


Breed Descriptor of Kenguri (Sheep)

Male	Female
	Not Available

Breeding Tract	
State: Karnataka	Koppala
	Raichur
Location	
Longitude (deg.)	77.0 - 77.50
Latitude (deg.)	16.0 - 16.20
General Information	
Synonyms	Tenguri
Origin	Both the names i.e Kenguri and Tenguri are derived from the characteristic coat colour of the breed (Kemp=red + kuri= sheep; Teng=coconut, kuri= sheep).
Major utility	Food - Meat
Comments on utility	
Comments on breeding tract	Some animals are also found in the adjoining area of Bagalkote, Gulbarga and Bellary districts.
Adaptability to environment	

Population			
	Year	Population	Other information
	2003	571000	Source:Livestock census, 1997 and based on distribution area of the breed.
	2013	243023	Source: Estimated Livestock Population Breed Wise Based on Breed Survey 2013. Department of Animal Husbandry, Dairying & Fisheries, Government of India, New Delhi

Management	
Management system	Extensive
Mobility	Stationary
Feeding of adults	Grazing
Comments on Management	

Morphology			
Colour	The body coat is dark brown or coconut coloured. In most cases, there is a white spot on the forehead and sometimes on legs and other body parts also. Some of the Kenguri sheep have black belly and are known as JODKA		
Horn shape and size	Horns are found in males only. Thick, corrugated & curved with pointed tips running Backward, outward and downward.		
Visible characteristics	Hairy, medium sized animals.		
	Male	Female	Overall
Height (avg. cm.)	74.7	67.3	
Body Length (avg. cm.)	64.7	64.1	
Heart girth (avg. cm.)	81.5	78.4	
Body weight (avg. kg.)	52.6	35.9	

Birth weight (avg. kg.)	2.7	2.6	
Performance			
	Average	Minimum	Maximum
Litter size born	1.0		
Age at first parturition (months)		18.0	24.0
Parturition interval (months)		12.0	15.0
Any Peculiarity of the breed			