**REC-CIS** 

## **CS23333-Object Oriented Programming Using Java-2023**

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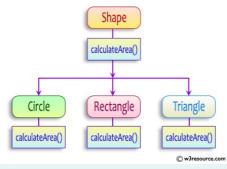
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Started Sunday, 6 October 2024, 12:15 AM Completed Sunday, 6 October 2024, 12:17 AM **Duration** 2 mins 9 secs

Question 1 Marked out of 5.00 Flag question

Create a base class Shape with a method called calculateArea(). Create three subclasses: Circle, Rectangle, and Triangle. Override the calculateArea() method in each subclass to calculate and return the shape's area.

In the given exercise, here is a simple diagram illustrating polymorphism implementation:



abstract class Shape { public abstract double calculateArea();

System.out.printf("Area of a Triangle: %.2f%n",((0.5)\*base\*height)); // use this statement

- 4 // radius of the circle to calculate area PI\*r\*r
- 5 // length of the rectangle
- 6 // breadth of the rectangle to calculate the area of a rectangle
- 4 // base of the triangle
- 3 // height of the triangle

## OUTPUT:

Area of a circle :50.27 Area of a Rectangle :30.00 Area of a Triangle :6.00

#### For example:

Test	Input	Result
1	4 5 6 4 3	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00
2	7 4.5 6.5 2.4 3.6	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32

#### Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 | import java.util.Scanner;
     // Abstract class Shape
 3
    abstract class Shape {
 5
        public abstract double calculateArea();
 6
 8
    // Circle class
    class Circle extends Shape {
        private double radius;
10
11
        public Circle(double radius) {
12
13
            this.radius = radius;
14
15
16
        public double calculateArea() {
17
18
            return Math.PI * radius * radius; // Area of circle: \pi r^2
19
```

```
20
21
    // Rectangle class
22
23 - class Rectangle extends Shape {
       private double length;
24
        private double breadth;
25
26
27
        public Rectangle(double length, double breadth) {
           this.length = length;
28
            this.breadth = breadth;
29
30
31
32
        @Override
33
        public double calculateArea() {
           return length * breadth; // Area of rectangle: length * breadth
34
35
36
37
38
    // Triangle class
39
    class Triangle extends Shape {
40
       private double base;
41
        private double height;
42
43
        public Triangle(double base, double height) {
44
           this.base = base;
45
            this.height = height;
46
47
48
        @Override
49
        public double calculateArea() {
50
           return 0.5 * base * height; // Area of triangle: 0.5 * base * height
51
52 }
                                                                                             ▼
```

Test	Input	Expected	Got	
1	4 5 6 4 3	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	
2	7 4.5 6.5 2.4 3.6	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	

Passed all tests!

# Question **2**Correct

Marked out of 5.00

▼ Flag question

As a logic building learner you are given the task to extract the string which has vowel as the first and last characters from the given array of Strings.

Step1: Scan through the array of Strings, extract the Strings with first and last characters as vowels; these strings should be concatenated.

Step2: Convert the concatenated string to lowercase and return it.

If none of the strings in the array has first and last character as vowel, then return no matches found

input1: an integer representing the number of elements in the array.

input2: String array.

Example 1:

input1: 3

input2: {"oreo", "sirish", "apple"}

output: oreoapple

Example 2:

input1: 2

input2: {"Mango", "banana"}

output: no matches found

Explanation:

None of the strings has first and last character as vowel.

Result

Hence the output is no matches found.

Example 3:

input1: 3

input2: {"Ate", "Ace", "Girl"}

output: ateace

#### For example:

Input

3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple
2 Mango banana	no matches found
3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace

#### Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
           public class VowelStringExtractor {
   4
                     // Method to extract strings with vowels as first and last characters
                     public static String extractVowelStrings(String[] stringArray) {
                               StringBuilder result = new StringBuilder();
   8
                               String vowels = "aeiouAEIOU"; // String containing all vowels
   9
10
                               // Iterate through the array of strings
11
                               for (String s : stringArray) {
12
                                           // Check if the string is not empty and if both the first and last characters ar
13
                                           \label{eq:condition}  \mbox{if (s.length() > 0 \&\& vowels.indexOf(s.charAt(0)) != -1 \&\& vowels.indexOf(s.charAt(0)) != -
14
                                                    result.append(s); // Append matching string to the result
15
16
                               }
17
                                // Return the concatenated string in lowercase or "no matches found"
18
19
                               return result.length() > 0 ? result.toString().toLowerCase() : "no matches found";
20
21
                     public static void main(String[] args) {
22
                               Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
23
24
25
                               // Input for the number of strings
26
27
                               int n = scanner.nextInt();
                               scanner.nextLine(); // Consume the newline character
28
29
                               // Input for the strings in one line
30
31
                               String input = scanner.nextLine();
32
                               String[] strings = input.split(" "); // Split input into an array
33
34
35
                                // Process and output the result
                               String result = extractVowelStrings(strings);
36
                               System.out.println(result);
37
38
                               scanner.close(); // Close the scanner
39
40
41
42
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  F
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
	3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple	oreoapple	
	2 Mango banana	no matches found	no matches found	
	3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace	ateace	

Passed all tests!

# Question **3**Correct Marked out of

5.00

Flag question

#### 1. Final Variable:

- Once a variable is declared final, its value cannot be changed after it is initialized.
- It must be initialized when it is declared or in the constructor if it's not initialized at declaration.
- It can be used to define constants

final int MAX\_SPEED = 120; // Constant value, cannot be changed

#### 2. Final Method:

- A method declared final cannot be overridden by subclasses.
- It is used to prevent modification of the method's behavior in derived classes.

```
public final void display() {
    System.out.println("This is a final method.");
}
```

## 3. Final Class:

- A class declared as final cannot be subclassed (i.e., no other class can inherit from it).
- It is used to prevent a class from being extended and modified.
- public final class Vehicle {

```
// class code
```

Given a Java Program that contains the bug in it, your task is to clear the bug to the output. you should delete any piece of code.

#### For example:

```
Test Result

1 The maximum speed is: 120 km/h
This is a subclass of FinalExample.
```

#### Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

#### Reset answer

```
1 // Final class definition
 2 ,
     final class FinalExample {
         // Final variable
 3
          final int MAX_SPEED = 120; // Constant value
 5
          // Final method
 6
          public final void display() {
 7
              System.out.println("The maximum speed is: " + MAX_SPEED + " km/h");
 8
 9
10
11
     \ensuremath{//} Main class to test the final class
12
     public class Test {
13
         public static void main(String[] args) {
    // Create an instance of FinalExample
    FinalExample example = new FinalExample();
14
15
16
17
              example.display();
18
              // Uncommenting the following line will result in a compile-time error
// because FinalExample is a final class and cannot be subclassed.
19
20
              // class SubclassExample extends FinalExample { }
21
22
               System.out.println("This is a subclass of FinalExample.");
23
24
25
26
```

Tes	Expected	Got	
1	The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.	The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.	
ed a	all tests!		

\$

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**◄** Lab-08-MCQ

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FindStringCode ►