


# MOVIE RECOMMENDATION SYSTEM

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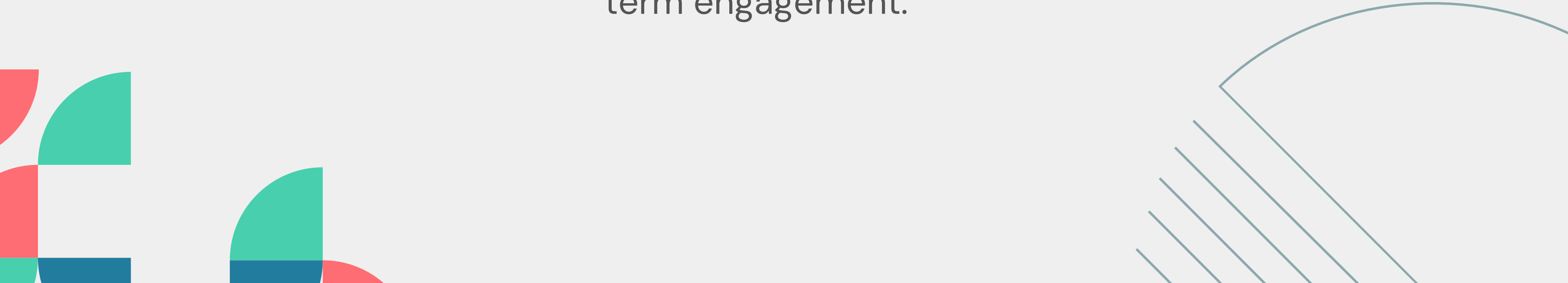


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The top-left corner features a series of thin, light blue diagonal lines. The top-right corner contains two sets of overlapping quarter-circle shapes in blue, teal, and orange.

# INTRODUCTION



This analysis aims to provide personalized movie recommendations to users on a streaming platform based on their movie preferences and rating history. In the highly competitive streaming industry, offering relevant and tailored content is essential to increasing user engagement and reducing churn. By leveraging the MovieLens dataset from the GroupLens research lab at the University of Minnesota, this project seeks to create a recommendation system that enhances the user experience and drives long-term engagement.

The bottom-left corner features overlapping quarter-circle shapes in red, teal, and blue. The bottom-right corner contains thin, light blue diagonal lines and a large, thin, light blue arc.



# BUSINESS CONTEXT



A streaming service is looking to improve user satisfaction and engagement by offering personalized movie recommendations. Despite having a large library of content, many users are not engaging with the platform as expected, resulting in lower average watch times and higher churn rates. The company wants to develop a movie recommendation system that can provide users with a tailored list of movies based on their past ratings and viewing history, increasing the likelihood of engagement and retention.





# DATA

The MovieLens Dataset, sourced from the GroupsLens research Lab at the University of Minnesota contains a collection of movie ratings and associated metadata. For this project we'll use the smaller dataset which contains 100,000 ratings and 3,600 tag applications applied to 9,000 movies by 600 users.



# DATA OVERVIEW

## Key Features:

- User ID: Represents unique users.
- Movie ID: Unique identifiers for movies.
- Rating: User ratings of movies (on a scale from 1 to 5).
- Tags: Keywords or phrases describing movie themes (e.g., "Action," "Adventure").
- Timestamp: Records when users rated the movie.

# PROCESS STEPS

**DATA CLEANING**

**EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS**

**MODELING**



# DATA CLEANING

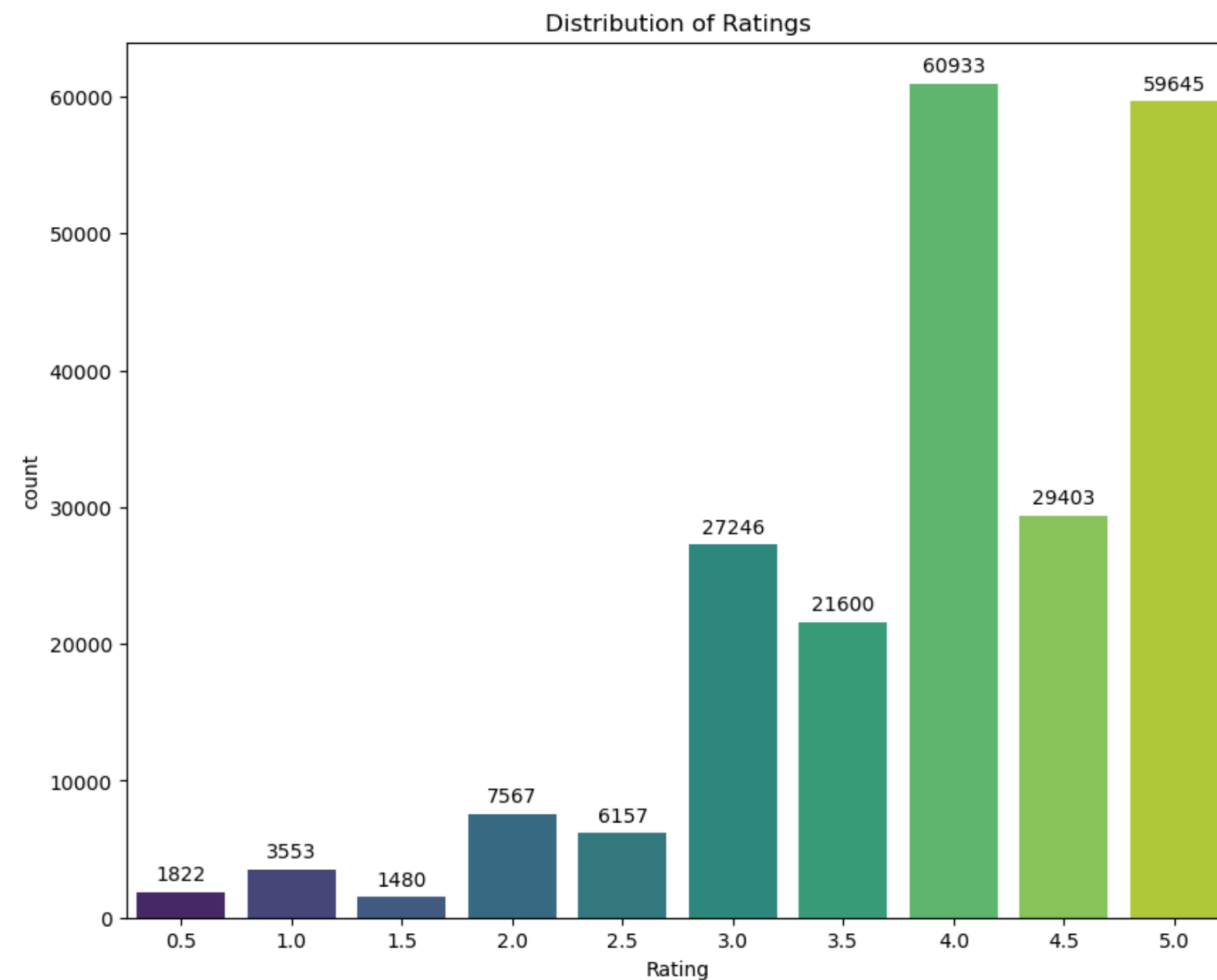
## DATA PREPARATION

- Checking for missing values.
- Checking for duplicates.
- Drop irrelevant columns.
- Feature engineering



# EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS

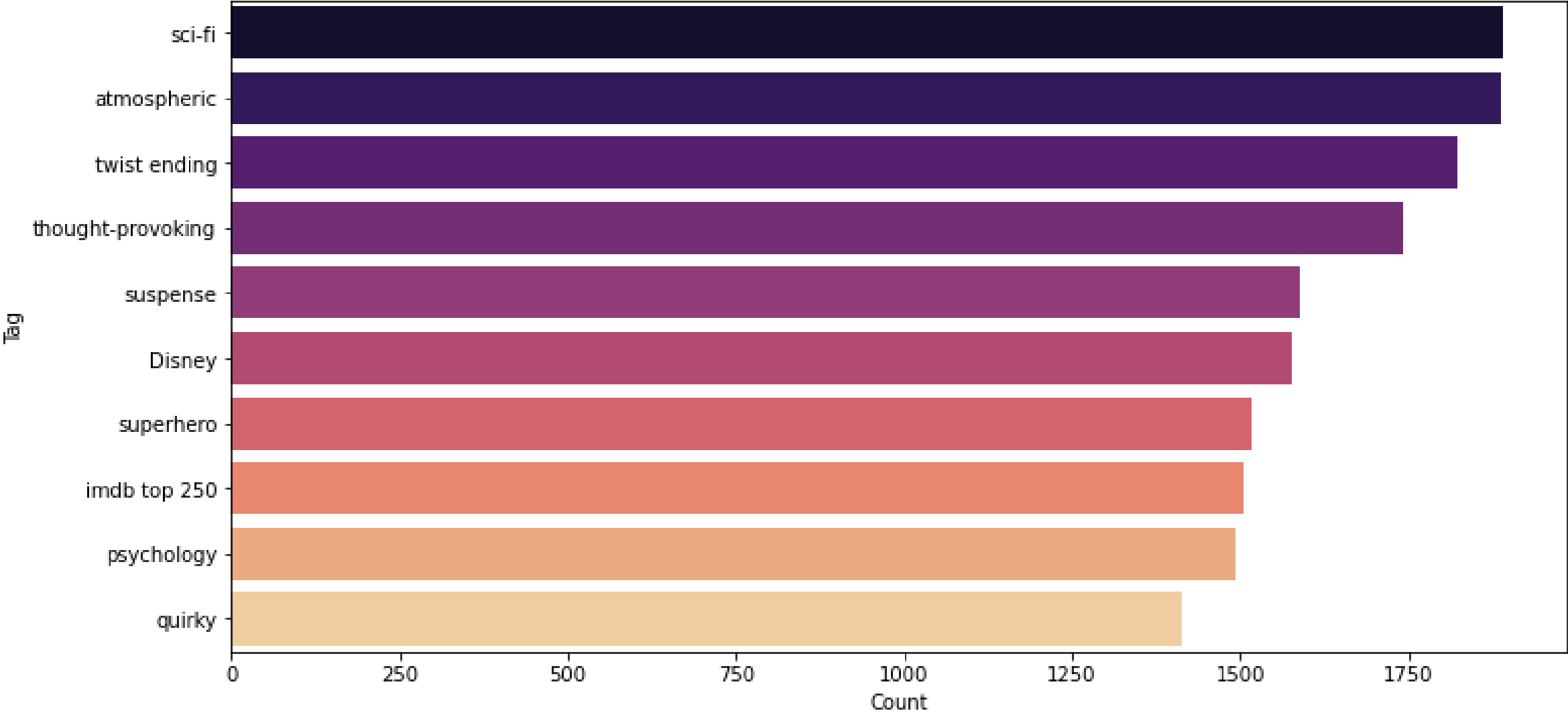
## DISTRIBUTION OF MOVIE RATINGS



4.0(60933) and 5.0(59645) are the most frequent ratings

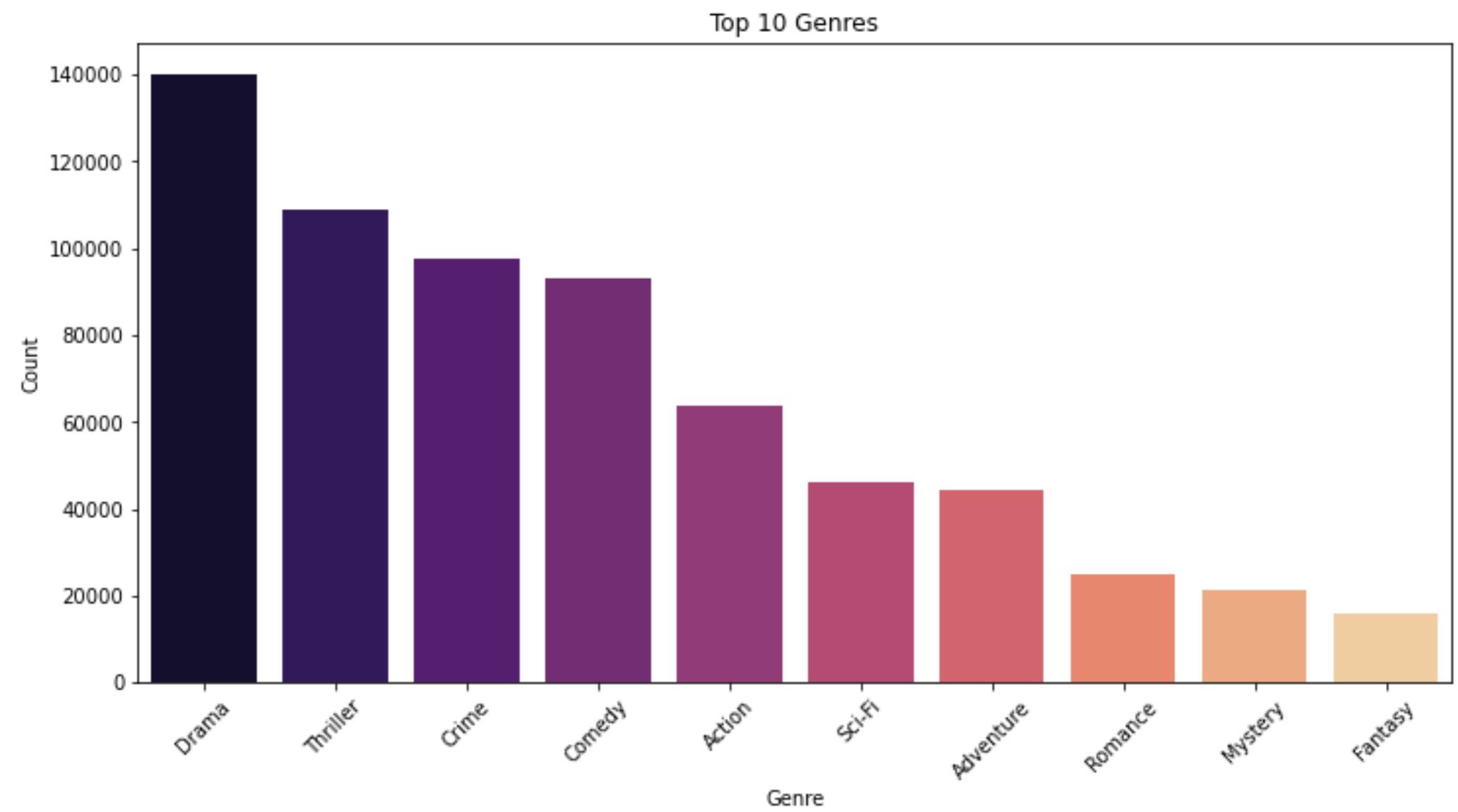
# DISTRIBUTION OF MOVIE TAGS

Top 10 Most Common Tags



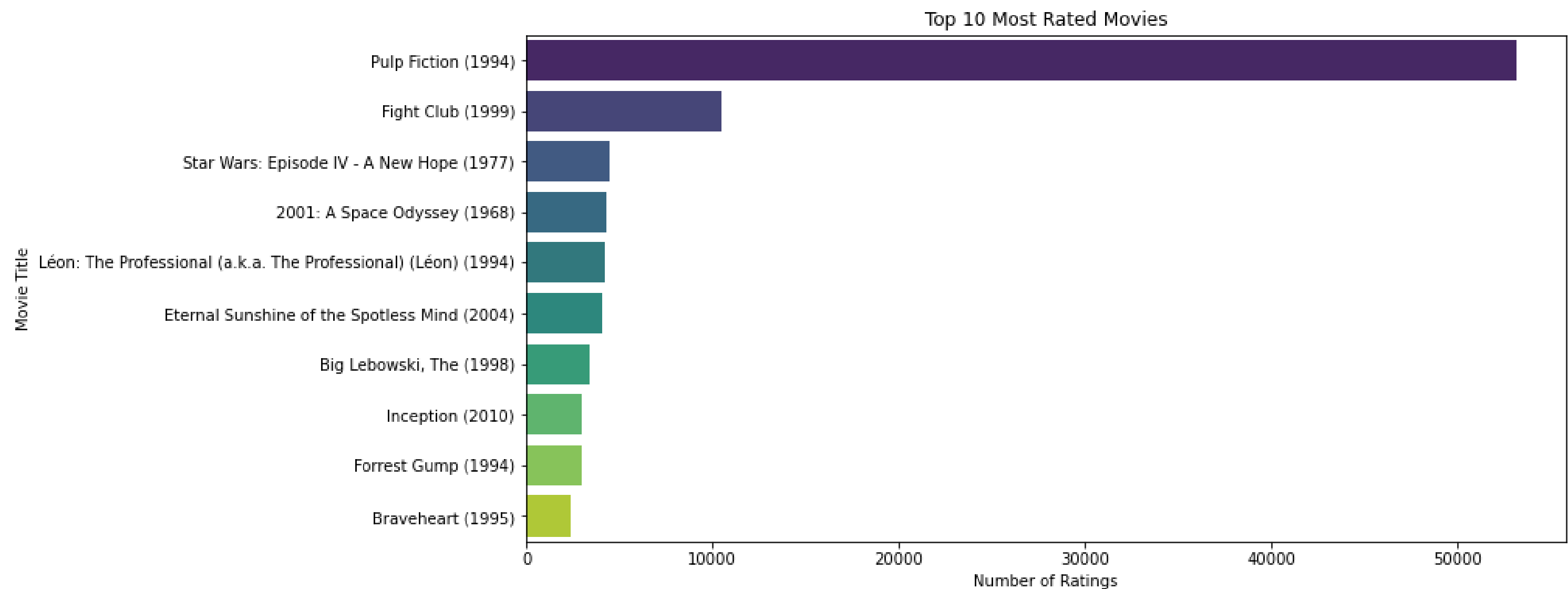
**Sci-fi, thought-provoking and twist ending** are the most common movie tags.

# DISTRIBUTION OF TOP GENRES



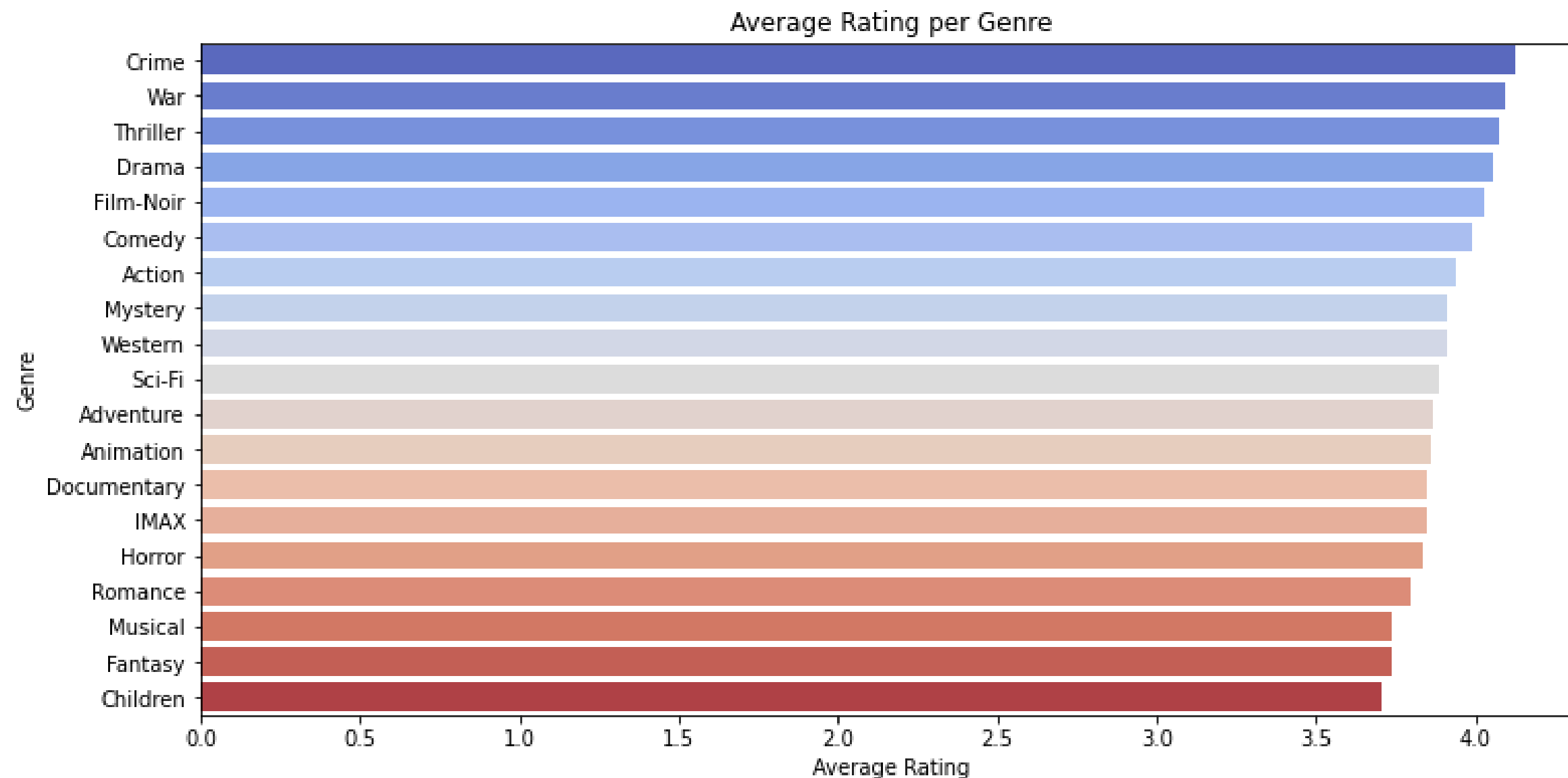
Drama(14000) is the top genre.

# DISTRIBUTION OF RATINGS BY MOVIES



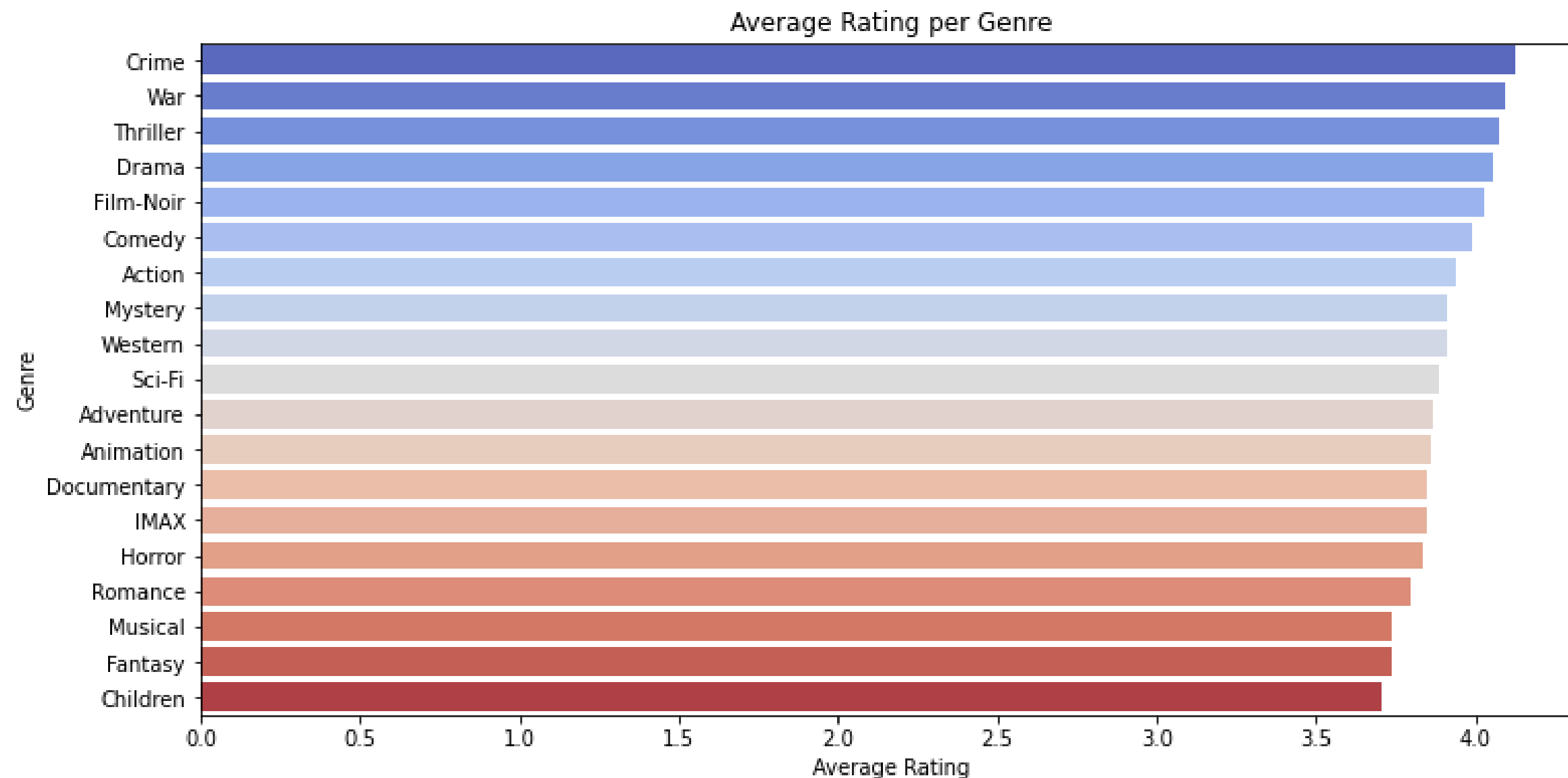
Pulp Fiction is the most rated movie.

# DISTRIBUTION OF RATINGS BY GENRES



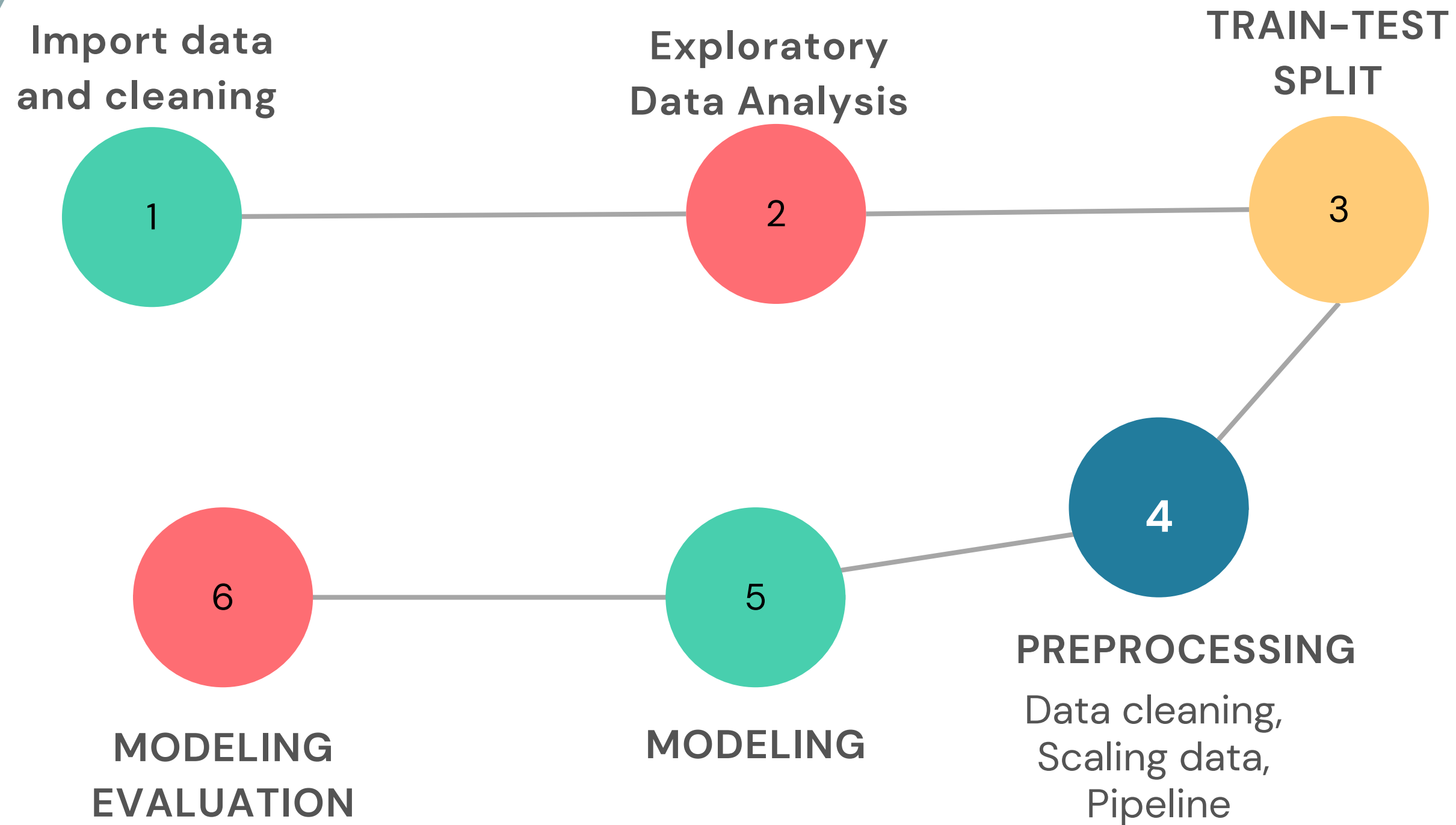
**Crime | War | Thriller | Drama | Film-Noir** – are the top rated genres, with an average of **4.0+**

# DISTRIBUTION OF RATINGS BY GENRES



**Crime | War | Thriller | Drama | Film-Noir** – are the top rated genres, with an average of **4.0+**

# MODELING



# MODEL EVALUATION

KNNBasic (PEARSON Similarity)	RMSE	0.7246
	MAE	0.5155
KNN with Means	RMSE	0.6955
	MAE	0.4914
KNN Baseline (PEARSON Similarity)	RMSE	0.6147
	MAE	0.4171
SVD (Matrix Factorization)	RMSE	0.5081
	MAE	0.3467
SVD (with GridSearchCV)	RMSE	0.2465



# MODEL EVALUATION



## FINAL MODEL

SVD (with GridSearchCV)	RMSE	0.2465
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The SVD model with tuned parameters provided the best performance, with the lowest RMSE metrics.

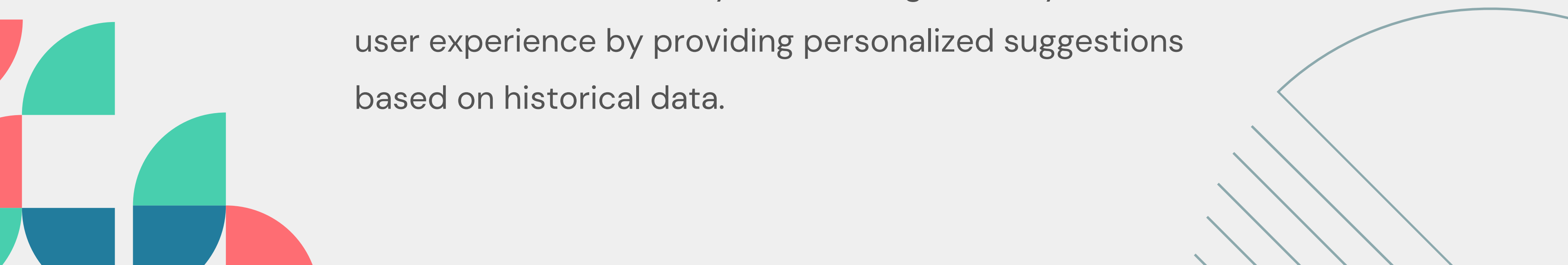


# RECOMMENDATION

- Implement the collaborative filtering model on the platform to provide real-time recommendations.
  - Regularly update the system with new user data for continuous improvement.
  - Continuous Learning: Add new user ratings and movie information over time to improve model accuracy.
  - Additional Data: Incorporate user feedback and social media interactions to further refine recommendations
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# CONCLUSION

- Collaborative Filtering proved to be the most accurate model for movie recommendations.
  - Content-Based Filtering is useful for new users with fewer ratings.
  - The recommendation system can significantly enhance user experience by providing personalized suggestions based on historical data.
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# NEXT STEPS

- Explore user segments (e.g., age groups, regions) to deliver more personalized recommendations.
  - Address the issue of recommending for new users with no ratings by leveraging content-based filtering and hybrid approaches.
  - A/B Testing: Continuously monitor and improve the system by conducting A/B tests on recommendation quality and user engagement.
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The image features a light gray background with the text "THANK YOU" centered in a bold, blue, sans-serif font. The corners are decorated with abstract geometric patterns. The top-left corner has a series of parallel diagonal lines in a light blue-gray color. The top-right corner features a cluster of overlapping semi-circles in yellow, red, teal, and dark blue. The bottom-left corner also has a cluster of overlapping semi-circles in red, teal, and dark blue. The bottom-right corner contains a large, light blue-gray arc with several parallel diagonal lines extending from its base.

**THANK YOU**