_DEC_RD 0xC3 // Êý³¼ÝÒ»¹¶ÁµØÖ·¼õ1
#define LCM_NOC_WR 0xC4 // Êý³¼ÝÒ»¹Ð´µØÖ·²»±ä
#define LCM_NOC_RD 0xC5 // Êý³¼ÝÒ»¹¶ÁµØÖ·²»±ä
#define LCM_SCN_RD 0xE0 // ÆÁ¶Á
#define LCM_SCN_CP 0xE8 // ÆÁ¿½±´
```

```

#define LCM_BIT_OP 0xF0 // Î»²Û×÷

uint8 const  turnf[8] = {7,6,5,4,3,2,1,0};

uint8 const  DEC_HEX_TAB1[8] = {0x80, 0x40, 0x20, 0x10, 0x08, 0x04, 0x02, 0x01};

uint8 const  DEC_HEX_TAB[8] = {0x01, 0x02, 0x04, 0x08, 0x10, 0x20, 0x40, 0x80};

/*****
*****/

/*****
*****/

**  °-ÊýÃû³Æ: LCM_READSTATE
**  ıÄÜÃèÊö: ¶ÁÈ;LCMÄÚ²;µÄ×¹¬
**  Êä;Èë: ÎÐ
**  Êä;³ö: LCMÄÚ²;¹¬Öµ
**  È«¼Ö±äÁ;:
**  µ÷ÓÃÄ£é:
**  Modified by:
**  Modified date:
**  -----
*****/

uint8 LCM_READSTATE()
{
    uint8 dat;

    IO0DIR &= ~(0x000000ff<<BUS_NO);

    LCM_UNWRITE();

    LCM_COM();

    LCM_READ();

    LCM_ENABLE();

    //DELAY5();

    //DELAY5();

```

```

//DELAY5();

//InData();

dat = (uint8)((IO0PIN)>>BUS_NO);

//LCM_UNREAD();

//LCM_UNWRITE();

LCM_DISABLE();

return dat;

}

/*****
*****

**  °- ÊýÃû³Æ: LCM_STA01

**  1|ÄÜÃêËö:
×´Ë-Ë»STA1,STA0ÃÐ¶¶ËÁÐ´Ö,Áî°Ë¶ËÁÐ´Êý³/4Ý£¬ÔÚ¶ËÁÐ´Êý³/4Ý»ðÕßÐ´ÈëÃüÁîÇ°±ØÐë±
£Ö³/4ùÊ¹1

**  Êä;Ëë: ÊÐ

**  Êä;³ö: ÊÐ

**  È«³/4Ö±äÁ;: ÊÐ

**  µ÷ÓÃÄ£é: LCM_READSTATE

**  Modified by:

**  Modified date:

**  -----

*****/

uint8 LCM_STA01(void)
{
    uint8 i;
    for(i=10;i>0;i--)
    {
        if(( LCM_READSTATE() & 0x03) == 0x03) // ¶ÁÈ;×´Ë¬
        {
            break;

```

```

    }

}

return(i); // Êô·µ»ØÁãËµÃ÷´Îó

}

/*****
*****

** °-ÊýÃû³Æ: LCM_STA3
** ¼ÄÜÃèÊö: ×¹-Î»STA3
** Êä¼: ÎÞ
** Êä¼:³ö: ÎÞ
** Ê«¼Ö±äÁ¿: ÎÞ
** µ÷ÓÃÃæ¿é: LCM_READSTATE
** Modified by:
** Modified date:
** -----

*****/

uint8 LCM_STA3(void)
{
    uint8 i;
    for(i=10;i>0;i--)
    {
        if(( LCM_READSTATE() & 0x08) == 0x08) // ¶ÁÈ¼×¹¬
        {
            break;
        }
    }

    return(i); // Êô·µ»ØÁãËµÃ÷´Îó

}

/*****
*****/

```

```

** 0-ÊÿÃû³Æ: LCM_WrCommand
** 1|ÄÜÃèÊö: Ð´ÃüÁî×Ó³ÌÐò
** Êä;|Èë: command  ÒªÐ´ÈëLCMµÄÃüÁî×Ö
** Êä;|³ö: ÎÐ
** È«¾4Ö±äÁ¿: ÎÐ
** µ÷ÓÃÄ£¿é: ÎÐ
** Modified by:
** Modified date:
**-----
*****
*****/

void LCM_WrCommand(uint8 command)
{
    LCM_UNREAD();
    LCM_COM();
    LCM_WRITE();
    LCM_ENABLE();
    OutData(command);
    //LCM_UNWRITE();
    //LCM_READ();
    LCM_DISABLE();
}

/*****
*****

** 0-ÊÿÃû³Æ: LCM_WrData
** 1|ÄÜÃèÊö: Ð´Êÿ¾4Ý×Ó³ÌÐò
** Êä;|Èë: wrdata  ÒªÐ´ÈëLCMµÄÊÿ¾4Ý
** Êä;|³ö: ÎÐ
** È«¾4Ö±äÁ¿: ÎÐ
** µ÷ÓÃÄ£¿é: ÎÐ
** Modified by:

```


** Modified date:

**-----

 *****/

void LCM_WrData(uint8 wrdata)

```
{
    LCM_UNREAD();
    LCM_DATA();
    LCM_WRITE();
    LCM_ENABLE();
    OutData(wrdata);
    //LCM_UNWRITE();
    //LCM_READ();
    LCM_DISABLE();
}
```

/*
 *****/

** 0- ÊýÃû³Æ: LCM_WrParameter

** 1!ÄÜÃèÊö: ÌòLCMÐ`Èä²Êý£¬¬´øË«²Êý£¬¬Ò»_ö²Êý£¬¬»ðÕß²»´ø²Êý

** Êä;Èö: cmd²Êý£»para1²Êý1£»para2²Êý2£»num²Êý_öÊý

** Êä;³ö: ·µ»Ø²Û×÷½á¹û

** È«¾Ö±äÁç: ÎÞ

** µ÷ÓÃÃç;é: ÎÞ

** Modified by:

** Modified date:

**-----

 *****/

uint8 LCM_WrParameter(uint8 cmd,uint8 para1,uint8 para2,uint8 num)

```
{
    switch (num)
```

```
{  
    case 0x00:  
        /*  
            if(LCM_STA01() == 0)  
            {  
                return 1;  
            }  
        */  
        LCM_WrCommand(cmd);  
        break;  
    case 0x01:  
        /*  
            if(LCM_STA01() == 0)  
            {  
                return 1;  
            }  
            LCM_WrData(para1);  
            if(LCM_STA01() == 0)  
            {  
                return 2;  
            }  
            LCM_WrCommand(cmd);  
        */  
        LCM_WrData(para1);  
        LCM_WrCommand(cmd);  
        break;  
    case 0x02:  
        /*  
            if(LCM_STA01() == 0)  
            {
```

```

        return 1;
    }

    LCM_WrData(para1);

    if(LCM_STA01() == 0)
    {
        return 2;
    }

    LCM_WrData(para2);

    if(LCM_STA01() == 0)
    {
        return 3;
    }

    LCM_WrCommand(cmd);

    */

    LCM_WrData(para1);
    LCM_WrData(para2);
    LCM_WrCommand(cmd);

    break;

}

return 0;
}

/*****
*****

**  °- ÊýÃû³Æ: LCM_ReadByte
**  ¼ÄÜÃèÊö: ¶ÁÈ;Ö,¶·µãÉĬµÄ×Ö½ÚÊý¾Ý
**  ÊäĬ: x,y×ø±êÖµ
**  ÊäĬ³ö: ·µ»Ø,ÃµãÉĬµÄ×Ö½ÚÊý¾Ý
**  È«¾Ö±äÁç: Ĥ
**  µ÷ÓÃÄ£çé: Ĥ
** Modified by:

```

** Modified date:

**-----

 *****/

```
uint8 LCM_ReadByte(uint8 x, uint8 y)
```

```
{
    uint8 dat=0xff;
    uint8 x1;
    uint32 iPos;
    x1 = x >> 3; // È;Y·½İð·ÖÖ³μØÖ·
    iPos = (uint32)y * 0x1e + x1;
    LCM_WrParameter(LCM_ADD_POS,iPos&0xff,iPos/256,2);
    LCM_WrParameter(LCM_NOC_RD,0,0,0);
    /*
    if(LCM_STA01() == 0)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    */
    IO0DIR = IO0DIR & ~(0x000000ff<<BUS_NO);
    LCM_UNWRITE();
    LCM_DATA();
    LCM_READ();
    LCM_ENABLE();
    //InData();
    dat = (uint8)((IO0PIN)>>BUS_NO);
    LCM_DISABLE();
    return dat;
}
```

```

/*****
*****

**  ÊýÃû³Æ: LCM_DispIni
**  ¹|ÄÜÃèÊö: LCMÓ²¼þ³ðÊ¹¼»⁻
**  Êä;Èè: ÎÐ
**  Êä;³ö: ÎÐ
**  È«¾Ö±äÁ¿: ÎÐ
**  µ÷ÓÃÄ£¿é: ÎÐ
**  Modified by:
**  Modified date:
**  -----
*****
*****/

void LCM_DispIni(void)
{
    uint32 i;
    // ÊèÖÃÒý¹²ÅÁ⁻½ÓÄ£¿é
    #if LCM_RD < 16
        PINSEL0 &= ~(3 << (2 * LCM_RD));
    #else
        PINSEL1 &= ~(3 << (2 * (LCM_RD - 16)));
    #endif

    #if LCM_WR < 16
        PINSEL0 &= ~(3 << (2 * LCM_WR));
    #else
        PINSEL1 &= ~(3 << (2 * (LCM_WR - 16)));
    #endif

    #if LCM_CD < 16
        PINSEL0 &= ~(3 << (2 * LCM_CD));
    #endif

```

```
#else

    PINSEL1 &= ~(3 << (2 * (LCM_CD - 16)));

#endif


#if BUS_NO<9

    for (i = BUS_NO; i < BUS_NO+8; i++)

    {

        PINSEL0 &= ~(3 << (2 * i));

    }

#else

    for (i = BUS_NO; i < 16; i++)

    {

        PINSEL0 &= ~(3 << (2 * i));

    }

    for (; i < (BUS_NO+8); i++)

    {

        PINSEL1 &= ~(3 << (2 * (i-16)));

    }

#endif

// ÉèÖÃI/OÎÊä³ö·½Ê½

IO0DIR = IO0DIR|(1<<LCM_RD)|(1<<LCM_WR)|(1<<LCM_CD)|(1<<LCM_CE);

IO0DIR = IO0DIR|(0xFF<<BUS_NO);


LCM_WrParameter(LCM_TXT_STP,0x00,0x00,2);
LCM_WrParameter(LCM_TXT_WID,0x1E,0x00,2);
LCM_WrParameter(LCM_GRH_STP,0x00,0x00,2);
LCM_WrParameter(LCM_GRH_WID,0x1E,0x00,2);
LCM_WrParameter(LCM_CUR_SHP|0x01,0,0,0);
LCM_WrParameter(LCM_MOD_OR,0,0,0);
LCM_WrParameter(LCM_DIS_SW|0x08,0,0,0);
```

```

}

/*****
*****

**  °-ÊýÃû³Æ: GUI_FillSCR()

**  ¹ÄÜÃèÊö:
È«ÆÁÏ³ä¡£Ö±½ÓÊ¹ÓÃÊý³¼ÝÏ³äÏÖÊ³¼»³âÇø¡£,ù³¼ÝLCMµÄÊµ¼ÊÇé¿ö±àÐ´Ë°Êý

**  Êä¡¡Êë: dat      Ï³äµÄÊý³¼Ý

**  Êä¡¡³ö: ÎÐ

**  È«³¼Ö±äÁ¿: ÎÐ

**  µ÷ÓÃÄ£¿é: ÎÐ

**  Modified by:

**  Modified date:

**  -----

*****/

void GUI_FillSCR(TCOLOR dat)
{
    uint32 i;

    LCM_WrParameter(LCM_ADD_POS,0x00,0x00,2);
    LCM_WrParameter(LCM_AUT_WR,0x00,0x00,0);
    for(i=0;i<240*128/8;i++)
    {
        //LCM_STA3();
        LCM_WrData(dat);
    }
    LCM_WrParameter(LCM_AUT_OVR,0x00,0x00,0);
    LCM_WrParameter(LCM_ADD_POS,0x00,0x00,2);
}

/*****
*****

**  °-ÊýÃû³Æ: GUI_Initialize

```

```

** 1\ÄÜÃëÊö: ³õÊ¼»- GUI£-°üÀ·³õÊ¼»- ÎÔÊ¾»³ªÇø£-³õÊ¼»- LCM²çÇåÆÁ

** Êä;Ëë: ÎÐ

** Êä;³ö: ÎÐ

** È«¾Ö±äÁ¿: ÎÐ

** µ÷ÓÃÄ£¿é: ÎÐ

** Modified by:

** Modified date:

**_____

*****
*****/

void GUI_Initialize(void)

{

    LCM_DispIni();                                     //
    ³õÊ¼»- LCMÄ£¿é¹¤÷Ä£Ê½£-¿¿¼ÐÎÄ£Ê½

    GUI_FillSCR(0x00);                                 //
    ³õÊ¼»- »³ªÇøÎ³0x00£-²çÊä³öÆÄÄ»(ÇåÆÁ)

}

/*****
*****

** °-ÊýÃû³Æ: GUI_Point

** 1\ÄÜÃëÊö: ÔÚÖ,¶Î»ÖÃÉÎ»-µã

** Êä;Ëë:
xÖ,¶ÎµãËùÔÚÄÐµÃÎ»ÖÃ£»yÖ,¶ÎµãËùÔÚÐÐµÃÎ»ÖÃ£»colorÎÔÊ¾¾ÑÕÉ«(¶ÎÔÓÚ°Ú×É«L
CM£-Î³0Ê±Ãð£-Î³1Ê±ÎÔÊ¾¾)

** Êä;³ö: ·µ»ØÖÎÎ³1Ê±±ÎÊ¾²Û×÷³É¹£-Î³0Ê±±ÎÊ¾²Û×÷Ê§°Û

** È«¾Ö±äÁ¿: ÎÐ

** µ÷ÓÃÄ£¿é: ÎÐ

** Modified by:

** Modified date:

**_____

*****
*****/

```



```

uint8 GUI_Point(uint8 x, uint8 y, TCOLOR color)
{
    uint8 x1;
    uint32 iPos;
    x1 = x >> 3; // È;Y·½Ïð·ÖÖ³µØÖ·,ÒðÎª×îÐ;´æ´çµ¥ÔªÎª8*8,°´8ÐÐÒ»¸,öµ¥Ôª·ÃÎÊ
    iPos = (uint32)y * 0x1e + x1; //¼ÆËãµØÖ·:0x1eÊÇÎÃ±¼µÃ;í¶È,ß¶È
    LCM_WrParameter(LCM_ADD_POS,iPos&0xff,iPos/256,2); //·Ö±ðÈ;³öµÍµØÖ·£¬ßµØÖ·;ÐÊËLCD
    x1 = turnf[ x & 0x07 ]; //¼ÆËã³¼ßÎãµÃÐÐ
    //uint8 const turnf[8] = {7,6,5,4,3,2,1,0};
    color = color <<3;
    x1 = LCM_BIT_OP|x1|color; // ×Ö½ÚÜÄÚÎ»ÖÃ¼ÆËã,LCM_BIT_OPªÎ»²Ù×÷ÖªÎ»/*Î»²Ù×÷£°
    1 1 1 1 N3 N2 N2 N0
    Î²ÎÊý
    ¸ÖªÁ;Ê½«ÏÖÊ³¼»³ªÇøÃ³µ¥ÔªµÃÃ³Ò»Î»ÇªÃã»ðÖÃ1£¬¸µ¥ÔªµØÖ·ÓÉµ±Ç°µØÖ·Ö·ÖËÎª¹©;£
    N3£½1ÖÃ1£¬N3£½0 ÇªÃã;£N2£¬N0£²Ù×÷Î»¶¶ÔÓµ¥ÔªµÃD0£¬D7Î»¶;£*/
    LCM_WrParameter(x1,0,0,0);;
    return 1;
}

```

```

/*****
*****

```

```

** °´ÊýÃû³Æ: GUI_ReadPoint

```

```

** !ÃÜÃèÊö:

```

```

¶ÁÈ;Ö,¶µãµÃÑÕÉ«;£¶ÔÓÚµ¥É«£¬ÉèÖÃretµÃd0Î»ª¹»ð0£¬4¼¶»Ò¶ÈÖðªd0;çd1ÓÐÐ§£¬8Î»RGBÔðd0¬d7ÓÐÐ§£¬RGB½ª¹ÖðR;çG;çB±ãÃ;ÓÐÐ§

```

```

** Êä;Ëè: xÖ,¶µãËùÔÚÁÐµÃÎ»ÖÃ£»

```

```

yÖ,¶µãËùÔÚÐÐµÃÎ»ÖÃ£»ret±£æÑÕÉ«ÖµµÃÖ·Öë

```

```

** Êä;³ö: ·µ»Ø0±Ê³¼Ö,¶µØÖ·³¬³ö»³ªÇø·¶Î§

```

```

** È«¾Ö±äÁ¿: ÎÐ
** µ÷ÓÃÄ£¿é: ÎÐ
** Modified by:
** Modified date:
** -----
*****
*****/

uint8 GUI_ReadPoint(uint8 x, uint8 y, TCOLOR *ret)
{
    TCOLOR    bak;
    uint8    x1;
    bak = LCM_ReadByte(x,y);
    x1 = turnf[ x & 0x07 ];
    if( (bak & (DEC_HEX_TAB[x1&0x07]) ) ==0)
        *ret = 0x00;
    else
        *ret = 0x01;
    return 1;
}

/*****
*****/

** °-ÊýÃû³Æ: GUI_HLine
** ¼ÄÜÀèÊö: »-Ë®Æ½¿Ë£¬²Ù×÷Ê§°ÜÔ-ÒðÊÇÖ,¶µØÖ·³¬³ö»³âÇø·¶Î§
** Êä¿ìÊö: x0  Ë®Æ½¿Ë£¬ðµãËùÔÚÁÐµÄ»ÖÃ
*    y0  Ë®Æ½¿Ë£¬ðµãËùÔÚÐÐµÄ»ÖÃ
*    x1  Ë®Æ½¿Ë£¬ðµãËùÔÚÁÐµÄ»ÖÃ
*    color  ÎÊ¾¼ÑÕË«(¶ÔÓÚ°Ü°×É«LCM£¬Îª0Ê±Ãð£¬Îª1Ê±ÎÊ¾¼)
** Êä¿ì³ö: ÎÐ
** È«¾Ö±äÁ¿: ÎÐ
** µ÷ÓÃÄ£¿é: ÎÐ
** Modified by:

```

** Modified date:

**-----

 *****/

void GUI_HLine(uint8 x0, uint8 y0, uint8 x1, TCOLOR color)

{ uint8 bak;

if(x0>x1) //
 ¶Ôx0;çx1´6Ð;½øÐÐÂÂÁÐ£¬ÒÔ±ã»-Í¼

{ bak = x1;

x1 = x0;

x0 = bak;

}

do

{ GUI_Point(x0, y0, color); // ÖðµãĬÔÊ¾£¬Ãè³ö¹Ö±Ĭß

x0++;

}while(x1>=x0);

}

/*****
 *****/

** ˆÿÃû³Æ: GUI_RLine

** ¹ÄÜÃèÊö: »-ÊúÖ±Ĭß;£

** Êäĭ;Èë: x0 Ê®Æ½ĬßÆðµãËùÔÚÁÐµÄĬ»ÖÃ

* y0 Ê®Æ½ĬßÆðµãËùÔÚÐÐµÄĬ»ÖÃ

* x1 Ê®Æ½ĬßÖÖµãËùÔÚÁÐµÄĬ»ÖÃ

* color ĬÔÊ¾¼ŃŃÉ«(¶ÔÓÚ°Ú°×É«LCM£¬Î°0Ê±Ãð£¬Î¹1Ê±ĬÔÊ¾¼)

** Êäĭ;³ö: ĬÞ

** È«¾Ö±äÁĭ: ĬÞ

** µ÷ÓÃÄ£ĭé: ĬÞ

** Modified by:

** Modified date:

```

**-----

*****
*****/

void GUI_RLine(uint8 x0, uint8 y0, uint8 y1, TCOLOR color)
{
    uint8 bak;

    if(y0>y1) //
    ¶Ôx0;çx1´óÐ;½øÐÐÅÅÁÐ£¬ÒÔ±ã»-Í¼

    {
        bak = y1;

        y1 = y0;

        y0 = bak;

    }

    do

    {
        GUI_Point(x0, y0, color); // ÖðµãĬÔÊ¾¼£¬Ãè³ö´¹Ö±Ĭß

        y0++;

    }while(y1>=y0);

}

/*****
*****

**                               End Of File

*****
*****/

```

6.3 target.c

```

#define IN_TARGET

#include "config.h"

void __irq IRQ_Exception(void)
{
    while(1);
}

```

```
}

/*****

void FIQ_Exception(void)
{
    while(1);
}

*****/

void TargetInit(void)
{

}

void TargetResetInit(void)
{

    MAMCR=2;

    #if Fcclk < 20000000
    MAMTIM=1;
    #else
    #if Fcclk < 40000000
    MAMTIM=2;
    #else
    MAMTIM= 3;
    #endif
    #endif

    VICIntEnClr=0xffffffff;
    VICVectAddr=0;
    VICIntSelect=0;
```

```
}

#include "rt_sys.h"
#include "stdio.h"

#pragma import(__use_no_semihosting_swi)
#pragma import(__use_two_region_memory)

int __rt_div0(int a)
{
    a = a;
    return 0;
}

int fputc(int ch,FILE*f)
{
    ch = ch;
    f = f;
    return 0;
}

int fgetc(FILE*f)
{
    f = f;
    return 0;
}

int _sys_close(FILEHANDLE fh)
{

```

```
    fh = fh;

    return 0;
}

int _sys_write(FILEHANDLE fh,const unsigned char *buf,
unsigned len, int mode)
{

    fh = fh;
    buf = buf;
    len =len;
    mode = mode;
    return 0;
}

int _sys_read(FILEHANDLE fh, unsigned char *buf,
unsigned len, int mode)
{
    fh = fh;
    buf = buf;
    len =len;
    mode = mode;
    return 0;
}

void _ttywrch(int ch)
{
    ch=ch;
}

int _sys_istty(FILEHANDLE fh)
{

```

```
    fh = fh;

    return 0;
}

int _sys_seek(FILEHANDLE fh,long pos)
{
    fh = fh;

    return 0;
}

int _sys_ensure(FILEHANDLE fh)
{
    fh = fh;

    return 0;
}

long _sys_flen(FILEHANDLE fh)
{
    fh =fh;

    return 0;
}

int _sys_tmpnam(char * name, int sig, unsigned maxlen)
{
    name = name;

    sig = sig;

    maxlen=maxlen;

    return 0;
}

void _sys_exit(int returncode)
{
    returncode = returncode;
}
```



```
char* _sys_command_string(char * cmd, int len)
{
    cmd = cmd;
    len = len;
    return 0;
}
```

6.4 Startup.s

```
;/*****
***/

/* STARTUP.S: Startup file for Philips LPC2000 */

;/*****
***/

/* <<< Use Configuration Wizard in Context Menu >>> */

;/*****
***/

/* This file is part of the uVision/ARM development tools. */
/* Copyright (c) 2005-2007 Keil Software. All rights reserved. */
/* This software may only be used under the terms of a valid, current, */
/* end user licence from KEIL for a compatible version of KEIL software */
/* development tools. Nothing else gives you the right to use this software. */

;/*****
***/

;

/* The STARTUP.S code is executed after CPU Reset. This file may be
/* translated with the following SET symbols. In uVision these SET
/* symbols are entered under Options - ASM - Define.
/*
/* REMAP: when set the startup code initializes the register MEMMAP
/* which overwrites the settings of the CPU configuration pins. The
```

```
; * startup and interrupt vectors are remapped from:
; * 0x00000000 default setting (not remapped)
; * 0x80000000 when EXTMEM_MODE is used
; * 0x40000000 when RAM_MODE is used
; *
; * EXTMEM_MODE: when set the device is configured for code execution
; * from external memory starting at address 0x80000000.
; *
; * RAM_MODE: when set the device is configured for code execution
; * from on-chip RAM starting at address 0x40000000.
; *
; * EXTERNAL_MODE: when set the PIN2SEL values are written that enable
; * the external BUS at startup.
; */
```

; Standard definitions of Mode bits and Interrupt (I & F) flags in PSRs

```
Mode_USR    EQU    0x10
Mode_FIQ    EQU    0x11
Mode_IRQ    EQU    0x12
Mode_SVC    EQU    0x13
Mode_ABT    EQU    0x17
Mode_UND    EQU    0x1B
Mode_SYS    EQU    0x1F
```

```
I_Bit      EQU    0x80      ; when I bit is set, IRQ is disabled
F_Bit      EQU    0x40      ; when F bit is set, FIQ is disabled
```

```
;// <h> Stack Configuration (Stack Sizes in Bytes)
;// <o0> Undefined Mode    <0x0-0xFFFFFFFF:8>
;// <o1> Supervisor Mode  <0x0-0xFFFFFFFF:8>
;// <o2> Abort Mode       <0x0-0xFFFFFFFF:8>
;// <o3> Fast Interrupt Mode <0x0-0xFFFFFFFF:8>
;// <o4> Interrupt Mode   <0x0-0xFFFFFFFF:8>
;// <o5> User/System Mode  <0x0-0xFFFFFFFF:8>
;// </h>
```

```
UND_Stack_Size EQU 0x00000000
SVC_Stack_Size EQU 0x00000008
ABT_Stack_Size EQU 0x00000000
FIQ_Stack_Size EQU 0x00000000
IRQ_Stack_Size EQU 0x00000080
USR_Stack_Size EQU 0x00000400
```

```
ISR_Stack_Size EQU (UND_Stack_Size + SVC_Stack_Size + ABT_Stack_Size + \
                    FIQ_Stack_Size + IRQ_Stack_Size)
```

```
AREA STACK, NOINIT, READWRITE, ALIGN=3
```

```
Stack_Mem SPACE USR_Stack_Size
__initial_sp SPACE ISR_Stack_Size
```

```
Stack_Top
```

```
;// <h> Heap Configuration
;// <o> Heap Size (in Bytes) <0x0-0xFFFFFFFF>
;// </h>
```

```
Heap_Size    EQU    0x00000000

                AREA  HEAP, NOINIT, READWRITE, ALIGN=3
__heap_base
Heap_Mem      SPACE  Heap_Size
__heap_limit

; VPBDIV definitions
VPBDIV        EQU    0xE01FC100    ; VPBDIV Address

; // <e> VPBDIV Setup
; // <i> Peripheral Bus Clock Rate
; // <o1.0..1> VPBDIV: VPB Clock
; //      <0=> VPB Clock = CPU Clock / 4
; //      <1=> VPB Clock = CPU Clock
; //      <2=> VPB Clock = CPU Clock / 2
; // <o1.4..5> XCLKDIV: XCLK Pin
; //      <0=> XCLK Pin = CPU Clock / 4
; //      <1=> XCLK Pin = CPU Clock
; //      <2=> XCLK Pin = CPU Clock / 2
; // </e>
VPBDIV_SETUP  EQU    0
VPBDIV_Val    EQU    0x00000000

; Phase Locked Loop (PLL) definitions
PLL_BASE      EQU    0xE01FC080    ; PLL Base Address
PLLCON_OFS    EQU    0x00          ; PLL Control Offset
```

```

PLLCFG_OFS    EQU    0x04        ; PLL Configuration Offset
PLLSTAT_OFS   EQU    0x08        ; PLL Status Offset
PLLFEED_OFS   EQU    0x0C        ; PLL Feed Offset
PLLCON_PLLE   EQU    (1<<0)      ; PLL Enable
PLLCON_PLLC   EQU    (1<<1)      ; PLL Connect
PLLCFG_MSEL   EQU    (0x1F<<0)   ; PLL Multiplier
PLLCFG_PSEL   EQU    (0x03<<5)   ; PLL Divider
PLLSTAT_PLOCK EQU    (1<<10)     ; PLL Lock Status

```

```

; // <e> PLL Setup
; // <o1.0..4> MSEL: PLL Multiplier Selection
; //          <1-32><#-1>
; //          <i> M Value
; // <o1.5..6> PSEL: PLL Divider Selection
; //          <0=> 1 <1=> 2 <2=> 4 <3=> 8
; //          <i> P Value
; // </e>

```

```

PLL_SETUP     EQU    1
PLLCFG_Val    EQU    0x00000024

```

; Memory Accelerator Module (MAM) definitions

```

MAM_BASE      EQU    0xE01FC000   ; MAM Base Address
MAMCR_OFS     EQU    0x00        ; MAM Control Offset
MAMTIM_OFS    EQU    0x04        ; MAM Timing Offset

```

```

; // <e> MAM Setup
; // <o1.0..1> MAM Control
; //          <0=> Disabled
; //          <1=> Partially Enabled

```

```

;//      <2=> Fully Enabled
;//      <i> Mode
;// <o2.0..2> MAM Timing
;//      <0=> Reserved <1=> 1 <2=> 2 <3=> 3
;//      <4=> 4      <5=> 5 <6=> 6 <7=> 7
;//      <i> Fetch Cycles
;// </e>

MAM_SETUP    EQU    1
MAMCR_Val    EQU    0x00000002
MAMTIM_Val    EQU    0x00000004


; External Memory Controller (EMC) definitions
EMC_BASE      EQU    0xFFE00000    ; EMC Base Address
BCFG0_OFS     EQU    0x00          ; BCFG0 Offset
BCFG1_OFS     EQU    0x04          ; BCFG1 Offset
BCFG2_OFS     EQU    0x08          ; BCFG2 Offset
BCFG3_OFS     EQU    0x0C          ; BCFG3 Offset


;// <e> External Memory Controller (EMC)
EMC_SETUP     EQU    0


;// <e> Bank Configuration 0 (BCFG0)
;// <o1.0..3> IDCY: Idle Cycles <0-15>
;// <o1.5..9> WST1: Wait States 1 <0-31>
;// <o1.11..15> WST2: Wait States 2 <0-31>
;// <o1.10>   RBLE: Read Byte Lane Enable
;// <o1.26>   WP: Write Protect
;// <o1.27>   BM: Burst ROM
;// <o1.28..29> MW: Memory Width <0=> 8-bit <1=> 16-bit

```

```
;//          <2=> 32-bit <3=> Reserved

;// </e>

BCFG0_SETUP EQU      0

BCFG0_Val EQU      0x0000FBEF


;// <e> Bank Configuration 1 (BCFG1)

;// <o1.0..3>  IDCY: Idle Cycles <0-15>

;// <o1.5..9>  WST1: Wait States 1 <0-31>

;// <o1.11..15> WST2: Wait States 2 <0-31>

;// <o1.10>    RBLE: Read Byte Lane Enable

;// <o1.26>    WP: Write Protect

;// <o1.27>    BM: Burst ROM

;// <o1.28..29> MW: Memory Width <0=> 8-bit <1=> 16-bit

;//          <2=> 32-bit <3=> Reserved

;// </e>

BCFG1_SETUP EQU      0

BCFG1_Val EQU      0x0000FBEF


;// <e> Bank Configuration 2 (BCFG2)

;// <o1.0..3>  IDCY: Idle Cycles <0-15>

;// <o1.5..9>  WST1: Wait States 1 <0-31>

;// <o1.11..15> WST2: Wait States 2 <0-31>

;// <o1.10>    RBLE: Read Byte Lane Enable

;// <o1.26>    WP: Write Protect

;// <o1.27>    BM: Burst ROM

;// <o1.28..29> MW: Memory Width <0=> 8-bit <1=> 16-bit

;//          <2=> 32-bit <3=> Reserved

;// </e>

BCFG2_SETUP EQU      0

BCFG2_Val EQU      0x0000FBEF
```

```
;// <e> Bank Configuration 3 (BCFG3)
;// <o1.0..3> IDCY: Idle Cycles <0-15>
;// <o1.5..9> WST1: Wait States 1 <0-31>
;// <o1.11..15> WST2: Wait States 2 <0-31>
;// <o1.10> RBLE: Read Byte Lane Enable
;// <o1.26> WP: Write Protect
;// <o1.27> BM: Burst ROM
;// <o1.28..29> MW: Memory Width <0=> 8-bit <1=> 16-bit
;// <2=> 32-bit <3=> Reserved
;// </e>

BCFG3_SETUP EQU 0
BCFG3_Val EQU 0x0000FBEF

;// </e> End of EMC
```

```
; External Memory Pins definitions
PINSEL2 EQU 0xE002C014 ; PINSEL2 Address
PINSEL2_Val EQU 0x0E6149E4 ; CS0..3, OE, WE, BLS0..3,
; D0..31, A2..23, JTAG Pins
```

PRESERVE8

```
; Area Definition and Entry Point
; Startup Code must be linked first at Address at which it expects to run.
```

AREA RESET, CODE, READONLY

ARM

; Exception Vectors
; Mapped to Address 0.
; Absolute addressing mode must be used.
; Dummy Handlers are implemented as infinite loops which can be modified.

```
Vectors    LDR    PC, Reset_Addr
           LDR    PC, Undef_Addr
           LDR    PC, SWI_Addr
           LDR    PC, PAbt_Addr
           LDR    PC, DAbt_Addr
           NOP                    ; Reserved Vector
;          LDR    PC, IRQ_Addr
           LDR    PC, [PC, #-0xFF0] ; Vector from VicVectAddr
           LDR    PC, FIQ_Addr
```

```
Reset_Addr DCD    Reset_Handler
Undef_Addr DCD    Undef_Handler
SWI_Addr   DCD    SWI_Handler
PAbt_Addr  DCD    PAbt_Handler
DAbt_Addr  DCD    DAbt_Handler
           DCD    0                ; Reserved Address
IRQ_Addr   DCD    IRQ_Handler
FIQ_Addr   DCD    FIQ_Handler
```

```
Undef_Handler B    Undef_Handler
SWI_Handler   B    SWI_Handler
PAbt_Handler  B    PAbt_Handler
```

DAbt_Handler B DAbt_Handler

IRQ_Handler B IRQ_Handler

FIQ_Handler B FIQ_Handler

; Reset Handler

EXPORT Reset_Handler

Reset_Handler

; Setup External Memory Pins

IF :DEF:EXTERNAL_MODE

LDR R0, =PINSEL2

LDR R1, =PINSEL2_Val

STR R1, [R0]

ENDIF

; Setup External Memory Controller

IF EMC_SETUP <> 0

LDR R0, =EMC_BASE

IF BCFG0_SETUP <> 0

LDR R1, =BCFG0_Val

STR R1, [R0, #BCFG0_OFS]

ENDIF

IF BCFG1_SETUP <> 0

LDR R1, =BCFG1_Val

```
STR    R1, [R0, #BCFG1_OFS]
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
IF     BCFG2_SETUP <> 0
```

```
LDR    R1, =BCFG2_Val
```

```
STR    R1, [R0, #BCFG2_OFS]
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
IF     BCFG3_SETUP <> 0
```

```
LDR    R1, =BCFG3_Val
```

```
STR    R1, [R0, #BCFG3_OFS]
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
ENDIF ; EMC_SETUP
```

```
; Setup VPBDIV
```

```
IF     VPBDIV_SETUP <> 0
```

```
LDR    R0, =VPBDIV
```

```
LDR    R1, =VPBDIV_Val
```

```
STR    R1, [R0]
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
; Setup PLL
```

```
IF     PLL_SETUP <> 0
```

```
LDR    R0, =PLL_BASE
```

```
MOV     R1, #0xAA
```

```
MOV     R2, #0x55
```

; Configure and Enable PLL

```
MOV    R3, #PLLCFG_Val
STR    R3, [R0, #PLLCFG_OFS]
MOV    R3, #PLLCON_PLLE
STR    R3, [R0, #PLLCON_OFS]
STR    R1, [R0, #PLLFEED_OFS]
STR    R2, [R0, #PLLFEED_OFS]
```

; Wait until PLL Locked

```
PLL_Loop    LDR    R3, [R0, #PLLSTAT_OFS]
            ANDS   R3, R3, #PLLSTAT_PLOCK
            BEQ    PLL_Loop
```

; Switch to PLL Clock

```
MOV    R3, #(PLLCON_PLLE:OR:PLLCON_PLLC)
STR    R3, [R0, #PLLCON_OFS]
STR    R1, [R0, #PLLFEED_OFS]
STR    R2, [R0, #PLLFEED_OFS]
ENDIF ; PLL_SETUP
```

; Setup MAM

```
IF      MAM_SETUP <> 0
LDR     R0, =MAM_BASE
MOV     R1, #MAMTIM_Val
STR     R1, [R0, #MAMTIM_OFS]
MOV     R1, #MAMCR_Val
STR     R1, [R0, #MAMCR_OFS]
ENDIF ; MAM_SETUP
```

; Memory Mapping (when Interrupt Vectors are in RAM)

MEMMAP EQU 0xE01FC040 ; Memory Mapping Control

IF :DEF:REMAP

LDR R0, =MEMMAP

IF :DEF:EXTMEM_MODE

MOV R1, #3

ELIF :DEF:RAM_MODE

MOV R1, #2

ELSE

MOV R1, #1

ENDIF

STR R1, [R0]

ENDIF

; Initialise Interrupt System

; ...

; Setup Stack for each mode

LDR R0, =Stack_Top

; Enter Undefined Instruction Mode and set its Stack Pointer

MSR CPSR_c, #Mode_UND:OR:I_Bit:OR:F_Bit

MOV SP, R0

SUB R0, R0, #UND_Stack_Size

; Enter Abort Mode and set its Stack Pointer

```
MSR    CPSR_c, #Mode_ABT:OR:I_Bit:OR:F_Bit
MOV     SP, R0
SUB     R0, R0, #ABT_Stack_Size
```

; Enter FIQ Mode and set its Stack Pointer

```
MSR     CPSR_c, #Mode_FIQ:OR:I_Bit:OR:F_Bit
MOV      SP, R0
SUB      R0, R0, #FIQ_Stack_Size
```

; Enter IRQ Mode and set its Stack Pointer

```
MSR     CPSR_c, #Mode_IRQ:OR:I_Bit:OR:F_Bit
MOV      SP, R0
SUB      R0, R0, #IRQ_Stack_Size
```

; Enter Supervisor Mode and set its Stack Pointer

```
MSR     CPSR_c, #Mode_SVC:OR:I_Bit:OR:F_Bit
MOV      SP, R0
SUB      R0, R0, #SVC_Stack_Size
```

; Enter User Mode and set its Stack Pointer

```
MSR     CPSR_c, #Mode_USR
IF      :DEF: __MICROLIB
```

```
EXPORT __initial_sp
```

```
ELSE
```

```
MOV     SP, R0
SUB     SL, SP, #USR_Stack_Size
```

ENDIF

; Enter the C code

IMPORT __main

LDR R0, __main

BX R0

IF :DEF:__MICROLIB

EXPORT __heap_base

EXPORT __heap_limit

ELSE

; User Initial Stack & Heap

AREA |.text|, CODE, READONLY

IMPORT __use_two_region_memory

EXPORT __user_initial_stackheap

__user_initial_stackheap

LDR R0, Heap_Mem

LDR R1, (Stack_Mem + USR_Stack_Size)

LDR R2, (Heap_Mem + Heap_Size)

LDR R3, Stack_Mem

BX LR

ENDIF

END

6.5 config.h

```

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**          Guangzhou ZLG-MCU Development Co.,LTD.
**
**          graduate school
**
**          http://www.zlgmcu.com
**

**-----File Info-----

** File Name: config.h
** Last modified Date: 2004-09-17
** Last Version: 1.0
** Descriptions: User Configurable File
**

**-----

** Created By: Chenmingji
** Created date: 2004-09-17
** Version: 1.0
** Descriptions: First version
**

**-----

** Modified by:
** Modified date:
** Version:
** Descriptions:
**

*****/

#ifndef __CONFIG_H
#define __CONFIG_H

//Õâ»ª»ù±¾µÄÄä

```



```
//This segment should not be modified

#ifndef TRUE
#define TRUE 1
#endif

#ifndef FALSE
#define FALSE 0
#endif

typedef unsigned char uint8;          /* defined for unsigned 8-bits integer variable
    Î··û°Å8Î»ÕûÐÍ±äÁ¿ */
typedef signed char int8;             /* defined for signed 8-bits integer variable
    ÓÐ·û°Å8Î»ÕûÐÍ±äÁ¿ */
typedef unsigned short uint16;        /* defined for unsigned 16-bits integer variable
    Î··û°Å16Î»ÕûÐÍ±äÁ¿ */
typedef signed short int16;           /* defined for signed 16-bits integer variable
    ÓÐ·û°Å16Î»ÕûÐÍ±äÁ¿ */
typedef unsigned int uint32;          /* defined for unsigned 32-bits integer variable
    Î··û°Å32Î»ÕûÐÍ±äÁ¿ */
typedef signed int int32;             /* defined for signed 32-bits integer variable
    ÓÐ·û°Å32Î»ÕûÐÍ±äÁ¿ */
typedef float fp32;                   /* single precision floating point variable (32bits)
    µ¥¾¼«¶È,µãÊý£³²Î»³²¶È£© */
typedef double fp64;                  /* double precision floating point variable (64bits)
    È«¾¼«¶È,µãÊý£³²Î»³²¶È£© */

/*****

/*   uC/OS-II specital code */

/*   uC/OS-IIµÀØÊâ´úÂë */

*****/

#define USER_USING_MODE 0x10          /* User mode ,ARM 32BITS CODE
    ÓÃ»§Ä£Ê½½,ARM´úÂë */
```

```
//
                                /* Chosen one from
0x10,0x30,0x1f,0x3f.Ö»ÄÜÊÇ0x10,0x30,0x1f,0x3fÖ®Ö» */

/*****/

/*  ARMµÄÌØÊâ´úÄë */
/*  ARM specital code */
/*****/

//ÖâÖ»¶ÎÐÐè,Ä¶
//This segment should not be modify

#include  "LPC2124.h"

/*****/

/*  Ó!ÓÃ³ÌÐòÄäÖÃ */
/*Application Program Configurations*/
/*****/

//ÒÔÎÂ,ù¾4ÝÐèÒª,Ä¶
//This segment could be modified as needed.

#include  <stdio.h>
#include  <ctype.h>
#include  <stdlib.h>
#include  <setjmp.h>
#include  <rt_misc.h>
#include  <math.h>

/*
```

```

#include "LCMDRV.h"

#include "LOADBIT.H"

#include "GUI_StockC.h"

#include "GUI_CONFIG.H"

#include "keyboard.h"

*/

/*****

/*  ±¼Àý×ÓµÄÄäÖÃ */

/*Configuration of the example */

/*****

/* System configuration .Fosc;Fcclk;Fcco;Fpclk must be defined */

/* ĬµÍÉèÖÃ, Fosc;Fcclk;Fcco;Fpclk±ØÐë¶ôÖå*/

#define Fosc      11059200          //Crystal frequency,10MHz~25MHz£¬should be
the same as actual status.

//Óµ±ÓëÊµ¼êÖ»ÖÁ¼§ÕñÆµÂê,10MHz~25MHz£¬Óµ±ÓëÊµ¼êÖ»ÖÁ

#define Fcclk      (Fosc * 4)          //System frequency,should be (1~32)multiples of
Fosc,and should be equal or less than 60MHz.

//ĬµÍÆµÂê£¬±ØÐëÊ®FoscµÄÕüý±¶(1~32)£¬ÇÒ≤60MHZ

#define Fcco      (Fcclk * 4)          //CCO frequency,should be 2;4;8;16 multiples
of Fcclk, ranged from 156MHz to 320MHz.

//CCOÆµÂê£¬±ØÐëÊ®FcclkµÄ2;4;8;16±¶£¬¶ÎÊ®156MHz~320MHz

#define Fpclk      (Fcclk / 4) * 1      //VPB clock frequency , must be 1;2;4 multiples
of (Fcclk / 4).

//VPB±ÖÓÆµÂê£¬Ö»ÄÜÊ®(Fcclk /
4)µÄ1;2;4±¶

#include "target.h"          //This line may not be deleted Öå»³¼ä»ÄÜÉ³ý

```

6.6 lcddrv.h

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```

*****
*****/

extern void GUI_Initialize(void);

/*****
*****

**  °- ÊýÃû³Æ: GUI_FillSCR()

**  ¹|ÄÜÃèÊö:
Ê«ÆÁÏ³ä;£Ö±½ÓÊ¹ÓÃÊý¾ÝÏ³äÏÊ³¼»³àÇø;£,ù¾ÝLCMµÃÊµ¼ÊÇé;ö±àÐ´Ê°-Êý

**  Êä;ÿÊö: dat      Ï³äµÃÊý¾Ý

**  Êä;ÿö: ÎÐ

**  Ê«¾Ö±äÄ;: ÎÐ

**  µ÷ÓÃÄ£é: ÎÐ

**  Modified by:

**  Modified date:

**  _____

*****
*****/

extern void GUI_FillSCR(TCOLOR dat);

/*****
*****

**  °- ÊýÃû³Æ: GUI_ClearSCR()

**  ¹|ÄÜÃèÊö: ÇâÆÁ

**  Êä;ÿÊö: ÎÐ

**  Êä;ÿö: ÎÐ

**  Ê«¾Ö±äÄ;: ÎÐ

**  µ÷ÓÃÄ£é: ÎÐ

**  Modified by:

**  Modified date:

**  _____

```

```

*****
*****/

//extern void GUI_ClearSCR(void);

#define GUI_ClearSCR()          GUI_FillSCR(0x00)

/*****
*****

**  °- ÊýÃû³Æ: GUI_Point

**  ₁ÄÜÃêÊö: ÔÚÖ, ¶Î»ÖÃÉĬ»-µã

**  ÊäĭĚë:
xÖ, ¶Î»µãËùÔÚÁĐµÄĬ»ÖÃ£»yÖ, ¶Î»µãËùÔÚĐĐµÄĬ»ÖÃ£»colorĬÔÊ³⁄₄ÑŎÉ«(¶ÔÓÚ°Ú°×É«L
CM£-Ĭª0Ê±Ãđ£-Ĭª1Ê±ĬÔÊ³⁄₄)

**  Êäĭĭ³ö: ·µ»ØÖµĬª1Ê±±ĬÊ³⁄₄²Û×÷³ÉĬª£-Ĭª0Ê±±ĬÊ³⁄₄²Û×÷Ê§°Û

**  È«³⁄₄Ö±äÁĭ: ĬÐ

**  µ÷ÓÃÄ£ĭé: ĬÐ

**  Modified by:

**  Modified date:

**  _____

*****
*****/

extern uint8 GUI_Point(uint8 x, uint8 y, TCOLOR color);

/*****
*****

**  °- ÊýÃû³Æ: GUI_ReadPoint

**  ₁ÄÜÃêÊö:
¶ÁÊĭÖ, ¶Î»µãµÃÑŎÉ«ĭ£¶ÔÓÚµ¥É«£-ÊèÖÃretµÄd0Ĭ»Ĭª1»ð0£-4¹⁄₄¶»Ö¶ĬÔđĬªd0ĭd1ÓĐĐ§
£-8Ĭ»RGBÔðd0--d7ÓĐĐ§£-RGB¹⁄₂á¹¹ÔðRĭGĭB±äÁĭÓĐĐ§

**  ÊäĭĚë: xÖ, ¶Î»µãËùÔÚÁĐµÄĬ»ÖÃ£»
yÖ, ¶Î»µãËùÔÚĐĐµÄĬ»ÖÃ£»ret±£´æÑŎÉ«ÖµµÄÖ, Ŏë

```

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```

** 1|ÄÜÃèÊö: »-ÊúÖ±İß;£
** Êä;ÿ:Èë: x0  Ê®Æ½İßÆðµãËùÔÚÁĐµÄÎ»ÖÃ
*      y0  Ê®Æ½İßÆðµãËùÔÚĐĐµÄÎ»ÖÃ
*      x1  Ê®Æ½İßÖÖµãËùÔÚÁĐµÄÎ»ÖÃ
*      color İÔÊ¾ÑŒÉ«(¶ÔÓÚ°Ú°×É«LCM£-Îª0Ê±Ãð£-Îª1Ê±İÔÊ¾)
** Êä;ÿ³ö: Îª
** È«¾Ö±äÁ;: Îª
** µ÷ÓÃÄ£é: Îª
** Modified by:
** Modified date:
** -----

*****
*****/

extern void  GUI_RLine(uint8 x0, uint8 y0, uint8 y1, TCOLOR color);

/*****
*****

** °-ÊýÃû³Æ: GUI_CmpColor()
** 1|ÄÜÃèÊö: ÅĐ¶İÑŒÉ«ÖµÊÇ·ñÒ»ÖÁ;£
** Êä;ÿ:Èë: color1      ÑŒÉ«Öµ1
*      color2      ÑŒÉ«Öµ2
*      color İÔÊ¾ÑŒÉ«(¶ÔÓÚ°Ú°×É«LCM£-Îª0Ê±Ãð£-Îª1Ê±İÔÊ¾)
** Êä;ÿ³ö: ·µ»Ø1±İÊ¾İàİ-£-µ»Ø0±İÊ¾İàİ-;£
** È«¾Ö±äÁ;: Îª
** µ÷ÓÃÄ£é: Îª
** Modified by:
** Modified date:
** -----

*****
*****/

//extern int  GUI_CmpColor(TCOLOR color1, TCOLOR color2);

```



```
#define GUI_CmpColor(color1, color2)    ((color1&0x01) == (color2&0x01))
```

```
//ÑÕÉ«Öµ,´ÖÆ color1£°Ä¿±êÑÕÉ«±äÁ¿ color2£°ÔÑÕÉ«±äÁ¿ color  
ïÔÊ¾¼ÑÕÉ«(¶ÔÓÚ°Ú°×É«LCM£¬Î³0Ê±Ãð£¬Î³1Ê±ïÔÊ¾¼)
```

```
#define GUI_CopyColor(color1, color2)    *color1 = color2&0x01
```

6.7 LPC2124.h

```
/* **** */
/* This file is part of the uVision/ARM development tools */
/* Copyright KEIL ELEKTRONIK GmbH 2002-2005 */
/* **** */
/* */
/* LPC21XX.H: Header file for Philips LPC2114 / LPC2119 */
/* LPC2124 / LPC2129 */
/* LPC2194 */
/* */
/* **** */

#ifndef __LPC21xx_H
#define __LPC21xx_H

/* Vectored Interrupt Controller (VIC) */
#define VICIRQStatus (*(volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF000)
#define VICFIQStatus (*(volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF004)
#define VICRawIntr (*(volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF008)
#define VICIntSelect (*(volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF00C)
#define VICIntEnable (*(volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF010)
#define VICIntEnClr (*(volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF014)
#define VICSoftInt (*(volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF018)
#define VICSoftIntClr (*(volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF01C)
```

```
#define VICProtection (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF020))
#define VICVectAddr  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF030))
#define VICDefVectAddr (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF034))
#define VICVectAddr0  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF100))
#define VICVectAddr1  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF104))
#define VICVectAddr2  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF108))
#define VICVectAddr3  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF10C))
#define VICVectAddr4  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF110))
#define VICVectAddr5  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF114))
#define VICVectAddr6  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF118))
#define VICVectAddr7  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF11C))
#define VICVectAddr8  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF120))
#define VICVectAddr9  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF124))
#define VICVectAddr10 (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF128))
#define VICVectAddr11 (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF12C))
#define VICVectAddr12 (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF130))
#define VICVectAddr13 (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF134))
#define VICVectAddr14 (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF138))
#define VICVectAddr15 (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF13C))
#define VICVectCntl0  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF200))
#define VICVectCntl1  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF204))
#define VICVectCntl2  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF208))
#define VICVectCntl3  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF20C))
#define VICVectCntl4  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF210))
#define VICVectCntl5  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF214))
#define VICVectCntl6  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF218))
#define VICVectCntl7  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF21C))
#define VICVectCntl8  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF220))
#define VICVectCntl9  (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF224))
#define VICVectCntl10 (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF228))
```

```
#define VICVectCntl11 (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF22C))
#define VICVectCntl12 (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF230))
#define VICVectCntl13 (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF234))
#define VICVectCntl14 (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF238))
#define VICVectCntl15 (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xFFFFF23C))
```

```
/* Pin Connect Block */
```

```
#define PINSEL0      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE002C000))
#define PINSEL1      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE002C004))
#define PINSEL2      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE002C014))
```

```
/* General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) */
```

```
#define IOPIN0       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0028000))
#define IOSET0       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0028004))
#define IODIR0       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0028008))
#define IOCLR0       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE002800C))
#define IOPIN1       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0028010))
#define IOSET1       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0028014))
#define IODIR1       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0028018))
#define IOCLR1       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE002801C))
#define IO0PIN       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0028000))
#define IO0SET       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0028004))
#define IO0DIR       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0028008))
#define IO0CLR       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE002800C))
#define IO1PIN       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0028010))
#define IO1SET       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0028014))
#define IO1DIR       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0028018))
#define IO1CLR       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE002801C))
```

```
/* Memory Accelerator Module (MAM) */
```

```
#define MAMCR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE01FC000))
#define MAMTIM     (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE01FC004))
#define MEMMAP     (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE01FC040))

/* Phase Locked Loop (PLL) */
#define PLLCON     (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE01FC080))
#define PLLCFG     (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE01FC084))
#define PLLSTAT    (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE01FC088))
#define PLLFEED    (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE01FC08C))

/* VPB Divider */
#define VPBDIV     (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE01FC100))

/* Power Control */
#define PCON       (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE01FC0C0))
#define PCONP      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE01FC0C4))

/* External Interrupts */
#define EXTINT      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE01FC140))
#define EXTWAKE     (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE01FC144))
#define EXTMODE     (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE01FC148))
#define EXTPOLAR    (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE01FC14C))

/* Timer 0 */
#define T0IR        (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0004000))
#define T0TCR       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0004004))
#define T0TC        (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0004008))
#define T0PR        (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE000400C))
#define T0PC        (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0004010))
#define T0MCR       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0004014))
```

```
#define T0MR0      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0004018))
#define T0MR1      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE000401C))
#define T0MR2      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0004020))
#define T0MR3      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0004024))
#define T0CCR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0004028))
#define T0CR0      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE000402C))
#define T0CR1      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0004030))
#define T0CR2      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0004034))
#define T0CR3      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0004038))
#define T0EMR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE000403C))

/* Timer 1 */
#define T1IR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0008000))
#define T1TCR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0008004))
#define T1TC      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0008008))
#define T1PR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE000800C))
#define T1PC      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0008010))
#define T1MCR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0008014))
#define T1MR0      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0008018))
#define T1MR1      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE000801C))
#define T1MR2      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0008020))
#define T1MR3      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0008024))
#define T1CCR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0008028))
#define T1CR0      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE000802C))
#define T1CR1      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0008030))
#define T1CR2      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0008034))
#define T1CR3      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0008038))
#define T1EMR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE000803C))

/* Pulse Width Modulator (PWM) */
```

```
#define PWMIR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0014000))
#define PWMTCR     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0014004))
#define PWMTC      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0014008))
#define PWMPR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE001400C))
#define PWMPC      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0014010))
#define PWMMCR     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0014014))
#define PWMMR0     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0014018))
#define PWMMR1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE001401C))
#define PWMMR2     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0014020))
#define PWMMR3     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0014024))
#define PWMMR4     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0014040))
#define PWMMR5     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0014044))
#define PWMMR6     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0014048))
#define PWMPCR     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE001404C))
#define PWMLER     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0014050))
```

```
/* Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter 0 (UART0) */
```

```
#define U0RBR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE000C000))
#define U0THR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE000C000))
#define U0IER      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE000C004))
#define U0IIR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE000C008))
#define U0FCR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE000C008))
#define U0LCR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE000C00C))
#define U0LSR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE000C014))
#define U0SCR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE000C01C))
#define U0FDR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE000C028))
#define U0DLL      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE000C000))
#define U0DLM      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE000C004))
```

```
/* Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter 1 (UART1) */
```

```
#define U1RBR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0010000))
#define U1THR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0010000))
#define U1IER      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0010004))
#define U1IIR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0010008))
#define U1FCR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0010008))
#define U1LCR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE001000C))
#define U1MCR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0010010))
#define U1LSR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0010014))
#define U1MSR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0010018))
#define U1SCR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE001001C))
#define U1FDR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0010028))
#define U1DLL      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0010000))
#define U1DLM      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0010004))

/* I2C Interface */
#define I2CONSET    (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE001C000))
#define I2STAT      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE001C004))
#define I2DAT       (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE001C008))
#define I2ADR       (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE001C00C))
#define I2SCLH      (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE001C010))
#define I2SCLL      (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE001C014))
#define I2CONCLR    (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE001C018))

/* SPI0 (Serial Peripheral Interface 0) */
#define S0SPCR      (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE0020000))
#define S0SPSR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0020004))
#define S0SPDR      (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE0020008))
#define S0SPCCR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE002000C))
#define S0SPINT      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE002001C))
```

```
/* SPI1 (Serial Peripheral Interface 1) */

#define S1SPCR      (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE0030000))
#define S1SPSR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0030004))
#define S1SPDR      (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE0030008))
#define S1SPCCR      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE003000C))
#define S1SPINT      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE003001C))

/* Real Time Clock */

#define ILR          (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0024000))
#define CTC          (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE0024004))
#define CCR          (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0024008))
#define CIIR         (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE002400C))
#define AMR          (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0024010))
#define CTIME0       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0024014))
#define CTIME1       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0024018))
#define CTIME2       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE002401C))
#define SEC          (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0024020))
#define MIN          (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0024024))
#define HOUR         (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0024028))
#define DOM          (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE002402C))
#define DOW          (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0024030))
#define DOY          (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE0024034))
#define MONTH        (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0024038))
#define YEAR         (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE002403C))
#define ALSEC        (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0024060))
#define ALMIN        (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0024064))
#define ALHOUR       (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0024068))
#define ALDOM        (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE002406C))
#define ALDOW        (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0024070))
#define ALDOY        (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE0024074))
```



```
#define ALMON      (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0024078))
#define ALYEAR     (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE002407C))
#define PREINT     (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE0024080))
#define PREFRAC    (*((volatile unsigned short*) 0xE0024084))

/* A/D Converter */
#define ADCR       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0034000))
#define ADDR       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0034004))

/* CAN Acceptance Filter RAM */
#define AFRAM      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0038000))

/* CAN Acceptance Filter */
#define AFMR       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE003C000))
#define SFF_sa     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE003C004))
#define SFF_GRP_sa (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE003C008))
#define EFF_sa     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE003C00C))
#define EFF_GRP_sa (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE003C010))
#define ENDofTable (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE003C014))
#define LUTerrAd   (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE003C018))
#define LUTerr     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE003C01C))

/* CAN Central Registers */
#define CANTxSR    (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0040000))
#define CANRxSR   (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0040004))
#define CANMSR    (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0040008))

/* CAN Controller 1 (CAN1) */
#define C1MOD      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044000))
#define C1CMR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044004))
```

```
#define C1GSR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044008))
#define C1ICR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004400C))
#define C1IER      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044010))
#define C1BTR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044014))
#define C1EWL      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044018))
#define C1SR       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004401C))
#define C1RFS      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044020))
#define C1RID      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044024))
#define C1RDA      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044028))
#define C1RDB      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004402C))
#define C1TFI1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044030))
#define C1TID1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044034))
#define C1TDA1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044038))
#define C1TDB1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004403C))
#define C1TFI2     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044040))
#define C1TID2     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044044))
#define C1TDA2     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044048))
#define C1TDB2     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004404C))
#define C1TFI3     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044050))
#define C1TID3     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044054))
#define C1TDA3     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0044058))
#define C1TDB3     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004405C))

/* CAN Controller 2 (CAN2) */
#define C2MOD      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048000))
#define C2CMR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048004))
#define C2GSR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048008))
#define C2ICR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004800C))
#define C2IER      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048010))
#define C2BTR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048014))
```

```
#define C2EWL      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048018))
#define C2SR       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004801C))
#define C2RFS      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048020))
#define C2RID      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048024))
#define C2RDA      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048028))
#define C2RDB      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004802C))
#define C2TFI1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048030))
#define C2TID1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048034))
#define C2TDA1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048038))
#define C2TDB1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004803C))
#define C2TFI2     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048040))
#define C2TID2     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048044))
#define C2TDA2     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048048))
#define C2TDB2     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004804C))
#define C2TFI3     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048050))
#define C2TID3     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048054))
#define C2TDA3     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0048058))
#define C2TDB3     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004805C))

/* CAN Controller 3 (CAN3) */
#define C3MOD      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C000))
#define C3CMR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C004))
#define C3GSR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C008))
#define C3ICR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C00C))
#define C3IER      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C010))
#define C3BTR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C014))
#define C3EWL      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C018))
#define C3SR       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C01C))
#define C3RFS      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C020))
#define C3RID      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C024))
```

```
#define C3RDA      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C028))
#define C3RDB      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C02C))
#define C3TFI1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C030))
#define C3TID1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C034))
#define C3TDA1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C038))
#define C3TDB1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C03C))
#define C3TFI2     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C040))
#define C3TID2     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C044))
#define C3TDA2     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C048))
#define C3TDB2     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C04C))
#define C3TFI3     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C050))
#define C3TID3     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C054))
#define C3TDA3     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C058))
#define C3TDB3     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE004C05C))

/* CAN Controller 4 (CAN4) */
#define C4MOD      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050000))
#define C4CMR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050004))
#define C4GSR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050008))
#define C4ICR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE005000C))
#define C4IER      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050010))
#define C4BTR      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050014))
#define C4EWL      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050018))
#define C4SR       (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE005001C))
#define C4RFS      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050020))
#define C4RID      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050024))
#define C4RDA      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050028))
#define C4RDB      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE005002C))
#define C4TFI1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050030))
#define C4TID1     (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050034))
```

```

#define C4TDA1      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050038))
#define C4TDB1      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE005003C))
#define C4TFI2      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050040))
#define C4TID2      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050044))
#define C4TDA2      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050048))
#define C4TDB2      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE005004C))
#define C4TFI3      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050050))
#define C4TID3      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050054))
#define C4TDA3      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0050058))
#define C4TDB3      (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE005005C))

/* Watchdog */
#define WDMOD        (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0000000))
#define WDTC         (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE0000004))
#define WDFEED       (*((volatile unsigned char *) 0xE0000008))
#define WDTV         (*((volatile unsigned long *) 0xE000000C))

#endif // __LPC21xx_H

```

6.8 target.h

```

/*****Copyright
(c)*****

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**          ÑÐ ¾¼¿  Ëù

**          ²úÆ·Ò»²¿

**

**          http://www.zlgmcu.com

**

**-----ÎÄ¹¼pÐÄĬ¢-----

**ÎÄ ¼p  ãû: target.h

**´´ ½²·  ÈË: ³ÂÃ÷¼Æ

```

```

**×ŕ°6ĐP,ÄÈÕÆÚ: 2003Äê5ÔÂ30ÈÕ
**Ãè      Êö: lpc210xf··ÉÀûÆÖµÄARM£©Ä±ê°àlØÊâµÄ´úÂěÍ·ÎÄ¼p
**      Ãĭ,ö¹¤³lÓ!µ±¾ßÓÐÕâ,öÎÄ¼pµÄĭ½±´£-ÓÃ»§,ù¾Ý³lÐðµÄÐèÒªĐP,Ä±¾ÎÄ¼p
**-----ÀúÊ·°æ±¾ĐĂĭç-----
-
** ´½·ÈË: ³ÄÃ÷¼Æ
** °æ ±¾: v1.0
** ÈÕĭÆÚ: 2003Äê5ÔÂ30ÈÕ
** ÃèĭÊö: Ô-Ê¼°æ±¾
**
**-----
** ĐP,ÄÈË:
** °æ ±¾:
** ÈÕĭÆÚ:
** ÃèĭÊö:
**
**-----µ±Ç°°æ±¾ĐP¶©-----
----
** ĐP,ÄÈË:
** ÈÕĭÆÚ:
** ÃèĭÊö:
**
**-----

*****
*****/

#ifndef IN_TARGET

extern void Reset(void);

/*****
*****

** °-ÊýÃû³Æ: Reset

```

```

** 1|ÄÜÃèÊö: Ä¿±ê°ãÊí, Î»
** Êä¿;Èë: ÎÞ
**
** Êä¿;³ö: ÎÞ
**
** È«¾Ö±äÁ¿: ÎÞ
** µ÷ÓÃÄ£¿é: ÎÞ
**
** ×÷¿;Öß: ³ÂÃ÷¼Æ
** ÈÕ¿;ÆÚ: 2003Äê5ÔÂ30ÈÕ
** -----
** ÐÞ,ÄÈÈ:
** ÈÕ¿;ÆÚ:
** -----
*****
*****/

extern void TargetInit(void);

/*****
*****

** °-ÊýÃû³Æ: TargetInit
** 1|ÄÜÃèÊö: Ä¿±ê°ã³õÊ¼»´ ´úÂ£¬ÔÚÐèÒªµÄµØ·½µ÷ÓÃ¬, ù¾ÝÐèÒª, Ä±ä
** Êä¿;Èë: ÎÞ
**
** Êä¿;³ö: ÎÞ
**
** È«¾Ö±äÁ¿: ÎÞ
** µ÷ÓÃÄ£¿é: ÎÞ
**
** ×÷¿;Öß: ³ÂÃ÷¼Æ
** ÈÕ¿;ÆÚ: 2003Äê5ÔÂ30ÈÕ

```

```

**-----
** DP,ÄÈÈ:
** ÈÕ;ÆÚ:
**-----

*****
*****/

#endif

/*****
*****

**                End Of File

*****
*****/

```

6.9 LPC2124.sct

```

; *****
;
; *** Scatter-Loading Description File for LPC2103 ***
;
; *****

LR_ROM1 0x00000000 0x00020000
{ ; load region size_region
ER_ROM1 0x00000000 0x00020000
{ ; load address = execution address
*.o (RESET, +First)
*(InRoot$$Sections)
.ANY (+RO)
}
RW_IRAM1 0x40000000 0x00004000
{ ; RW data
.ANY (+RW +ZI)
}
}

```


THANK
YOU