

## Practice Paper (Chemistry)

1. Calculate the molecular masses of the following compounds:
  - a.  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$
  - b. Magnesium Sulphate
  - c.  $\text{Al}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$
  - d.  $\text{Al}(\text{HCO}_3)_3$
  - e.  $(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_2\text{Ca}$
  - f.  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$
  - g.  $\text{HClO}_3$
  - h.  $\text{NaCl}$
  - i.  $\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4$
  - j.  $(\text{HCOO})\text{Na}$
2. Calculate the no of moles present in
  - a. 10gms of water
  - b. 150gms of sulphuric acid
  - c. 1Kg of Oxygen gas
3. How many grams of sulphur dioxide ( $\text{SO}_2$ ) can be prepared by burning 160g of sulphur.
4. Is the molar mass of  $\text{H}^+$  ion and hydrogen atom H different? Give reasons.
5. How many grams of water vapour will be obtained if 20moles water is evaporated?
6. How many  $\text{CO}_2$  molecules are present in 110g of the gas?
7. How many electrons will be required to convert 5mol chlorine gas( $\text{Cl}_2$ ) to chloride ion ( $\text{Cl}^-$ )?
8.  $9.033 \times 10^{23}$  atoms of Helium gas will posses what mass?
9. If an element X exixts in two isotopic forms having masses 50 amu and a amu. The average atomic mass of X comes out to be 52.50u. Calculate the value of a if one with the mass a amu has 70% existence in any sample taken at random.
10. How much water (in mols) should be added to a container having 8mol Chlorine gas such that the total mass of container becomes 1Kg. Given mass of container = 200g.