	Marwadi University	
Marwadi University	Faculty of Technology	
Oniversity	Department of Information and Communication Technology	
Subject: Foundation Skills in	<b>Aim:</b> Connect the LED with one of the GPIO pin and blink it by taking input from push button.	
Sensor Interfacing		
(01CT11032)		
Experiment No: 01	Date:16-12-21	Enrolment No: 92100133020

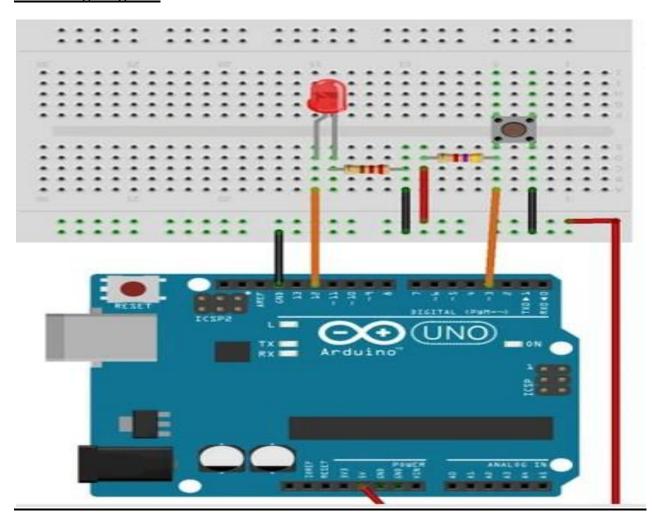
### **Apparatus:**

Arduino UNO, LED, Resistor, USB cable, Push button, PC.

#### **Theory:**

A push-button is a simple switch mechanism to control some aspect of a machine or a process. Buttons are typically made out of hard material, usually plastic or metal.

## **Interfacing Diagram:**





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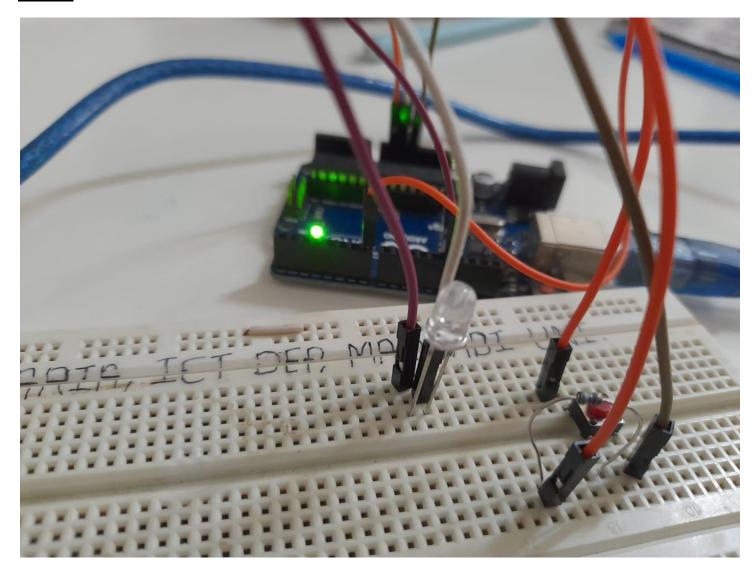
#### **Code:**

```
int duty_cycle_value = 1;
void setup() {
    // put your setup code here, to run once:
pinMode (9,OUTPUT);
}

void loop() {
    // put your main code here, to run repeatedly:
while(duty_cycle_value<300)
{
    analogWrite(9,duty_cycle_value);
    delay(10);
    duty_cycle_value++;
}
</pre>
```

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#### **Output:**



# **Observations:**

If we made pull-down configuration when the button is pressed Led turns ON until we release it. As the code is written in such a way when that button state is high then print that "button is pressed" otherwise button state is low then print "button is not pressed" for pull-down configuration. And for pull-up configuration it is

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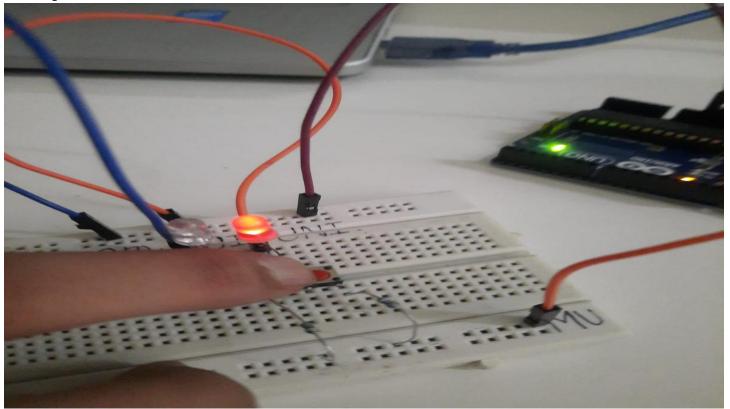
completely opposite. So, when button is not pressed LED is on and when button is pressed then LED will be off.

### **Conclusion:**

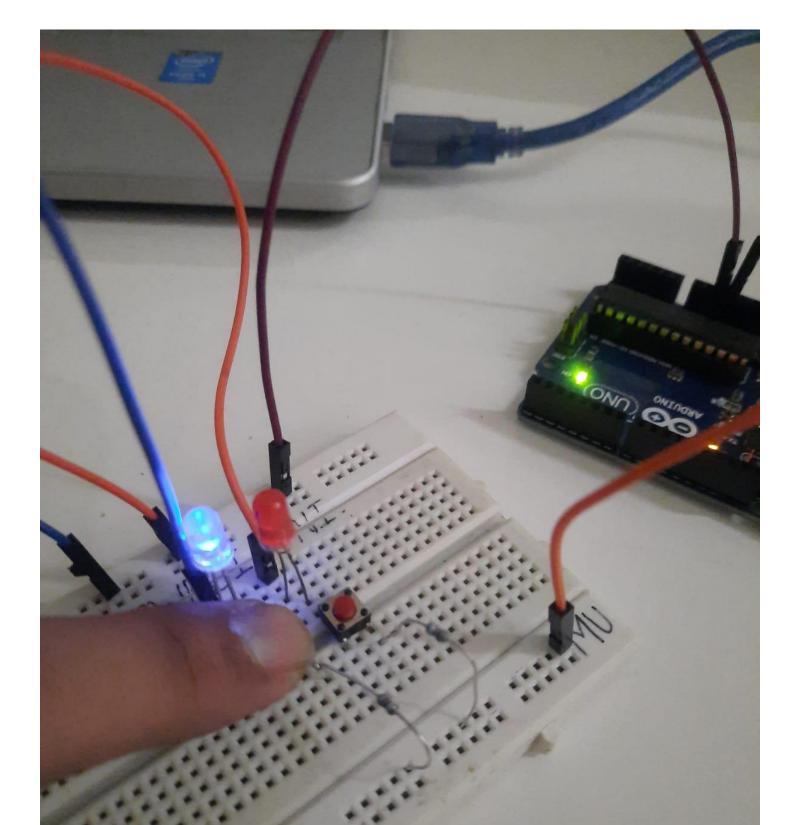
From this experiment I learnt how push button works as switch. Designing this switch by using code or different if-else statements. Also learnt about pull-up and pull-down configuration of resistor and its uses.

#### **Post Session Exercise:**

<u>Task 1:</u> Take two buttons and two LED's, by pressing one push button led1 should blink and by pressing second push button led2 should blink



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**Aim:** Connect the LED with one of the GPIO pin and blink it by taking input from push button.

**Experiment No: 01** 

Date:16-12-21

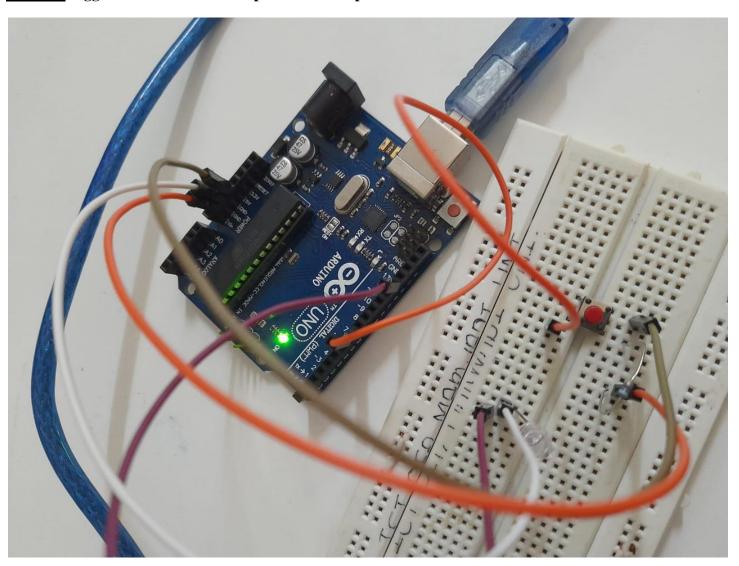
**Enrolment No: 92100133020** 

#### Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
const int BUTTON1 = 2;
const int BUTTON2 = 4;
const int LED1 = 8;
const int LED2 = 12;
int BUTTONstate1 = 0;
int BUTTONstate2 = 0;
void setup()
pinMode(BUTTON1, INPUT);
pinMode(BUTTON2, INPUT);
pinMode (LED1, OUTPUT);
pinMode(LED2, OUTPUT);
void loop()
BUTTONstate1 = digitalRead(BUTTON1);
if (BUTTONstate1 == HIGH)
digitalWrite(LED1, HIGH);
else
digitalWrite(LED1, LOW);
BUTTONstate2 = digitalRead(BUTTON2);
if (BUTTONstate2 == HIGH)
digitalWrite(LED2, HIGH);
}
else
digitalWrite(LED2, LOW);
}
}
```

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<u>Task 2:</u> Toggle the LED state when push button is pressed.



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Experiment No: 01 Date:16-12-21

**Enrolment No: 92100133020** 

# Code:

```
int button = 2;
int led = 13;
int status = false;

void setup() {
  pinMode(led, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(button, INPUT_PULLUP);
}

void loop() {
  if (digitalRead(button) == true) {
    status = !status;
    digitalWrite(led, status);
  } while(digitalRead(button) == true);
  delay(50);
}
```