

Aim: RB tree insertion

Theory: Red-Black trees are self balancing, meaning that the tree adjusts itself automatically after each insertion or deletion operation. It uses a simple but powerful mechanism to maintain balance, by colouring each node in the tree either red or black. Time complexity for operations such as insertion, deletion and searching is always $O(\log n)$.

Cases to be considered for insertion in Red Black Tree.

- If tree is empty create new node as root node with color black.
- If tree is not empty, create new node as leaf node with colour red.
- If parent of new node is black then exit.
- If parent of new node is red, then check the color of parent's sibling node.
- If color is black or null then do suitable rotation and re-color.
- If colour is red then re-color and also check if parent's parent of new node is not root node then re-color it and recheck.

Conclusion: After performing insertion on the Red Black tree, it can be concluded that the tree maintains its properties.