

LAB 4

Advanced Functional Thinking

Q1. Scala program to read a weekday number and print weekday name using match case.

ANS-

```
EXP.scala > {} EXP > Weekday
1  object EXP {
2  def Weekday(weekday: Int): String = weekday match {
3      case 1 => "Monday"
4      case 2 => "Tuesday"
5      case 3 => "Wednesday"
6      case 4 => "Thursday"
7      case 5 => "Friday"
8      case 6 => "Saturday"
9      case 7 => "Sunday"
10     case _ => "Invalid weekday number"
11 }
12 def main(args: Array[String]) = {
13     println("Enter a weekday number:")
14     val n = scala.io.StdIn.readInt()
15     val result = Weekday(n)
16     println(result)
17 }
18 }
19
```

Q2. Scala program to implement an arithmetic calculator using higher order functions.

ANS-

```
EXP.scala > {} EXP
1  object EXP {
2  def calculate(x: Double, y: Double, operation: (Double, Double) => Double): Double = operation(x, y)
3      val addition = (a: Double, b: Double) => a + b
4      val subtraction = (a: Double, b: Double) => a - b
5      val multiplication = (a: Double, b: Double) => a * b
6  val division = (a: Double, b: Double) => if (b != 0) a / b else Double.NaN
7      val result = calculate(5, 3, addition)
8      println(result)
9      val result2 = calculate(5, 3, multiplication)
10     println(result2)
11 }
12
```

Q3. Create functions isEven, isOdd, isPositive, isNegative, isZero. Create a higher order function filterList that takes a list of numbers and any one filter function created above.

ANS-

```
EXP.scala > ...
1  object NumberFilters extends App {
2      def isEven(n: Int): Boolean = n % 2 == 0
3      def isOdd(n: Int): Boolean = n % 2 != 0
4      def isPositive(n: Int): Boolean = n > 0
5      def isNegative(n: Int): Boolean = n < 0
6      def isZero(n: Int): Boolean = n == 0
7      def filterList(numbers: List[Int], filterFunction: Int => Boolean): List[Int] = {
8          numbers.filter(filterFunction)
9      }
10     val numbers = List(-2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
11     val filteredListPositive = filterList(numbers, isPositive)
12     println(s"Positive Numbers: $filteredListPositive")
13     val filteredListEven = filterList(numbers, isEven)
14     println(s"Even Numbers: $filteredListEven")
15 }
16
```

Q4. Write a Scala program which defines a methods named "toUpper", "toLower", and "reverse", which accepts a String as input parameter and formats it. Define another method named "formatNames" which also has an input String called "name". This method however has a parameter group which accepts a functions with an input of type String and also outputs a String. This particular function will be used to apply the given format to the "name" input.

ANS-

```
EXP.scala > ...
1  object Exp4Q4 {
2      def toUpper(str: String): String = {
3          str.toUpperCase
4      }
5      def toLower(str: String): String = {
6          str.toLowerCase
7      }
8      def reverse(str: String): String = {
9          str.reverse
10     }
11     def formatNames(name: String)(formatFunction: String => String): String = {
12         formatFunction(name)
13     }
14
15     def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
16         val name = "I am a good boy "
17         val upperCaseName = formatNames(name)(toUpper)
18         println("Upper case name: " + upperCaseName)
19         val lowerCaseName = formatNames(name)(toLower)
20         println("Lower case name: " + lowerCaseName)
21         val reversedName = formatNames(name)(reverse)
22         println("Reversed name: " + reversedName)
23     }
24 }
25
```