3D tumor spheroids

This manuscript (permalink) was automatically generated from SharikHR/review@41c5602 on May 6, 2020.

Authors

• Sharik Hernandez

ⓑ XXXX-XXXX-XXXX ⋅ ♠ SharikHR

Department of \cdot Funded by Grant XXXXXXXX

• None

D XXXX-XXXX-XXXX

Department of; Department of

Abstract

Open collaborative writing with Manubot 1

Introduction

PDAC belongs to the top five of cancer-related deaths in the world and the poor prognosis is primarily due to its advanced stage at diagnosis, the progress in its treatment remains too slow as a consequence of the complex physiopathology of this tumor characterized by a heterogeneous cellular composition and the accumulation of a very dense fibrotic tissue [???]: Due to that pancreatic cancer is a heterogeneous disease, is often modelled using established cell lines in the laboratory.

In recent years, three-dimensional (3D) culture systems have gained increasing recognition as an effective tool for biological research. One widely used 3D culturing technique is the application of multicellular spheroids (MCS). Cells cultured in 3D more closely mimic the physiological environment compared to conventional monolayer culture systems. Spheroids are three-dimensional spherical cellular aggregates with high cell-density, that more closely simulate conditions existing in solid tumors where hypoxia and alterations related to intracellular metabolism occur due to poor availability of nutrients from blood vessels 2.

Pancreatic tumor microenvironment

In Pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma (PDAC), the major components of the tumor microenvironment are a complex population of fibroblasts forming the bulk of the stroma, vasculature, inflammatory and immune cells 3. PDAC is associated with evolving alterations in the tumor microenvironment, including increasing fibrosis and extracellular matrix deposition (desmoplasia). Increasing desmoplasia accompanies progressive disease and creates intratumoral pressure that compresses the vasculature, resulting in limited blood flow to the tumor and consequent hypoxia and low nutrient delivery 4.

2D and 3D cell cultures

Cell culture is a widely used *in vitro* tool to improve the understanding of cell biology, cellular mechanisms, tissue morphology, drug action, protein production and the development of tissue engineering 5.

The structure of multicellular spheroids.

Methods for the generation of MCS

MCS and PDA

References

1. Open collaborative writing with Manubot

Daniel S. Himmelstein, Vincent Rubinetti, David R. Slochower, Dongbo Hu, Venkat S. Malladi, Casey S. Greene, Anthony Gitter

PLOS Computational Biology (2019-06-24) https://doi.org/c7np

DOI: 10.1371/journal.pcbi.1007128 · PMID: 31233491 · PMCID: PMC6611653

2. Cancer cell spheroids are a better screen for the photodynamic efficiency of glycosylated photosensitizers

Patrícia M. R. Pereira, Naxhije Berisha, N. V. S. Dinesh K. Bhupathiraju, Rosa Fernandes, João P. C. Tomé, Charles Michael Drain

PLOS ONE (2017-05-17) https://doi.org/f986w7

DOI: <u>10.1371/journal.pone.0177737</u> · PMID: <u>28545086</u> · PMCID: <u>PMC5435229</u>

3. Stromal biology of pancreatic cancer

Gerald C. Chu, Alec C. Kimmelman, Aram F. Hezel, Ronald A. DePinho *Journal of Cellular Biochemistry* (2007-07-01) https://doi.org/b8w83q

DOI: 10.1002/jcb.21209 · PMID: 17266048

4. Pancreatic Cancer Metabolism: Breaking It Down to Build It Back Up

R. M. Perera, N. Bardeesy

Cancer Discovery (2015-11-03) https://doi.org/ggt22b

DOI: <u>10.1158/2159-8290.cd-15-0671</u> · PMID: <u>26534901</u> · PMCID: <u>PMC4687899</u>

5. 2D and 3D cell cultures - a comparison of different types of cancer cell cultures

Marta Kapałczyńska, Tomasz Kolenda, Weronika Przybyła, Maria Zajączkowska, Anna Teresiak, Violetta Filas, Matthew Ibbs, Renata Bliźniak, Łukasz Łuczewski, Katarzyna Lamperska *Archives of Medical Science* (2016) https://doi.org/ggt3hn

DOI: <u>10.5114/aoms.2016.63743</u> · PMID: <u>30002710</u> · PMCID: <u>PMC6040128</u>