

There are a total of five problems. You have to solve the first four. Problem 5 is optional.

## Problem 1 (CO1): DFA and Regular Languages (15 points)

Let  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ . Consider the following languages over  $\Sigma$ .

 $L_1 = \{w \text{ starts with 01}\}$ 

 $L_2 = \{ w \text{ doesn't contain 00} \}$ 

 $L_3 = \{ w \text{ doesn't contain 11} \}$ 

$$L_4 = \{w = 01\}$$

Now solve the following problems.

- (a) Give the state diagram for a DFA that recognizes  $L_1$ . (3 points)
- (b) Give the state diagram for a DFA that recognizes  $L_2$ . (3 points)
- (c) If you were to use the "cross product" construction shown in class to obtain a DFA for the language  $L_2 \cap L_3$ , how many states would it have? (1 point)
- (d) **Find** all four-letter strings in  $L_2 \cap L_3$ . (1 point)
- (e) **Give** the state diagram for a DFA that recognizes  $L_2 \cap L_3$  using only four states. (2 points)
- (f) **Find** one six-letter string in  $L_4^*$ . (1 point)
- (g) Give the state diagram for a DFA that recognizes  $L_4^*$ . (2 points)
- (h) Is  $L_4^*$  and  $L_1 \cap L_2 \cap L_3$  same? **Give** justification for your answer. (2 points)

### Problem 2 (CO1): Regular Expressions (15 points)

Let  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ . Consider the following languages over  $\Sigma$ .

 $L_1 = \{ w \text{ contains exactly two 1} \}$ 

 $L_2 = \{ w \text{ doesn't start with 0} \}$ 

 $L_3 = \{ \text{every third position in } w \text{ is } 1 \}$ 

 $L_4 = \{ \text{every 1 in } w \text{ is followed by at least two 0} \}$ 

$$L_5 = L_3 \cap L_4$$

Now solve the following problems.

- (a) **Give** a regular expression for the language  $L_1$ . (3 points)
- (b) **Give** a regular expression for the language  $L_2$ . (3 points)
- (c) **Give** a regular expression for the language  $L_3$ . (3 points)
- (d) Write a five-letter string that belongs to  $L_5$ . (1 point)
- (e) **Give** a regular expression for the language  $L_5$ . (2 points)
- (f) **Give** a regular expression for the language  $\overline{L}_4$ . Here  $\overline{L}$  denotes the complement of the language L i.e.,  $\overline{L} = \Sigma^* L$ . (3 points)

Automata and Computability

### MIDTERM EXAM TOTAL MARKS: 50 DURATION: 80 MINUTES



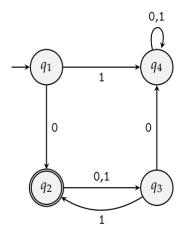
# Problem 3 (CO2): Converting Regular Expressions to NFAs (10 points)

**Convert** the following regular expression over  $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$  into an equivalent NFA. Note that  $R_1 + R_2$  is the same as  $R_1 \cup R_2$ .

$$(0(0+01)^*10)+01^*0$$

### Problem 4 (CO2): Converting Finite Automata to Regular Expressions (10 points)

**Convert** the following DFA into an equivalent regular expression using the state elimination method. First eliminate  $q_2$ , then  $q_3$  and finally  $q_4$ . You must show work.



### Problem 5 (Bonus): Ternary Number System (5 points)

**Disclaimer:** This is a bonus problem. Attempt it only after you are done with everything else. Even if you do not attempt it, you can get a perfect score. So, do not worry if you find it too hard!

Let  $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2\}.$ 

 $L = \{w, \text{ when interpreted in three base number system, is divisible by nine}\}$ 

**Give** a state diagram for a DFA that recognizes *L*.