## EXERCISE - V

## JEE PROBLEMS

- 1. Find the equation of the straight line which is tangent at one point and normal at another point of the curve,  $x = 3t^2, y = 2t^3.$ [REE 2000 (Mains), 5]
- **2.** If the normal to the curve, y = f(x) at the point (3, 4)makes an angle  $3\pi/4$  with the positive x-axis. The f'(3) =

[JEE 2000 (Scr.), 1]

$$(A) -1$$

- (B) 3/4
- (C) 4/3
- (D) 1
- **3.** The point(s) on the curve  $y^3 + 3x^2 = 12y$  where the tangent is vertical, is (are) [JEE 2002 (Scr.), 3]

(A) 
$$\left(\pm \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}}, -2\right)$$
 (B)  $\left(\pm \sqrt{\frac{11}{3}}, 1\right)$  (C) (0, 0) (D)  $\left(\pm \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}}, 2\right)$ 

**4.** Tangent to the curve  $y = x^2 + 6$  at a point P(1, 7) touches the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + 16x + 12y + c = 0$  at a point Q. Then the coordinates of Q are

[JEE 2005 (Scr.), 3]

$$(A)(-6,-11)$$

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 (B)  $(-9,-13)$  (C)  $(-10,-15)$  (D)  $(-6,-7)$ 

**5.** The tangent to the curve  $y = e^x$  drawn at the point (c,  $e^c$ ) intersects the line joining the points (c - 1,  $e^{c-1}$ ) and  $(c + 1, e^{c + 1})$ [JEE 2007, 3]

(A) on the left of x = c

(B) on the right of 
$$x = c$$

(C) at no point

(D) at all points