

BasicCompiler Documentation

Class Overview

The BasicCompiler class is a simple compiler implementation that processes a subset of C-like code. It performs lexical analysis, syntax analysis, semantic analysis, intermediate representation (IR) generation, optimization, code generation, and assembly.

| Method | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| <code>__init__</code> | Initializes the compiler |
| <code>lexical_analysis</code> | Breaks down source code into tokens |
| <code>syntax_analysis</code> | Builds an Abstract Syntax Tree (AST) from tokens |
| <code>semantic_analysis</code> | Performs type checking and ensures variables are declared |
| <code>generate_ir</code> | Converts AST to intermediate representation |
| <code>optimize_ir</code> | Placeholder for IR optimizations |
| <code>code_generation</code> | Generates x86 assembly code from IR |
| <code>assemble</code> | Converts assembly to simplified machine code |
| <code>compile</code> | Coordinates all steps of the compilation process |

Compilation Process

- Lexical Analysis
- Syntax Analysis
- Semantic Analysis
- IR Generation
- IR Optimization
- Code Generation
- Assembly

Limitations

- Supports only a small subset of C-like syntax
- Limited to integer operations
- No support for control structures (if, loops, etc.)
- No function definitions or calls
- Simplified register allocation and variable management
- No actual machine code generation (uses a simplified representation)

Usage Example

```
compiler = BasicCompiler() source_code = """ int a = 5 + 3; int b = a * 2; """
machine_code = compiler.compile(source_code) print("Generated Machine Code:\n",
machine_code)
```