

Daf_proj

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EFFECT OF DISASTERS ON THE STOCK OF INSURANCE COMPANIES

Short Description:-

In this project we are considering four datasets, the first dataset is “Disasters”, in this dataset we are considering 5 disasters - Fire,Flood,Hurricane,Severe Storms and Snow. The second,third and fourth datasets are Stocks data for top 3 listed insurance companies - AllState,Progressive and Travellers. So taking stocks data into consideration we are analyzing how disasters effected the stocks prices from year 2000 -2020

Source:-

FEMA(Federal Emergency Management Agency) Disaster Declarations Summary is a summarized dataset describing all federally declared disasters. This dataset lists all official FEMA Disaster Declarations, beginning with the first disaster declaration in 1953 and features all three disaster declaration types: major disaster, emergency, and fire management assistance.

`'https://www.fema.gov/api/open/v2/DisasterDeclarationsSummaries.csv'`

Yahoo Finance - This is a media property that is part of Yahoo! network.It provides financial news, data and commentary including stock quotes, press releases, financial reports, and original content.

`'https://query1.finance.yahoo.com/v7/finance/download/ALL?period1=944006400&period2=1631664000&interval=1d&events=history&includeAdjustedClose=true'`

`'https://query1.finance.yahoo.com/v7/finance/download/PGR?period1=944006400&period2=1631664000&interval=1d&events=history&includeAdjustedClose=true'`

`'https://query1.finance.yahoo.com/v7/finance/download/TRV?period1=944006400&period2=1631664000&interval=1d&events=history&includeAdjustedClose=true'`

For this project, we need these three libraries, “Tidyverse” and “Janitor” for preprocessing and cleaning the data, “Ggplot2” for plotting the data.

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --
```

```
## v ggplot2 3.3.5      v purrr  0.3.4
```

```
## v tibble  3.1.4      v dplyr  1.0.7
```

```
## v tidyr   1.1.3      v stringr 1.4.0
```

```
## v readr   2.0.1      v forcats 0.5.1
```

```
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
```

```
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
```

```
## x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()
```

```
library(janitor)

##
## Attaching package: 'janitor'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   chisq.test, fisher.test
library(ggrepel)
```

Loading Disasters dataset

```
disaster_data <- read_csv('https://www.fema.gov/api/open/v2/DisasterDeclarationsSummaries.csv')

## Rows: 62591 Columns: 23
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr  (10): femaDeclarationString, state, declarationType, incidentType, decl...
## dbl  (8): disasterNumber, fyDeclared, ihProgramDeclared, iaProgramDeclared,...
## dtm  (5): declarationDate, incidentBeginDate, incidentEndDate, disasterClos...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

Loading AllState Stock dataset

```
allstate_data <- read_csv('https://query1.finance.yahoo.com/v7/finance/download/ALL?period1=944006400&p...')

## Rows: 5482 Columns: 7
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl  (6): Open, High, Low, Close, Adj Close, Volume
## date (1): Date
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
allstate_data <- subset(allstate_data, select = c("Date", "Open", "High", "Low", "Close"))

colnames(allstate_data) <- c("Date", "allstate_open", "allstate_high", "allstate_low", "allstate_close")

head(allstate_data)

## # A tibble: 6 x 5
##   Date      allstate_open allstate_high allstate_low allstate_close
##   <date>          <dbl>          <dbl>          <dbl>          <dbl>
## 1 1999-12-01      26.3          26.7          26.1          26.1
## 2 1999-12-02      26.1          26.9          26.1          26.6
## 3 1999-12-03      26.8          28           26.8          27.2
## 4 1999-12-06      27           28           26.8          27
## 5 1999-12-07      26.9          27.9          26.9          27
```

```
## 6 1999-12-08          27          27.7          27          27.2
```

Selected the columns that are needed for the visualizations and formed a subset using those columns. Renamed the columns according to our convenience

Loading Progressive Stock dataset

```
progressive_data <- read_csv('https://query1.finance.yahoo.com/v7/finance/download/PGR?period1=944006400&period2=944006400&events=history&includeAdjustedClose=true')

## Rows: 5482 Columns: 7

## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl  (6): Open, High, Low, Close, Adj Close, Volume
## date (1): Date

##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
progressive_data <- subset(progressive_data, select = c("Date", "Open", "High", "Low", "Close"))

colnames(progressive_data) <- c("Date", "progressive_open", "progressive_high", "progressive_low", "progressive_close")

head(progressive_data)

## # A tibble: 6 x 5
##   Date          progressive_open progressive_high progressive_low progressive_close
##   <date>          <dbl>          <dbl>          <dbl>          <dbl>
## 1 1999-12-01      6.72          6.77          6.64          6.64
## 2 1999-12-02      6.67          6.71          6.55          6.61
## 3 1999-12-03      6.62          6.71          6.55          6.56
## 4 1999-12-06      6.49          6.52          6.38          6.41
## 5 1999-12-07      6.37          6.38          6.26          6.27
## 6 1999-12-08      6.23          6.29          5.99          6
```

Selected the columns that are needed for the visualizations and formed a subset using those columns. Renamed the columns according to our convenience

Loading Travellers Stock dataset

```
travellers_data <- read_csv('https://query1.finance.yahoo.com/v7/finance/download/TRV?period1=944006400&period2=944006400&events=history&includeAdjustedClose=true')

## Rows: 5482 Columns: 7

## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl  (6): Open, High, Low, Close, Adj Close, Volume
## date (1): Date

##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
travellers_data <- subset(travellers_data, select = c("Date", "Open", "High", "Low", "Close"))
```

```
colnames(travellers_data) <- c("Date", "travellers_open", "travellers_high", "travellers_low", "travellers_close")
head(travellers_data)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
##   Date      travellers_open travellers_high travellers_low travellers_close
##   <date>          <dbl>          <dbl>          <dbl>          <dbl>
## 1 1999-12-01          30.4            31.2            30.2            30.9
## 2 1999-12-02          31              31.5            31              31.5
## 3 1999-12-03          32              32.9            31.6            31.8
## 4 1999-12-06          31.9            31.9            30.8            31
## 5 1999-12-07          30.4            31.2            30.4            30.5
## 6 1999-12-08          30.5            31.2            30.4            30.8
```

Selected the columns that are needed for the visualizations and formed a subset using those columns. Renamed the columns according to our convenience

Loading Disaster dataset

```
disaster_data <- subset(disaster_data, select = c("incidentType", "state", "declarationType", "fyDeclared"))
disaster_data <- disaster_data %>% distinct()
disaster_data$incidentBeginDate = as.Date(disaster_data$incidentBeginDate)
disaster_data <- disaster_data %>% filter(incidentBeginDate>as.Date("2000-01-01"))
```

Selected the columns that are needed for the visualizations and formed a subset using those columns. To remove duplicate values `distinct()` function is used and filtered the values from the year 2000

Combinning Stock and Disaster datasets

```
disaster_stock_data <- disaster_data %>%
  left_join(allstate_data, by=c("incidentBeginDate" = "Date")) %>%
  left_join(progressive_data, by=c("incidentBeginDate" = "Date")) %>%
  left_join(travellers_data, by=c("incidentBeginDate" = "Date")) %>%
  na.omit((disaster_data_all))

disaster_stock_data

## # A tibble: 1,189 x 20
##   incidentType state declarationType fyDeclared declarationDate
##   <chr>        <chr> <chr>          <dbl> <dtm>
## 1 Tornado      KY    DR            2000 2000-01-10 13:00:00
## 2 Severe Storm(s) NC    DR            2000 2000-01-31 18:30:00
## 3 Snow         LA    DR            2000 2000-02-15 17:30:00
## 4 Severe Storm(s) GA    DR            2000 2000-02-15 15:00:00
## 5 Severe Storm(s) VA    DR            2000 2000-02-28 14:20:00
## 6 Flood        WV    DR            2000 2000-02-28 15:00:00
## 7 Severe Storm(s) KY    DR            2000 2000-02-28 17:30:00
## 8 Severe Storm(s) OH    DR            2000 2000-03-07 14:45:00
## 9 Severe Storm(s) AL    DR            2000 2000-03-17 16:00:00
## 10 Tornado     TX    DR            2000 2000-04-07 13:45:00
```

```
## # ... with 1,179 more rows, and 15 more variables: incidentBeginDate <date>,
## #   incidentEndDate <dtm>, disasterCloseoutDate <dtm>, allstate_open <dbl>,
## #   allstate_high <dbl>, allstate_low <dbl>, allstate_close <dbl>,
## #   progressive_open <dbl>, progressive_high <dbl>, progressive_low <dbl>,
## #   progressive_close <dbl>, travellers_open <dbl>, travellers_high <dbl>,
## #   travellers_low <dbl>, travellers_close <dbl>
```

Joining all the four datasets together on date into a single dataset.

```
summ <- tabyl(disaster_stock_data,incidentType)
summ <- summ %>% filter(n >50)
```

Till now we have loaded the datasets and filtered the data according to our suitability, The Number of Disasters occurred on each year.

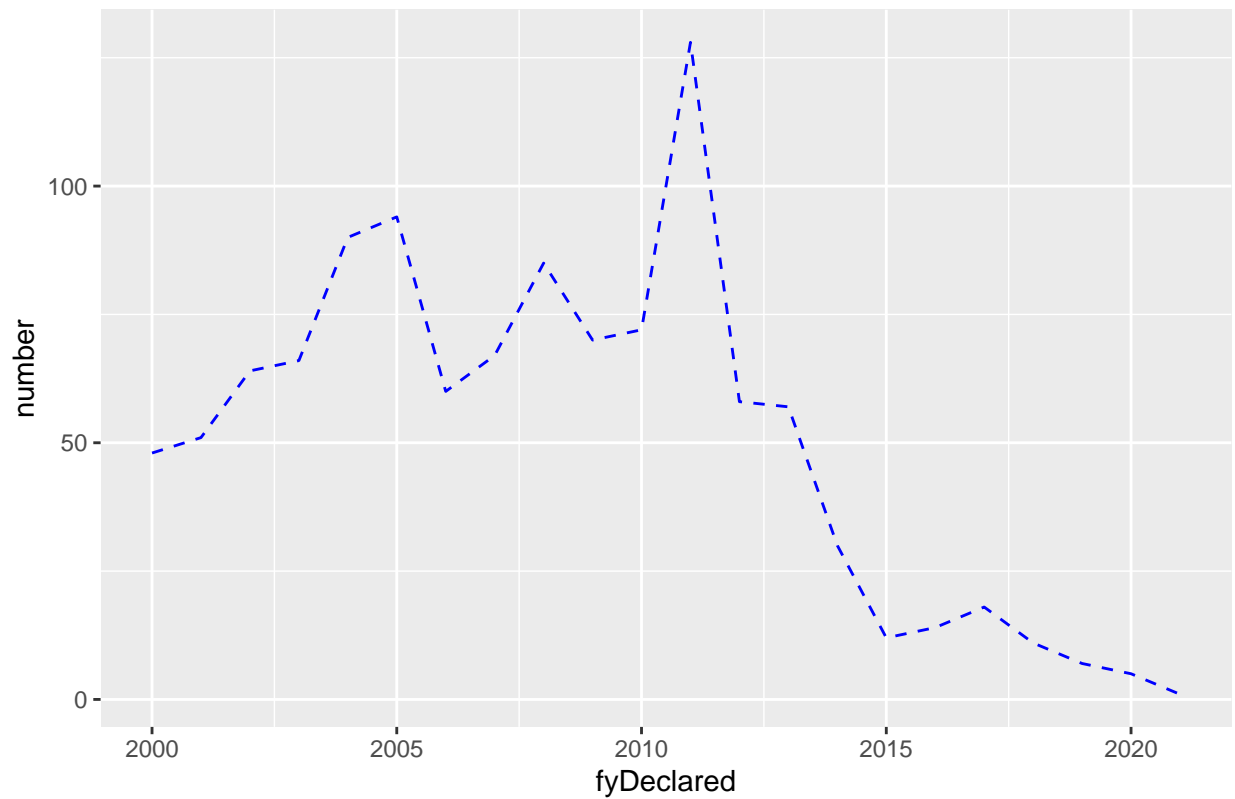
```
count_incidents <-tabyl(disaster_stock_data, incidentType, fyDeclared)
count_incidents <- disaster_stock_data %>% filter(incidentType== 'Fire' | incidentType== 'Flood' | inci

count_incidents
```

```
## # A tibble: 22 x 2
##   fyDeclared number
##   <dbl> <int>
## 1      2000     48
## 2      2001     51
## 3      2002     64
## 4      2003     66
## 5      2004     90
## 6      2005     94
## 7      2006     60
## 8      2007     67
## 9      2008     85
## 10     2009     70
## # ... with 12 more rows
```

```
ggplot(data=count_incidents, aes(x=fyDeclared, y = number))+ ggtitle("Total disasters occurred in each y
  geom_line(color = "blue", linetype = 2)
```

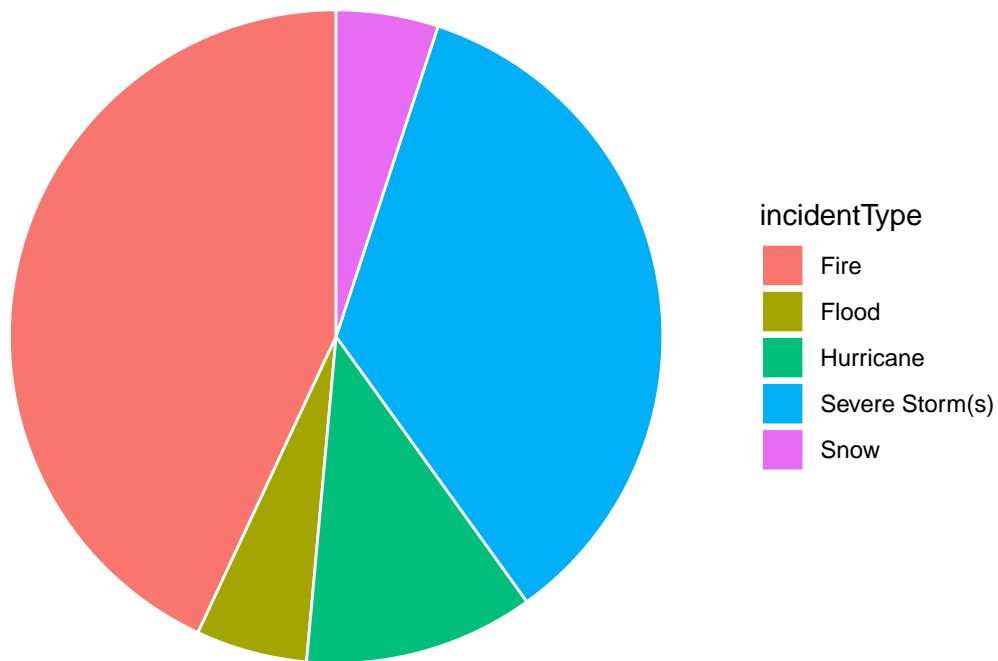
Total disasters occurred in each year



What is the distribution of the natural calamities in the US from 2000 - Present

```
ggplot(summ, aes(x="", y=n, fill=incidentType ,inherit.aes = FALSE)) +  
  geom_bar(stat="identity", width=1, color="white") +  
  coord_polar("y", start=0) +  
  theme_void() + ggtitle("Distribution of natural calamities: 2000 - now")
```

Distribution of natural calamities: 2000 – now



Impact of natural calamities on the three Insurance Company Stocks

```
disaster_stock_data<- disaster_stock_data %>% mutate(dip_allstate = allstate_close - allstate_open)
disaster_stock_data<- disaster_stock_data %>% mutate(dip_progressive = progressive_close - progressive_open)
disaster_stock_data<-disaster_stock_data %>% mutate(dip_travellers = travellers_close - travellers_open)
disaster_stock_data <- disaster_stock_data %>% mutate(dip = apply(disaster_stock_data[,c('dip_allstate', 'dip_progressive', 'dip_travellers')], 1, FUN=function(x){sum(x)}))
glimpse(disaster_stock_data)
```

```
## Rows: 1,189
## Columns: 24
## $ incidentType      <chr> "Tornado", "Severe Storm(s)", "Snow", "Severe Sto~
## $ state             <chr> "KY", "NC", "LA", "GA", "VA", "WV", "KY", "OH", "~
## $ declarationType   <chr> "DR", "DR", "DR", "DR", "DR", "DR", "DR", "DR", "~
## $ fyDeclared        <dbl> 2000, 2000, 2000, 2000, 2000, 2000, 2000, 2000, 2~
## $ declarationDate   <dtm> 2000-01-10 13:00:00, 2000-01-31 18:30:00, 2000-0~
## $ incidentBeginDate <date> 2000-01-03, 2000-01-24, 2000-01-27, 2000-02-14, ~
## $ incidentEndDate   <dtm> 2000-01-04 00:00:00, 2000-02-01 00:00:00, 2000-0~
## $ disasterCloseoutDate <dtm> 2012-05-10 00:00:00, 2012-06-28 00:00:00, 2016-0~
## $ allstate_open     <dbl> 24.0000, 23.6250, 23.4375, 21.6875, 23.1250, 21.2~
## $ allstate_high     <dbl> 24.1875, 23.8750, 23.9375, 22.0625, 23.6250, 21.5~
## $ allstate_low      <dbl> 23.2500, 22.8125, 23.1875, 21.0625, 22.8125, 20.7~
```

```
## $ allstate_close      <dbl> 23.5000, 22.8125, 23.1875, 21.2500, 22.8750, 21.0~
## $ progressive_open    <dbl> 6.052083, 5.453125, 5.343750, 4.500000, 5.515625,~
## $ progressive_high    <dbl> 6.083333, 5.557292, 5.473958, 4.500000, 5.515625,~
## $ progressive_low     <dbl> 5.890625, 5.416667, 5.322917, 4.312500, 5.328125,~
## $ progressive_close   <dbl> 5.890625, 5.494792, 5.390625, 4.343750, 5.333333,~
## $ travellers_open     <dbl> 33.2500, 31.6250, 32.0000, 24.2500, 32.1250, 24.5~
## $ travellers_high     <dbl> 33.2500, 32.4375, 32.3750, 24.5625, 32.8125, 24.6~
## $ travellers_low      <dbl> 32.6250, 31.3125, 29.8125, 24.0625, 31.2500, 23.1~
## $ travellers_close    <dbl> 33.0000, 32.1250, 30.5625, 24.2500, 31.3750, 23.6~
## $ dip_allstate        <dbl> -0.5000, -0.8125, -0.2500, -0.4375, -0.2500, -0.2~
## $ dip_progressive     <dbl> -0.161458, 0.041667, 0.046875, -0.156250, -0.1822~
## $ dip_travellers      <dbl> -0.2500, 0.5000, -1.4375, 0.0000, -0.7500, -0.937~
## $ dip                 <dbl> -0.500000, -0.812500, -1.437500, -0.437500, -0.75~

list <- disaster_stock_data %>% filter(incidentType == c('Fire','Flood','Hurricane','Severe Storm(s)','))

## Warning in incidentType == c("Fire", "Flood", "Hurricane", "Severe Storm(s)", :
## longer object length is not a multiple of shorter object length

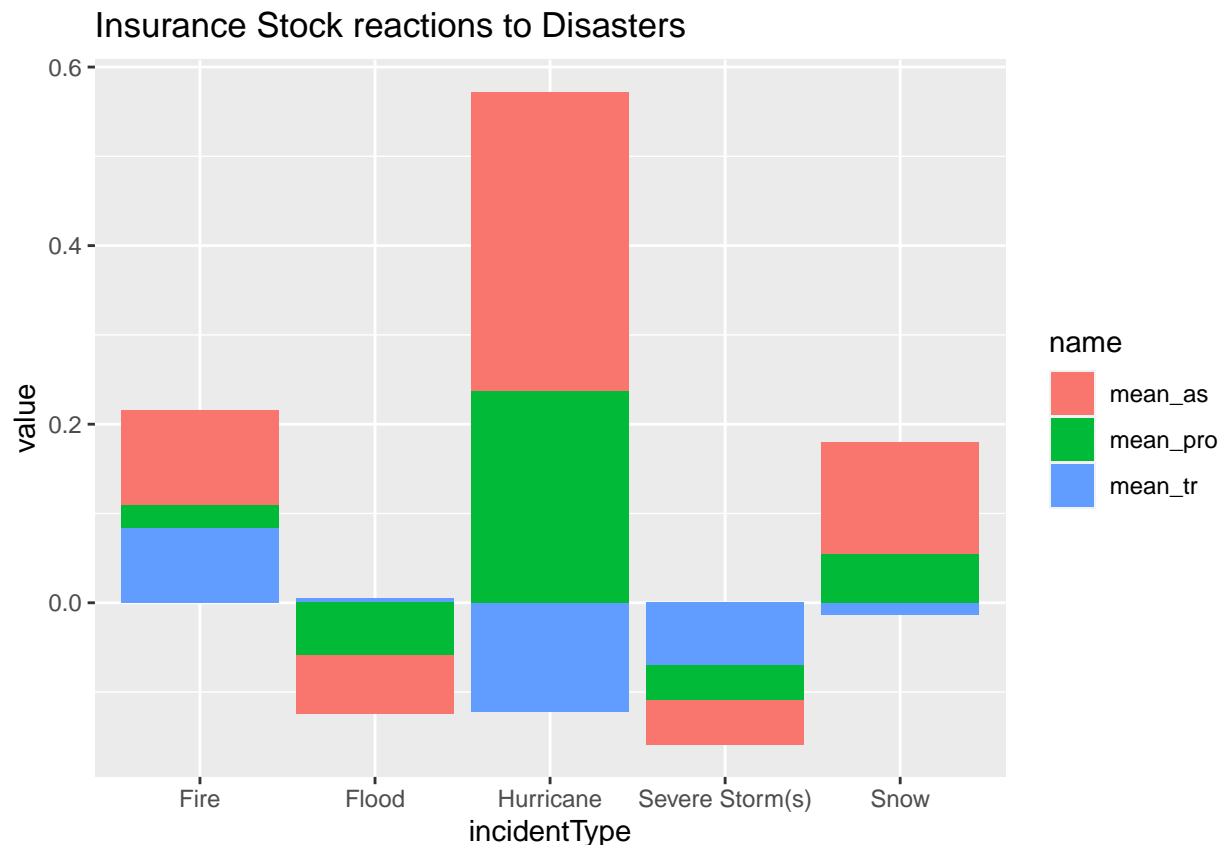
summ <- full_join(summ,list)

## Joining, by = "incidentType"

summ
# A tibble: 5 x 7
  incidentType     n percent mean_as mean_tr mean_pro
  <fct>         <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
1 Fire         477 0.40117746 0.10705260 0.084039295 0.02465141
2 Flood         61 0.05130362 -0.06533247 0.004667067 -0.05855573
3 Hurricane    126 0.10597140 0.33500014 -0.122142393 0.23669582
4 Severe Storm(s) 388 0.32632464 -0.04961045 -0.070779052 -0.03813579
5 Snow          56 0.04709840 0.12596077 -0.013269846 0.05413485

summ_p <- pivot_longer(summ,cols = c('mean_as','mean_tr','mean_pro'))

ggplot(summ_p, aes(fill=name, y=value, x=incidentType)) +
  geom_bar(position="stack", stat="identity") + ggtitle("Insurance Stock reactions to Disasters")
```

Basic Linear Model of the data

```
model <- lm(formula = n ~ mean_as+mean_tr+ mean_pro, data = summ)
```

```
summary(model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = n ~ mean_as + mean_tr + mean_pro, data = summ)
##
## Residuals:
##      1      2      3      4      5
## 162.95 -178.57  13.95 193.62 -191.95
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    203.7      617.1   0.330   0.797
## mean_as       1224.3     17188.6   0.071   0.955
## mean_tr        325.7      7973.4   0.041   0.974
## mean_pro     -1952.1     26169.6  -0.075   0.953
##
## Residual standard error: 364.6 on 1 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1437, Adjusted R-squared:  -2.425
## F-statistic: 0.05592 on 3 and 1 DF, p-value: 0.9758
```

Conclusions:-

The most occurred disaster is Fire. Highest number of disasters occurred in 2011 whereas least number of disasters occurred in 2021 During Fire, Hurricane and Snow we have seen a raise in the Stocks for AllState and Progressive Insurance companies. In the time of flood and severe storms all the stocks of the three Insurance Companies are dropped.

Bias:-

We considered the disasters that occurred more than 50 times. Weekends are not considered for our convenience as the markets are closed on weekends.

Source Code link

https://github.com/ShashiKiran07/daf__proj/blob/main/daf__proj.Rmd