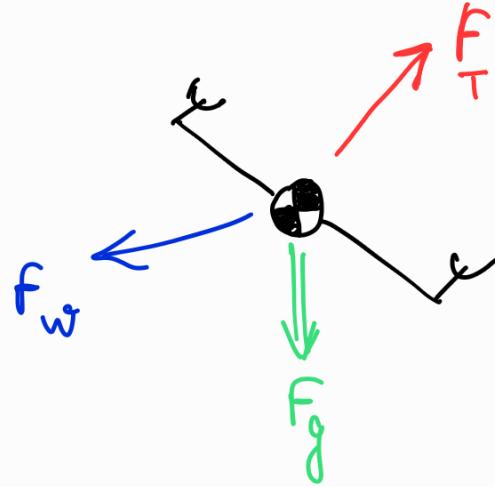


ESTIMATE WIND & FIND ORIENTATION - I



Hover equilibrium:

$${}^B \vec{F}_{\text{total}} = m \left({}^B \vec{\omega} \times {}^B \vec{v} + {}^B \ddot{\vec{v}} \right)$$

≈ 0 ≈ 0 ≈ 0
 (equilibrium)

$$\Rightarrow {}^B \vec{F} = 0$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow Q {}^B \vec{F} = Q(0) \\ \Rightarrow {}^w \vec{F} = 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow {}^B \vec{F}_T + {}^B \vec{F}_g + {}^B \vec{F}_w = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -F_T \end{bmatrix} + m \begin{bmatrix} {}^g a_x \\ {}^g a_y \\ {}^g a_z \end{bmatrix} + {}^B \vec{F}_w = 0$$

\sim
 (IMU
data)

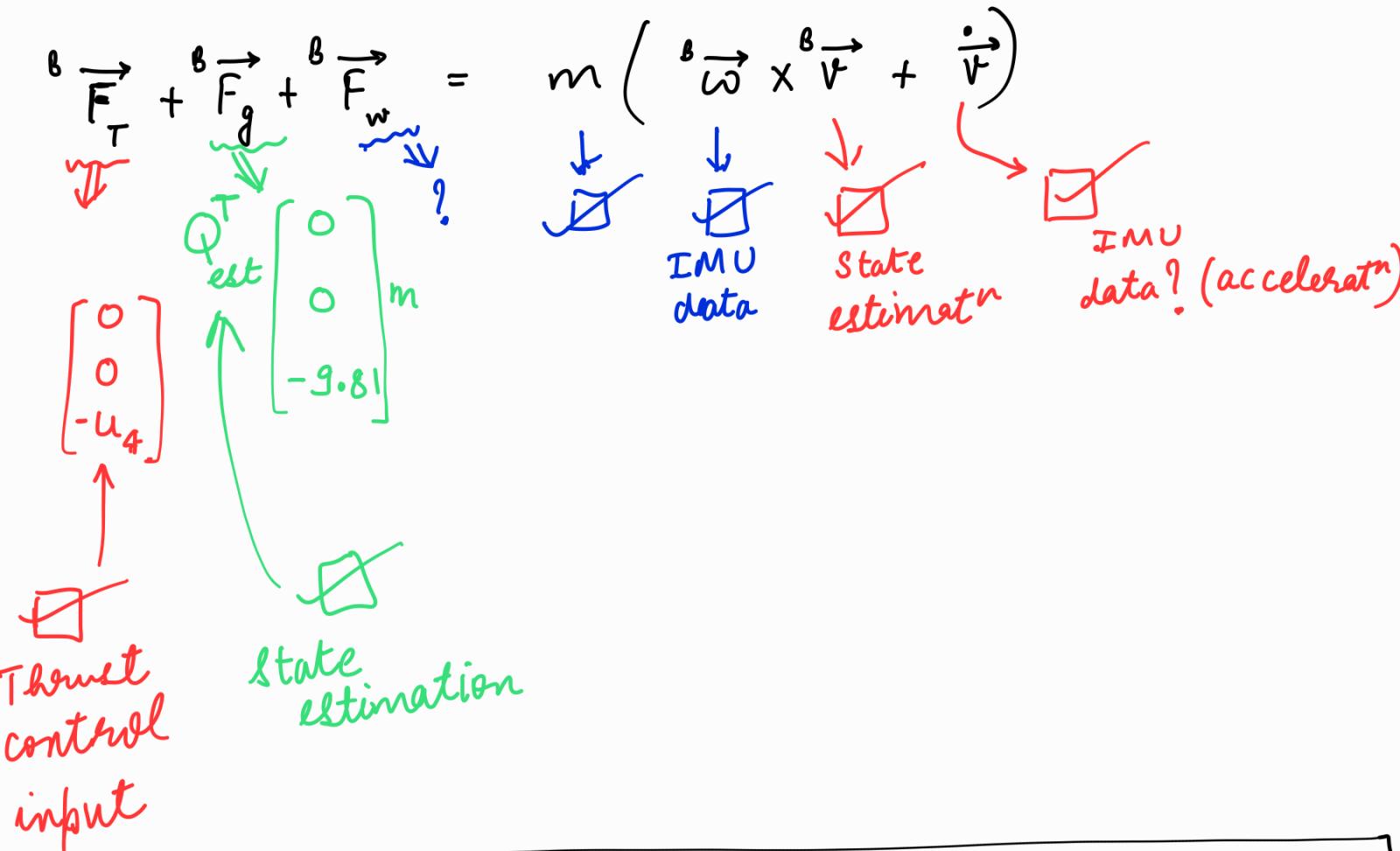
$$\Rightarrow {}^B \vec{F}_w = \begin{bmatrix} -{}^B a_x \\ -{}^B a_y \\ F_T - {}^B a_z \end{bmatrix}$$

We found wind
velocity in Body-Frame

estimate ω

What if no equilibrium?:

$${}^B \vec{F} = m \left({}^B \vec{\omega} \times {}^B \vec{v} + \dot{\vec{v}} \right)$$



$${}^B \vec{F}_w^{\text{est}} = m \left({}^B \vec{\omega}_{\text{IMU}} \times {}^B \vec{v}_{\text{est}} + {}^B \dot{\vec{v}}_{\text{IMU}} \right) - \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -u_4 \end{bmatrix} - {}^T \vec{Q}_{\text{est}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -(g \cdot 81)m \end{bmatrix}$$

Estimated Wind vector
in Body frame

- {
- Sensors
- EKF 2
- Control Data
- Truth

required

Find orientation from Wind estimate:

(this orientation is different from current Q_{est})

$${}^B \vec{F}_T + {}^B \vec{F}_g + {}^B \hat{\vec{F}}_w^{est} = 0$$

THIS EQN IS WRONG BECAUSE WE FOUND WIND IN BODY FRAME OF NON-EQUILIBRIUM ORIENTATION.
∴ FIND WIND IN WORLD FRAME BECAUSE THAT COORDINATE REPRESENTATION WOULD BE ABSOLUTELY TRUE REGARDLESS OF "EQUILIBRIUM" ORIENTATION OR "NON-EQUILIBRIUM" ORIENTATION

$${}^T Q_{sp} {}^W \vec{F}_T + {}^B \vec{F}_g + {}^T Q_{sp} {}^W \vec{F}_{w est} = 0$$

$$\left({}^W \vec{F}_{w est} = {}^B \vec{F}_{w est} \right)$$

the orientation (from above) that will satisfy equilibrium

under current Wind vector

estimate ${}^B \hat{\vec{F}}_w^{est}$

$$\Rightarrow Q_{sp} \left({}^T Q_{sp} {}^W \vec{F}_T + {}^B \vec{F}_g + {}^T Q_{sp} {}^W \vec{F}_{w est} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow {}^W \vec{F}_T + Q_{sp} {}^B \vec{F}_g + {}^W \vec{F}_{w est} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow {}^W \vec{F}_T + {}^W \vec{F}_g + {}^W \vec{F}_{w est} = 0$$

$$w \vec{F}_T + m \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -9.81 \end{bmatrix} + w \vec{F}_w = \vec{0}$$

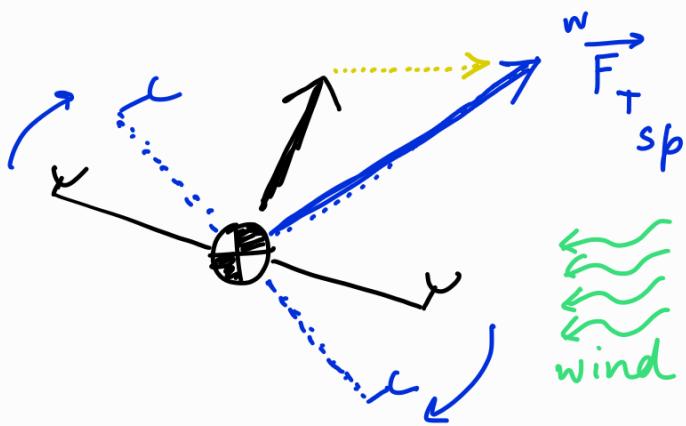
let

(?)

Need

$$\overset{w}{\overrightarrow{F_T}}_{sp} = - \overset{w}{\overrightarrow{F_w}}_{est} - m \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -9.81 \end{bmatrix}$$

"Target Thrust"
or "Thrust setpoint"
in World Frame



Target
 Current

Option - 1 : We could execute Mover - Thrust update from PX 4 (need to check)

Option - 2: We could execute "Find orientation from Thrust setpoint" from px4

/mc-pos-control

OPTION - 2

$$\overset{w}{\vec{z}_{body}} = \frac{\overset{w}{F_{T_{sp}}}}{\|\overset{w}{F_{T_{sp}}}\|}$$

↳ / Position Control
↳ / ControlMath.
(Line 70 - 120)

→ normalize ($\overset{w}{\vec{z}_{body}}$)

→ $\overset{w}{\vec{y}_{dummy}} = \begin{bmatrix} -\sin(\psi_{sp}) \\ \cos(\psi_{sp}) \\ 0.0 \end{bmatrix}$

This means px4 assumed world frame to N-E-Down
be

In px4,
this ψ_{sp}
comes from
user input

→ $\overset{w}{\vec{x}_{body}} = \overset{w}{\vec{y}_{dummy}} \times \overset{w}{\vec{z}_{body}}$

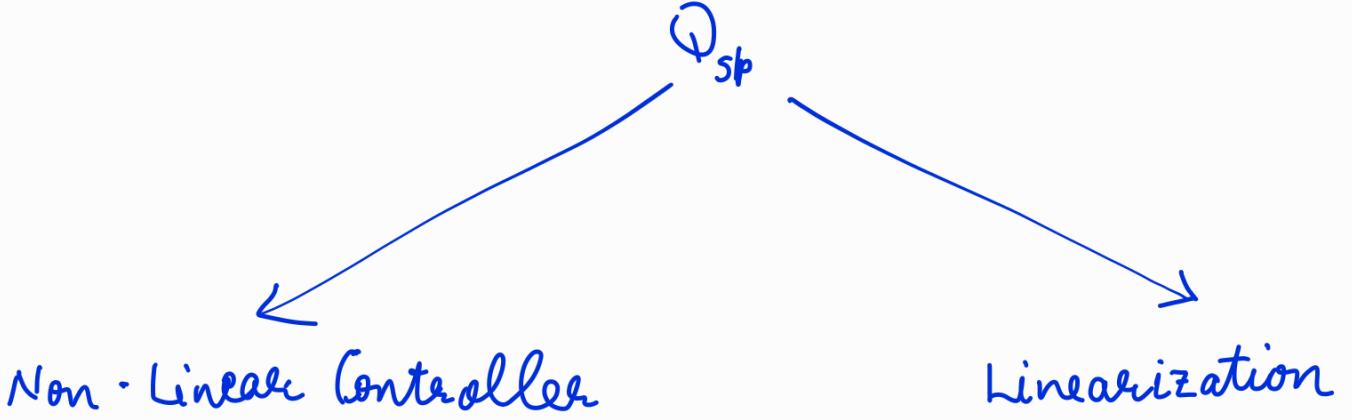
→ normalize ($\overset{w}{\vec{x}_{body}}$)

→ sanity check for upside-down case

→ $\overset{w}{\vec{y}_{body}} = \overset{w}{\vec{z}_{body}} \times \overset{w}{\vec{x}_{body}}$

→ normalize ($\overset{w}{\vec{y}_{body}}$)

→ $Q_{sp} = \begin{bmatrix} \overset{w}{\vec{x}_{body}} & \overset{w}{\vec{y}_{body}} & \overset{w}{\vec{z}_{body}} \end{bmatrix}$



↳ Find quaternion
 q_{sp} from Q_{sp}

↳

$$\begin{bmatrix} \vec{r}_{sp} \\ q_{sp} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ w_x \\ w_y \\ w_z \end{bmatrix}$$

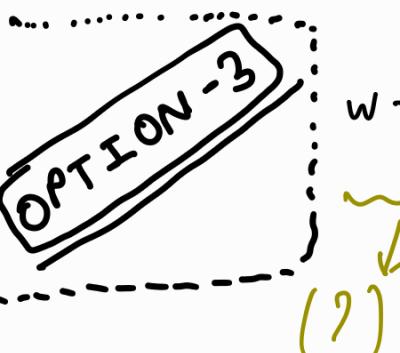
recent estimates of wind velocities {

can be used as a linearization point for counteracting ↑ against wind.

Augmented State-Disturbance vector

$$\begin{bmatrix} \Delta x \\ \dots \\ \Delta d \end{bmatrix}$$

An alternative way to find Orientation
 Q_{sp} from recent wind-estimate:



$$+ \begin{matrix} \vec{F}_T^w \\ \vec{F}_{w\text{elt}} \end{matrix} = 0$$

$$\left(Q^B \vec{F}_T \right) = - \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -9.81 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{matrix} \vec{F}_w^{\text{elt}} \\ \vec{F}_T^w \end{matrix} \right\}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{1} \quad \begin{bmatrix} ? & ? & ? \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -F_T^B \end{bmatrix} \\ \textcircled{2} \quad \begin{bmatrix} ? & ? & ? \end{bmatrix} \\ \textcircled{3} \quad \begin{bmatrix} ? & ? & ? \end{bmatrix} \end{array}$$

~~4 unknowns $\rightarrow \psi, \theta, \phi, F_T^B$~~

~~3 equations $\rightarrow \textcircled{1}, \textcircled{2}, \textcircled{3}$~~

ONE WAY OF LOOKING AT THIS:





* IF WE ROTATE ABOUT ROLL & PITCH AXES FIRST, WE HAVE THE SAME THRUST VECTOR \vec{F}_T , FOR ALL YAW ANGLES *

BY Z-Y-X CONVENTION,
 $(\psi) (\theta) (\phi)$

$$(\overset{w}{\vec{x}} = Q \overset{B}{\vec{x}})$$

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} C_\psi C_\theta & -S_\psi C_\theta & S_\theta \\ (C_\psi S_\theta S_\phi) \\ (+ S_\psi C_\phi + 0) & (-S_\psi S_\theta S_\phi) \\ & (+ C_\psi C_\phi) & -C_\theta S_\phi \\ (-C_\psi S_\theta C_\phi) \\ (+ S_\psi S_\phi) & (S_\psi S_\theta C_\phi) \\ & (+ C_\psi S_\phi) & C_\theta C_\phi \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore (Q^B \vec{F}_T) = - \left\{ m \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -9.81 \end{bmatrix} + \overset{w}{\vec{F}}_{elt} \right\}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} () & () & \sin(\theta) \\ () & () & -\cos(\theta) \sin(\phi) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} & & \\ & & \\ & & \end{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) \cos(\phi) \begin{bmatrix} -{}^B F_T \\ -{}^B F_T \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= - \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -mg \end{bmatrix} - {}^w \vec{F}_{w\text{est}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \sin(\theta) (-{}^B F_T) \\ -\cos(\theta) \sin(\phi) (-{}^B F_T) \\ \cos(\theta) \cos(\phi) (-{}^B F_T) \end{bmatrix} = -{}^w \vec{F}_g - {}^w \vec{F}_{w\text{est}}$$

**NOTE: YAW TERM (ψ) DOES
NOT APPEAR IN $E\Phi^N$**

This is illustrated above...

Solving this will lead to

θ_{sb} & ϕ_{sb} but not ψ_{sb}

(Pitch) (Roll) (Yaw)

$\therefore \Psi_{sp}$ needs to be specified
from somewhere (1×4 uses
Yaw-stick input)

$$\sin(\theta) - {}^B F_T = -{}^W F_{wind_x}$$

$$-\cos(\theta) \sin(\phi) (-{}^B F_T) = -{}^W F_{wind_y}$$

$$\cos(\theta) \cos(\phi) (-{}^B F_T) = -mg - {}^W F_{wind_z}$$

${}^B F_T$ is the Thrust Control Input.

* Check the complexity of both options for deployment

OPTION - 2

Assign a value : 4

$x, +, \div, -$:

cross Product : 2

vec-normalize : 3

OPTION - 3

:

:

$3 + 1 + 1$

:

:

$\tan^{-1}(): 1 + 1$

(Solve)

(fill
Rotatⁿ
Matrix)

→ Assign Ψ_{sp}

(fill
Rotatⁿ
matrix)

- $\cos \theta$
- $\cos \phi$
- $\cos \psi$
- $\sin \theta$
- $\sin \phi$
- $\sin \psi$

→ Fill all terms in
Rot Matrix

→ Normalize Rot-Mat.

* (seems too
tedious!) *

