#------#

Question 11

Level 2

Question:

Write a program which accepts a sequence of comma separated 4 digit binary numbers as its input and then check whether they are divisible by 5 or not. The numbers that are divisible by 5 are to be printed in a comma separated sequence.

Example:

0100,0011,1010,1001

Then the output should be:

1010

Notes: Assume the data is input by console.

Hints:

In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.

```
Solution:
value = []
items=[x for x in raw_input().split(',')]
for p in items:
  intp = int(p, 2)
  if not intp%5:
    value.append(p)

print ','.join(value)
```

#-----#

#	#
Question 12	

Level 2

Question:

Write a program, which will find all such numbers between 1000 and 3000 (both included) such that each digit of the number is an even number.

The numbers obtained should be printed in a comma-separated sequence on a single line.

Hints:

In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.

```
Solution:
values = []
for i in range(1000, 3001):
    s = str(i)
    if (int(s[0])%2==0) and (int(s[1])%2==0) and (int(s[2])%2==0) and (int(s[3])%2==0):
        values.append(s)
print ",".join(values)
#------#
```

Question 13

Level 2

Write a program that accepts a sentence and calculate the number of letters and digits.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:

hello world! 123

Then, the output should be:

LETTERS 10

DIGITS 3

Hints:

In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.

#-----#

Question 14

Level 2

Question:

Write a program that accepts a sentence and calculate the number of upper case letters and lower case letters.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:

Hello world!

Then, the output should be:

UPPER CASE 1

LOWER CASE 9

Hints:

In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.

```
Solution:

s = raw_input()

d={"UPPER CASE":0, "LOWER CASE":0}

for c in s:

if c.isupper():

d["UPPER CASE"]+=1

elif c.islower():

d["LOWER CASE"]+=1

else:

pass

print "UPPER CASE", d["UPPER CASE"]

#-------#
```

#	#
Question 15	
Level 2	

Write a program that computes the value of a+aa+aaa+aaaa with a given digit as the value of a.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:

9

Then, the output should be:

11106

Hints:

In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.

Solution:

```
a = raw_input()
n1 = int( "%s" % a )
n2 = int( "%s%s" % (a,a) )
n3 = int( "%s%s%s" % (a,a,a) )
n4 = int( "%s%s%s%s" % (a,a,a,a) )
print n1+n2+n3+n4
#-------#
```

#-----#

Question 16

Level 2

Use a list comprehension to square each odd number in a list. The list is input by a sequence of comma-separated numbers.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:

1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9

Then, the output should be:

1,3,5,7,9

Hints:

In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.

Solution:

```
values = raw_input()
numbers = [x for x in values.split(",") if int(x)%2!=0]
print ",".join(numbers)
```

Question 17

Level 2

Question:

Write a program that computes the net amount of a bank account based a transaction log from console input. The transaction log format is shown as following:

D 100

W 200

D means deposit while W means withdrawal. Suppose the following input is supplied to the program: D 300 D 300 W 200 D 100 Then, the output should be: 500 Hints: In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input. Solution: netAmount = 0 while True: s = raw_input() if not s: break values = s.split(" ") operation = values[0] amount = int(values[1]) if operation=="D": netAmount+=amount elif operation=="W": netAmount-=amount else: pass print netAmount #-----#

#-----t Question 18

Level 3

Question:

A website requires the users to input username and password to register. Write a program to check the validity of password input by users.

Following are the criteria for checking the password:

- 1. At least 1 letter between [a-z]
- 2. At least 1 number between [0-9]
- 1. At least 1 letter between [A-Z]
- 3. At least 1 character from [\$#@]
- 4. Minimum length of transaction password: 6
- 5. Maximum length of transaction password: 12

Your program should accept a sequence of comma separated passwords and will check them according to the above criteria. Passwords that match the criteria are to be printed, each separated by a comma.

Example

If the following passwords are given as input to the program:

ABd1234@1,a F1#,2w3E*,2We3345

Then, the output of the program should be:

ABd1234@1

Hints:

In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.

```
Solutions:
import re
value = []
items=[x for x in raw_input().split(',')]
for p in items:
  if len(p)<6 or len(p)>12:
    continue
  else:
    pass
  if not re.search("[a-z]",p):
    continue
  elif not re.search("[0-9]",p):
    continue
  elif not re.search("[A-Z]",p):
    continue
  elif not re.search("[$#@]",p):
    continue
  elif re.search("\s",p):
    continue
  else:
    pass
  value.append(p)
print ",".join(value)
#-----#
#-----#
```

Question 19

Level 3

You are required to write a program to sort the (name, age, height) tuples by ascending order where name is string, age and height are numbers. The tuples are input by console. The sort criteria is:

- 1: Sort based on name;
- 2: Then sort based on age;
- 3: Then sort by score.

The priority is that name > age > score.

If the following tuples are given as input to the program:

Tom,19,80

John,20,90

Jony,17,91

Jony,17,93

Json,21,85

Then, the output of the program should be:

```
[('John', '20', '90'), ('Jony', '17', '91'), ('Jony', '17', '93'), ('Json', '21', '85'), ('Tom', '19', '80')]
```

Hints:

In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.

We use itemgetter to enable multiple sort keys.

Solutions:

from operator import itemgetter, attrgetter

```
while True:
    s = raw_input()
    if not s:
        break
        l.append(tuple(s.split(",")))

print sorted(l, key=itemgetter(0,1,2))
#------#

#-------#

Question 20
```

Level 3

Question:

Define a class with a generator which can iterate the numbers, which are divisible by 7, between a given range 0 and n.

```
Hints:

Consider use yield

Solution:

def putNumbers(n):

i = 0

while i<n:

j=i

i=i+1

if j%7==0:

yield j
```

for i in reverse(100):

print i	
#	#