

Introduction to Social Computing

Social Computing

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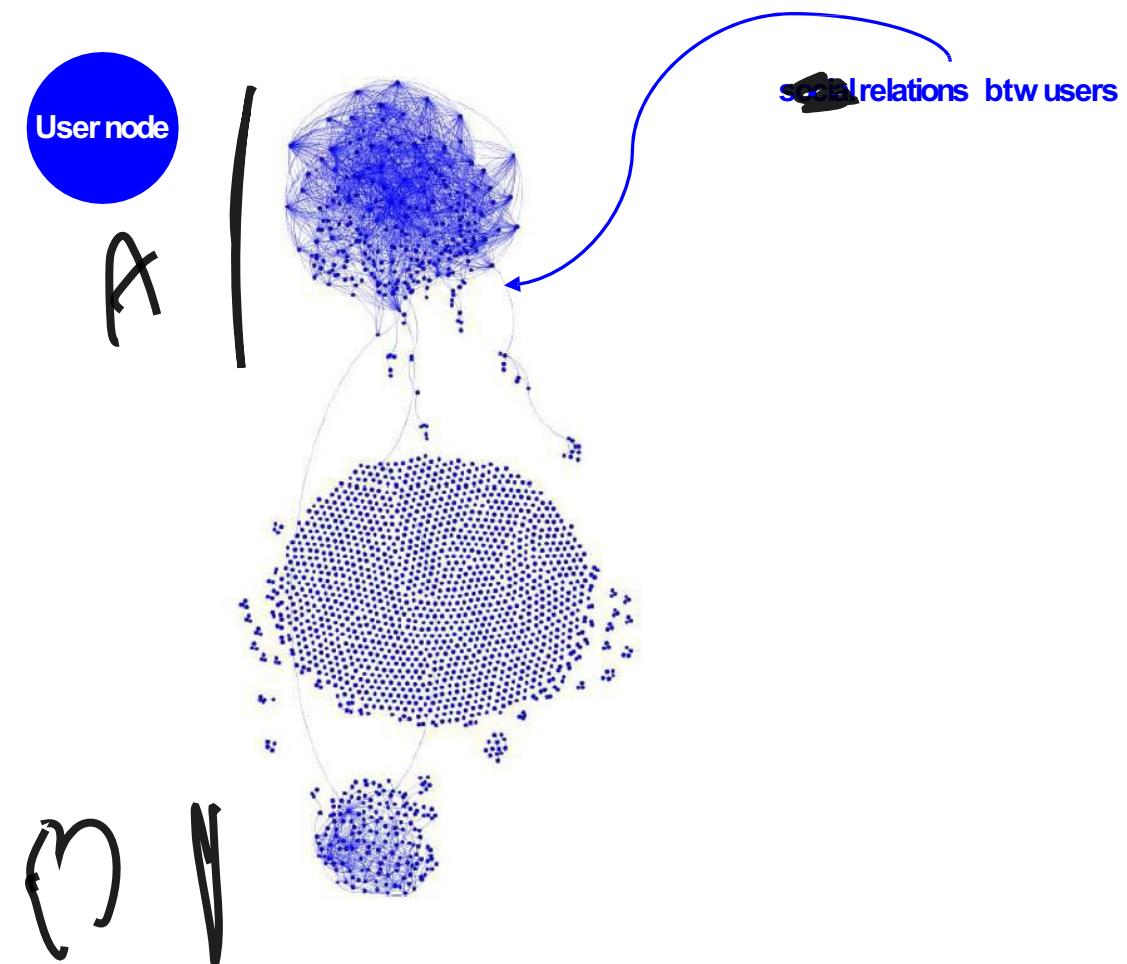
What's This Course about?

- Understanding various social phenomena through studying:
 - User-generated Content in Social Networks
 - deal with various user generated content and their propagation in networks.
 - Properties, design principles, and models!

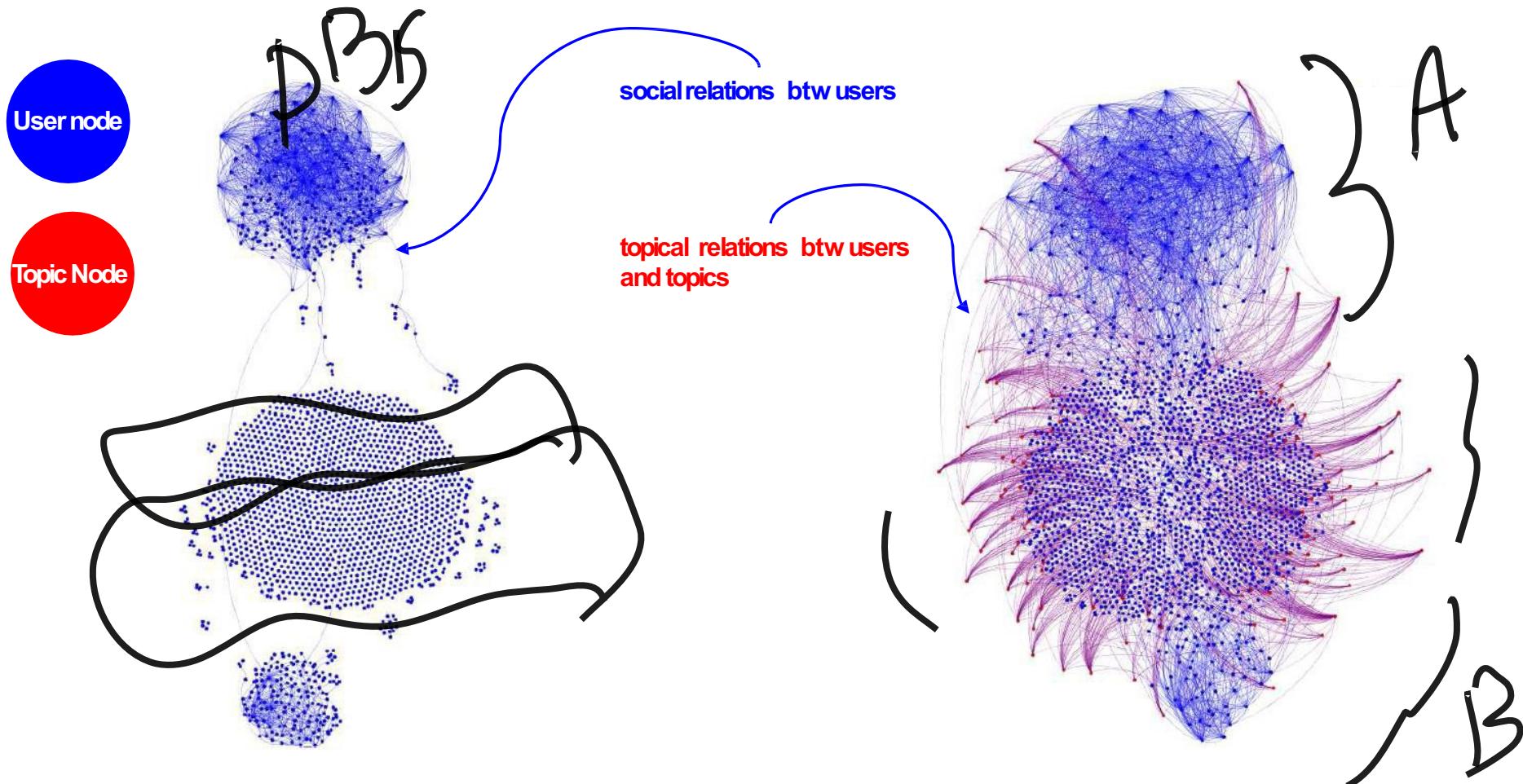
Data Proliferation



Net & Content Interactions



Net & Content Interactions



What Are Networks?

- **Communication Networks**

- Telco Nets
- Messenger Nets

- **Friendship Networks**

- Facebook

- **Microblogs**

- Twitter

- **Information Networks**

- Web!

Examples



Sample 1.

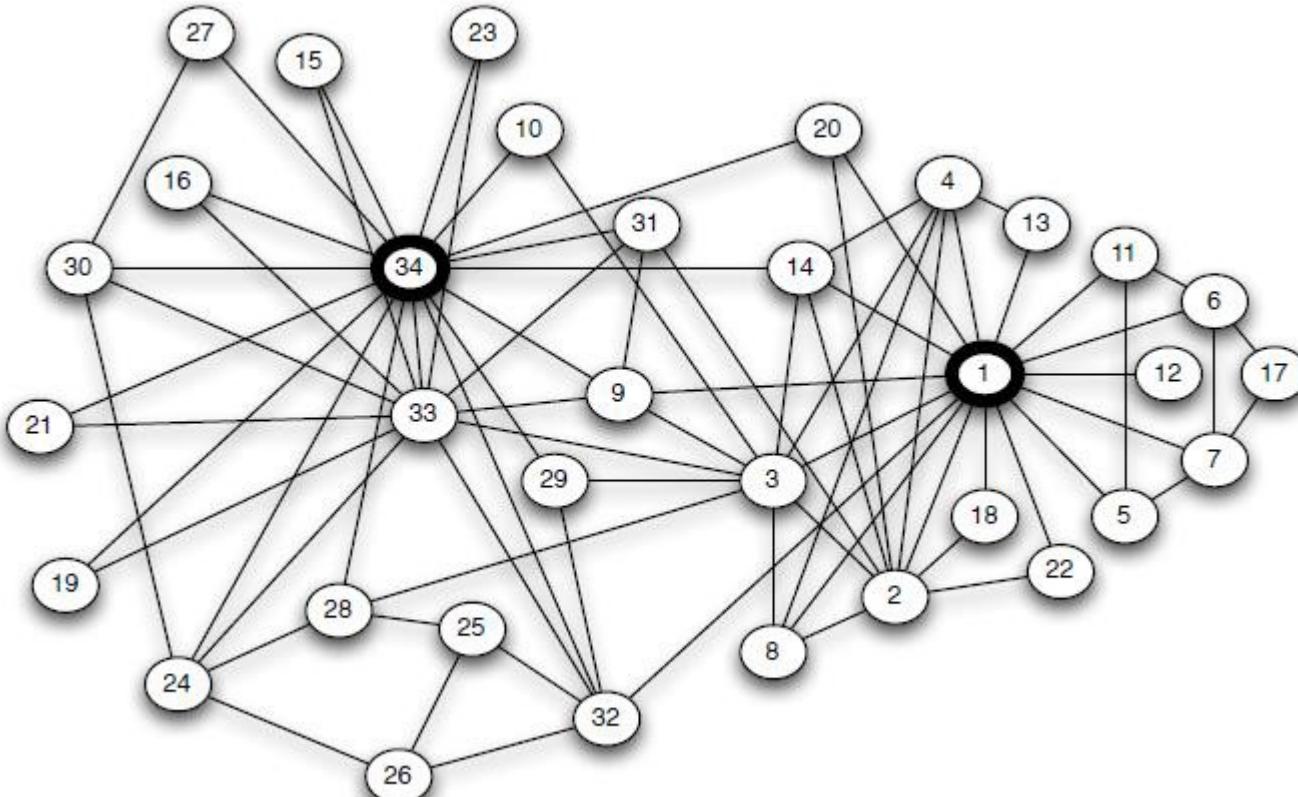


Figure 1.1: The social network of friendships within a 34-person karate club [421].

Sample 2.

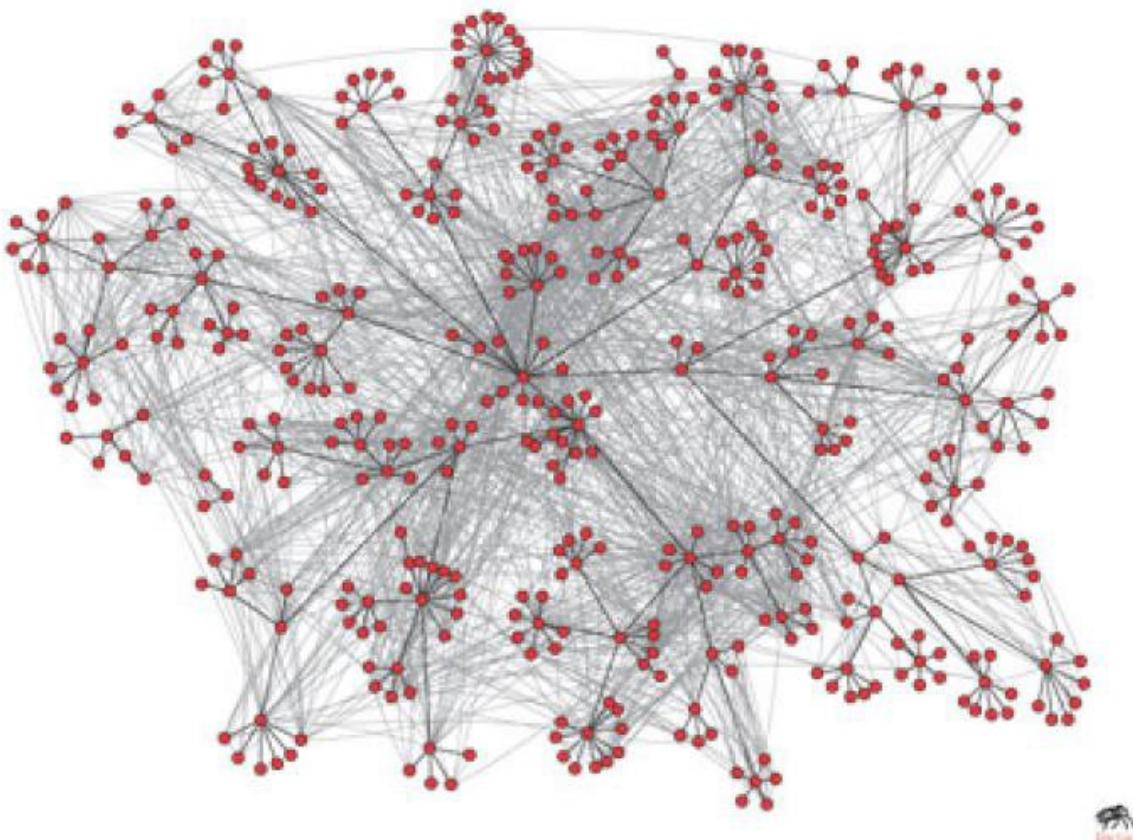


Figure 1.2: Social networks based on communication and interaction can also be constructed from the traces left by on-line data. In this case, the pattern of e-mail communication among 436 employees of Hewlett Packard Research Lab is superimposed on the official organizational hierarchy [6]. (Image from <http://www-personal.umich.edu/ladamic/img/hplabsemailhierarchy.jpg>)

Sample 3.

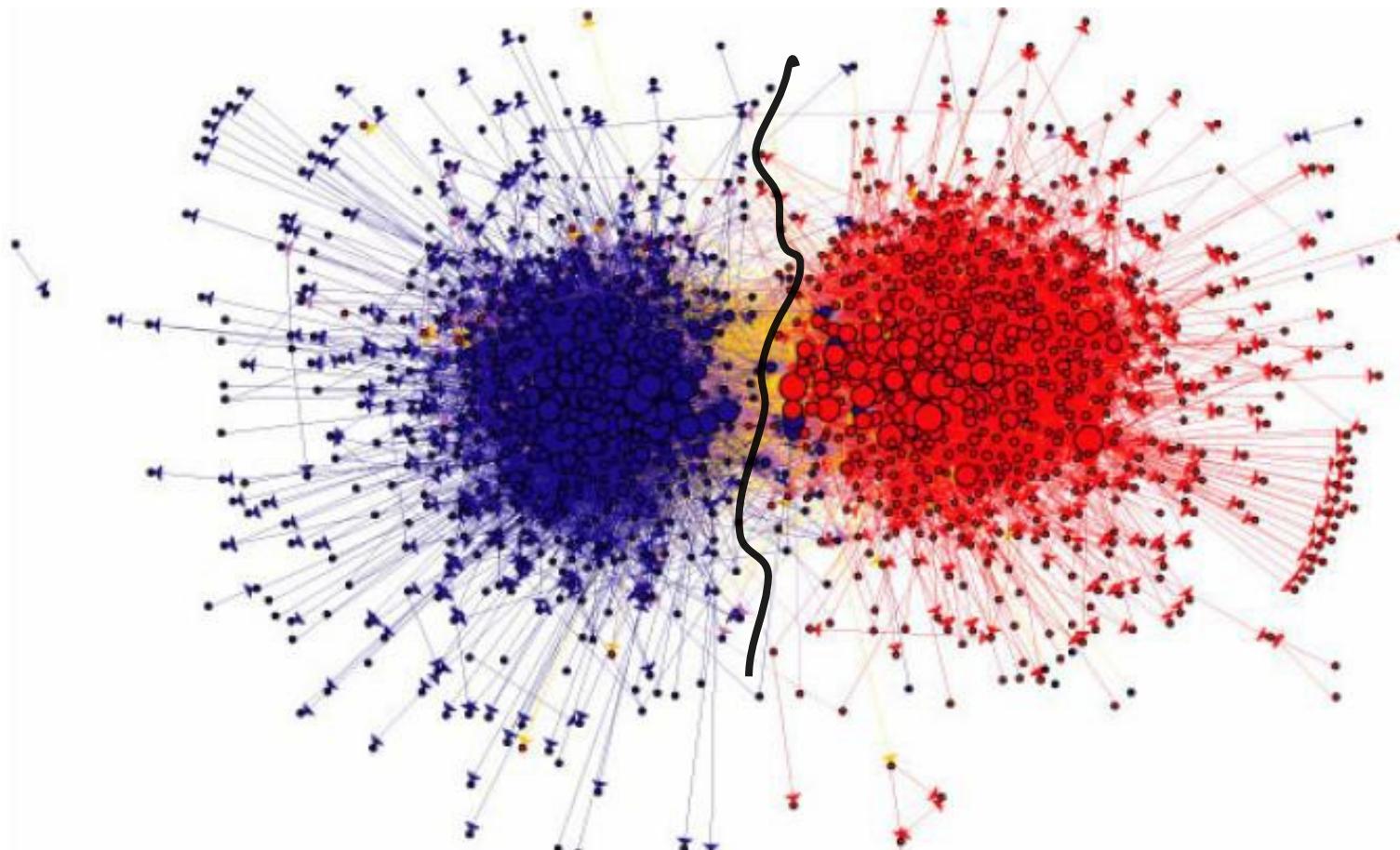


Figure 1.4: The links among Web pages can reveal densely-knit communities and prominent sites. In this case, the network structure of political blogs prior to the 2004 U.S. Presidential election reveals two natural and well-separated clusters [5]. (Image from <http://www-personal.umich.edu/~ladamic/img/politicalblogs.jpg>)

Sample 4.

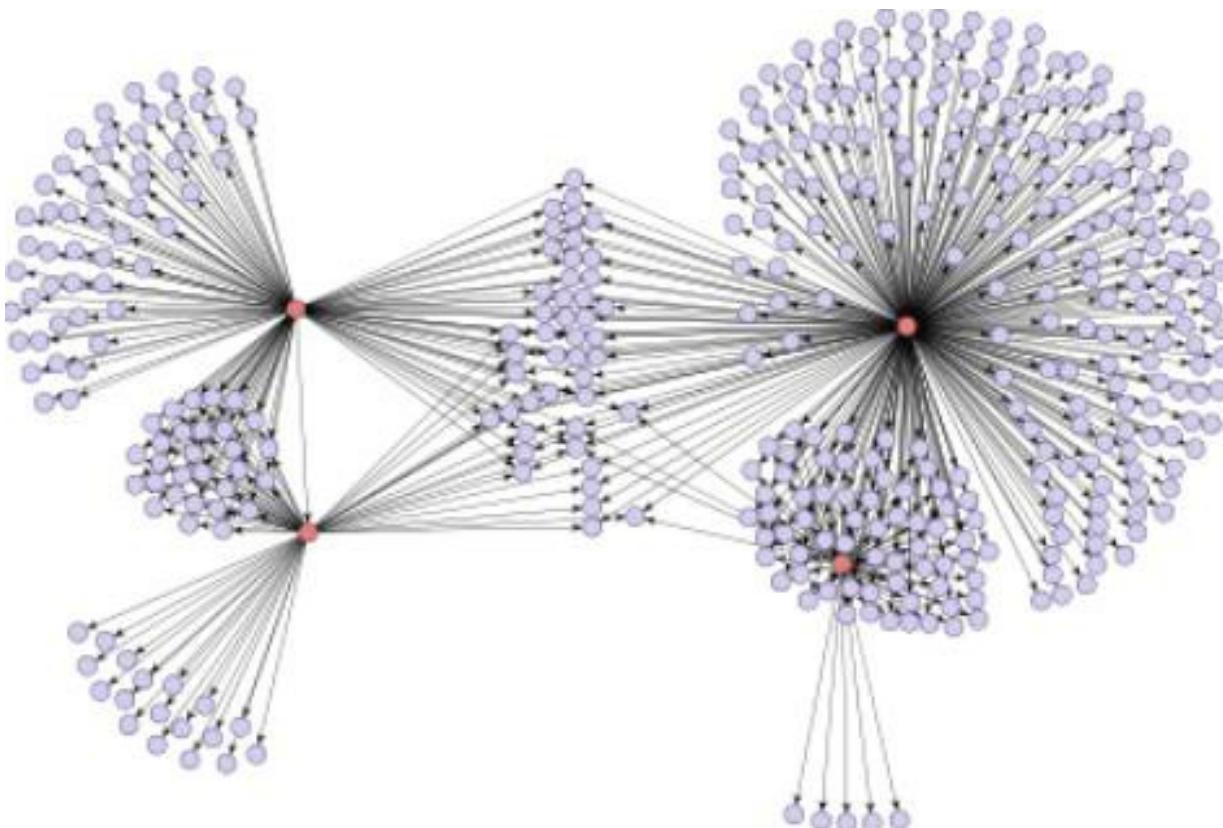


Figure 1.11: When people are influenced by the behaviors their neighbors in the network, the adoption of a new product or innovation can cascade through the network structure. Here, e-mail recommendations for a Japanese graphic novel spread in a kind of informational or social contagion. (Image from Leskovec et al. [271].)

Sample 5.

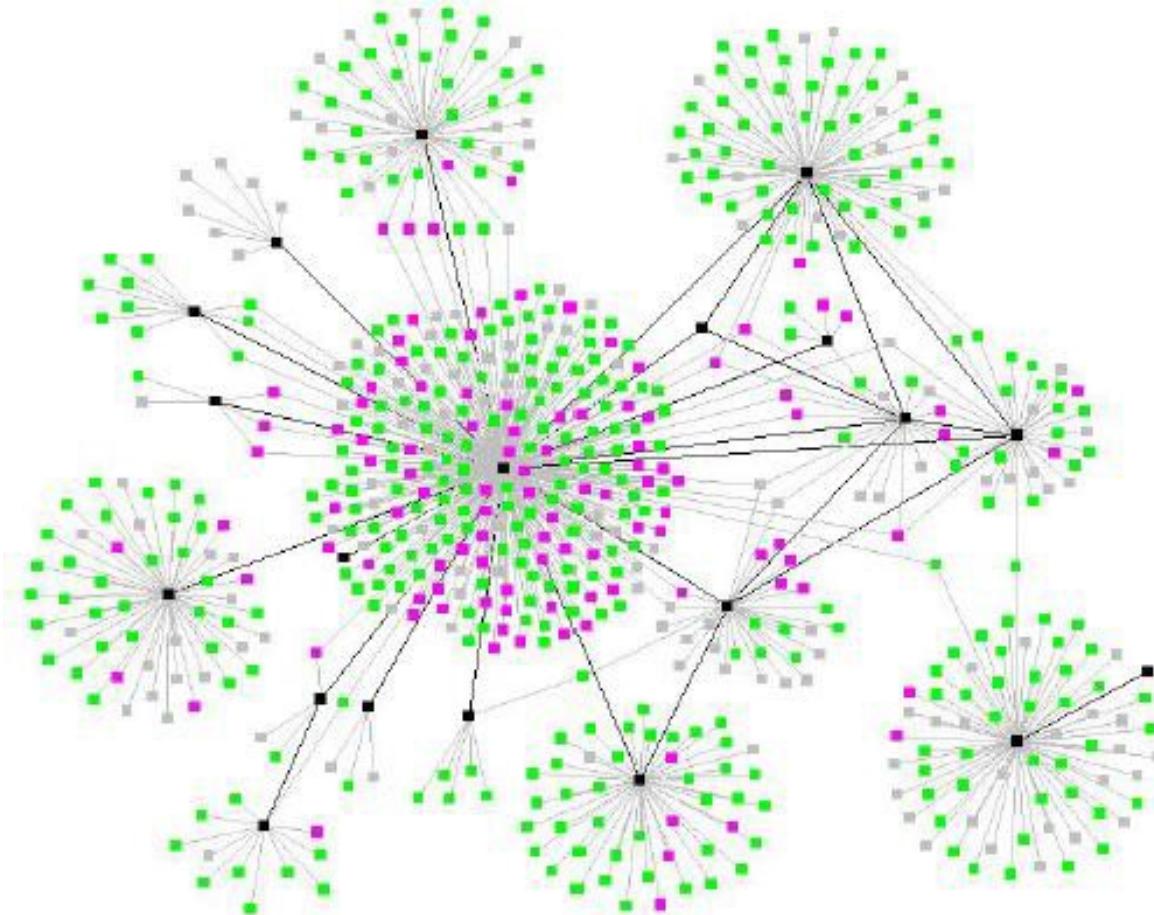
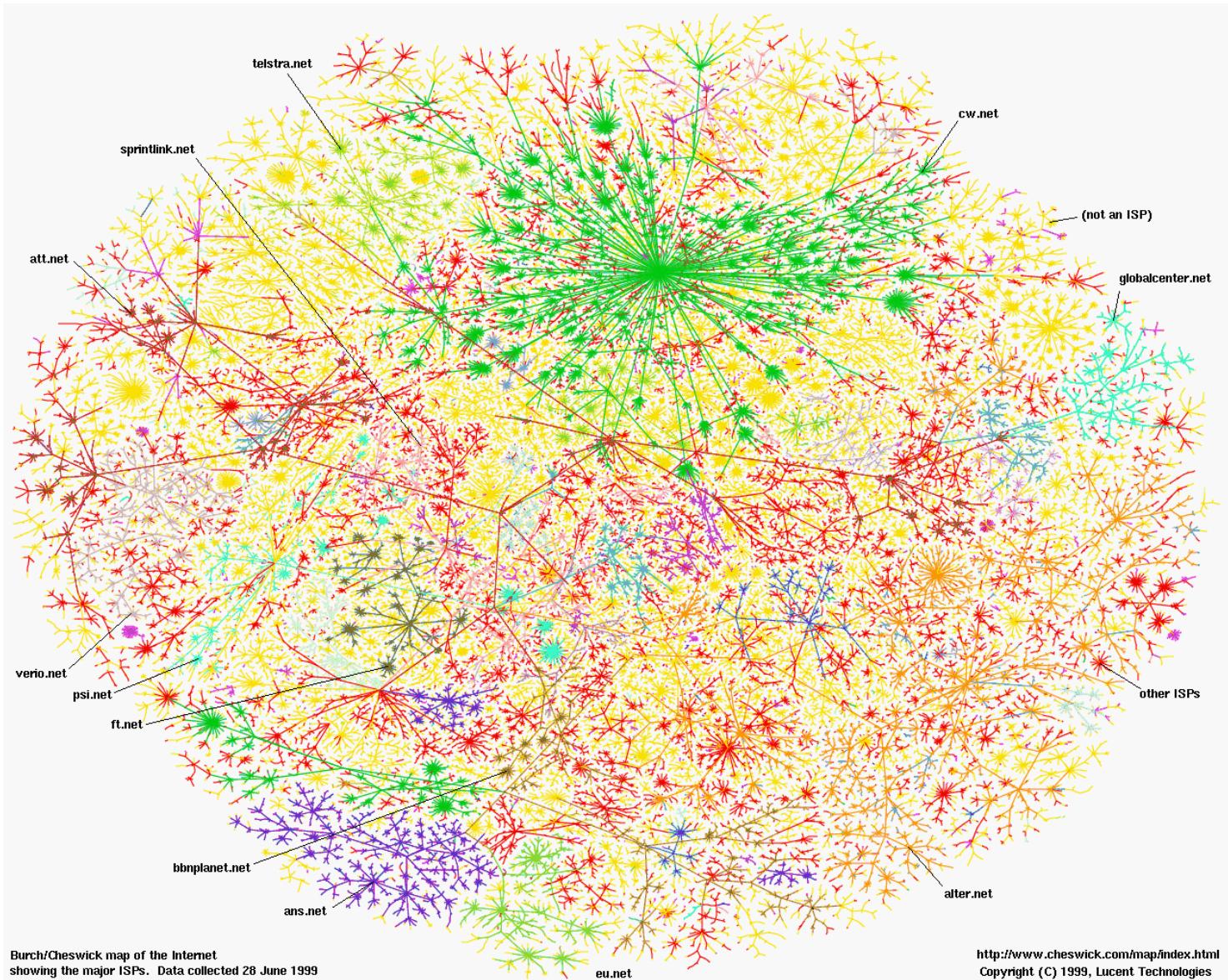


Figure 1.12: The spread of an epidemic disease (such as the tuberculosis outbreak shown here) is another form of cascading behavior in a network. The similarities and contrasts between biological and social contagion lead to interesting research questions. (Image from Andre et al. [16].)

Sample 6.

Network of Major ISPs.
1999



Sample 7.

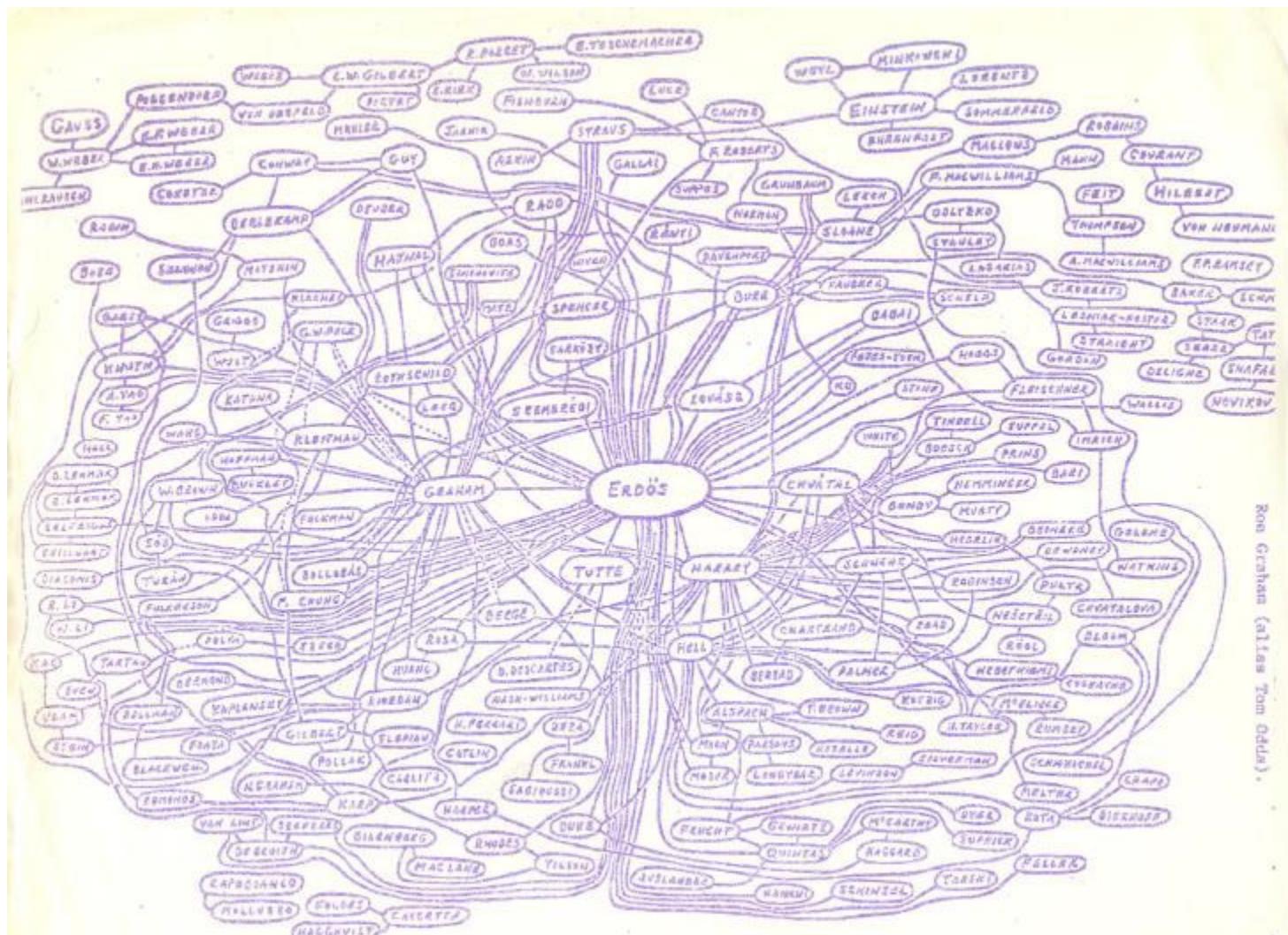


Figure 2.12: Ron Graham's hand-drawn picture of a part of the mathematics collaboration graph, centered on Paul Erdős [189]. (Image from <http://www.oakland.edu/enp/cgraph.jpg>)

Sample 8.

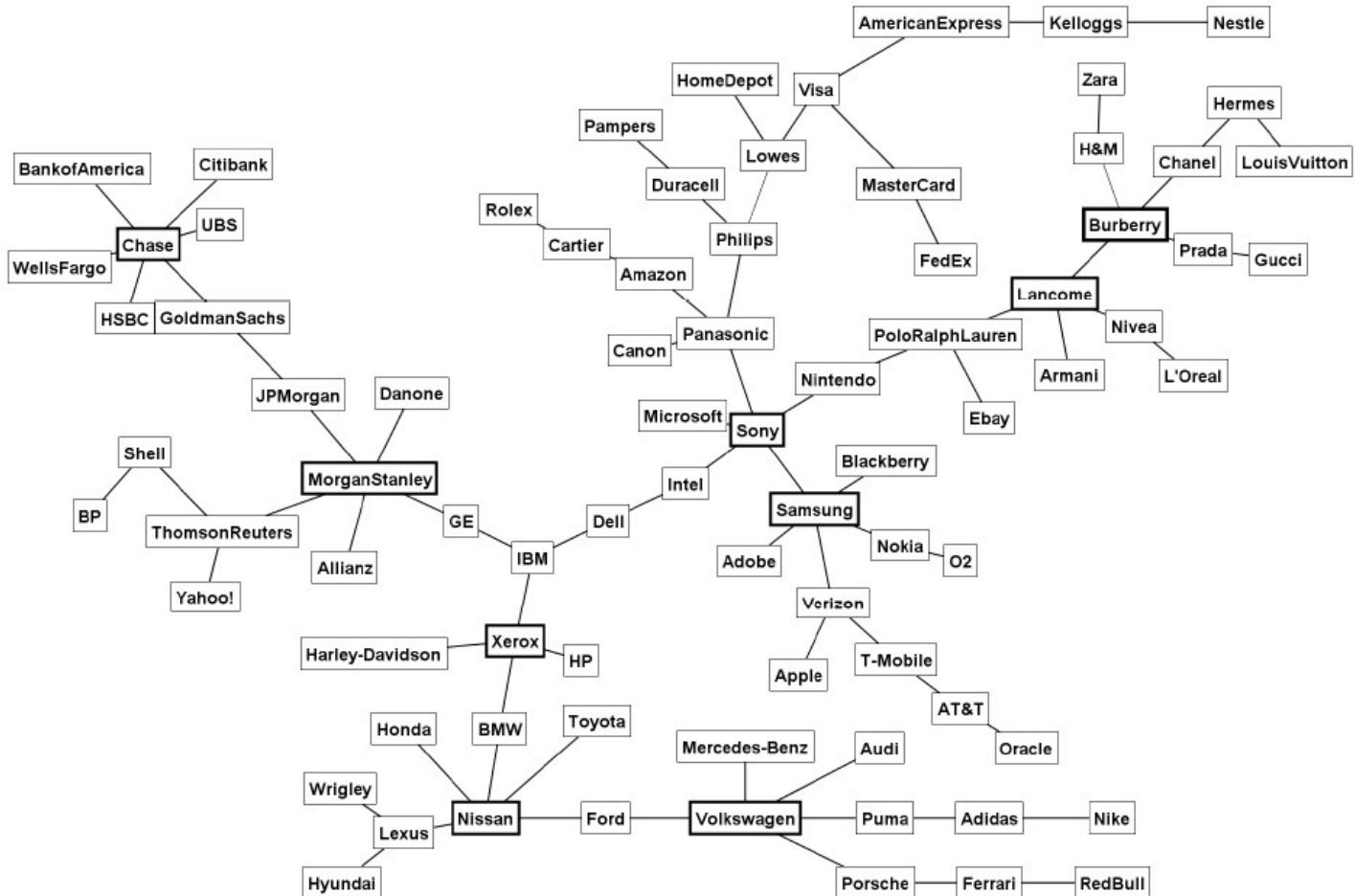


Figure 3. Minimum spanning tree (MST) of the most valued global brands. The MST of the brand network is the subset of edges that forms a tree reaching every brand such that the total length of all the edges is minimized. It is readily apparent that certain brands stand out prominently as hubs with connections to other brands radiating out from them. These hubs are generally the centers of well-formed market category groupings.

Sample 9.

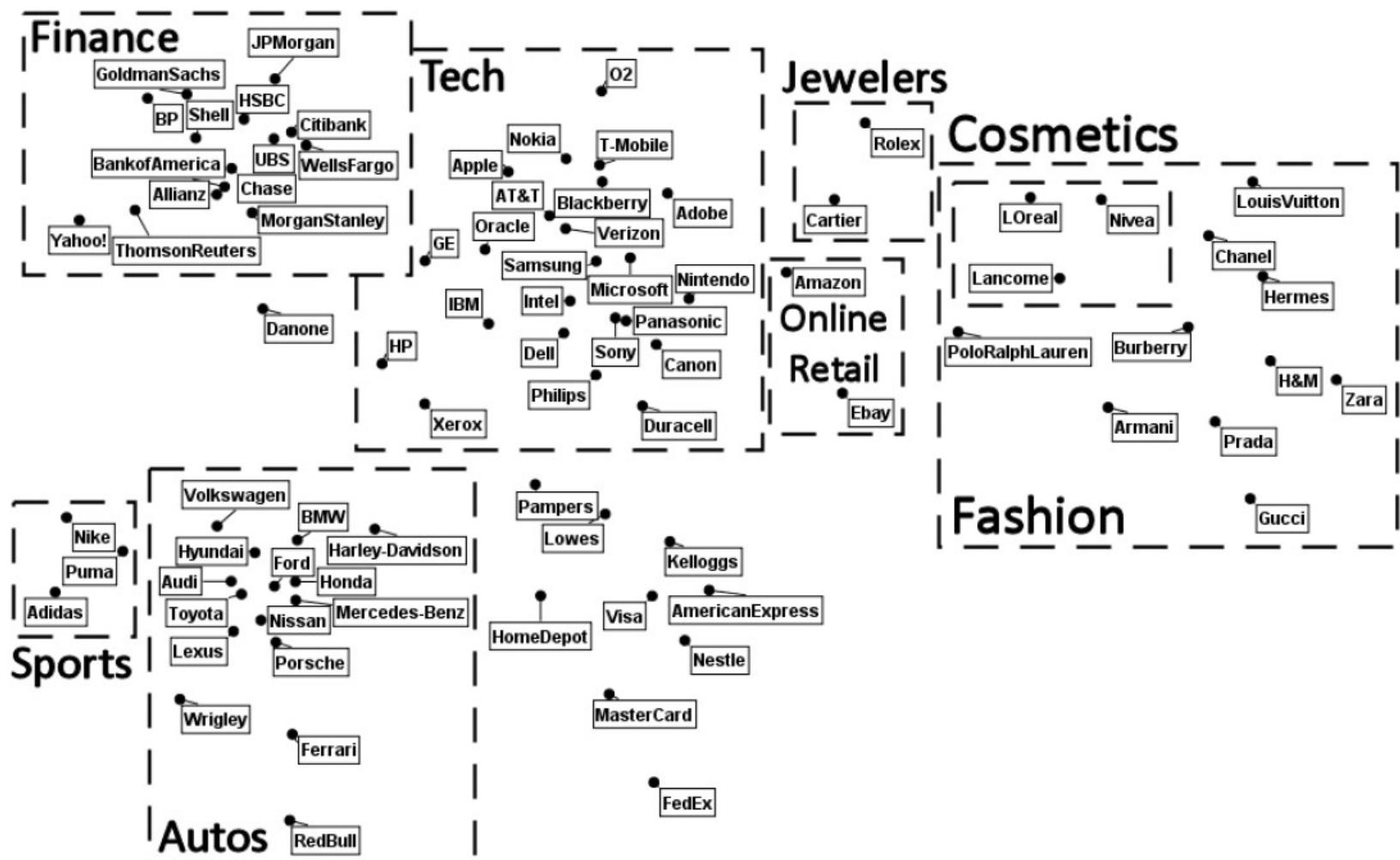
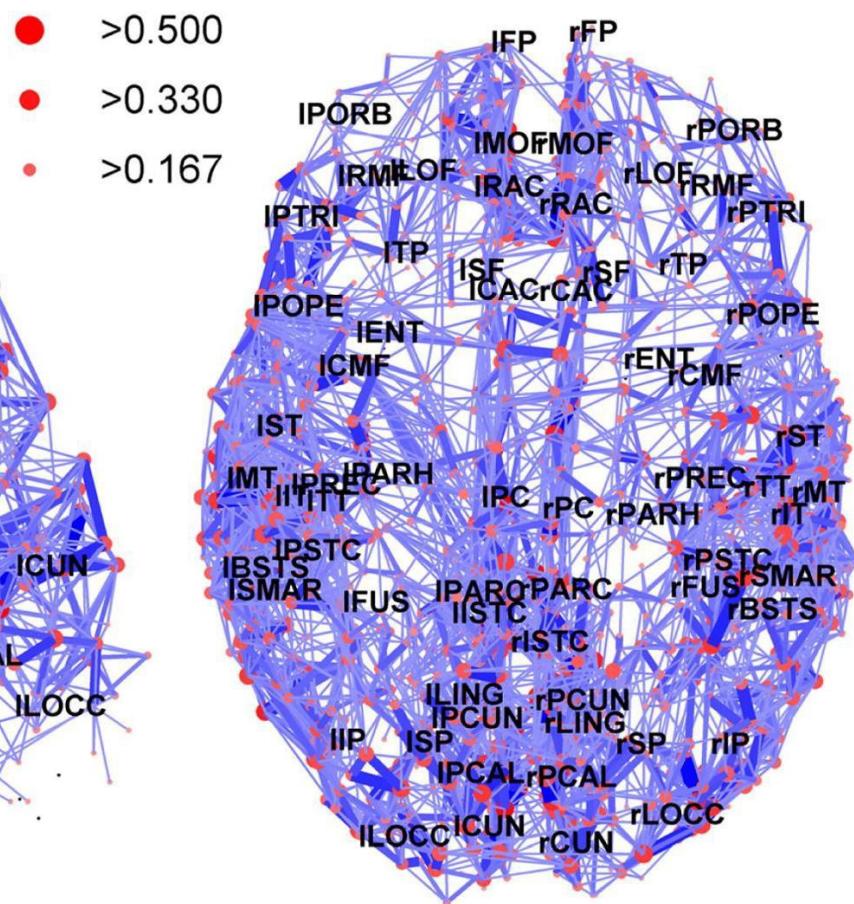
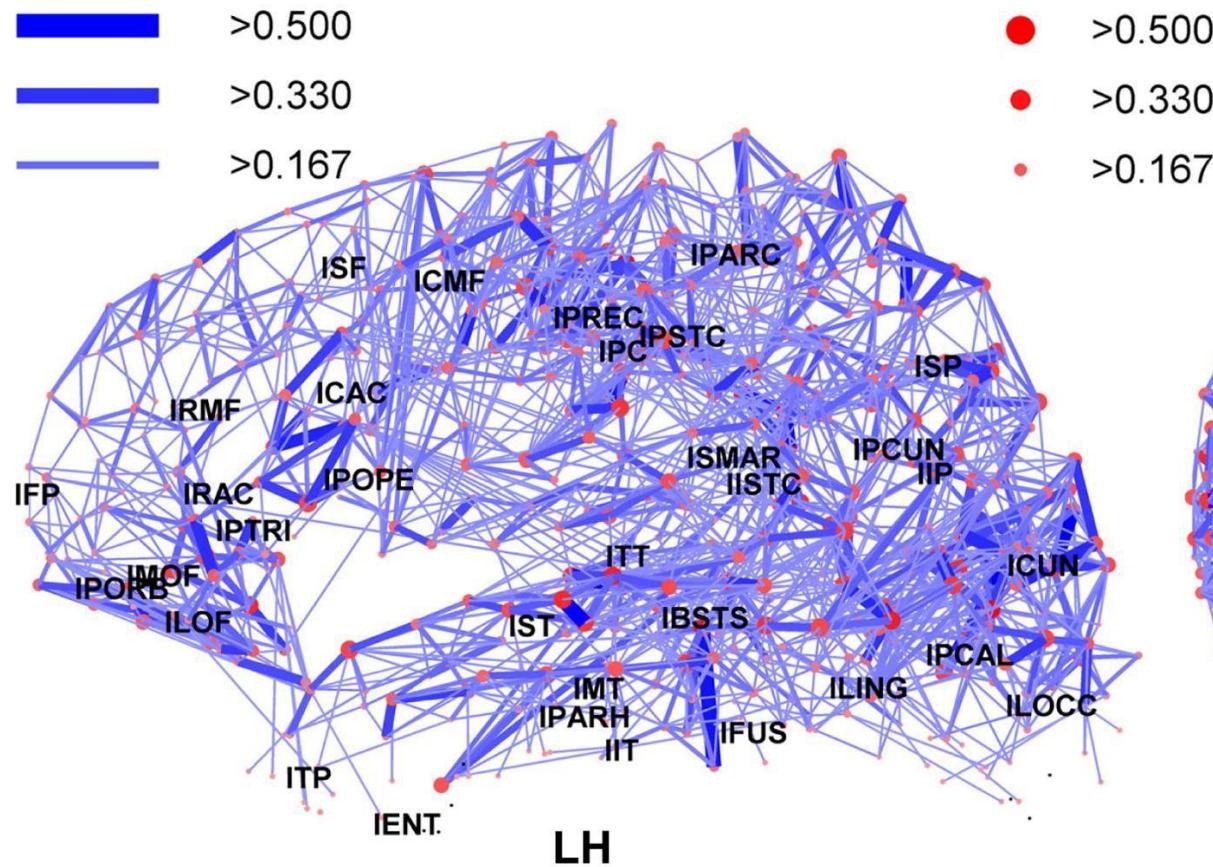


Figure 4. Map of brands. The minimum spanning tree augmented by triangulating each brand location from their nearest neighbors with forced-based layout yields a map high in face validity. Note the eight strong market category groupings outlined with broken lines.

Sample 10.

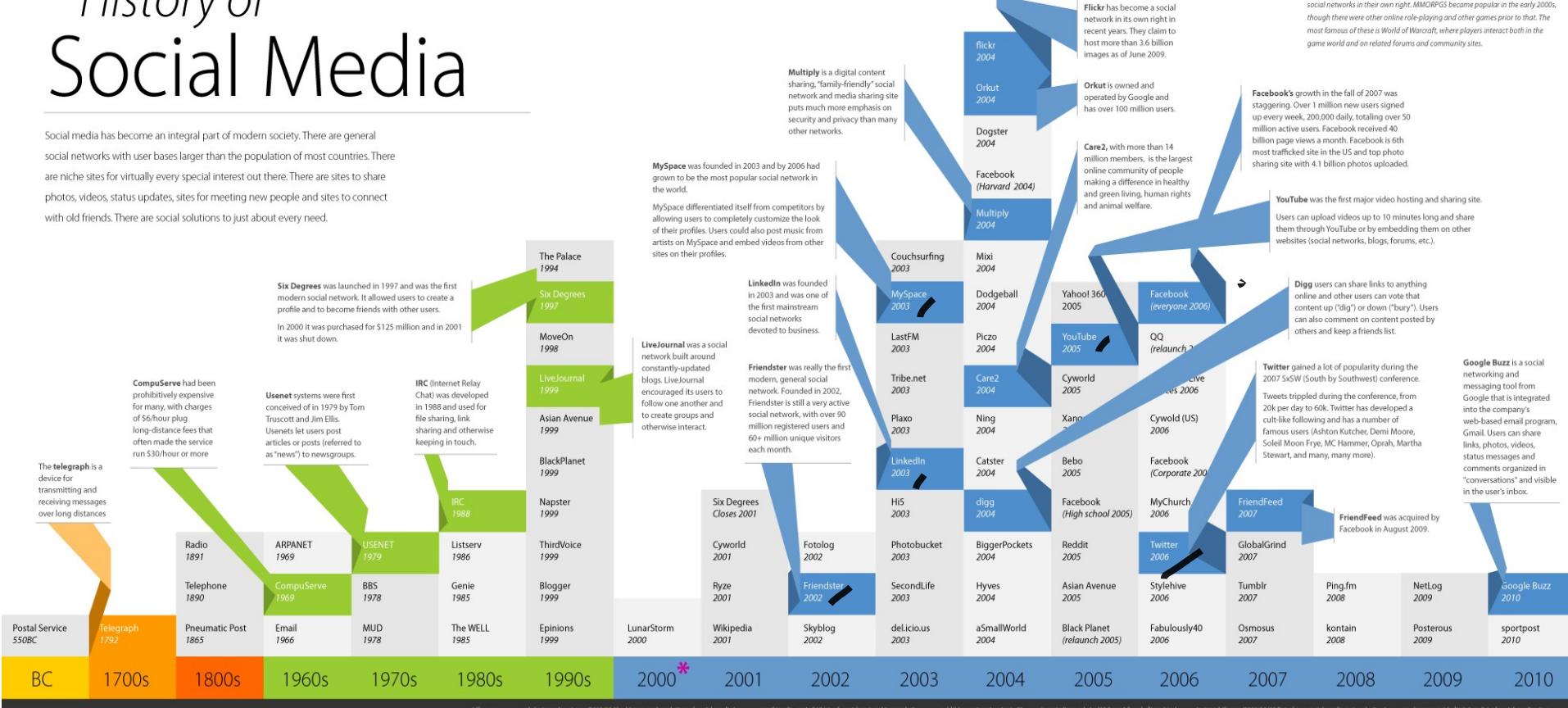


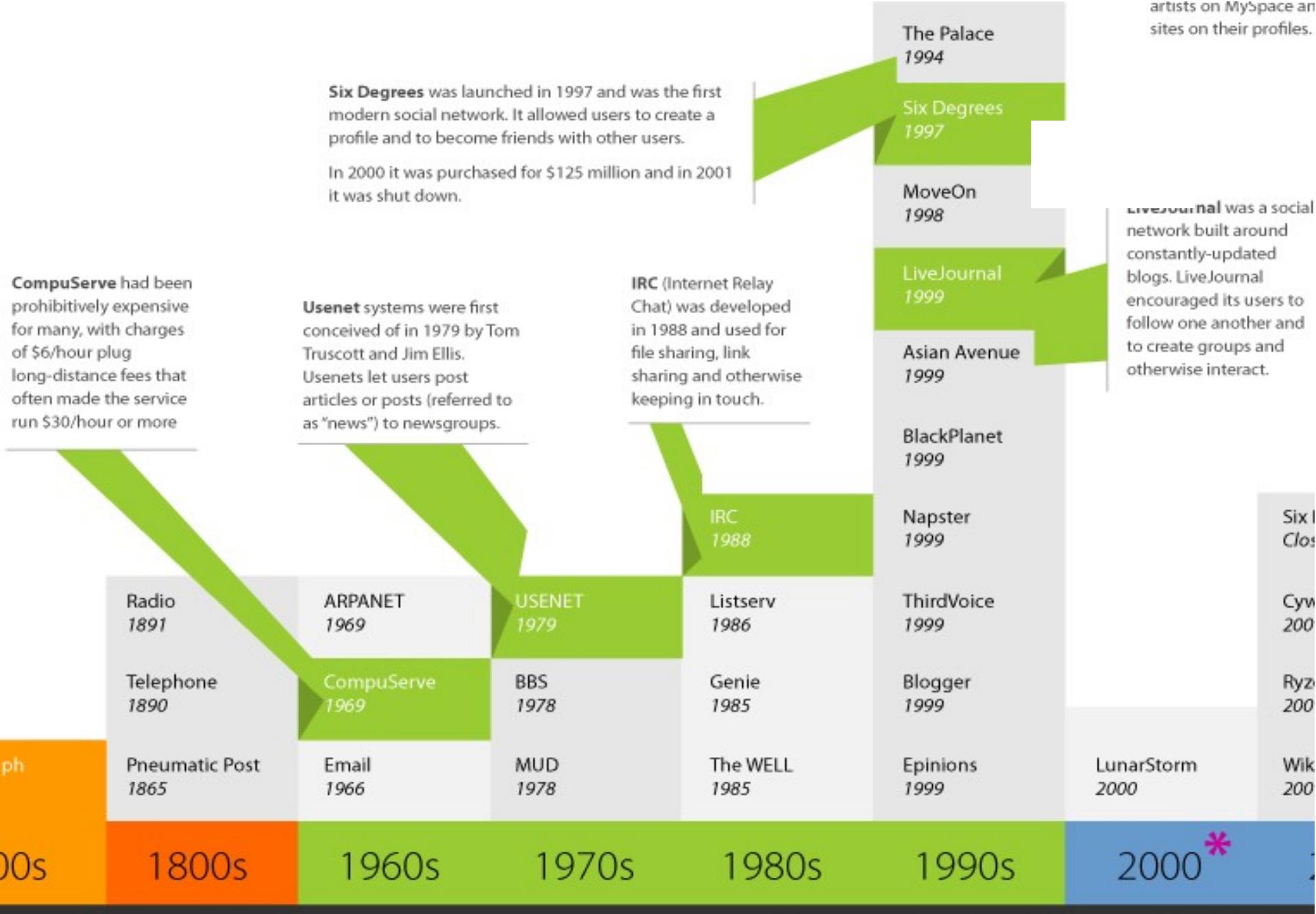
Network representation of brain connectivity: Dorsal and lateral views of the connectivity backbone of human brain. Labels indicating anatomical subregions are placed at their respective centers of mass. Nodes (individual ROIs) are coded according to strength and edges are coded according to connection weight.

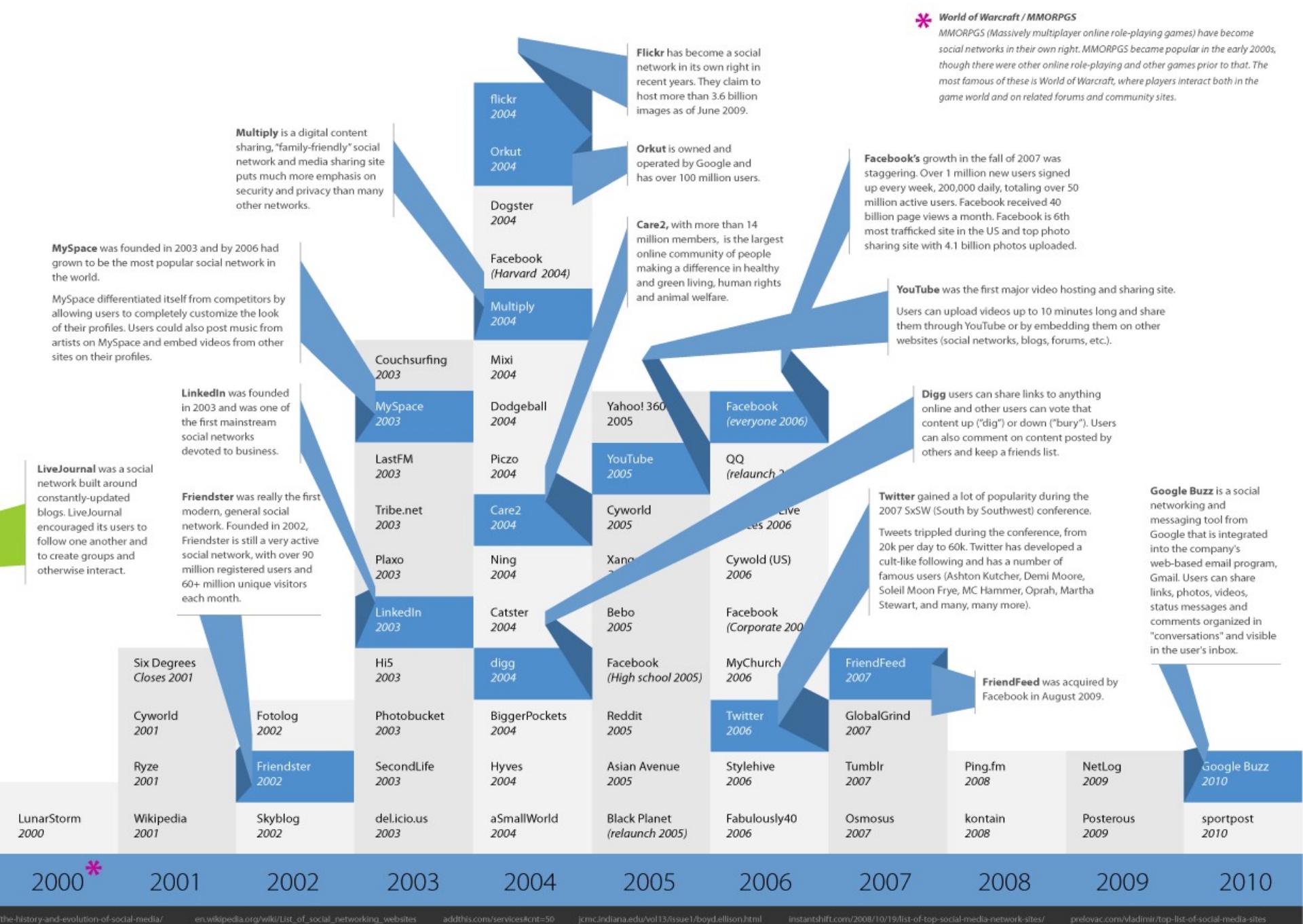
How Long They've Been Around?

History of Social Media

Social media has become an integral part of modern society. There are general social networks with user bases larger than the population of most countries. There are niche sites for virtually every special interest out there. There are sites to share photos, videos, status updates, sites for meeting new people and sites to connect with old friends. There are social solutions to just about every need.







Why Should We Study Them?

- Social Networks provide cheap and high resolution views into population behavior:
 - Spread of news or diseases
 - Evolution of science
 - Stock market dynamics
 - Consumer response to products

Why Should We Study Them? Cnt.

- Computer Scientists
 - Algorithms and models
 - Computational challenges

Got something TO ASK US?

We're happy to help.



@VERIZONWIRELESS @VZNEWS @VZNSUPPORT @VZNSMALLBIZ @VERIZONLATINO

TWEETS
779K

FOLLOWING
16.5K

FOLLOWERS
109K



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VZW Support

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Customer Support for Verizon Wireless. ?'s about your wireless service, device, features, etc. we're here to assist. 7 days a week from 7am - 2am CST

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Celebrate
the sweet life.



TWEETS
37.6K

FOLLOWING
1,866

FOLLOWERS
5,191



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McD Customer Service

@Reachout_mcd

McDonald's U.S. Customer Service. Here to listen, help or answer any questions you have 7 days a week 7:00am to 7:00pm CST

Oak Brook, IL · mcd.to/ULtdKh



TWEETS
599K

FOLLOWING
45.1K

FOLLOWERS
870K



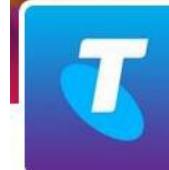
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American Airlines

@AmericanAir

Thanks for checking in! We're here to offer advice and inspiration for your trip on American. Please click here if you require a formal response to a complaint:

bit.ly/AACRI



TWEETS
211K

FOLLOWING
7,234

FOLLOWERS
63K



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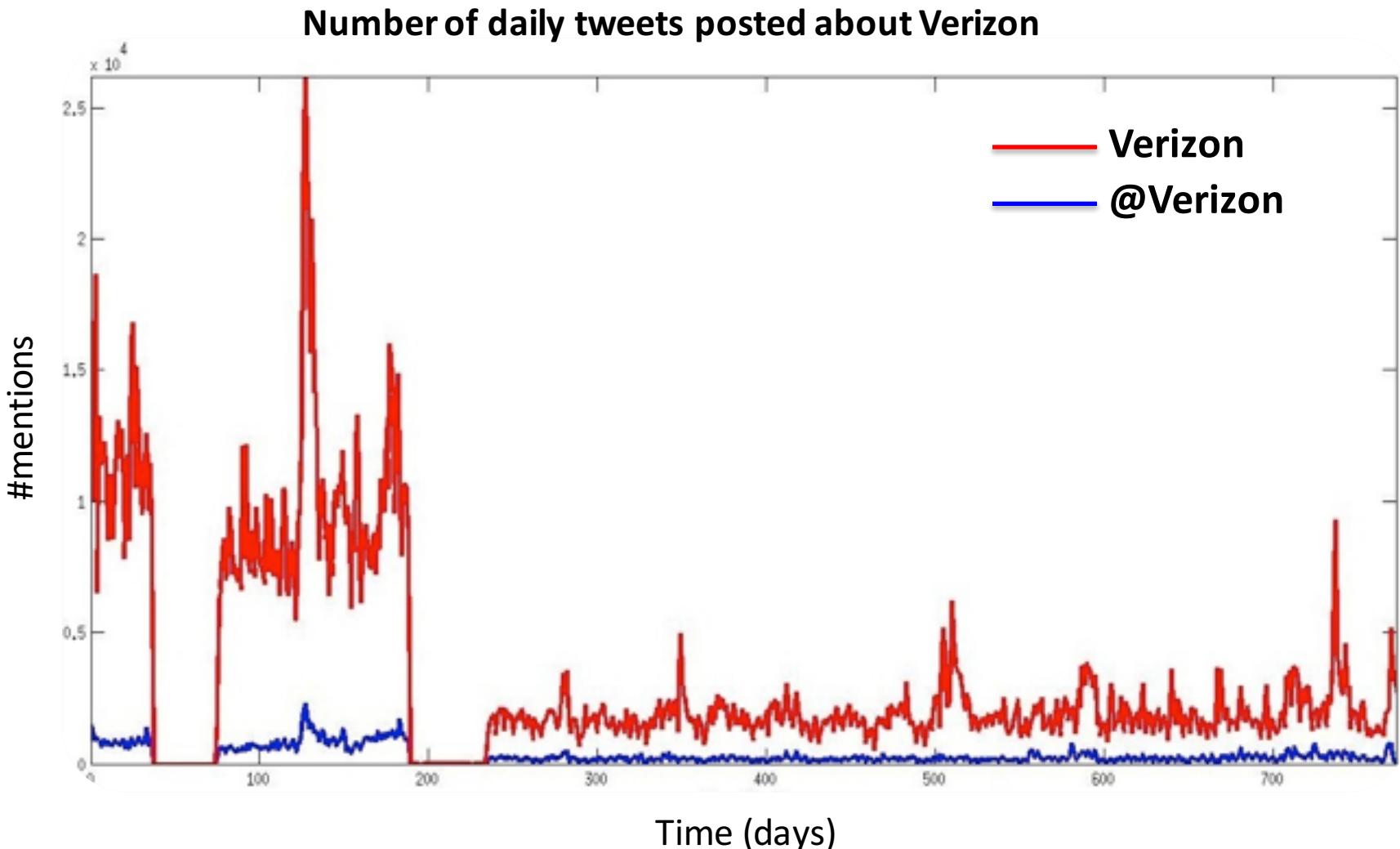
Telstra

@Telstra

We're here 24x7 to provide customer support and answer any Telstra questions you might have. Last week our average response time was 20 minutes

Australia · telstra.com.au

Why Should We Study Them? Cnt.



Why Should We Study Them? Cnt.

Figure 25: Brand and Reputation Monitoring of SMNs

Overall 465 respondents, LOB=107, EMEA=168

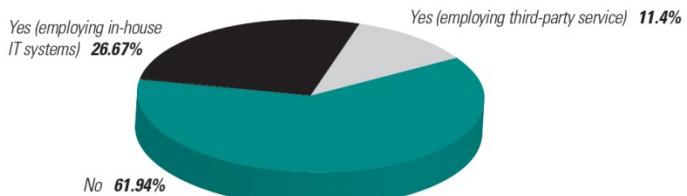


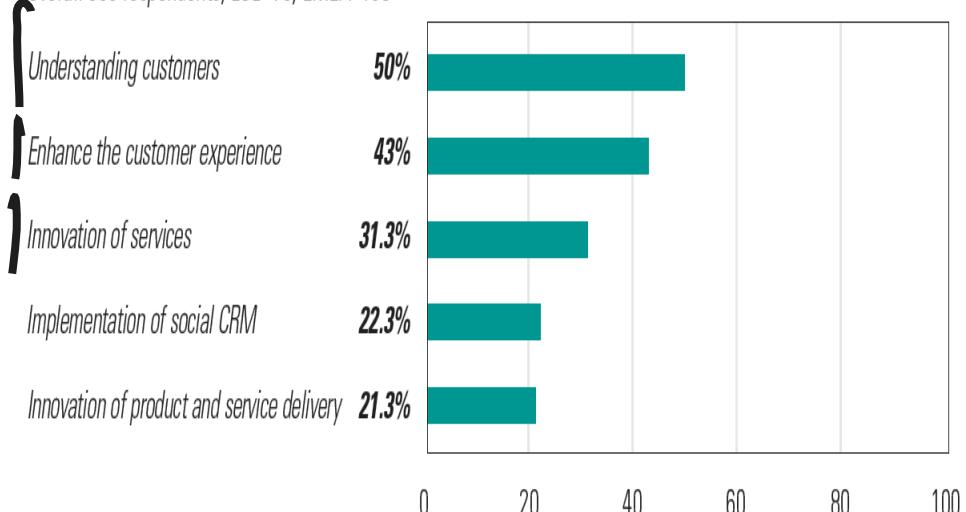
Figure 27a: Organizational Plans to Leverage Social Media Metrics Into Business Processes

Overall 459 respondents, LOB=107, EMEA=167



Figure 33: Top Business Processes Leveraging Social Media Data

Overall 300 respondents, LOB=79, EMEA=105



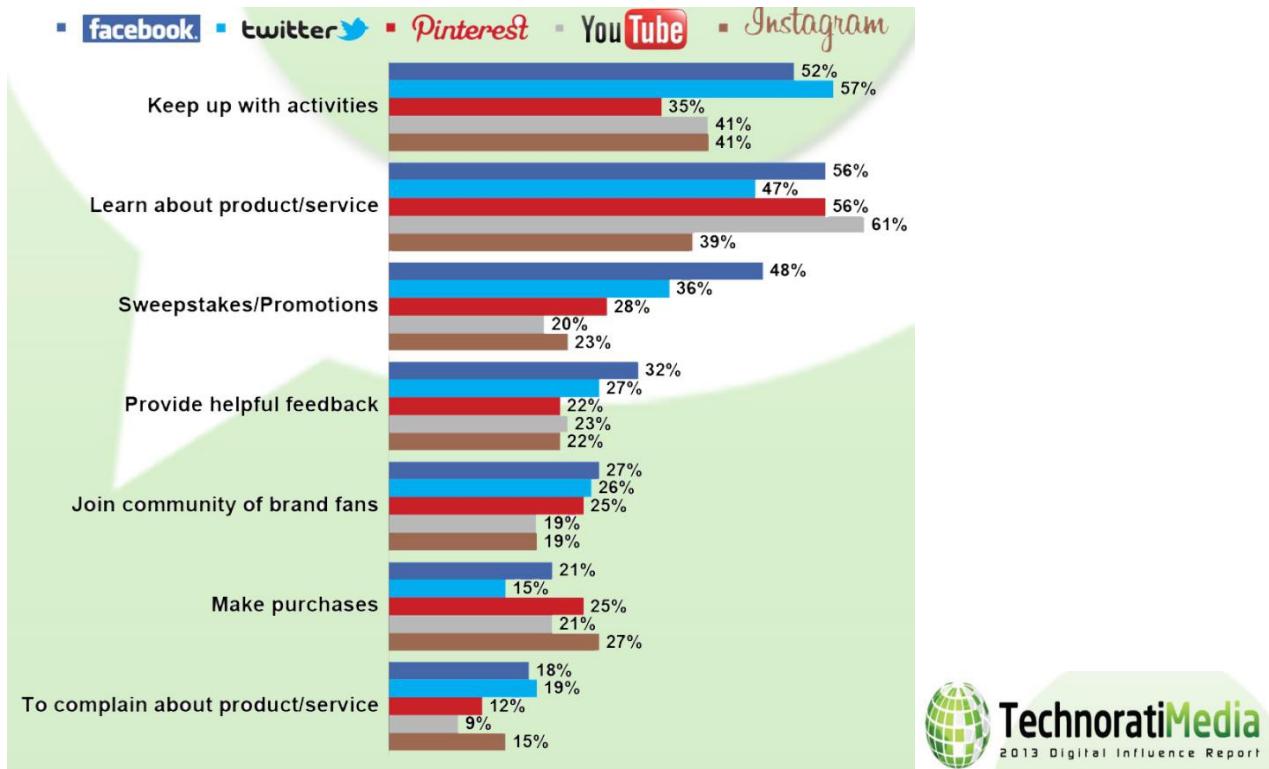
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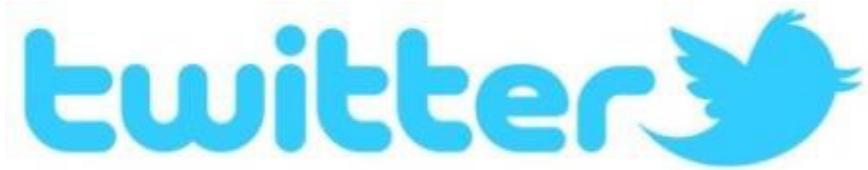
Produced by



Why Should We Study Them? Cnt



Let's Take a Closer Look at Twitter



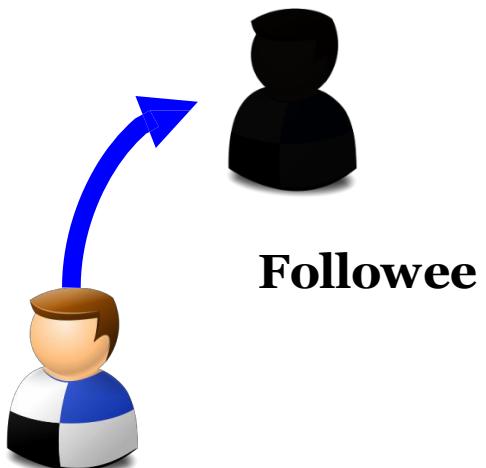
- Simple Structure



- Simple Structure

- Following

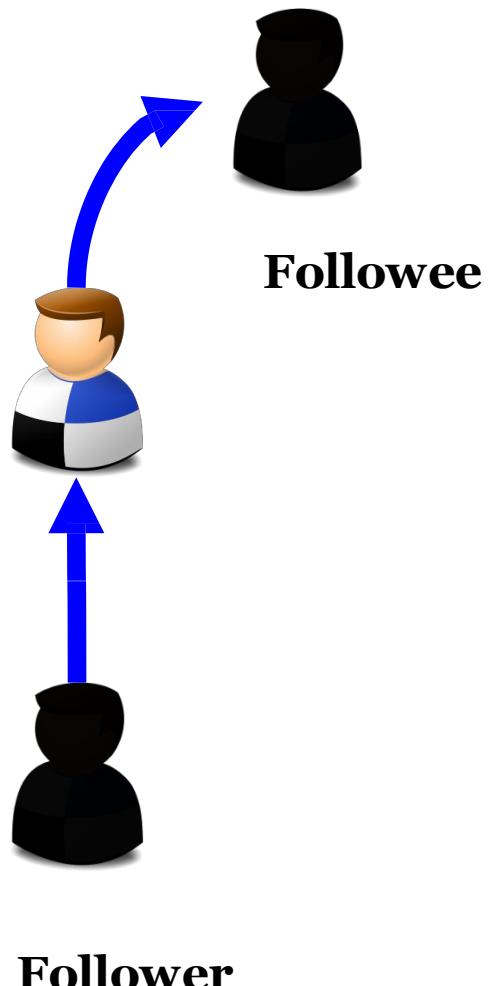
- To subscribe to other people's posts

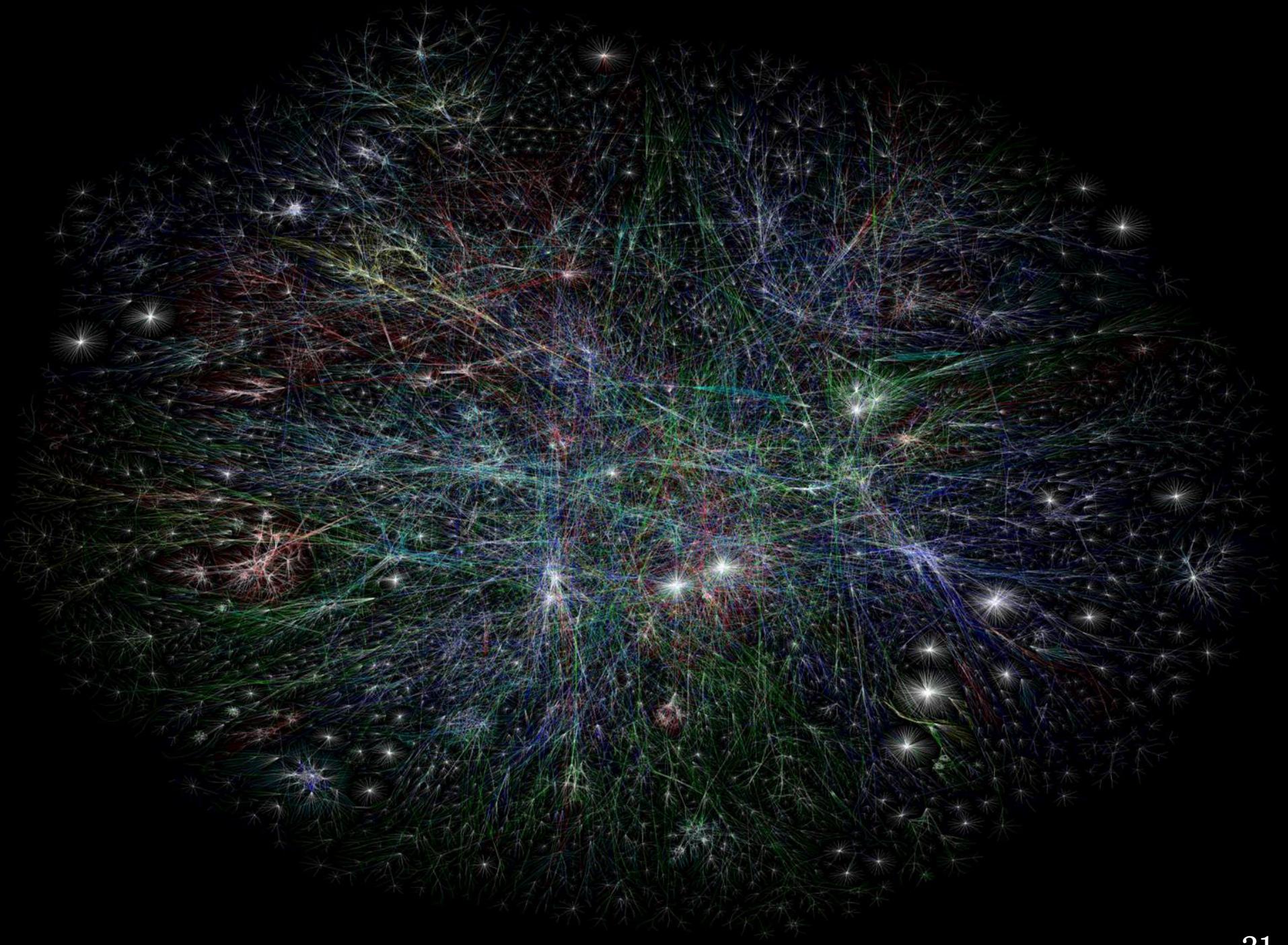


- Simple Structure

- Following

- To subscribe to other people's posts

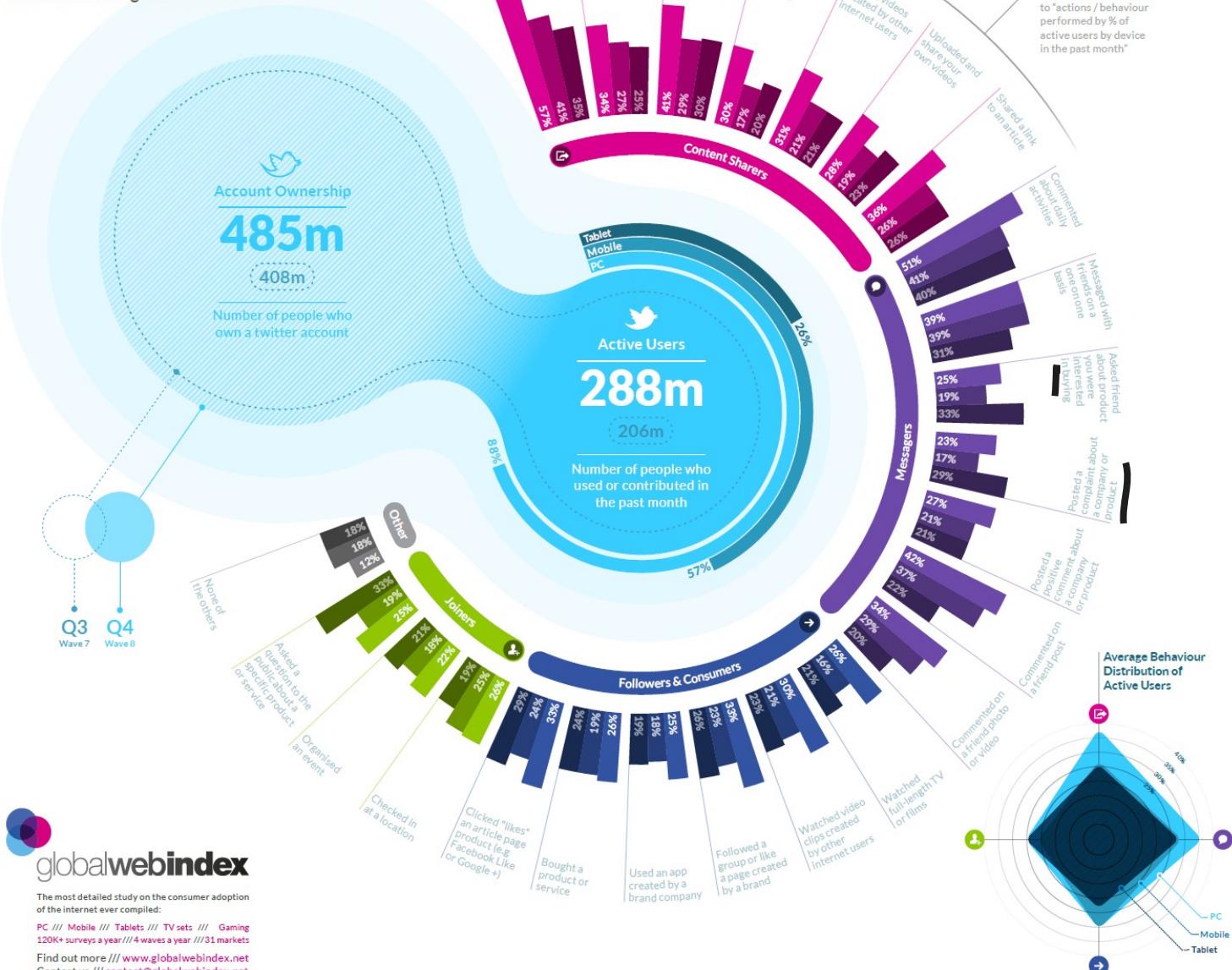




TWITTER The Fastest Growing Social Platform

Twitter is now the fastest growing social platform increasing 40% between Q2 and Q4 2012. This means there are now **485m** account holders and **288m** active users.

FIND OUT MORE AT: globalwebindex.net



The most detailed study on the consumer adoption of the internet ever compiled:

PC // Mobile // Tablets // TV sets // Gaming
120K+ surveys a year // 4 waves a year // 31 markets

Find out more // www.globalwebindex.net
Contact us // contact@globalwebindex.net

Account Ownership

485m

408m

Number of people who own a twitter account

18%
18%
12%

Other



Active Users

288m

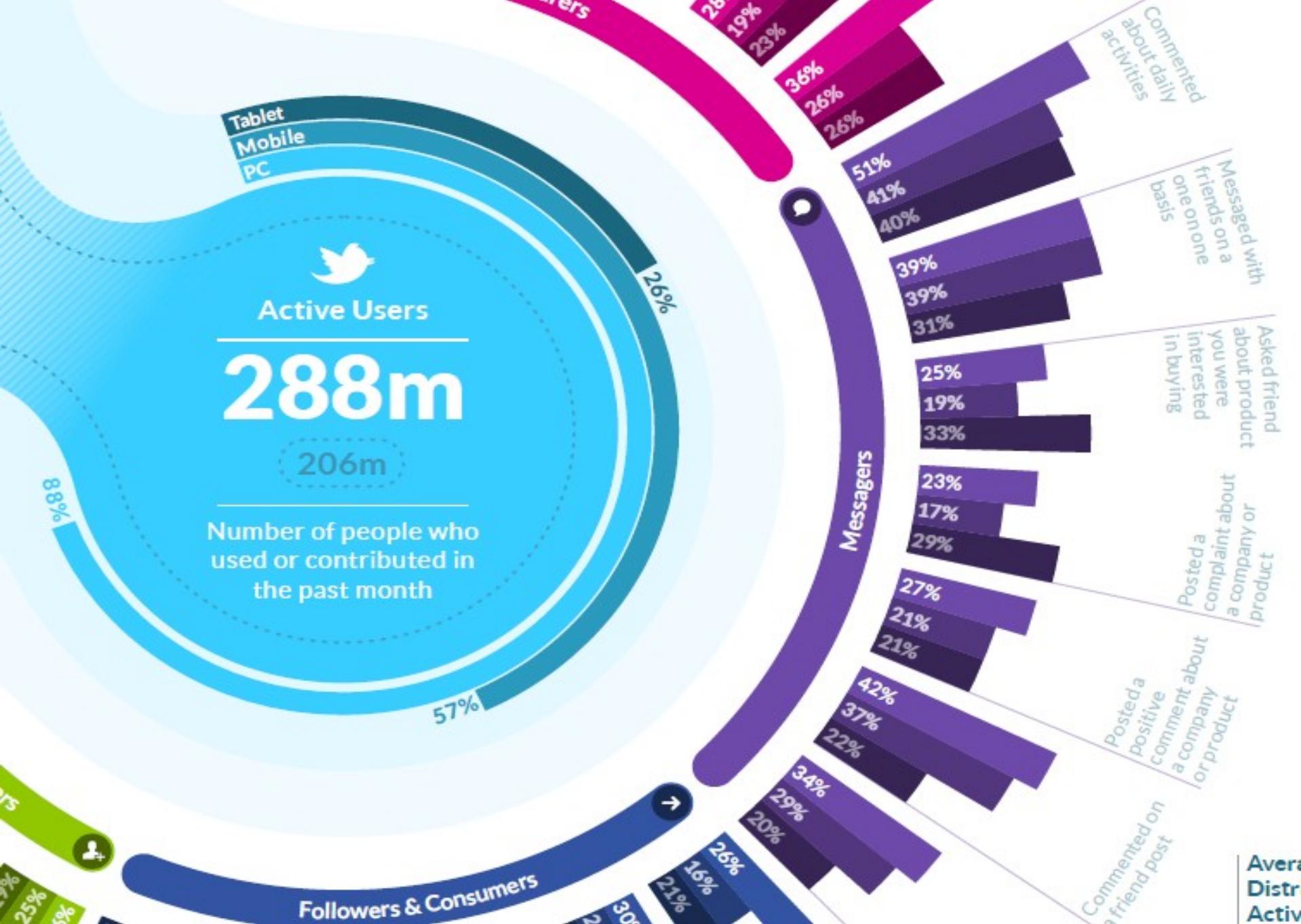
206m

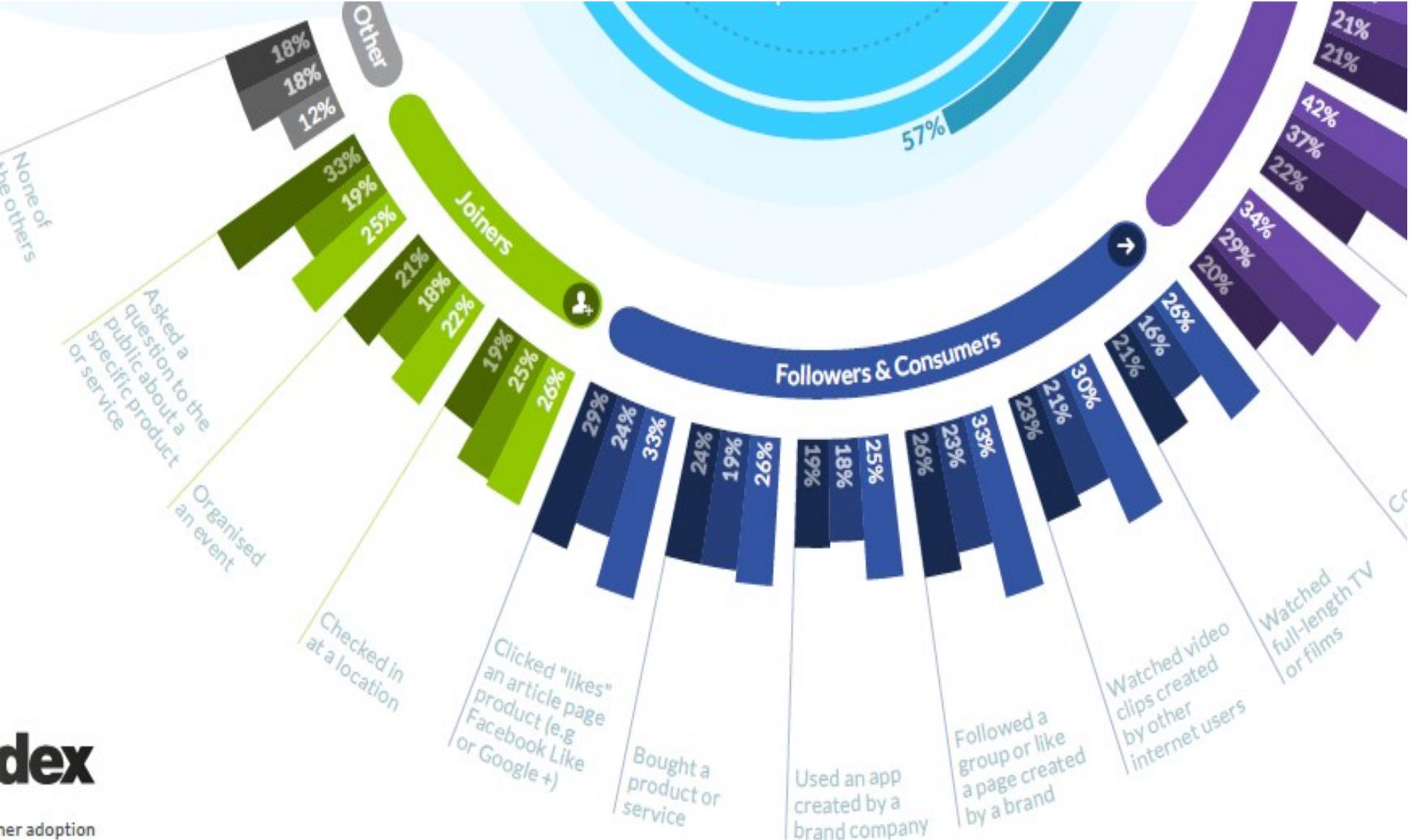
Number of people who used or contributed in the past month

57%

al Platform







Twitter User Activity

33% asked friend's **opinion** about a product

26% **bought** a product or service

29% **complained** about a brand or product

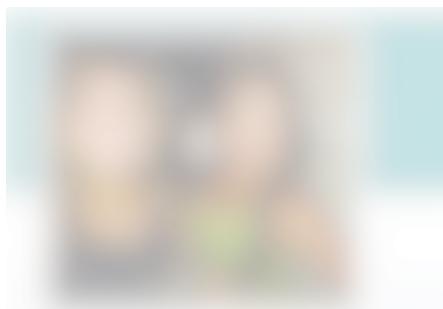
27% **recommended** a brand or product

33% **followed** a group created by a brand

25% **used an app** created by a brand

30% **shared photos** about a brand

30% **shared video** created by a brand



Joined July 2010

TWEETS PHOTOSVIDEOS FOLLOWING FOLLOWERS FAVORITES
47K 215 600 1219 368

47K 215 600 1219 368

```
object {21}
  created_at : Thu May 01 18:01:19 +0000 2014
  id : 461928366862376960
  id_str : 461928366862376960
  text : Debating if I should switch services with my family or if I should just stay on my own because I reallyyyy don't want to leave Verizon..
  truncated : false
  in_reply_to_status_id : null
  in_reply_to_status_id_str : null
  in_reply_to_user_id : null
  in_reply_to_user_id_str : null
  in_reply_to_screen_name : null
  user {40}
    geo : null
    coordinates : null
    place : null
    contributors : null
    retweet_count : 0
    favorite_count : 0
  entities {4}
    hashtags [0]
    symbols [0]
    urls [0]
    user_mentions [0]
    favorited : false
    retweeted : false
    lang : en
```

Characteristics

- Very dynamic network structure:
 - Network relations are always changing.
- Content:
 - high prevalence of user-generated/urban words,
 - often short, context-less, and very noisy, and
 - of streaming type!

What Do We Learn?

- Data Crawling and Processing
- Social Relations and their related phenomena
- Power Laws & Popularity
- Information Diffusion & Cascading
- Noisy Text Processing and Insight Extraction
- Applications in language, healthcare, search & factuality, etc.

What Do We Learn? Cnt.

- The Structure of the Web
 - The Web contains a giant Strongly Connected Component

IN nodes:

can reach SCC but cannot be reached from it.

OUT nodes:

can be reached from SCC but cannot reach it.

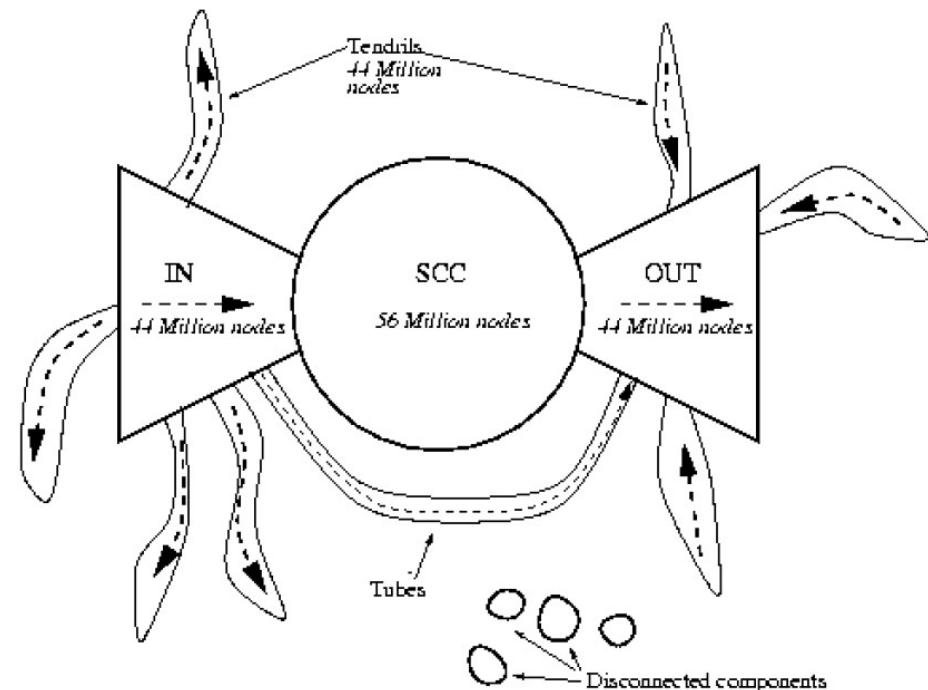
Tendrils nodes:

- reachable from IN but cannot reach SCC,
- can reach OUT but cannot be reached from SCC.

Tendrils nodes satisfying both (a) and (b), travel in "tube" from IN to OUT without touching SCC.

Disconnected nodes:

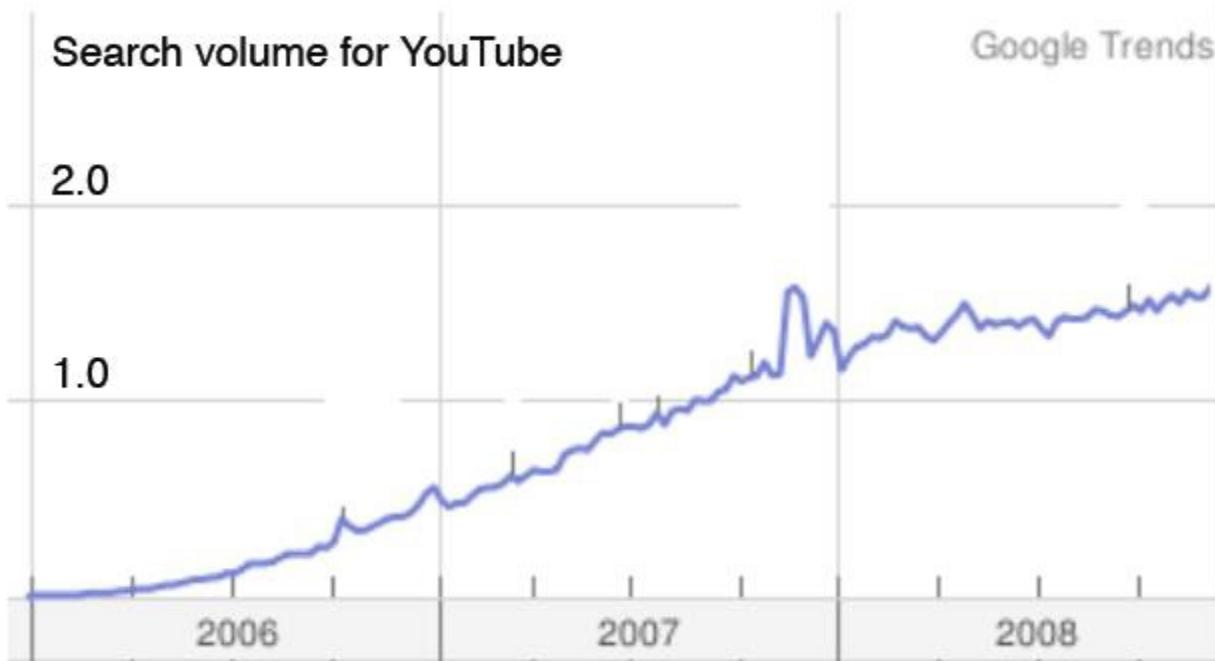
have no path to SCC ignoring directions



99.91% of individuals on FB belong to a single giant connected component

What Do We Learn? Cnt.

- Popularity in Networks: Rich Get Richer

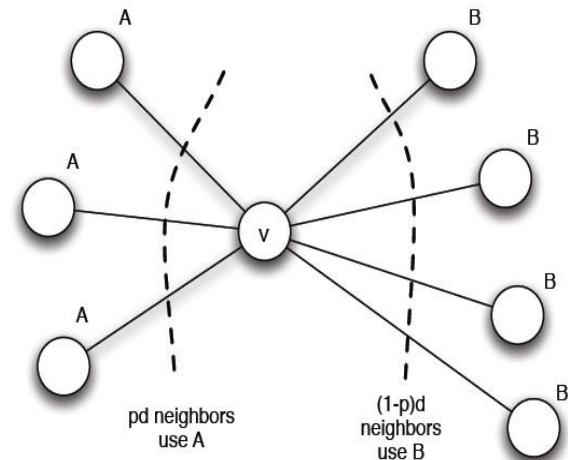


Is it that the rich always get richer? new ideas always get attention and become viral?

What Do We Learn? Cnt.

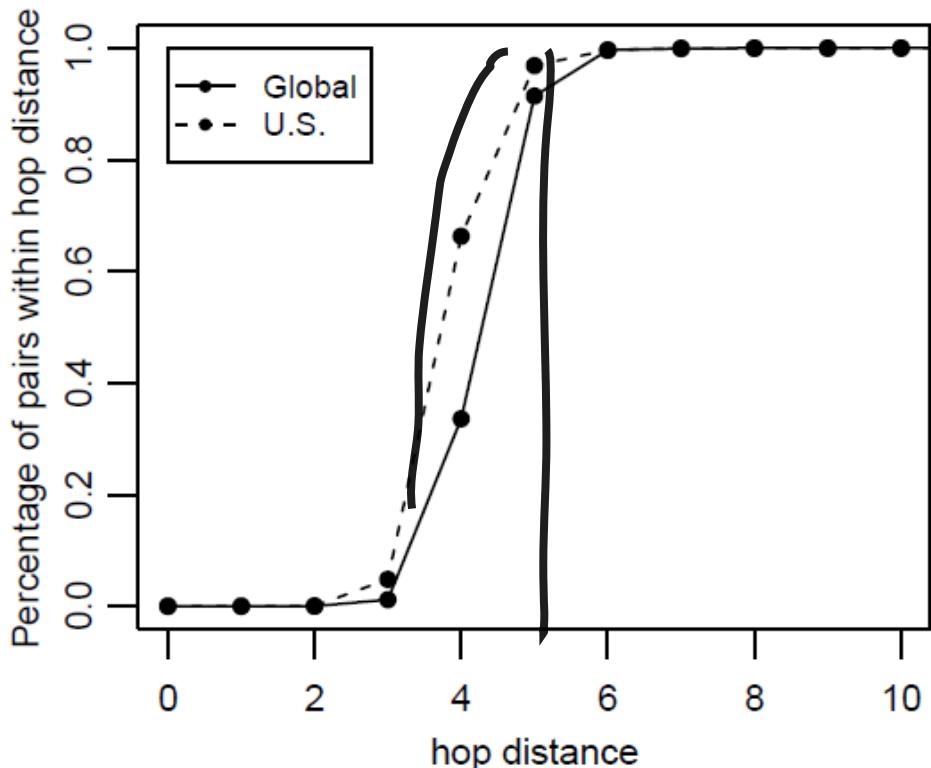
- Information Cascading

- Let's say you're at a dance class!
- Some good-looking guy asks the woman next to you to dance.
 - She says **NO**.
- He then asks another woman next to you to dance.
 - She says **NO**.
- Now he asks you to dance. You say ???



What Do We Learn? Cnt.

- Small World Phenomenon



Global

92.0%: within 5 degrees,
99.6%: within six degrees.

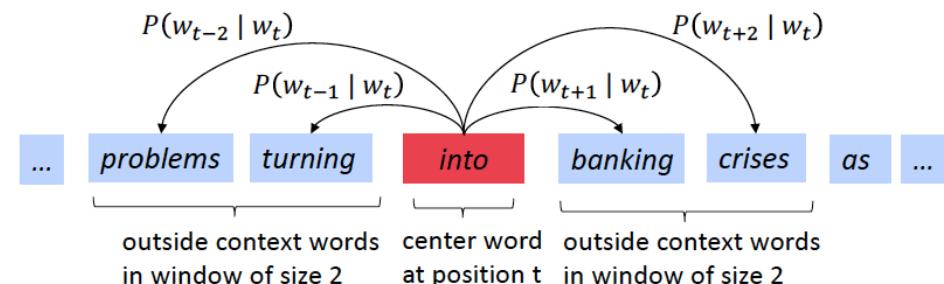
U.S. only

96.0%: within 5 degrees,
99.7%: within six degrees.

Figure 2. Diameter. The neighborhood function $N(h)$ showing the percentage of user pairs that are within h hops of each other. The average distance between users on Facebook in May 2011 was 4.7, while the average distance within the U.S. at the same time was 4.3.

What Do We Learn? Cnt.

- Noisy Text Processing



$$P(o|c) = \frac{\exp(u_o^T v_c)}{\sum_{w \in V} \exp(u_w^T v_c)}$$

- Update vectors so you can predict well

Nearest words to frog:

1. frogs
2. toad
3. litoria
4. leptodactylidae
5. rana
6. lizard
7. eleutherodactylus



litoria



leptodactylidae



rana



eleutherodactylus

What Do We Learn? Cnt.

- Applications (*mainly given guest lectures*)
 - Language Analysis
 - Health Informatics
 - Search and Factuality
 - Moment Retrieval



Language query: a girl in orange first walks by the camera.

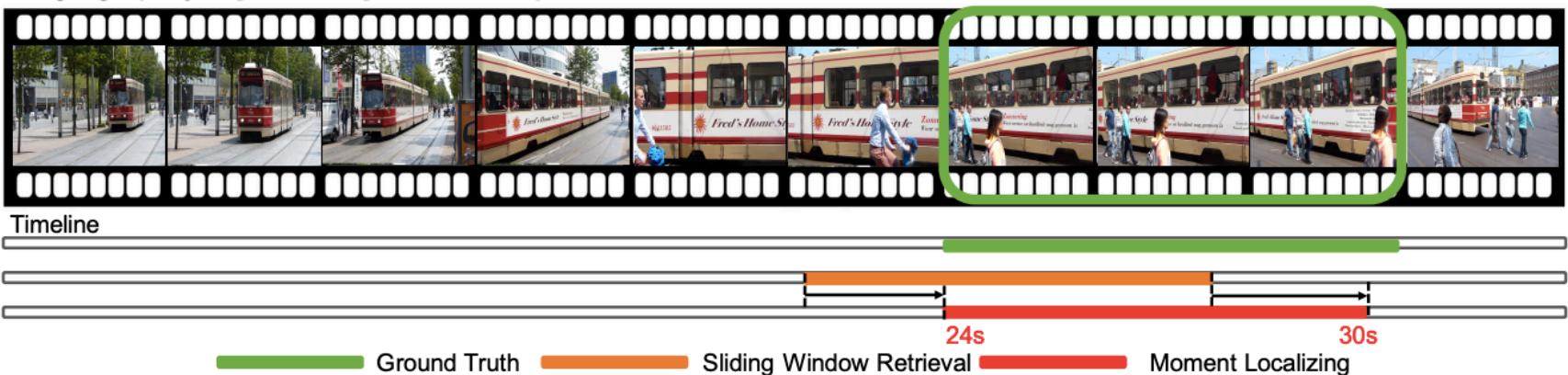
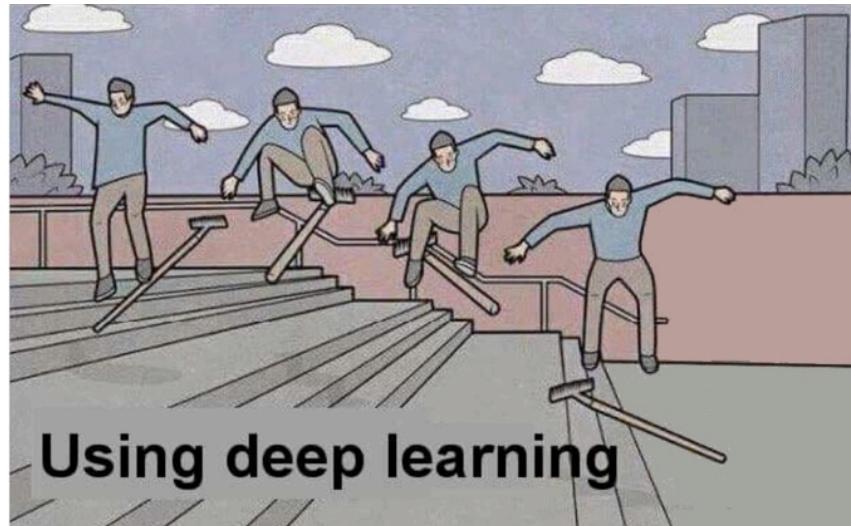
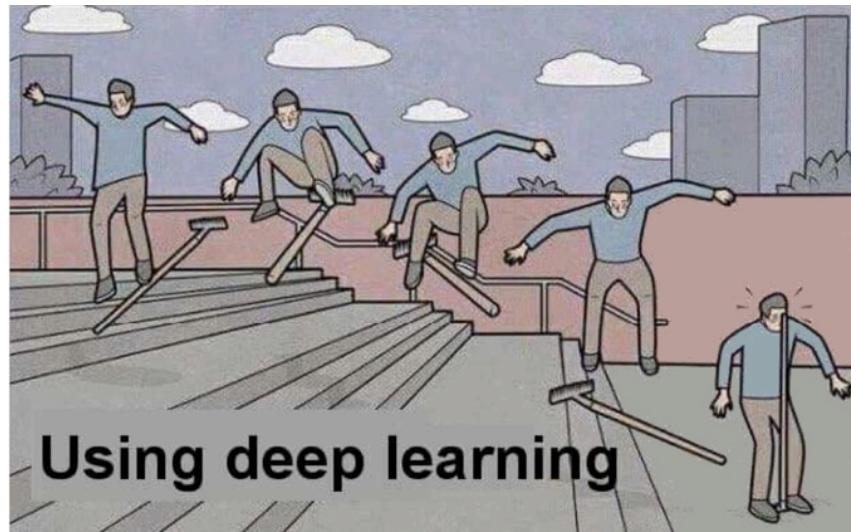


Figure 1: Temporal video moment localization is designed to localize a moment (the red bar) with a start point (24th s) and an end point (30th s) in the video according to the given language query. Here the green bar denotes the ground truth, the orange bar stands for the result of sliding window moment retrieval, and the red bar refers to the localizing result.

Techniques - Assumption



Techniques - Reality ↴(ツ)↗



Reading

- Ch.01 Overview [NCM]
- Watch this 30 min TED talk by Deb Roy @ MIT:
 - From Gaga to Water: <http://bit.ly/12fIOeR>