Breed Descriptor of Chevaadu (Sheep)





Breeding Tract				
State: Tamilnadu	Tirunelveli			
Location				
Longitude (deg.)	77.05 - 78.25			
Latitude (deg.)	8.05 - 9.30			
General Information				
Synonyms	Arichevaadu			
Origin	The name Arichevaadu stands for light brown coloured			
	body coat			
Major utility	Meat, Skin, Manure, Religious and cultural use			
Comments on utility	The attractive brown coat colour gives a better value to			
	the Chevaadu which is preferred by the Hindus for their religious purpose. This fetches more price and profit to			
	the flock owners. Males are specially utilized to serve the			
	cultural purposes of the local inhabitants.			
Comments on breeding	Predominantly distributing areas are Alangulam and			
tract	Pappakudi Panchayat Union areas in Alangulam taluk;			
	Manur Panchayat Union areas in Tirunelveli taluk; Melaneelithanallur and Kuruvikulam Panchayat Union areas in Sankarankovil taluk; Nanguneri Panchayat Union areas in Nanguneri taluk of Tirunelveli District of			
	Tamil Nadu.			
Adaptability to environment	t Chevaadu is considered as unique economically important breed as it survives on dry land as well as near			
	coastal area ecosystem.			
Population				
	Year	Population	Other information	

	2013	158200	Source: Thangaraj Ravimurugan (2014). Chevaadu breed of sheep of Tamil Nadu, India. An economically and culturally important sheep. Lambert Academic Publishing. 978-3-659-64502-0.	
Management	I.			
Management system	Extensive			
Mobility	Stationary			
Feeding of adults	Grazing			
Comments on Management	Few flocks follow temporary migration during April to			
	June extended up to July depending on monsoon. Hair			
	clipping - once in a year mostly during summer month (May). Farmers belonging to backward (Konar-Yadhava)			
	and Scheduled Caste (Pallar) communities have evolved			
	and maintained the breed.			
Morphology				
Colour	Light brown. Some are dark brown and few tan.			
Horn shape and size	Highly corrugated. Curved horizontally outward, backward with blunt conical apex having few thick			
	ridges. Size 10 - 42 cm.			
Visible characteristics	Dorsal part of the body is light brown in colour and the ventral part, from the jaw to inguinal region, is lighter than the dorsal part of the body and these animals are called as "Arichevaadu". Head is erected and high in disposition			
	Male	Female	Overall	
Height (avg. cm.)	74.47	69.53		
Body Length (avg. cm.)	62.83	57.73		
Heart girth (avg. cm.)	73.2	69.34		
Body weight (avg. kg.)	32.1	23.27		
Birth weight (avg. kg.)	2.64	2.47		
Performance				
	Average	Minimum	Maximum	
Litter size born	1.0			
Age at first parturition	18.19	14.0	21.0	
(months)				
Parturition interval	8.48	8.2	9.2	
(months)				
Any Peculiarity of the breed				