

## Q4 ==> Project: Chapter 7: Using Amazon Polly to make your sensor speak

1. Access the **AWS IAM dashboard** on <http://console.aws.amazon.com/iam/>. Then, create a **new user** if you don't have it yet.

The screenshot shows the AWS IAM dashboard. On the left is a navigation sidebar with 'Identity and Access Management (IAM)' selected. The main content area is titled 'IAM dashboard'. It features a 'Security recommendations' section with a warning icon and a green checkmark indicating the root user has no active access keys. Below this is a table of 'IAM resources' with columns for User groups (0), Users (0), Roles (2), Policies (0), and Identity providers (0). There is also a 'What's new' section with updates for IAM features. On the right, the 'AWS Account' information is displayed, including the Account ID and Alias. A 'Quick Links' section provides links to security credentials and a policy simulator.

➔ I don't have a user listed, click Add users

The screenshot shows the 'Users' page in the AWS IAM console. A blue banner at the top introduces the new 'Users list experience'. Below the banner, the page title is 'Users (0) Info'. A description states that an IAM user is an identity with long-term credentials. A search bar is present with the placeholder text 'Find users by username or access key'. Below the search bar is a table with columns for 'User name', 'Groups', 'Last activity', 'MFA', 'Password age', and 'Active key age'. The table is currently empty, and a message at the bottom states 'No resources to display'. On the right side of the table, there are buttons for 'Delete' and 'Add users'.

➔ Follow the instructions to add user

## Add user

1

2

3

4

5

### Set user details

You can add multiple users at once with the same access type and permissions. [Learn more](#)

User name\* PollyCreds

+ Add another user

### Select AWS access type

Select how these users will primarily access AWS. If you choose only programmatic access, it does NOT prevent users from accessing the console using an assumed role. Access keys and autogenerated passwords are provided in the last step. [Learn more](#)

Select AWS credential type\*



**Access key - Programmatic access**

Enables an **access key ID** and **secret access key** for the AWS API, CLI, SDK, and other development tools.



**Password - AWS Management Console access**

Enables a **password** that allows users to sign-in to the AWS Management Console.

\* Required

Cancel

Next: Permissions

2. Now you can configure your **user** to give **permission** to access **Amazon Polly**.

➔ Select attach existing policies and type “polly” in search area, select and attach

Add user

12345

Set permissions

Add user to group

Copy permissions from existing user

Attach existing policies directly

Create policy

Filter policies

Q polly

Showing 2 results

	Policy name	Type	Used as
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AmazonPollyFullAccess	AWS managed	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	AmazonPollySpeechSynthesisFullAccess	AWS managed	None

Set permissions boundary

Cancel

Previous

Next: Tags

# Add user

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5

## Add tags (optional)

IAM tags are key-value pairs you can add to your user. Tags can include user information, such as an email address, or can be descriptive, such as a job title. You can use the tags to organize, track, or control access for this user. [Learn more](#)

Key	Value (optional)	Remove
<input type="text" value="Add new key"/>	<input type="text"/>	

You can add 50 more tags.

## Add user



### Review

Review your choices. After you create the user, you can view and download the autogenerated password and access key.

#### User details

<b>User name</b>	PollyCreds
<b>AWS access type</b>	Programmatic access - with an access key
<b>Permissions boundary</b>	Permissions boundary is not set

#### Permissions summary

The following policies will be attached to the user shown above.

Type	Name
Managed policy	<a href="#">AmazonPollyFullAccess</a>

#### Tags

No tags were added.

[Cancel](#)

[Previous](#)

[Create user](#)

➔ User created successfully, download the .csv file for records

## Add user

1 2 3 4 5



### Success

You successfully created the users shown below. You can view and download user security credentials. You can also email users instructions for signing in to the AWS Management Console. This is the last time these credentials will be available to download. However, you can create new credentials at any time.

Users with AWS Management Console access can sign-in at: <https://386972806855.signin.aws.amazon.com/console>

Download .csv

	User	Access key ID	Secret access key
▶	✔ PollyCreds	AKIAVUC	***** <a href="#">Show</a>

Close

Search IAM

Dashboard

Access management

User groups

Users

Roles

Policies

Identity providers

Account settings

The user **PollyCreds** have been created.

IAM > Users

Users (1) Info

An IAM user is an identity with long-term credentials that is used to interact with AWS in an account.

Find users by username or access key

User name

Groups

Last activity

MFA

Password age

Active key age

PollyCreds

None

Never

None

None

✔ 3 minutes ago

User added successfully and shown on dashboard!

- Next, you should copy the **AWS access key ID** from your **IAM user**. You can find it under the **Security credentials** tab. You can create an **AWS access key** if you don't have it. This **AWS access key ID** will be used in our program.

➔ I get my access keys from the previous file downloaded

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	User name	Password	Access key ID	Secret access key	Console login link	
2	PollyCreds		AKIAVUG...	tkM1hqXPdPqapXBhjlBztG1G	https://386972806855.signin.aws.amazon.com/console	
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						

- For **testing**, we use **Node.js** to develop a **program**. We need **AWS SDK** for **JavaScript/Node.js** to access **Amazon Polly**.

```
$ mkdir ml
$ cd ml/
$ npm init (npm init -y to use default options)
$ npm install aws-sdk -save
```

```
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~ $ cd Desktop
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop $
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop $ ls
SenseHat
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop $ mkdir AmazonPolly
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop $ cd AmazonPolly
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $
```

```
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $ npm init -y
Wrote to /home/sharonpi/Desktop/AmazonPolly/package.json:
```

```
{
  "name": "AmazonPolly",
  "version": "1.0.0",
  "description": "",
  "main": "index.js",
  "scripts": {
    "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1"
  },
  "keywords": [],
  "author": "",
  "license": "ISC"
}
```

```
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $ npm install aws-sdk --save
npm WARN deprecated querystring@0.2.0: The querystring API is considered Legacy. new code should use the URLSearchParams API instead.
added 30 packages, and audited 31 packages in 7s

12 packages are looking for funding
  run `npm fund` for details

found 0 vulnerabilities
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $
```

Project folder ready!

5. We will use the **Polly** object to access **AWS Polly** from **Node.js**. You can read more information about the **Polly** object on <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSJavaScriptSDK/latest/AWS/Polly.html>. We pass our **AWS access key ID** to perform **AWS authentication**.

➔ You can use credentials to give the sign request, but I will give the keys directly.



6. To convert from **text-to-speech**, we can call `Polly.synthesizeSpeech()`. From this process, we can save the **result** into an **MP3 file**.

➔ Go to Amazon Polly Documentation to learn more about the Request body structure.

[https://docs.aws.amazon.com/polly/latest/dg/API\\_SynthesizeSpeech.html](https://docs.aws.amazon.com/polly/latest/dg/API_SynthesizeSpeech.html)

The screenshot shows the Amazon Polly API documentation page for the `SynthesizeSpeech` action. On the left, a navigation pane lists various API actions, with `SynthesizeSpeech` highlighted in orange. The main content area is titled "Request Syntax" and displays the following information:

```
POST /v1/speech HTTP/1.1
Content-type: application/json

{
  "Engine": "string",
  "LanguageCode": "string",
  "LexiconNames": [ "string" ],
  "OutputFormat": "string",
  "SampleRate": "string",
  "SpeechMarkTypes": [ "string" ],
  "Text": "string",
  "TextType": "string",
  "VoiceId": "string"
}
```

➔ You can try and choose the voice you like for speech.

Go to aws console -> Services -> All Services -> Amazon Polly -> Try Polly

Select and try your desired VoiceId, languages and so on

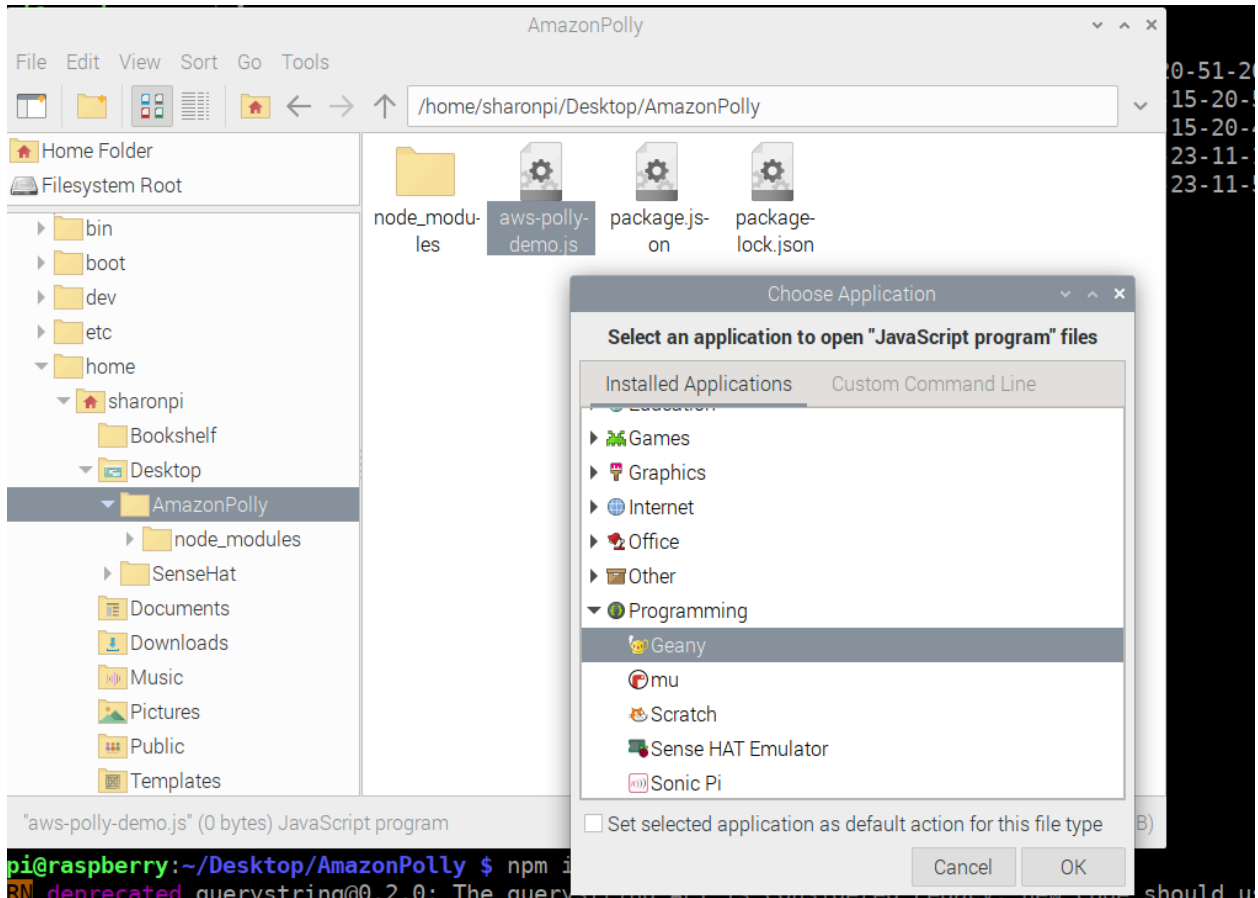
The screenshot shows the Amazon Polly console's "Text-to-Speech" interface. The page has a header with the AWS logo and navigation tabs for "Text-to-Speech", "Lexicons", and "S3 synthesis tasks". The main content area is titled "Text-to-Speech Info" and includes the following elements:

- Engine:** A section with two options: "Neural" (disabled) and "Standard" (selected). The "Standard" option is highlighted in blue and described as "Produces natural-sounding speech."
- Language:** A dropdown menu currently set to "English, US".
- Input text:** A text area containing the sample text: "Hi! My name is Joanna. I will read any text you type here." Below the text area, it indicates "58 characters used".
- Voice:** A list of available voices with a dropdown arrow. The selected voice is "Joanna, Female", which is highlighted in blue and marked with a checkmark. Other visible voices include Salli, Kimberly, Kendra, Ivy, Matthew, Justin, and Joey.
- Buttons:** At the top right, there are buttons for "Save to S3", "Download", and "Listen". At the bottom right, there are buttons for "Restore default text" and "Clear text".

7. Let's create a file, `aws-polly-demo.js`.

➔ Create and edit `aws-polly-demo.js`

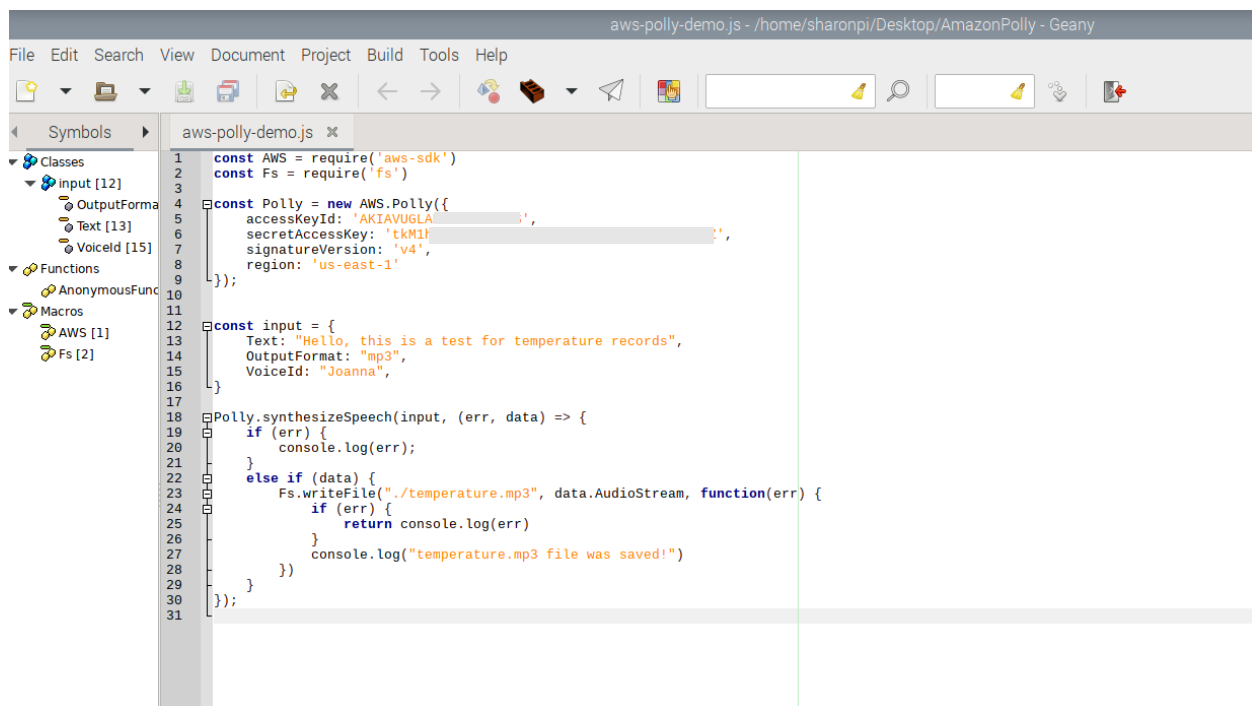
```
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $ touch aws-polly-demo.js
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $
```



## ➔ Change the credentials and Input values

```
const Polly = new AWS.Polly({
  accessKeyId: 'xxxxx',
  secretAccessKey: xxxxx',
  signatureVersion: 'v4',
  region: 'us-east-1'
});
```

```
const input = {
  Text: "Hello, this is a test for temperature records",
  OutputFormat: "mp3",
  VoiceId: "Joanna",
}
```



The screenshot shows a code editor window titled 'aws-polly-demo.js - /home/sharonpi/Desktop/AmazonPolly - Geany'. The editor contains the following JavaScript code:

```
1  const AWS = require('aws-sdk')
2  const Fs = require('fs')
3
4  const Polly = new AWS.Polly({
5    accessKeyId: 'AKIAVUGLA...',
6    secretAccessKey: 'tkM1...',
7    signatureVersion: 'v4',
8    region: 'us-east-1'
9  });
10
11
12  const input = {
13    Text: "Hello, this is a test for temperature records",
14    OutputFormat: "mp3",
15    VoiceId: "Joanna",
16  }
17
18  Polly.synthesizeSpeech(input, (err, data) => {
19    if (err) {
20      console.log(err);
21    }
22    else if (data) {
23      Fs.writeFile("./temperature.mp3", data.AudioStream, function(err) {
24        if (err) {
25          return console.log(err)
26        }
27        console.log("temperature.mp3 file was saved!")
28      })
29    }
30  });
31
```

The left sidebar shows the 'Symbols' panel with the following structure:

- Classes
  - input [12]
    - OutputFormat [13]
    - Text [13]
    - VoiceId [15]
- Functions
  - AnonymousFunc [18]
- Macros
  - AWS [1]
  - Fs [2]

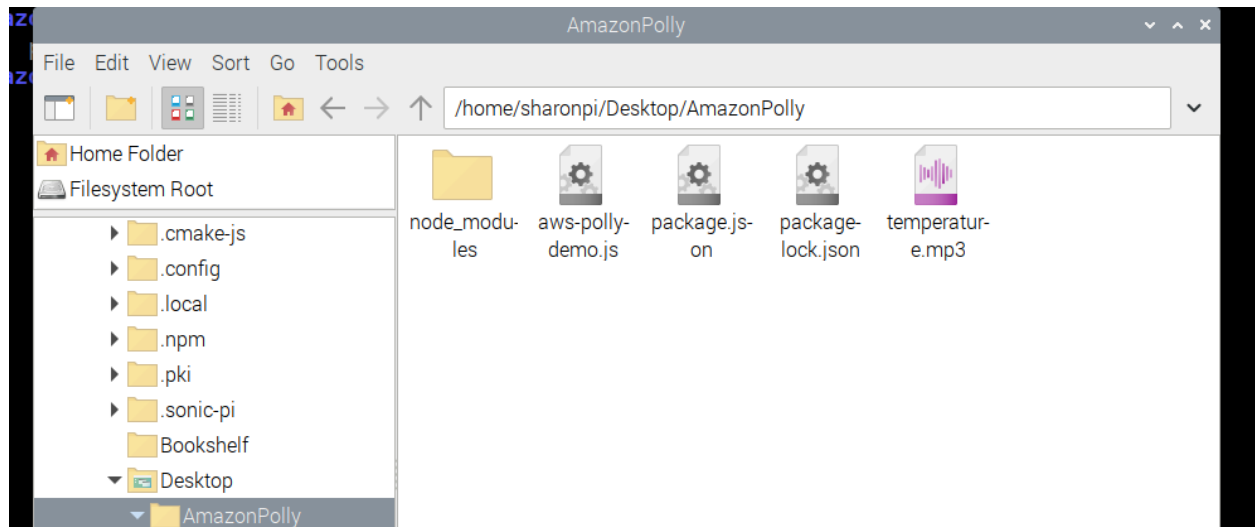
8. Save this program and run it using the following command:

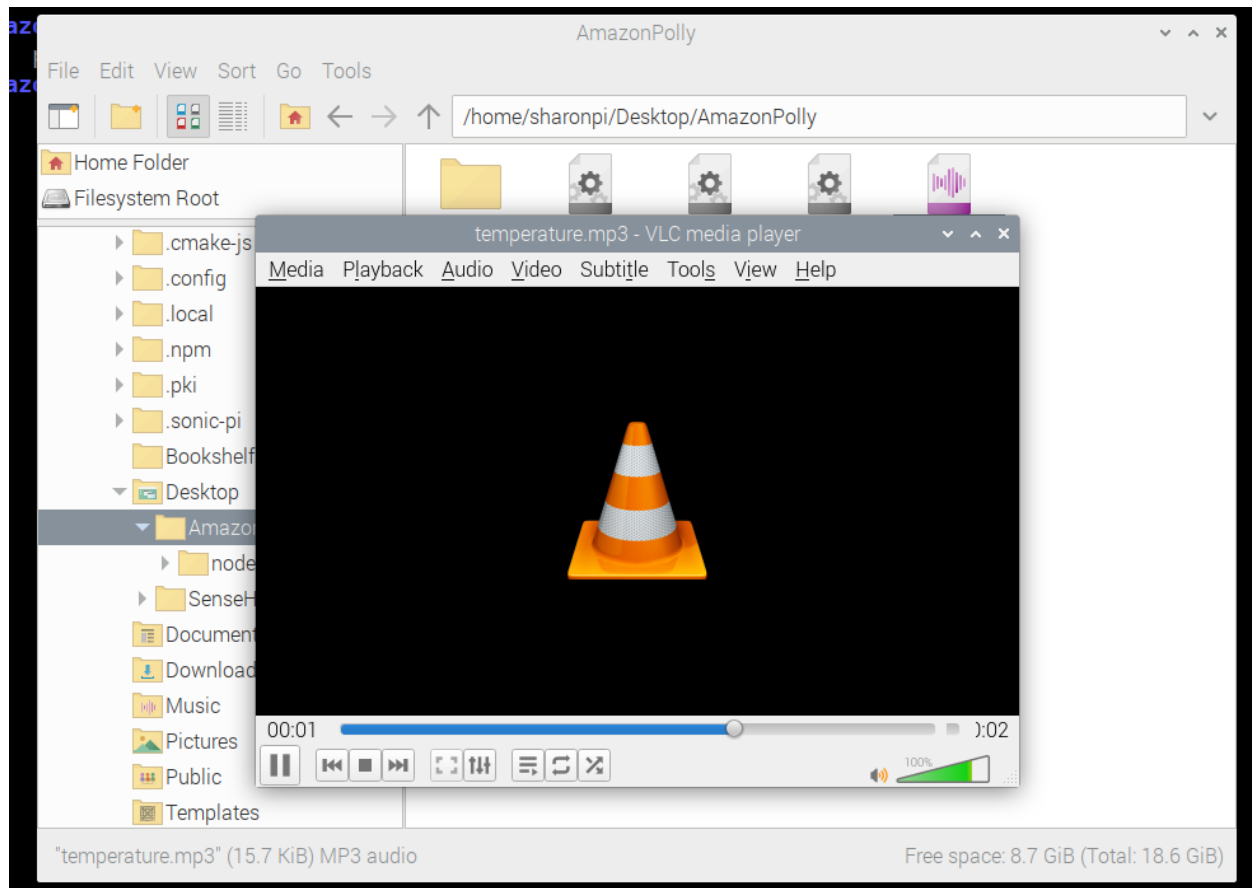
```
$ node aws-polly-demo.js
```

```
File Machine View Input Devices Help
File Edit Tabs Help
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $ node aws-polly-demo.js
temperature.mp3 file was saved!
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $ ls
aws-polly-demo.js  node_modules  package.json  package-lock.json  temperature.mp3
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $
```

Mp3 file is created successfully!

9. You should see the **MP3 file** from the executing **result**. You can see the **program output** that is shown in the following **screenshot**. Try to run that **MP3 file**:





**Mp3 file reading the input file is playing with no issue!**

## 10. Use `node-speaker` library

➔ Install `node-speaker` library with `npm`

```
$ npm install speaker
```

```
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $ npm install speaker
npm ERR! code 1
npm ERR! path /home/sharonpi/Desktop/AmazonPolly/node_modules/speaker
npm ERR! command failed
npm ERR! command sh -c node-gyp rebuild
npm ERR! make: Entering directory '/home/sharonpi/Desktop/AmazonPolly/node_modules/speaker/build'
npm ERR! CC(target) Release/obj.target/output/deps/mpg123/src/output/alsa.o
npm ERR! make: Leaving directory '/home/sharonpi/Desktop/AmazonPolly/node_modules/speaker/build'
npm ERR! gyp info it worked if it ends with ok
npm ERR! gyp info using node-gyp@7.1.2
npm ERR! gyp info using node@12.22.12 | linux | ia32
npm ERR! gyp info find Python using Python version 3.9.2 found at "/usr/bin/python3"
npm ERR! gyp info spawn /usr/bin/python3
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args [
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   '/usr/share/nodejs/node-gyp/gyp/gyp_main.py',
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   'binding.gyp',
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   '-f',
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   'make',
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   '-I',
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   '/home/sharonpi/Desktop/AmazonPolly/node_modules/speaker/build/config.gypi',
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   '-I',
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   '/usr/share/nodejs/node-gyp/addon.gypi',
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   '-I',
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   '/usr/include/nodejs/common.gypi',
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   '-Dlibrary=shared_library',
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   '-Dvisibility=default',
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   '-Dnode_root_dir=/usr/include/nodejs',
npm ERR! gyp info spawn args   '-Dnode_gyp_dir=/usr/share/nodejs/node-gyp',
```

Got error installing package – info from <https://github.com/TooTallNate/node-speaker>

☰ README.md

# node-speaker

## Output **PCM audio** data to the speakers

🔄 Node CI failing

A Writable stream instance that accepts **PCM audio** data and outputs it to the speakers. The output is backed by `mpg123`'s audio output modules, which in turn use any number of audio backends commonly found on Operating Systems these days.

## Installation

Simply compile and install `node-speaker` using `npm`:

```
npm install speaker
```

On Debian/Ubuntu, the **ALSA** backend is selected by default, so be sure to have the `alsa.h` header file in place:

```
sudo apt-get install libasound2-dev
```

```

sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $ sudo apt-get install libasound2-dev
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following package was automatically installed and is no longer required:
  sse3-support
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove it.
Suggested packages:
  libasound2-doc
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  libasound2-dev
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 2 not upgraded.
Need to get 126 kB of archives.
After this operation, 681 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 http://deb.debian.org/debian bullseye/main i386 libasound2-dev i386 1.2.4-1.1 [126 kB]
Fetched 126 kB in 0s (615 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package libasound2-dev:i386.
(Reading database ... 172285 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../libasound2-dev_1.2.4-1.1_i386.deb ...
Unpacking libasound2-dev:i386 (1.2.4-1.1) ...
Setting up libasound2-dev:i386 (1.2.4-1.1) ...
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $ npm install speaker
added 8 packages, and audited 39 packages in 2s

```

### Package installation successfully!

11. If you are working on **macOS**, you will probably get **errors**. You can run this command to solve the **error** on **macOS**:

```
$ XX=clang++ npm install speaker --mpg123-backend=openal
```

12. Now we modify our previous program to play **text-to-speech** streaming into **node-speaker library**. Create the **sensor-speaker.js** file

### ➔ Create and modify sensor-speaker.js file

```

// Create an Polly client
const Polly = new AWS.Polly({
  accessKeyId: 'xxxxxxx',
  secretAccessKey: 'xxxxxxx',
  signatureVersion: 'v4',
  region: 'us-west-1'
});

// Create the Speaker instance
const Player = new Speaker({
  channels: 1,
  bitDepth: 16,
  sampleRate: 16000
  //channels: 2,      // 2 channels
  //bitDepth: 16,    // 16-bit samples

```

```

    //sampleRate: 44100    // 44,100 Hz sample rate
  })

```

```

let params = {
  Text: 'Hi, this is a test for nodejs speaker',
  OutputFormat: 'pcm',
  VoiceId: 'Joanna'
}

```

```

1  const AWS = require('aws-sdk');
2  const Stream = require('stream');
3  const Speaker = require('speaker');
4
5  // Create an Polly client
6  const Polly = new AWS.Polly({
7    accessKeyId: 'AKIAVUGLAN3DRKVZIVES',
8    secretAccessKey: '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',
9    signatureVersion: 'v4',
10   region: 'us-west-1'
11 });
12
13 // Create the Speaker instance
14 const Player = new Speaker({
15   channels: 2,
16   bitDepth: 16,
17   sampleRate: 44100
18 });
19 //channels: 2,    // 2 channels
20 //bitDepth: 16,   // 16-bit samples
21 //sampleRate: 44100 // 44,100 Hz sample rate
22
23 let params = {
24   Text: 'Hi, this is a test for nodejs speaker',
25   OutputFormat: 'pcm',
26   VoiceId: 'Joanna'
27 }
28
29 Polly.synthesizeSpeech(params, (err, data) => {
30   if (err) {
31     console.log(err.code)
32   } else if (data) {
33     if (data.AudioStream instanceof Buffer) {
34       // Initiate the source
35       var bufferStream = new Stream.PassThrough()
36       // convert AudioStream into a readable stream
37       bufferStream.end(data.AudioStream)
38       // Pipe into Player
39       bufferStream.pipe(Player)
40     }
41   }
42 })
43

```

This instance values are used in the Github example, the sound played out is quick and not clear.

13. Now you can run this **program** by typing the following command:

```
$ node sensor-speaker.js
```

```

sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $ node sensor-speaker.js
sharonpi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop/AmazonPolly $

```

**Successfully listen the text input!**

