Module 18: IoT and OT Hacking

Lab 1: Perform Footprinting using Various Footprinting Techniques

Lab Scenario

As a professional ethical hacker or pen tester, your first step is to gather maximum information about the target IoT and OT devices by performing footprinting through search engines, advanced Google hacking, Whois lookup, etc.

The first step in IoT and OT device hacking is to extract information such as IP address, protocols used (MQTT, ModBus, ZigBee, BLE, 5G, IPv6LoWPAN, etc.), open ports, device type, geolocation of the device, manufacturing number, and manufacturer of the device.

Lab Objectives

Gather information using online footprinting tools

Overview of Footprinting Techniques

Footprinting techniques are used to collect basic information about the target IoT and OT platforms to exploit them. Information collected through footprinting techniques includes IP address, hostname, ISP, device location, banner of the target IoT device, FCC ID information, certification granted to the device, etc.

Task 1: Gather Information using Online Footprinting Tools

The information regarding the target IoT and OT devices can be acquired using various online sources such as Whois domain lookup, advanced Google hacking, and Shodan search engine. The gathered information can be used to scan the devices for vulnerabilities and further exploit them to launch attacks.

In this task, we will focus on performing footprinting on the MQTT protocol, which is a machine-to-machine (M2M)/"Internet of Things" connectivity protocol. It is useful for connections with remote locations where a small code footprint is required and/or network bandwidth is at a premium.

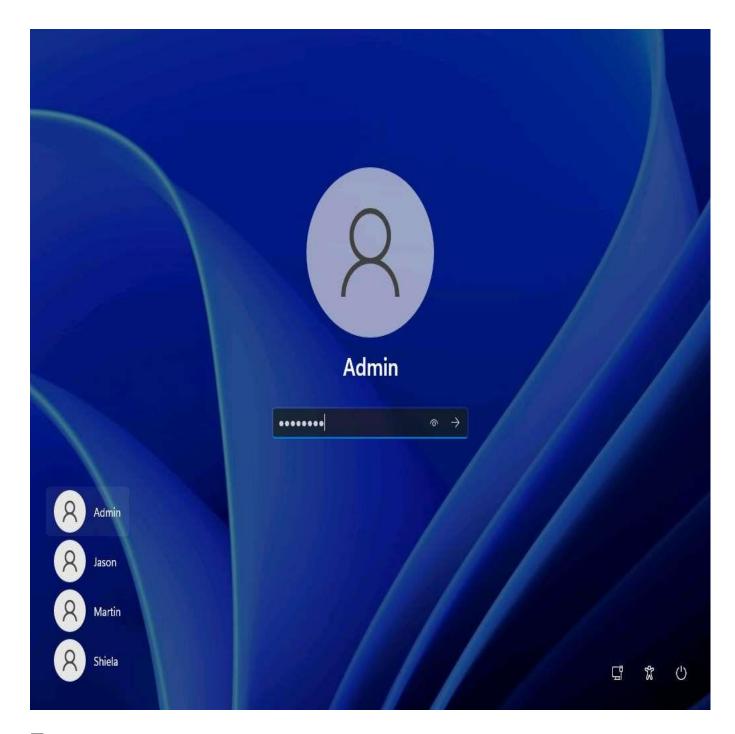
| You can also select a protocol or device of your choice to perform footprinting on it. | |
|--|---|
| 1. | By default Windows 11 machine selected, click <u>Ctrl+Alt+Delete</u> . |
| | Alternatively, you can also click Ctrl+Alt+Delete button under Windows 11 machine thumbnail in the Resources pane or Click Ctrl+Alt+Delete button under Commands (thunder icon) menu. |
| 2. | By default, Admin user profile is selected, click Pa\$\$w0rd to paste the password in the Password field and press Enter to login. |
| | Alternatively, you can also click Pa\$\$w0rd under Windows 11 machine thumbnail in the Resources pane |

click **Cancel**.

Networks screen appears, click **Yes** to allow your PC to be discoverable by other PCs and devices on the network.

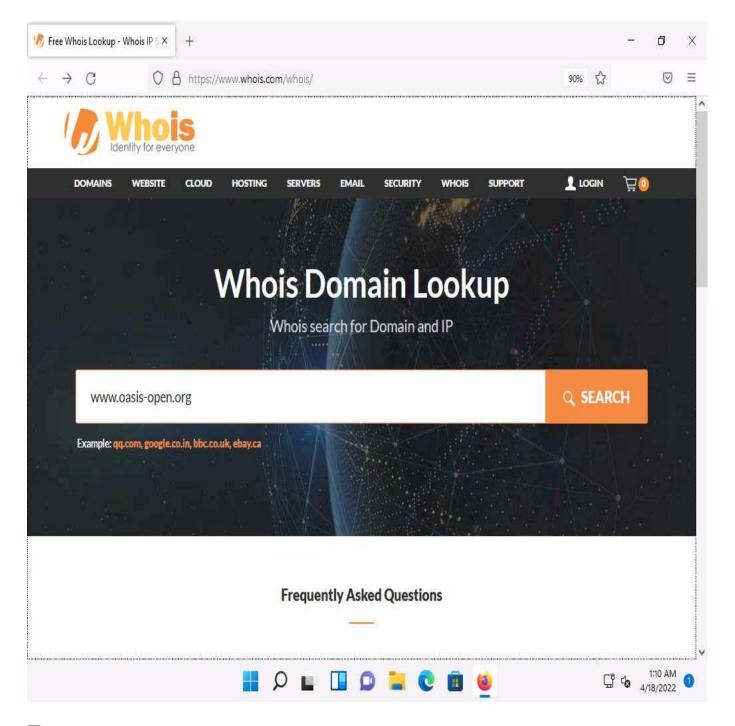
or Click Type Text | Type Password button under Commands (thunder icon) menu.

If Welcome to Windows wizard appears, click Continue and in Sign in with Microsoft wizard,



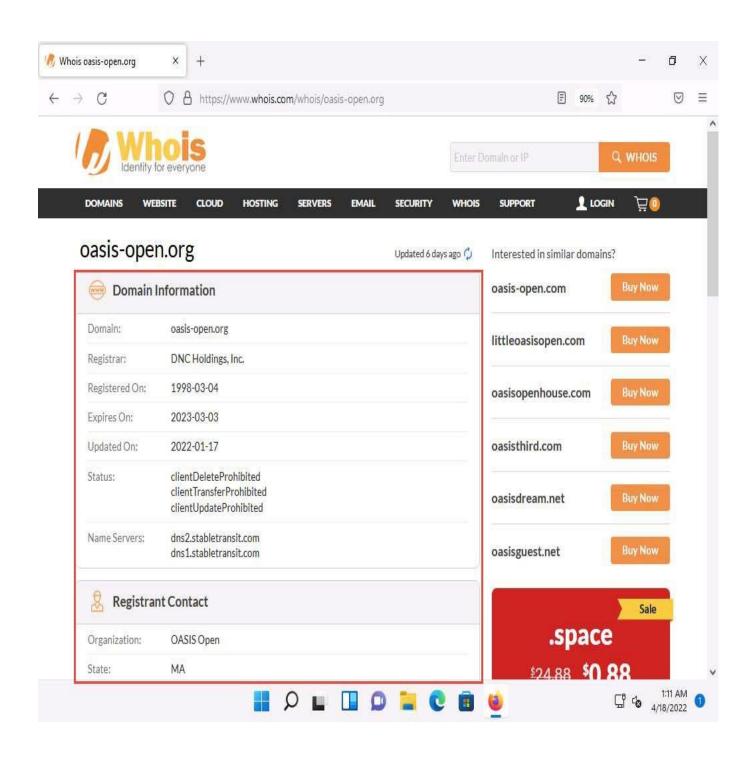
- 3. Launch any browser, here, we are using **Mozilla Firefox**. In the address bar of the browser place your mouse cursor and type **https://www.whois.com/whois/** and press **Enter**.
- 4. The **Whois Domain Lookup** page appears; type **www.oasis-open.org** in the search field and click **SEARCH**.

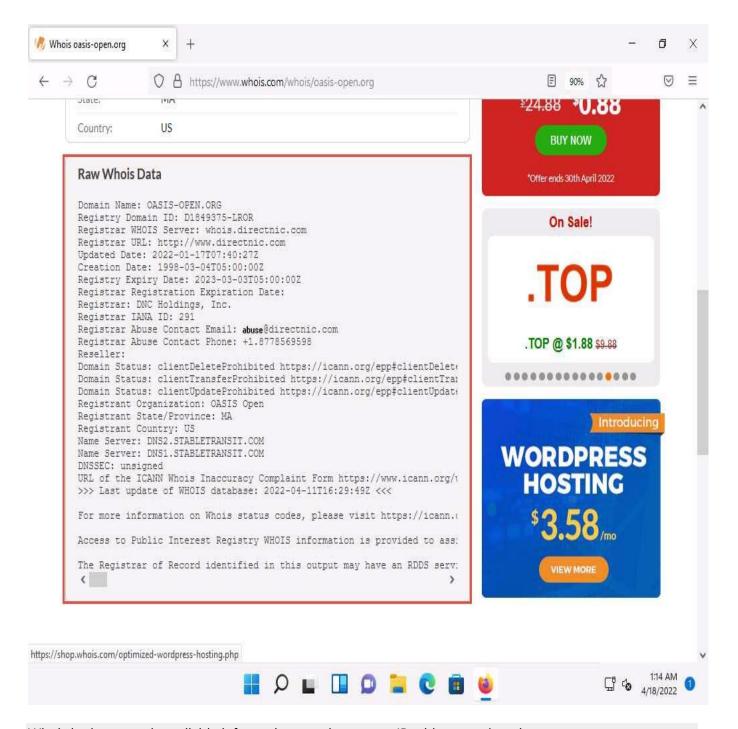
Oasis is an organization that has published the MQTT v5.0 standard, which represents a significant leap in the refinement and capability of the messaging protocol that already powers IoT.



5. The result appears, displaying the following information, as shown in the screenshots: Domain Information, Registrant Contact, and Raw Whois Data.

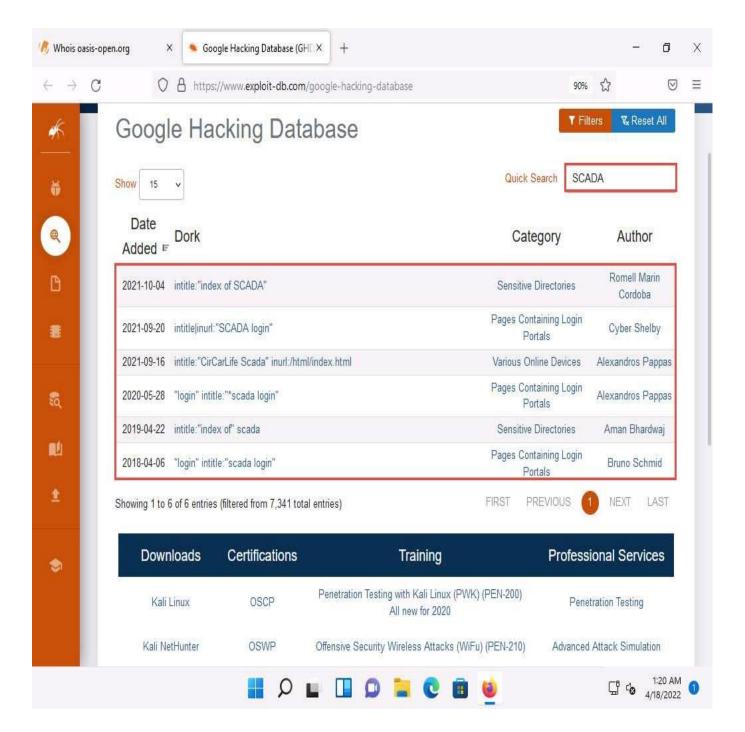
This information is about the organization that has developed the MQTT protocol, and it might help keep track of the modifications and version changes of the target protocol.



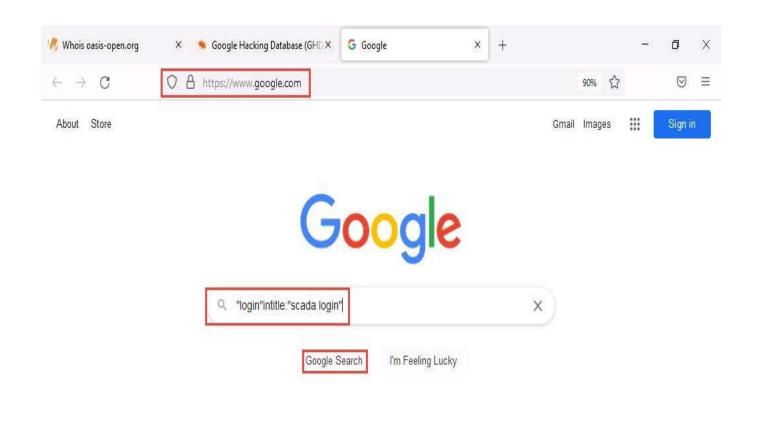


Whois lookup reveals available information on a hostname, IP address, or domain.

- 6. Now, open a new tab, and type https://www.exploit-db.com/google-hacking-database in the address bar, and press Enter.
- 7. The Google Hacking Database page appears; type SCADA in the Quick Search field and press Enter.
- 8. The result appears, which displays the Google dork related to SCADA, as shown in the screenshot.

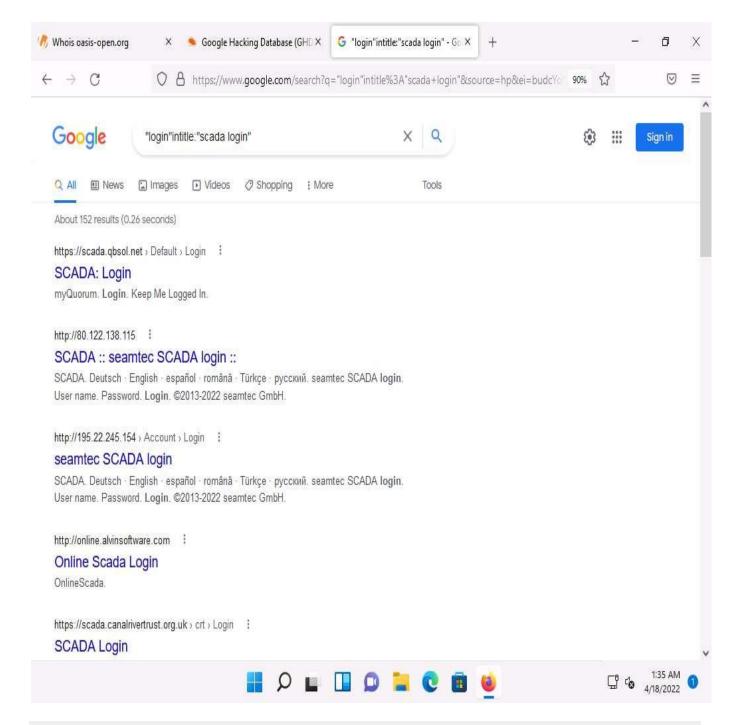


- 9. Now, we will use the dorks obtained in the previous step to query results in Google.
- 10. Open a new tab and type **https://www.google.com** in the address bar, and press **Enter**.
- 11. In the search field, type "login" intitle: "scada login" and click the Google Search button.





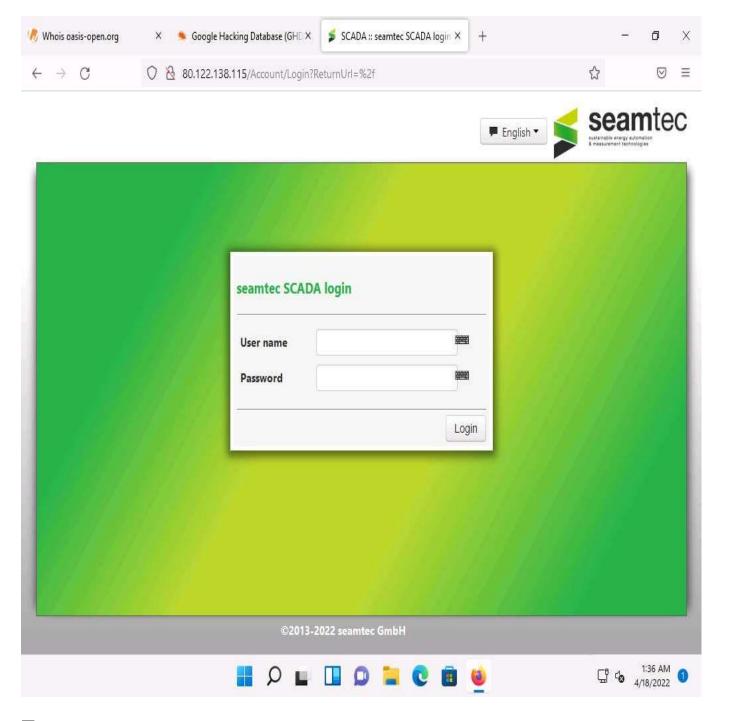
12. The search result appears; click any link (here, **SCADA** :: seamtec SCADA login ::).



Advanced Google hacking refers to the art of creating complex search engine queries by employing advanced Google operators to extract sensitive or hidden information about a target company from the Google search results.

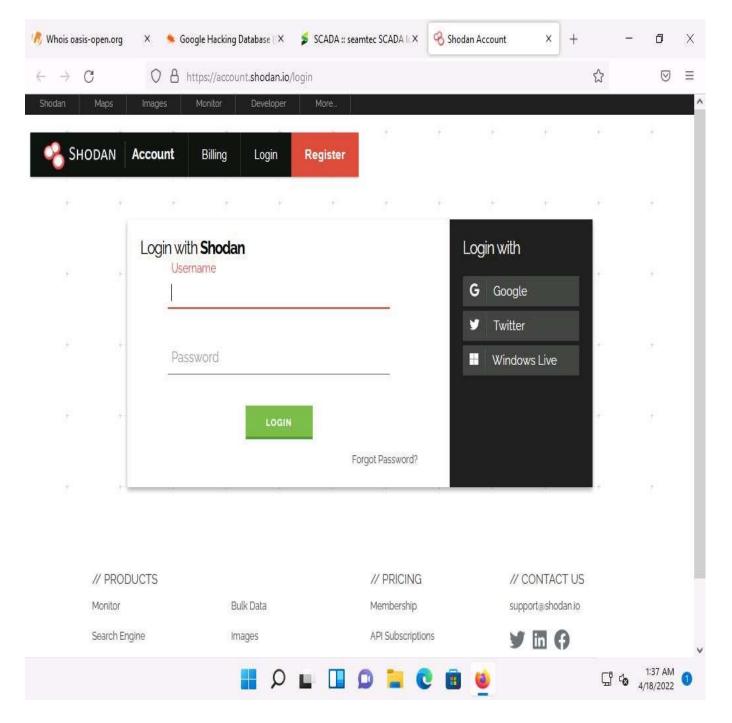
13. \square The **seamtec SCADA login** page appears, as shown in the screenshot.

In the login form, you can brute-force the credentials to gain access to the target SCADA system.



- 14. Similarly, you can use advanced search operators such as **intitle:"index of" scada** to search sensitive SCADA directories that are exposed on sites.
- 15. Now, in the browser window, open a new tab type **https://account.shodan.io/login** in the address bar, and press **Enter**.
- 16. The **Login with Shodan** page appears; enter your username and password in the **Username** and **Password** fields, respectively; and click **Login**.

Go to the **Register** option to register yourself if you do not have an existing account.

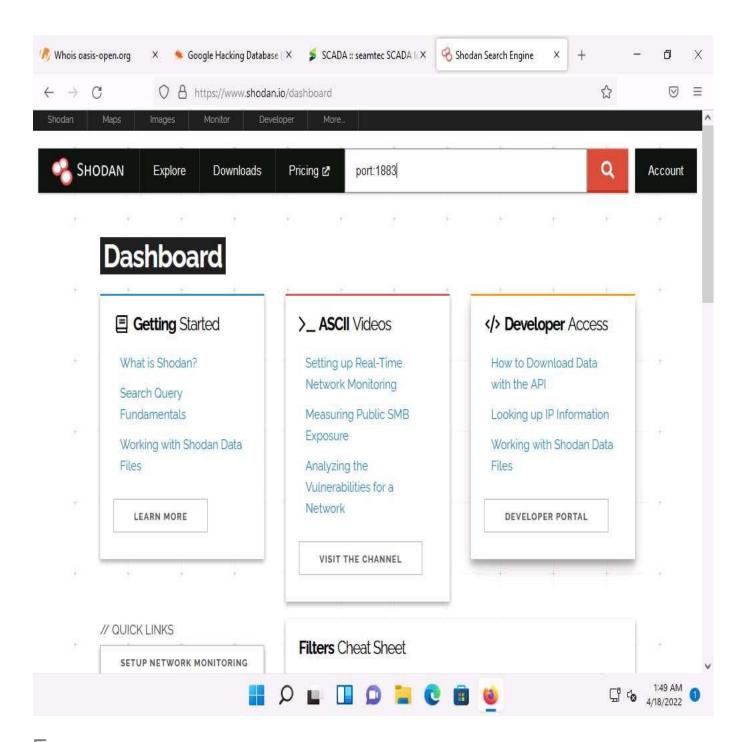


17. \Box The **Account Overview** page appears, which displays the account-related information.

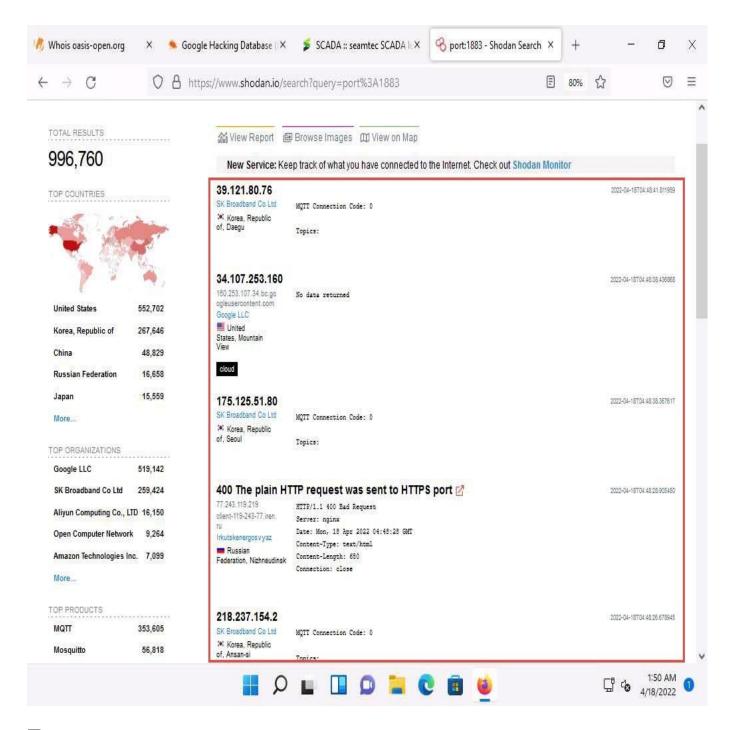
If the Would you like Firefox to save this login for shodan.io? notification appears, click Don't Save.

18. \Box The **Shodan** main page appears; type **port:1883** in the address bar and press **Enter**.

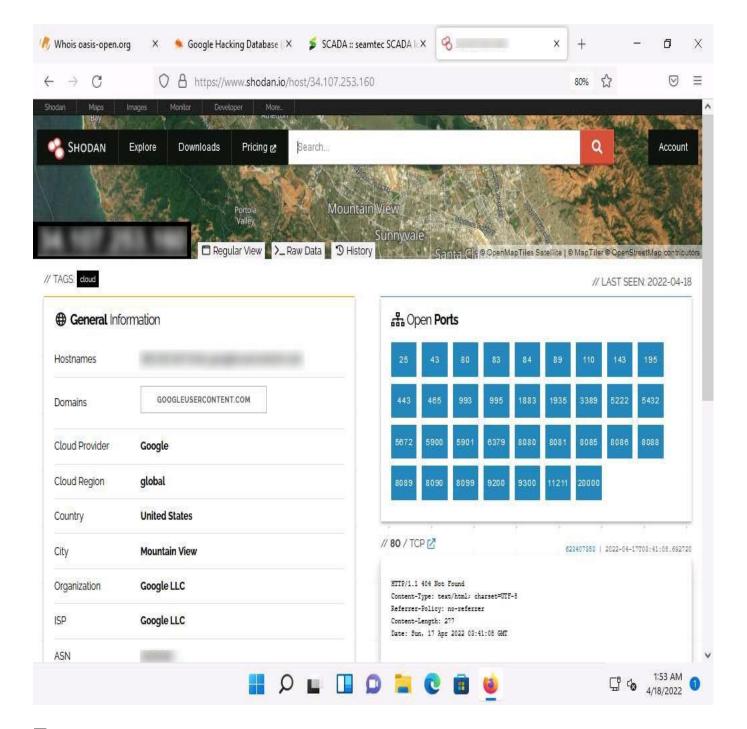
Port 1883 is the default MQTT port; 1883 is defined by IANA as MQTT over TCP.



- 19. The result appears, displaying the list of IP addresses having port 1883 enabled, as shown in the screenshot.
- 20. Click on any IP address to view its detailed information.



21. Detailed results for the selected IP address appears, displaying information regarding **Ports, Services, Hostnames, ASN**, etc. as shown in the screenshot.



22. Similarly, you can gather additional information on a target device using the following Shodan filters:

Search for Modbus-enabled ICS/SCADA systems:

port:502

Search for SCADA systems using PLC name:

"Schneider Electric"

Search for SCADA systems using geolocation:

SCADA Country: "US"

23. Using Shodan, you can obtain the details of SCADA systems that are used in water treatment plants, nuclear power plants, HVAC systems, electrical transmission systems, home heating systems, etc.

| 24. This concludes the demonstration of gathering information on a target device using various techniques such as Whois lookup, advanced Google hacking, and Shodan search engine. |
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| 25. Close all open windows and document all the acquired information. |
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