Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Shashwataarya MP

Email: 241801261@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 2116241801261 Phone: 9150441910

Branch: REC

Department: I AI & DS FD

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & DS



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_COD_Question 1

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

In a coding competition, you are assigned a task to create a program that simulates a stack using a linked list.

The program should feature a menu-driven interface for pushing an integer to stack, popping, and displaying stack elements, with robust error handling for stack underflow situations. This challenge tests your data structure skills.

Input Format

The input consists of integers corresponding to the operation that needs to be performed:

Choice 1: Push the integer value onto the stack. If the choice is 1, the following input is a space-separated integer, representing the element to be pushed onto

the stack.

Choice 2: Pop the integer from the stack.

Choice 3: Display the elements in the stack.

Choice 4: Exit the program.

Output Format

The output displays messages according to the choice and the status of the stack:

If the choice is 1, push the given integer to the stack and display the following: "Pushed element: " followed by the value pushed.

If the choice is 2, pop the integer from the stack and display the following: "Popped element: " followed by the value popped.

If the choice is 2, and if the stack is empty without any elements, print "Stack is empty. Cannot pop."

If the choice is 3, print the elements in the stack. "Stack elements (top to bottom): " followed by the space-separated values.

If the choice is 3, and there are no elements in the stack, print "Stack is empty".

If the choice is 4, exit the program and display the following: "Exiting program".

If any other choice is entered, print "Invalid choice".

Refer to the sample input and output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 13
14
3
                                                                        2116241801261
2
Output: Pushed element: 3
Pushed element: 4
Stack elements (top to bottom): 43
Popped element: 4
Stack elements (top to bottom): 3
Exiting program
Answer
#include <stdio.h>
                                                                        2116241801261
#include <stdlib.h>
struct Node {
Nint data;
  struct Node* next;
struct Node* top = NULL;
// You are using GCC
void push(int value) {
  // Create a new node
  struct Node* new_node = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
  // If memory allocation fails, return
  if (!new_node) {
    printf("Memory allocation failed.\n");
    return;
```

```
// Set the data and the next pointer of the new node new_node->data = value; new_node->next = top:
  // Update the top to the new node
  top = new_node;
  // Print the pushed element
  printf("Pushed element: %d\n", value);
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// Function to pop an element from the stack
void pop() {
  // Check if the stack is empty
  if (top == NULL) {
    printf("Stack is empty. Cannot pop.\n");
    return;
  }
  // Store the top node to display the popped element
  struct Node* temp = top;
  int popped_value = temp->data;
  // Move the top pointer to the next node
  top = top->next;
  // Free the memory of the popped node
  free(temp);
  // Print the popped element
  printf("Popped element: %d\n", popped_value);
// Function to display all elements in the stack
void displayStack() {
  // Check if the stack is empty
  if (top == NULL) {
    printf("Stack is empty\n");
   return;
```

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```
// Print the elements in the stack from top to bottom printf("Stack elements (top to bottom). ").
          struct Node* temp = top;
          while (temp != NULL) {
            printf("%d ", temp->data);
            temp = temp->next;
          printf("\n");
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        int main() {
          int choice, value;
         do {
            scanf("%d", &choice);
            switch (choice) {
               case 1:
                 scanf("%d", &value);
                 push(value);
                 break:
               case 2:
                 pop();
                 break;
               case 3:
                                                                                      2116241801261
                 displayStack();
                 break;
               case 4:
                 printf("Exiting program\n");
                 return 0;
               default:
                 printf("Invalid choice\n");
          } while (choice != 4);
          return 0;
       }
.us,
                                                                                Marks: 10/10
        Status: Correct
```