# DSA Lab 8 | Set 1 | RightBST

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output

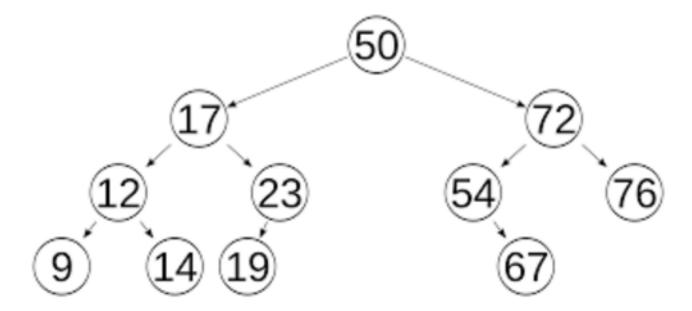
Time limit: 3 seconds

Memory limit: 1024 megabytes

Given a set of unique integers representing pre-order traversal, create a binary-search tree (BST). The BST should support the following queries:

- 1. DeleteNode: Deletes the node with the given value. You may assume that a node with the given value exists in the tree.
- 2. PrintRightProfile: Gives right profile of the tree. A right profile of a binary tree gives the list of nodes, starting from the root, that may be visible when viewed from right side of the tree.

Consider the given binary search tree:



Right profile for this tree would be 50, 72, 76, 67.

## Input

The first line contains two space separated integers N and Q, indicating the number of nodes in the tree initially and number of queries respectively.

The second line contains N space separated integers  $(1 \le value \le N)$ , indicating the node values of the BST when traversed in pre-order.

The next Q lines indicate the query in each line. The query will be in the following format:

- 1 val: Where 1 indicates the DeleteNode query and value is an integer value of the node to delete.
- 2: Where 2 indicates the PrintRightProfile query.

**Easy**:  $1 \le N \le 10, 1 \le Q \le 10$ 

**Advanced**:  $1 \le N \le 1000$ ,  $1 \le Q \le 1000$ 

Output

Output should contain an output for every Query number 2.

Query 2 should print single space separated integers indicating node values in right profile of the BST.

### Note

#### Sample Input:

 $\begin{array}{c} 9\ 3 \\ 7\ 2\ 1\ 4\ 3\ 5\ 6\ 9\ 8 \\ 2 \\ 1\ 8 \\ 2 \end{array}$ 

### Sample Output:

79856 79456

For deleting a node with two children, kindly use the minimum value in the right subtree.