REC-CIS

CS23333-Object Oriented Programming Using Java-2023

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Started Sunday, 6 October 2024, 12:07 AM Completed Sunday, 6 October 2024, 12:09 AM **Duration** 1 min 47 secs

Ouestion 1 Marked out of 5.00 ▼ Flag question Create a class called "Circle" with a radius attribute. You can access and modify this attribute using getter and setter methods. Calculate the area and circumference of the circle.

Area of Circle = πr^2 Circumference = $2\pi r$

Input:

Output:

Area = 12.57

Circumference = 12.57

For example:

Test	Input	Result		
1	4	Area = 50.27 Circumference = 25.13		

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
  1 | import java.io.*;
     import java.util.Scanner;
     class Circle
  4
 5
         private double radius;
 6
         public Circle(double radius){
             // set the instance variable radius
           this.radius =radius;
 8
 9
             }
         public void setRadius(double radius){
10 ,
11
             // set the radius
            this.radius=radius;
12
13
14
         public double getRadius()
15
            // return the radius
16
            return radius;
17
18
19
         public double calculateArea() { // complete the below statement
20
           return Math.PI*radius*radius;
21
22
23
         public double calculateCircumference()
24
25
             // complete the statement
            return 2*Math.PI*radius;
26
27
28
29
     class prog{
         public static void main(String[] args) {
30
31
             int r;
             Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
32
 33
             r=sc.nextInt();
             Circle c= new Circle(r);
34
             System.out.println("Area = "+String.format("%.2f", c.calculateArea()));
 35
             // invoke the calculatecircumference method
System.out.println("Circumference = "+String.format("%.2f" , c.calculateCircumference
36
 37
38
 39
             sc.close();
40
 41
                                                                                                  F
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
	1	4	Area = 50.27 Circumference = 25.13	Area = 50.27 Circumference = 25.13	
	2	6	Area = 113.10 Circumference = 37.70	Area = 113.10 Circumference = 37.70	

Question **2**Correct
Marked out of 5.00

Flag question

Create a class Student with two private attributes, name and roll number. Create three objects by invoking different constructors available in the class Student.

Student()

Student(String name)

Student(String name, int rollno)

Input:

No input

Output:

No-arg constructor is invoked 1 arg constructor is invoked 2 arg constructor is invoked Name = null , Roll no = 0 Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0 Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101

For example:

Test	Result
1	No-arg constructor is invoked 1 arg constructor is invoked 2 arg constructor is invoked Name =null , Roll no = 0 Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0 Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 - public class stud{
          private String name;
           private int roll;
 4
           public stud(){
 5
                System.out.println("No-arg constructor is invoked");
                name=null;
                roll=0;
 8
 9
10
          public stud(String name){
11
                System.out.println("1 arg constructor is invoked");
12
                this.name=name;
13
                roll=0;
14
15
16
           public stud(String name,int roll){
17
                System.out.println("2 arg constructor is invoked");
18
                this.name=name;
19
                this.roll=roll;
20
21
22
           public static void main (String[]args){
23
24
                           stud s1=new stud();
                          stud s1=new stud("Rajalakshmi");
stud s3=new stud("Lakshmi",101);
System.out.println("Name = "+s1.name+" , Roll no = "+s2.roll);
System.out.println("Name = "+s2.name+" , Roll no = "+s2.roll);
System.out.println("Name = "+s3.name+" , Roll no = "+s3.roll);
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
```

est	Expected	Got	
1	No-arg constructor is invoked	No-arg constructor is invoked	
	1 arg constructor is invoked	1 arg constructor is invoked	
	2 arg constructor is invoked	2 arg constructor is invoked	
	Name =null , Roll no = 0	Name =null , Roll no = 0	
	Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0	Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0	
	Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101	Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marked out of
5.00

Flag question

private String manufacturer; private String operating_system; public String color; private int cost;

Define a Parameterized constructor to initialize the above instance variables.

Define getter and setter methods for the attributes above.

for example: setter method for manufacturer is void setManufacturer(String manufacturer){
this.manufacturer= manufacturer;

}

String getManufacturer(){

return manufacturer;}

Display the object details by overriding the toString() method.

For example:

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 public class mobile{
        private String man;
        private String os;
 3
        public String clr;
 4
 5
        private int cost;
        public mobile(String man,String os,String clr,int cost){
 6
 7
             this.man=man;
             this.os=os;
 8
             this.clr=clr;
 9
10
             this.cost=cost;
11
            public String toString(){
12
                 return "manufacturer = "+man+"\n"+"operating_system = "+os+"\n"+"color = "+ clr+
13
14
             public static void main(String[]args){
    mobile mobile=new mobile("Redmi","Andriod","Blue",34000);
15
16
                 System.out.println(mobile);
17
18
19
20
    4
                                                                                                      F
```

1	<pre>manufacturer = Redmi operating_system = Andriod color = Blue cost = 34000</pre>	manufacturer = Redmi operating_system = Andriod color = Blue cost = 34000	
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