UART Loopback Project Documentation

1. Study of the Existing Code

The uart_loopback project from the VSDSquadron_FM repository implements a basic UART loopback system. The Verilog code provided consists of several key components:

Key Components:

1.top.v (Top-Level Module):

- Connects input UART RX (uartrx) directly to output UART TX (uarttx).
- Includes an internal oscillator using the SB_HFOSC primitive.
- Implements an RGB LED driver (SB_RGBA_DRV) to provide visual feedback using received UART data.
- Uses a simple counter for internal timing.

2.uart_tx_8n1.v (UART Transmitter):

- Implements an 8N1 (8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit) UART transmission protocol.
- Contains a finite state machine (FSM) to manage the transmission process.

Includes states for idle, start bit, data transmission, and stop bit.

3. VSDSquadronFM.pcf (Pin Constraint File):

Defines FPGA pin assignments:

• UART TX: Pin 14

UART RX: Pin 15

RGB LED pins: 39, 40, 41

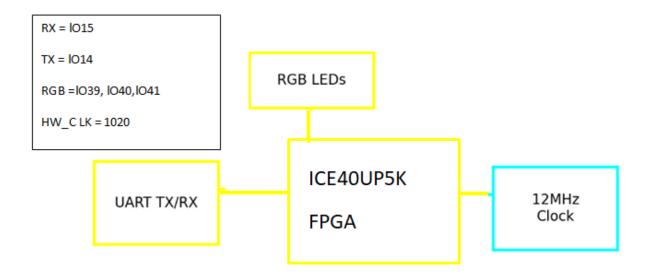
Clock input: Pin 20

4. Makefile (Build System):

- Automates synthesis, place & route, timing analysis, and FPGA programming.
- Uses yosys, nextpnr-ice40, icepack, and iceprog tools.
- Provides a UART terminal setup using picocom for communication.

2. Design Documentation

Block Diagram



Circuit Diagram

- The FPGA receives data from a serial terminal via the RX pin.
- The received data is directly assigned to the TX pin, ensuring a loopback mechanism.
- RGB LEDs are controlled based on received data for debugging purposes.

3. Implementation Steps

Hardware Setup

1. Connect the FPGA board to the PC via USB.

- 2. Ensure that the correct FPGA pins are connected to the UART device.
- 3.Use picocom or a similar serial terminal to send data to the FPGA.

Synthesis & Upload

- 1. Run make to synthesize and generate the FPGA bitstream.
- 2. Flash the FPGA using sudo make flash.

4. Testing & Verification

Test Procedure

- 1. Open a serial terminal using:
- 2.sudo picocom -b 9600 /dev/ttyUSB0
- 3. Send test characters via the terminal.
- 4. Observe if the same characters are received back.
- 5. Check if RGB LEDs respond to received data.

Expected Outcome

- Sent characters should be echoed back in the terminal.
- RGB LEDs should show changes based on received data.

5. Documentation Summary

The final documentation includes:

- Block Diagram
- . Circuit Diagram
- Code Explanation
- . Testing Results

This ensures a comprehensive understanding of the UART loopback project and its implementation on the VSDSquadron FPGA Mini.