

Lab - 6 -

Random Forest.

16/04/2025

1) Start with the data.

Input

Training dataset D with n example and m features
Number of trees T to create

2) For each tree t from 1 to T UN

Step 1: Randomly select a bootstrap sample
of size n from dataset D .

This subset \mathcal{Z} used to train tree t .

Step 2: For each node in the tree.

- * Randomly select k features from total m features

- * choose the best feature among k features to split the node based on a criterion

- * Repeat until tree reaches the stop condition.

3) For each test sample x :

Pass x through each of the T decision tree T to get a prediction.

- If it's a classification program each tree votes for a class

- If it's a regression problem, each tree provides a predicted value

④ Output:

For classification: The final prediction is the majority vote of all T trees

For regression, the final prediction is the average of predictions for all T trees.

5) End.

Signature
16.04