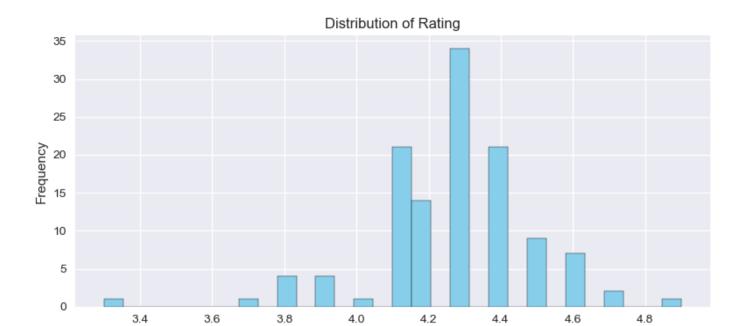
```
In [5]:
# TASK 3: Data Visualization for Large Dataset
# 1. Import Libraries
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os
plt.style.use('seaborn-v0 8')
pd.set option('display.max columns', None)
# 2. Load Dataset
# Make sure your CSV is in the same folder as this notebook or provide full path
csv files = [f for f in os.listdir() if f.endswith('.csv')]
if not csv files:
    raise FileNotFoundError("No CSV file found. Please add your dataset.")
df = pd.read csv(csv files[0])
print("Dataset Loaded:", csv_files[0])
print("Dataset Shape:", df.shape)
# 3. Detect Date Column
date cols = [col for col in df.columns if 'date' in col.lower()]
if date cols:
    df[date cols[0]] = pd.to datetime(df[date cols[0]], errors='coerce')
    date col = date cols[0]
else:
    date col = None
# 4. Downsample function for large datasets
def downsample(df, step=10):
    return df.iloc[::step] if len(df) > 1000 else df
# 5. Closing Price Trend
if date col and 'Close' in df.columns:
    df sample = downsample(df)
    plt.figure(figsize=(12,5))
    plt.plot(df_sample[date_col], df_sample['Close'], color='blue')
    plt.title("Closing Price Trend")
    plt.xlabel("Date")
    plt.ylabel("Close Price")
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.tight layout()
    plt.show()
# 6. OHLC Overview
if date col and all(col in df.columns for col in ['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close']):
    df sample = downsample(df)
    plt.figure(figsize=(12,5))
    plt.plot(df sample[date col], df sample['High'], label='High', color='green')
    plt.plot(df sample[date col], df sample['Low'], label='Low', color='red')
    plt.fill between(df sample[date col], df sample['Open'], df sample['Close'], color='
    plt.title("Open-High-Low-Close Overview")
    plt.xlabel("Date")
    plt.ylabel("Price")
    plt.legend()
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
# 7. Volume Chart
if date col and 'Volume' in df.columns:
    df sample = downsample(df)
    plt.figure(figsize=(12,4))
    plt.bar(df sample[date col], df sample['Volume'], color='orange')
    plt.title("Trading Volume Over Time")
    plt.xlabel("Date")
    plt.ylabel("Volume")
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.tight layout()
    plt.show()
# 8. Histograms of Numeric Columns (Top 6)
num cols = df.select dtypes(include=['float64', 'int64']).columns
plot cols = num cols[:6]
for col in plot cols:
    plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
    plt.hist(df[col], bins=30, color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')
    plt.title(f"Distribution of {col}")
    plt.xlabel(col)
    plt.ylabel("Frequency")
    plt.tight layout()
    plt.show()
# 9. Correlation Heatmap using matplotlib
if len(num cols) > 1:
    plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
    corr = df[plot cols].corr()
    plt.imshow(corr, cmap='coolwarm', interpolation='none')
    plt.colorbar()
    plt.xticks(range(len(plot cols)), plot cols, rotation=45)
    plt.yticks(range(len(plot cols)), plot cols)
    for i in range(len(plot cols)):
        for j in range(len(plot cols)):
            plt.text(j, i, f"{corr.iloc[i, j]:.2f}", ha='center', va='center', color='bl
    plt.title("Correlation Heatmap")
    plt.tight layout()
    plt.show()
# 10. Completion Message
print("Data Visualization Completed Successfully.")
Dataset Loaded: flipkart laptop data.csv
Dataset Shape: (120, 3)
```



Rating

Data Visualization Completed Successfully.

In [ ]: