

## Question 1

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## Question 1

- Is there evidence that traffic stops disproportionately target men?
- Are certain cities/locations “balanced” in terms of how traffic stops reflect the demography of that city/location?

## Setup

- **Techniques:**
  - **Proportion calculation:** For each state, we computed the proportion of traffic stops attributed to a particular group (e.g., male drivers or stops per state), and compared it to the corresponding group's share of the licensed driver population.
  - **Spatial visualization (Choropleth map):** We used spatial visualizations to map the differences between stop and license proportions across states. This allowed for quick identification of geographic patterns in over- or under-representation.

- **Techniques:**

- **Cohen's h (Effect Size):** statistically measure the difference between two proportions, independent of sample size.

$$h = 2 \cdot \arcsin(\sqrt{p_1}) - 2 \cdot \arcsin(\sqrt{p_2})$$

- Interpretation Thresholds

Cohen's $h$ Range	Interpretation
$h < 0.20$	Negligible difference
$0.20 < h < 0.50$	Small effect
$0.50 < h < 0.80$	Medium effect
$h > 0.80$	Large effect

- **Workflow**

- **Datascope:** Focused on overlapping time period (2014–2015) across major U.S. states. For each year, calculate the proportions (male stops, male drivers; licensed drivers proportion in the whole US for each state, stop proportion of the whole US for each state)
- **Visualization:** Generate choropleth maps to visualize geographic differences in stop vs. license proportions.
- **Cohen's h:** to statistically measure the difference

## Results

Is there evidence that traffic stops disproportionately target men?

- Whole US
  - Male\_stop\_proportion = 66.534%
  - Male\_licensed\_driver\_proportion = 49.415%
  - Cohen\_h = 0.34852
  - Result: Mildly overstop Male drivers

- State level
  - All states show positive gaps → more men are stopped than expected.
  - Similar pattern for both years.



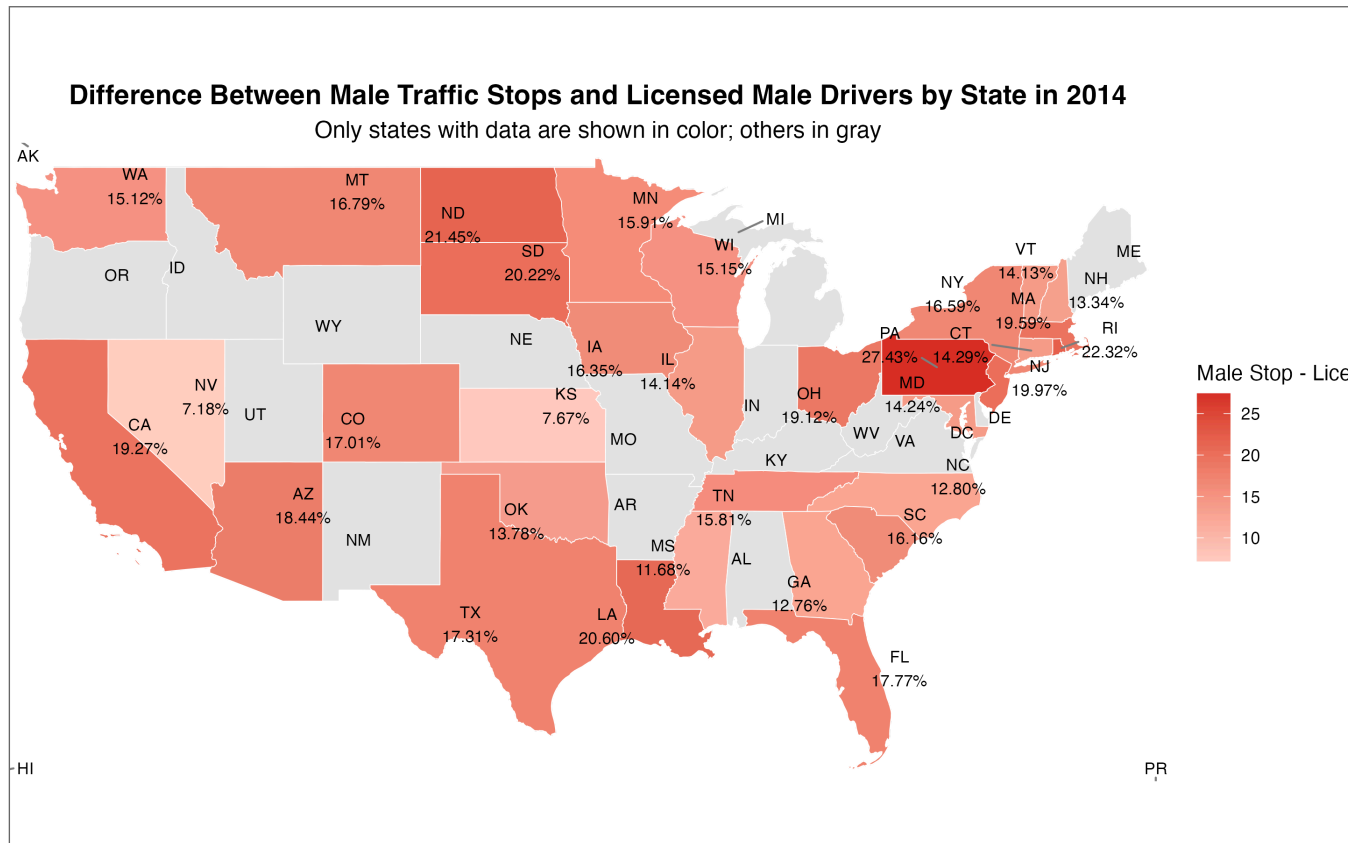


Figure 1: Difference Between Male Traffic Stops & Licensed Male Drivers by state in 2014

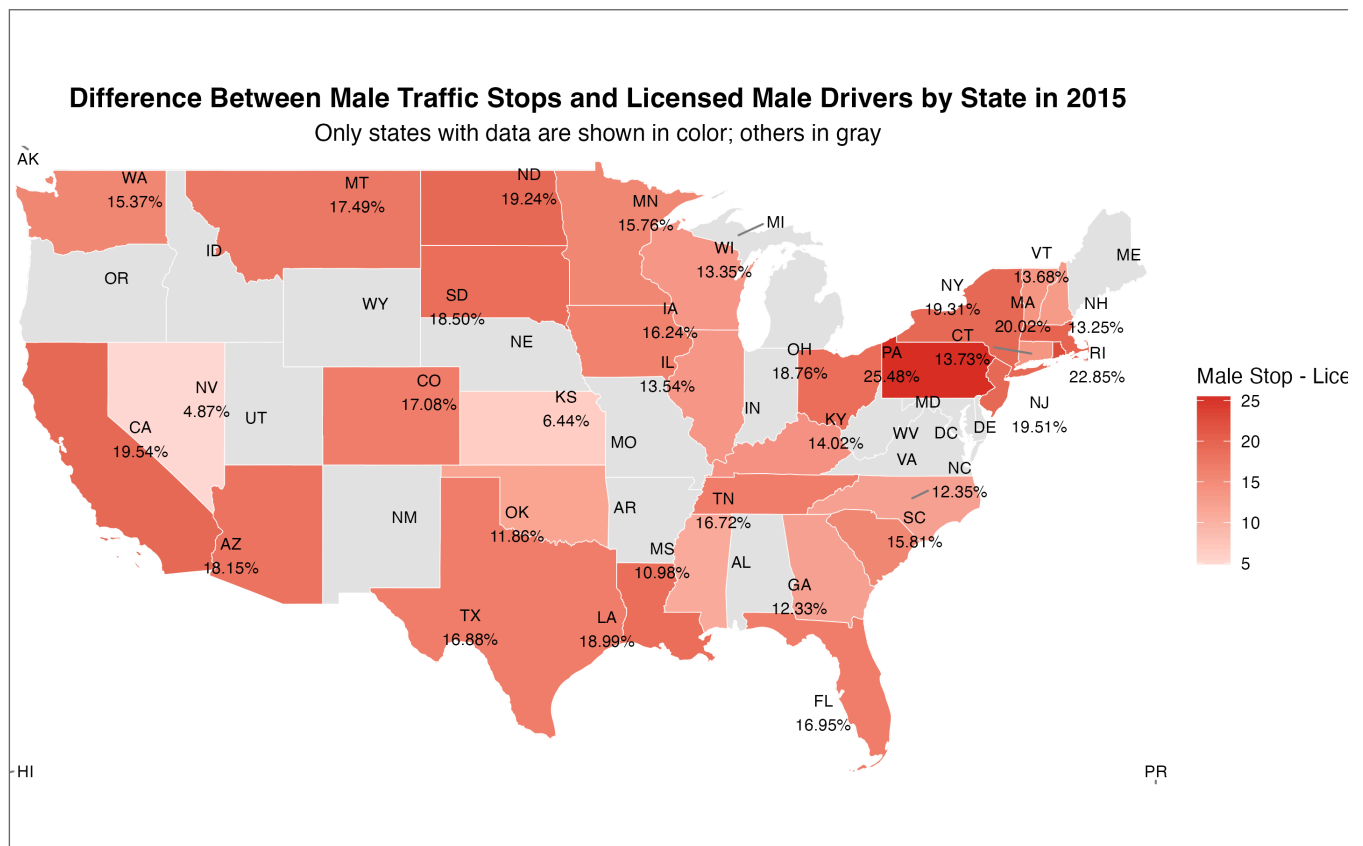


Figure 2: Difference Between Male Traffic Stops & Licensed Male Drivers by state in 2015

- Cohen's h Results

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Interactive Comparison of Stop vs. Driver Proportions (Male, 2014)

	state	year	cohens_h	h_interpretation
1	AZ	2014	0.378118266326143	Mildly Overstop Male
2	CA	2014	0.396735370161457	Mildly Overstop Male
3	CO	2014	0.348712730804358	Mildly Overstop Male
4	CT	2014	0.289286880180441	Mildly Overstop Male
5	FL	2014	0.361957886166687	Mildly Overstop Male
6	GA	2014	0.256660485430988	Mildly Overstop Male
7	IA	2014	0.332586599859812	Mildly Overstop Male
8	IL	2014	0.286056855880685	Mildly Overstop Male

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- Cohen's h Results

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Interactive Comparison of Stop vs. Driver Proportions (Male, 2015)

	state	year	cohens_h	h_interpretation
1	AZ	2015	0.371887360676334	Mildly Overstop Male
2	CA	2015	0.402928793531023	Mildly Overstop Male
3	CO	2015	0.350364258971463	Mildly Overstop Male
4	CT	2015	0.27769434825053	Mildly Overstop Male
5	FL	2015	0.34467550792416	Mildly Overstop Male
6	GA	2015	0.247978714898403	Mildly Overstop Male
7	IA	2015	0.330224724401672	Mildly Overstop Male
8	IL	2015	0.273703245144065	Mildly Overstop Male

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### Key Takeaways

- **Nationwide Trend:** Most states, as well as the U.S. overall, show **mild overrepresentation of male drivers** in traffic stops compared to their share of licensed drivers.
- **Balanced States:** Only **Nevada (NV)** and **Kansas (KS)** show **gender-balanced enforcement**, with male stop rates aligning closely with male driver proportions.
- **High Overstop State:** **Pennsylvania (PA)** exhibits a **notably higher overstop rate** for male drivers.

### Real-world Takeaways

- **Operational Patterns:** The mild overstop of male drivers may be linked to **driving behavior patterns**

## Results Cont.

Are certain cities/locations “balanced” in terms of how traffic stops reflect the demography of that city/location?

- Datascope: 2014-2015
- 39 states
- 3 states did not have any overlap with other major states
- Choropleth maps show the difference between stop and license proportions by state in 2014 and 2015.
- Red indicates more stops than expected, blue indicates fewer stops than expected, white/gray denotes minimal difference.

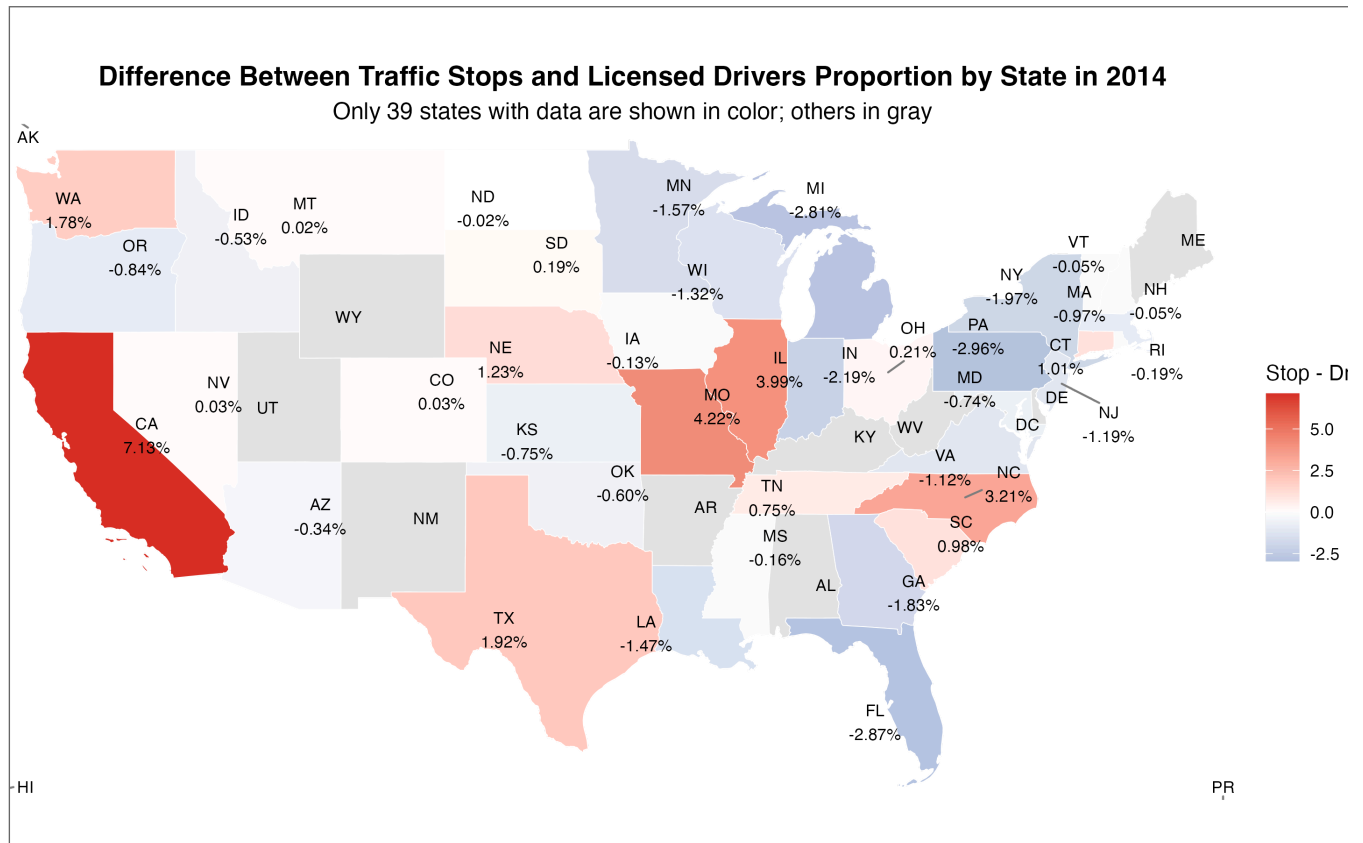


Figure 3: Differences between Traffic Stops & Licensed Drivers Proportion by State in 2014

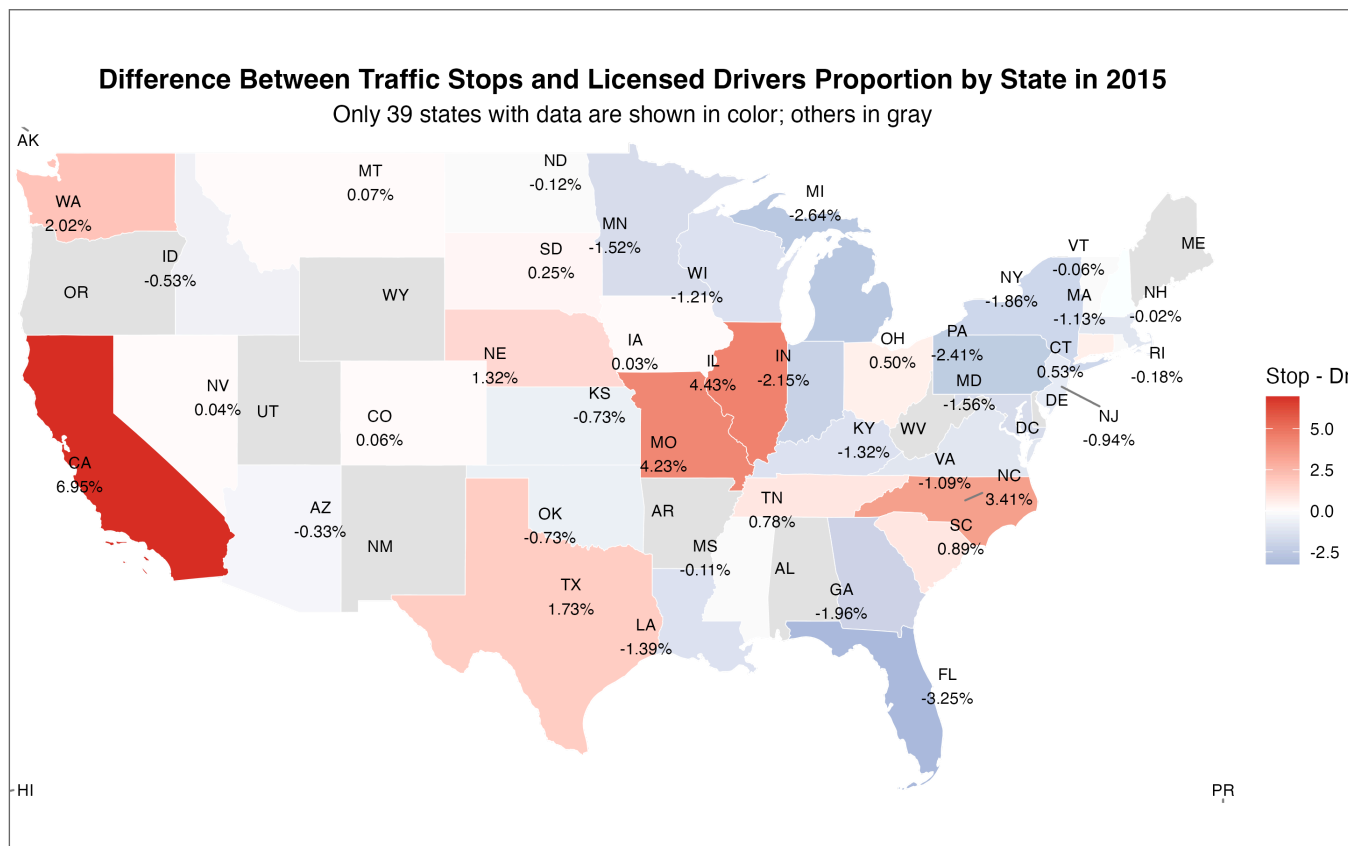


Figure 4: Differences between Traffic Stops & Licensed Drivers Proportion by State in 2015



- Consistently **Under-Policed States** (fewer stops than expected in both years):
  - Pennsylvania(PA)
  - Florida(FL)
  - Michigan(MI)
  - Indiana(IN)
- Consistently **Over-Policed States** (more stops than expected in both years):
  - California(CA)
  - Illinois(IL)
  - Missouri(MO)
  - North Carolina(NC)

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## Interactive Comparison of Stop vs. Licensed drivers (2014)

	state	year	cohens_h	h_interpretation
1	CA	2014	0.194825278429147	Balanced
2	TX	2014	0.0675221413521493	Balanced
3	IL	2014	0.167011563944956	Balanced
4	NC	2014	0.146666268809352	Balanced
5	MO	2014	0.215142968124892	Mildly Imbalanced
6	WA	2014	0.09588631837475	Balanced
7	OH	2014	0.0105606066955476	Balanced
8	FL	2014	-0.125678486029976	Balanced
9	NY	2014	-0.0930604684648567	Balanced
10	TN	2014	0.0462570571584977	Balanced
11	SC	2014	0.0653238850445049	Balanced
12	CT	2014	0.0768422487247888	Balanced

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## Interactive Comparison of Stop vs. Licensed drivers (2015)

	state	year	cohens_h	h_interpretation
1	CA	2015	0.189609343869892	Balanced
2	TX	2015	0.0611844885358523	Balanced
3	IL	2015	0.183247208229307	Balanced
4	NC	2015	0.154568054746269	Balanced
5	MO	2015	0.217804010856164	Mildly Imbalanced
6	WA	2015	0.107154208981375	Balanced
7	OH	2015	0.0249373296583805	Balanced
8	NY	2015	-0.0865455146593562	Balanced
9	FL	2015	-0.14431185919885	Balanced
10	TN	2015	0.04833588195685	Balanced
11	SC	2015	0.0598444465460021	Balanced
12	AZ	2015	0.0218581820705526	Balanced

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State	2014	2015
Missouri(MO)	Mildly Imbalanced	Mildly Imbalanced
Michigan(MI)	Mildly Imbalanced	Balaneced
Indiana(IN)	Mildly Imbalanced	Mildly Imbalanced

- **Most states are statistically balanced** in terms of traffic stop proportions vs. licensed driver proportions.
- **Only a few states** showed *mild imbalance* across both years, These imbalances are small in magnitude and may have limited real-world impact.
- **No strong evidence of systemic geographic bias** in traffic stops across states
- **Small imbalances may reflect local operational factors** (e.g., highway traffic, policing resource allocation)