

# BLOCKCHAINS

## ARCHITECTURE, DESIGN AND USE CASES

**SANDIP CHAKRABORTY**

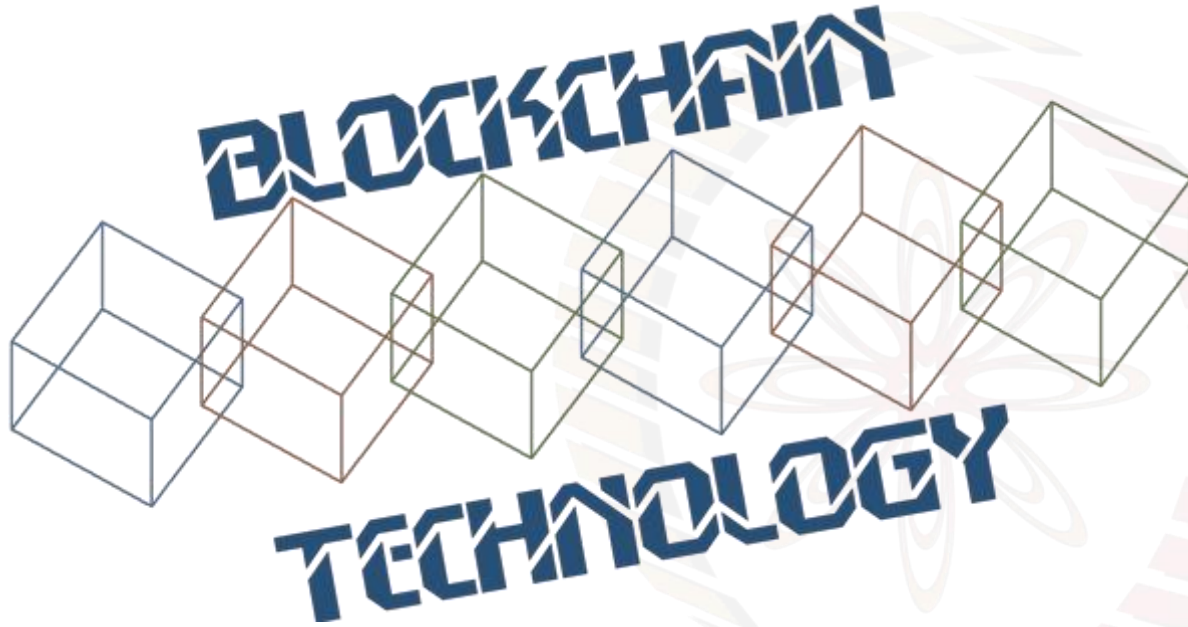
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*\*Image courtesy: <http://beetfusion.com/>*



## ETHEREUM TOOLS AND QUORUM

# Smart Contract Development and Deployment

## Development Environment



- Built by Consensys
- Scaffolding of project structure (contract, migration scripts, tests...)
- Built-in smart contract compilation, linking, deployment and binary management.
- Automated contract testing in JS (using Mocha and Chai)
- Configurable build pipeline with support for custom build processes.
- Scriptable deployment & migrations framework.
- Network management for deploying to many public & private networks.
- Interactive console for direct contract communication.

Development & Testing



**TestRPC**

Deployment



**Geth**

(or other vanilla Eth Client)



**Quorum**

(or other Enterprise Eth Client)

- Node.js based Ethereum client for testing and development.
- Simulates full-client behavior with most of the Ethereum RPC calls
- Tuned for speed of development and testing
- No more than one transaction per-block
- Good substitute for Geth and other vanilla Ethereum clients during development, but not for Enterprise Ethereum related capabilities

# Developer Framework – Application Layer



- Complete implementation of Ethereum's JSON-RPC client API over HTTP and IPC
- Reactive-functional API for working with filters
- **Auto-generation of Java smart contract wrappers to create, deploy, transact with and call smart contracts from native Java code**
- Android compatible
- Support for JP Morgan's Quorum via web3j-quorum

```
// Auto generated Java Class
public final class CustomerContract extends Contract {
    public CompletableFuture<TransactionReceipt>
        createNewCustomer(Bytes32 customerId, Bytes32 name) {
        ...
    }
}
```

# Enterprise Ethereum Alliance

**Mission:** “Learn from and build upon the only smart contract supporting blockchain currently running in real-world production and to define enterprise-grade software capable of handling the most complex, highly demanding applications at the speed of business.”

**Focus:** To support enterprise use cases

- Enterprise security and data privacy
- Permissioning
- High throughput
- Pluggable architecture



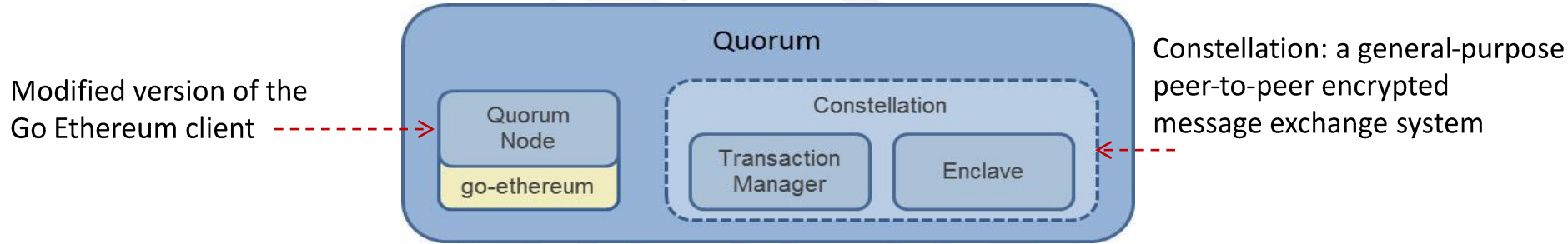
Launch Members

<http://entethalliance.org/>

# Quorum

- A permissioned implementation of Ethereum that supports transaction and contract privacy.
- The primary features of Quorum, and therefore extensions over public Ethereum, are:
  - Transaction and contract privacy
  - Voting-based consensus mechanism
  - Network/Peer permissions management
  - Higher throughput (~300 tps for txn submission rate)
- A fork of the Go Ethereum client (a.k.a geth)

# Quorum - Architecture



Logical Architecture

- 'QuorumChain' consensus – a vote based consensus
- The P2P layer allows connections to/from permissioned nodes.
- The State Patricia trie split into two: a public state trie and a private state trie.
- Transaction creation has been modified to allow for Transaction data to be replaced by encrypted hashes in order to preserve private information
- The pricing of Gas has been removed, although Gas itself remains
- Transaction Manager is responsible for Transaction privacy.
- Cryptographic work including symmetric key generation and data encryption/decryption is delegated to the Enclave.

# Quorum – Transaction Processing

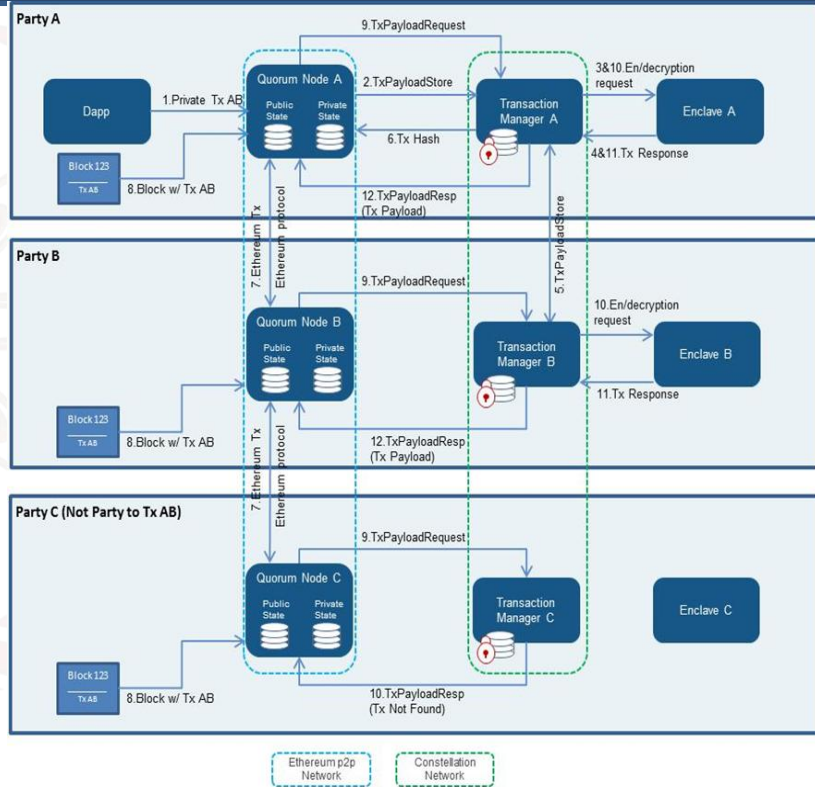
Quorum supports public and private Transactions

## Public Transactions

- When a transaction is public, each participant will execute the same contract code and their underlying public StateDBs will be updated accordingly.

## Transaction Privacy

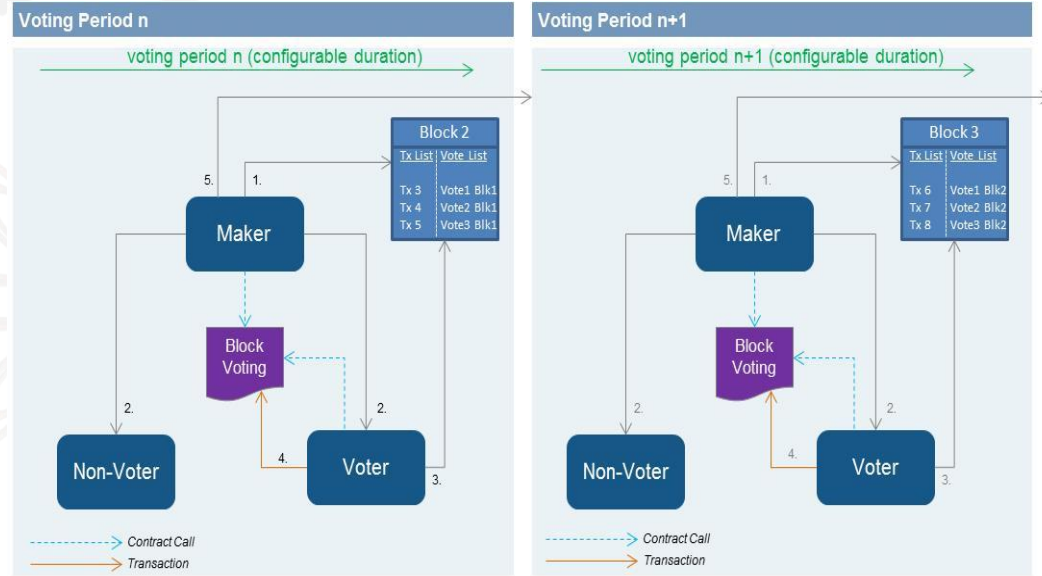
- Private transactions are only visible to participants whose public keys are specified in the `privateFor` field
- The Quorum Node propagates the transaction to the rest of the network, after replacing payload with a hash of the encrypted payload it receives from Constellation.
- Participants party to the private transaction will replace the hash with the original payload before calling EVM for execution, and their private StateDBs is updated accordingly.





# Quorum - Consensus

- Pluggable Consensus
- Current implementations: QuorumChain, Raft and Istanbul BFT
- QuorumChain:
- Nodes have roles and can be dynamically added/removed
  - Maker – responsible for making blocks
  - Voter – responsible for voting on the validity of blocks
  - Observer – only receives and validates blocks
- Most recent block with most votes is considered canonical head
- Leverages a smart contract called 'BlockVoting'



QuorumChain Consensus

# Fun Reading

- Ethereum developer tools: <https://github.com/ethereum/homestead-guide/blob/master/source/contracts-and-transactions/developer-tools.rst>
- Quorum Whitepaper: [https://github.com/jpmorganchase/quorum-docs/raw/master/Quorum Whitepaper v0.1.pdf](https://github.com/jpmorganchase/quorum-docs/raw/master/Quorum%20Whitepaper%20v0.1.pdf)
- Quorum overview documentation: <https://github.com/jpmorganchase/quorum/wiki/Quorum-Overview>
- RAFT Consensus: In Search of an Understandable Consensus Algorithm, <https://ramcloud.stanford.edu/wiki/download/attachments/11370504/raft.pdf>



thank you!