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/*
DSC++ - ESE
Q1 - Coin Change Problem
Shashank Bagda - 92100133020
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int count(int coins[], int n, int sum)
{
       // If sum is 0 then there is 1 solution
       // (do not include any coin)
       if (sum == 0)
               return 1;
       // If sum is less than 0 then no
       // solution exists
       if (sum < 0)
               return 0;
       // If there are no coins and sum
       // is greater than 0, then no
       // solution exist
       if (n \le 0)
               return 0;
       // count is sum of solutions (i)
```

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// including coins[n-1] (ii) excluding coins[n-1]
        return count(coins, n - 1, sum)
               + count(coins, n, sum - coins[n - 1]);
}
int main()
{
        int i, j, value, num, sum;
        printf("How many different coins you have? ");
        scanf("%d",&num);
        int coins[num] = {}; //Pre defined set of coins
        for(int lop=0; lop<num; lop++)</pre>
        {
                cout<<"Enter the "<< lop <<" value of the coin : ";</pre>
                cin>>coins[lop];
        }
        int n = sizeof(coins) / sizeof(coins[0]);
        cout<<"Enter the Target Value : ";</pre>
        cin>>sum;
        cout << "The total number of ways are : " << count(coins, n, sum);</pre>
        return 0;
}
```

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/*
DSC++ - ESE
Q2 - Unsorted Array and Find Pair with given sum
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*/
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
void findPair(int arr[], int n, int tar)
{
  int res_I, res_r;
       int I = 0, r = n-1, diff = INT_MAX;
  while (r > l)
  {
    if (abs(arr[l] + arr[r] - tar) < diff)</pre>
    {
      res_l = l;
      res_r = r;
      diff = abs(arr[l] + arr[r] - tar);
    }
    if (arr[I] + arr[r] > tar)
      r--;
    else
      l++;
  }
```

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cout <<"\nThe sum pair of the given target is " << arr[res_I] << " and " << arr[res_r];</pre>
}
int main()
{
        int range, tar, temp;
        cout<<"How many Integers are there in your Array : ";</pre>
        cin>>range;
        int arr[range] = {};
        for(int i=0; i<range; i++) //Array for input is defined
        {
                cout<<"Enter Integer of Index "<<i<":";
                cin>>arr[i];
        }
        cout<<"Enter the Target Value : ";</pre>
                                                       //Target Integer
        cin>>tar;
        //Sorting the unsorted array
        for(int z=0; z<range; z++)</pre>
        {
                for(int i=0; i<range; ++i)</pre>
                {
                        for(int j=i+1; j<range; ++j)</pre>
             {
```

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if(arr[i] > arr[i+1])
                                {
                                        temp = arr[i];
                       arr[i] = arr[i+1];
                       arr[i+1] = temp;
                                }
                        }
                }
        }
        // Printing the Array
        printf("Sorted Array is : ");
        for(int i=0; i<range; i++)</pre>
        {
                printf("%d ",arr[i]);
        }
        int n = sizeof(arr)/sizeof(arr[0]);
  findPair(arr, n, tar);
        return 0;
}
```

```
/*
DSC++ - ESE
Q3 - Given Linked List is in Palindrome
Shashank Bagda - 92100133020
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
class Node
{
public:
       int data;
       Node(int d) { data = d; }
       Node* ptr;
};
// Function to check if the linked list is palindrome or not
bool Palindrome(Node* head)
{
       Node* slow = head;
       stack<int>s; //Create Stack and push all elements
       while (slow != NULL)
       {
              s.push(slow->data);
              slow = slow->ptr;
       }
```

```
while (head != NULL)
       {
              int i = s.top();
              s.pop();
              if (head->data != i)
                     return false;
              }
              head = head->ptr;
       }
       return true;
}
int main()
{
       // Addition of linked list
       Node one = Node(1);
       Node two = Node(2);
       Node three = Node(3);
       Node four = Node(4);
       Node five = Node(5);
       Node six = Node(6);
       Node seven = Node(6);
       Node eight = Node(5);
```

```
Node nine = Node(4);
Node ten = Node(3);
Node eleven = Node(2);
Node twelve = Node(1);
// Initialize the next pointer of every current pointer
one.ptr = &two;
two.ptr = &three;
three.ptr = &four;
four.ptr = &five;
five.ptr = &six;
six.ptr = &seven;
seven.ptr = &eight;
eight.ptr = &nine;
nine.ptr = &ten;
ten.ptr = &eleven;
eleven.ptr = &twelve;
twelve.ptr = NULL;
Node* temp = &one;
// Call function to check palindrome or not
int result = Palindrome(&one);
if (result == 1)
       cout << "Given Linked List is Palindrome";</pre>
else
       cout << "Given Linked List is NOT Palindrome";</pre>
```

```
return 0;
```