

Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample

Lab3data.csv

```
Outlook, Temperature, Humidity, Wind, PlayTennis
Sunny, Hot, High, Weak, No
Sunny, Hot, High, Strong, No
Overcast, Hot, High, Weak, Yes
Rainy, Mild, High, Weak, Yes
Rainy, Cool, Normal, Weak, Yes
Rainy, Cool, Normal, Strong, No
Overcast, Cool, Normal, Strong, Yes
Sunny, Mild, High, Weak, No
Sunny, Cool, Normal, Weak, Yes
Rainy, Mild, Normal, Weak, Yes
Sunny, Mild, Normal, Strong, Yes
Overcast, Mild, High, Strong, Yes
Overcast, Hot, Normal, Weak, Yes
Rainy, Mild, High, Strong, No
```

Program4.py

```
import csv
import math

def major_class(attrs, data, target):
    freq = {}
    i = attrs.index(target)
    for row in data:
        freq[row[i]] = freq.get(row[i], 0) + 1
    return max(freq, key=freq.get)

def entropy(attrs, data, target):
    freq = {}
    entropy_val = 0
    i = len(attrs) - 1
    for row in data:
        freq[row[i]] = freq.get(row[i], 0) + 1
    for val in freq.values():
        entropy_val += (-val / len(data)) * math.log(val / len(data), 2)
    return entropy_val

def info_gain(attrs, data, attribute, target):
```

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    freq = {}
    sub_entropy = 0
    i = attrs.index(attribute)
    for row in data:
        freq[row[i]] = freq.get(row[i], 0) + 1
    for key in freq.keys():
        prob = freq[key] / sum(freq.values())
        data_subset = [row for row in data if row[i] == key]
        sub_entropy += prob * entropy(attrs, data_subset, target)
    data_subset = [row for row in data if row[0] != attrs[0]]
    return (entropy(attrs, data_subset, target) - sub_entropy)

def choose_attr(data, attrs, target):
    best = attrs[0]
    max_gain = 0
    for attr in attrs:
        if attr != target:
            new_gain = info_gain(attrs, data, attr, target)
            if new_gain > max_gain:
                max_gain = new_gain
                best = attr
    return best

def get_values(data, attrs, attribute):
    i = attrs.index(attribute)
    values = []
    for row in data:
        if row[i] != attribute and row[i] not in values:
            values.append(row[i])
    return values

def get_data(data, attrs, best, val):
    i = attrs.index(best)
    new_data = [[row[j] for j in range(len(row)) if j != i] for row in data if row[i] == val]
    return new_data

def build_tree(data, attrs, target):
    vals = [row[attrs.index(target)] for row in data]
    default = major_class(attrs, data, target)
    if not data or (len(attrs) - 1) <= 0:
        return default
    elif vals.count(vals[0]) == len(vals):
        return vals[0]
    else:

```

```

        best = choose_attr(data, attrs, target)
        tree = {best: {}}
        for val in get_values(data, attrs, best):
            new_data = get_data(data, attrs, best, val)
            new_attrs = attrs[:]
            new_attrs.remove(best)
            subtree = build_tree(new_data, new_attrs, target)
            tree[best][val] = subtree
        return tree

def classify(attrs, inst, tree):
    attribute = next(iter(tree))
    i = attrs.index(attribute)
    if inst[i] in tree[attribute].keys():
        result = tree[attribute][inst[i]]
        if isinstance(result, dict):
            return classify(attrs, inst, result)
        else:
            return result
    else:
        return None

file = open('Lab3data.csv')
data = list(csv.reader(file))
attrs = data[0]
tree = build_tree(data[1:], attrs, attrs[-1])

print('Decision Tree: \n', tree)

inst = input("Enter a test instance:").split(',')
print('Output Class: ', classify(attrs, inst, tree))

```

## OUTPUT

Decision Tree:

```
{'Outlook': {'Sunny': {'Humidity': {'High': 'No', 'Normal': 'Yes'}}, 'Overcast': 'Yes',
'Rainy': {'Wind': {'Weak': 'Yes', 'Strong': 'No'}}}}
```

Enter a test instance:Rainy,cool,Normal,Weak

Output Class: Yes