```
QNMnonRel[min_, nin_, spin_, μsta_, μsto_, branch1_, ωImIn_, Sin_, direc_] :=
  Module[\{min1 = min, nin1 = nin, spin1 = spin, \mu sta1 = \mu sta, \}
     \musto1 = \musto, branch2 = branch1, wijk = \omegaImIn, Sin1 = Sin},
destinationPATH = ToString[
       "/home/shaunf/Documents/Computer/Code/projects/Massive_Vector _Field_Dynamical
         Friction/ProcaAroundKerr/NilsSiemonsenCode/surrogate"];
Assumptions = M > 0 & x != 0;
kmax = 5;
xmax = 2;
\epsilon = 10^{-6};
xstart = (\epsilon M) / (rp[a] - rm[a]) / Simplify / Rationalize [#, 0] &;
\omeganmax = (m \chi) / (2 (1 + Sqrt[1 - \chi ^ 2])) // Simplify;
setprec = 24;
maxstep = 10 ^ 8;
modeprec = 20;
m = min;
\eta = \text{If}[\sin == 0, 1, 0];
nh = nin;
S = Sin;
n = Abs[m] + nh + S + 1;
x = \text{spin } / \text{Rationalize} [#, 0] &;
Print["We consider the following parameters:"];
Print("m = " <> ToString[m]);
Print["n = " <> ToString[nh]];
Print["\chi = " <> ToString[\chi // N]];
Print["S = " <> ToString[Sin # N]];
Print("branch = " <> ToString(branch1));
Print["Log of precision cutoff = 10^-" <> ToString[modeprec]];
Print["-----"];
a = \chi M; \mu = \mu n/M; \omega = (\omega nr + I \omega ni)/M; v = vn/M;
rp[a_] := M + Sqrt[M^2 - a^2];
rm[a_] := M - Sqrt[M^2 - a^2];
rstop[\mu] := 2 (10 (m + nh)) / \mu ^ 2 // Rationalize [#, 0] &;
rtstart[a_] := (xstart (rp[a] - rm[a]) + rp[a]) / M // Simplify // Rationalize [#, 0] &;
\Omega H[a_] := a/(2 M rp[a]);
\Delta[r_{, a_{]} := r^2 - 2Mr + a^2;
Kr[r_{, a_{, \omega_{, m_{, i}}}] := (a^2 + r^2) \omega - am;
qr[r_{, v_{]}} := 1 + v^2 r^2;
```

```
\Lambda[v_{-}, \mu_{-}, a_{-}, m_{-}, \omega_{-}] := \mu^{2}/v^{2} - (\omega + a v^{2} (m - a \omega))/v + 2 a \omega m - a^{2} \omega^{2};
y[\omega_{-}, \mu_{-}] := Sqrt[\omega^{2} - \mu^{2}];
\sigma[\omega_{-}, a_{-}, v_{-}, m_{-}] := \omega + a v^{2}(m - a \omega);
Three[l_1, l_2, l_3, m_1] := If[l_3 > l_1 + l_2 \parallel Abs[l_1 - l_2] > l_3 \parallel Abs[m_1] > l_1 \parallel Abs[m_1] > l_3,
                    0, ThreeJSymbol [{l1, -m1}, {l2, 0}, {l3, m1}]];
Bracket[l1_, l2_, l3_, m_] := (-1)^m \text{Sqrt}[((2 l1 + 1) (2 l2 + 1) (2 l3 + 1)) / (4 \pi)]
                   Three[l1, l2, l3, 0] x Three[l1, l2, l3, m];
c2[l_{m_{n}}, l_{m_{n}}] := (2 Sqrt[\pi])/3 Bracket[l, 0, l_{m_{n}}] + 4/3 Sqrt[\pi/5] Bracket[l, 2, l_{m_{n}}];
c4[l_{m}, m_{l}] := (2 Sqrt[\pi]) / 5 Bracket[l, 0, lp, m] +
                   8/7 \, \text{Sqrt}[\pi/5] \, \text{Bracket}[1, 2, \text{lp, m}] + (16 \, \text{Sqrt}[\pi]) / 105 \, \text{Bracket}[1, 4, \text{lp, m}];
d2[l_{m}, l_{m}] := Sqrt[(4 \pi) / 3] (lp Sqrt[((lp + 1)^2 - m^2) / ((2 lp + 1) (2 lp + 3))] Bracket[l, 1, 1]
                                   lp+1, m]-(lp+1) Sqrt[(lp^2-m^2)/((2lp+1)(2lp-1))] Bracket[l, 1, lp-1, m]);
\texttt{Mtemp[l\_, m\_, lp\_, v\_, \mu\_, a\_, \omega\_] := (\Lambda[v, \mu, a, m, \omega] - lp (lp + 1))} \; \texttt{KroneckerDelta[l, lp] + lp.}
                       (-v^2 \Lambda[v, \mu, a, m, \omega] + v^2 lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 \Lambda[v, \mu, a, m, \omega] + v^2 lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 \Lambda[v, \mu, a, m, \omega] + v^2 lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 \Lambda[v, \mu, a, m, \omega] + v^2 lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 \Lambda[v, \mu, a, m, \omega] + v^2 lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2) a^2 c^2[l, m, lp] - v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, v, m] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) - 2 \sigma[\omega, a, w] v + v^2 Lp (lp + 1) -
                       2 a^2 v^2 d2[l, m, lp] - \gamma[\omega, \mu]^2 v^2 a^4 c4[l, m, lp] // Refine;
\mathsf{Mat}[\mathsf{m}_{-},\,\eta_{-},\,v_{-},\,\mu_{-},\,a_{-},\,\omega_{-}] := \mathsf{Table}[\mathsf{Mtemp}[\mathsf{Abs}[\mathsf{m}] + 2\,\mathsf{k} + \eta,\,\mathsf{m},\,\mathsf{Abs}[\mathsf{m}] + 2\,\mathsf{kp} + \eta,\,v,\,\mu,\,a,\,\omega],
                       {k, 0, kmax}, {kp, 0, kmax}] // Simplify;
\kappa[a_{-}, \omega_{-}, m_{-}] := (2 \text{ M rp[a]} (\omega - m \Omega H[a])) / (rp[a] - rm[a]) // Simplify;
(*Clear[\chi, \omegani, \omeganr, vn, \mun, m, \eta, a, \omega, \mu, v]
DiffRadr:=
               D[\Delta[r,a]D[\#,r],r]+(Kr[r,a,\omega,m]^2/\Delta[r,a]-\Lambda[v,\mu,a,m,\omega]+2 \ a \ \omega \ m-a^2\omega^2-\mu^2r^2)\#-
                       (2r \ v^2)/qr[r,v](\Delta[r,a]D[\#,r]+r \ \sigma[\omega,a,v,m]/v\#)\&;
Collect[(DiffRadr@f[r]/.f \rightarrow (f[(\#-rp[a])/(rp[a]-rm[a])]&), (r \rightarrow x(rp[a]-rm[a])+rp[a]))/(x(1+x))//
                        Simplify, \{f[x], f'[x], f''[x]\}\}
DiffRadrt = (-((2 \text{ rt}^2 \text{ vn} (\text{m vn}^2 \chi - \text{I} (-1 + \text{vn}^2 \chi^2) (\omega \text{ni} - \text{I} \omega \text{nr}))) /
                                              ((1 + rt^2 vn^2) (-2 rt + rt^2 + \chi^2))) + (-rt^2 \mu n^2 - \mu n^2 / vn^2 +
                                              (m \chi - I (rt^2 + \chi^2) (\omega ni - I \omega nr))^2/(-2 rt + rt^2 + \chi^2) +
                                              (I \omega ni + \omega nr)/vn + vn \chi (m - \chi (I \omega ni + \omega nr)))/(-2 rt + rt^2 + \chi^2)) # +
                       (-((2 \text{ rt vn}^2)/(1+\text{rt}^2 \text{ vn}^2))+(2 (-1+\text{rt}))/(-2 \text{ rt}+\text{rt}^2+\chi^2)) D[\#, \text{rt}]+
                       D[#, {rt, 2}] &;
DiffRadx = 1/(x(1+x))(-(\mu n^2/\nu n^2) - \mu n^2(1+Sqrt[1-x^2] + 2 \times Sqrt[1-x^2])^2 - \mu n^2(1+Sqrt[1-x^2])^2
                                   (2 \text{ M vn} (1 + \text{Sqrt}[1 - \chi^2] + 2 \times \text{Sqrt}[1 - \chi^2]) (1 - \chi^2 + \text{Sqrt}[1 - \chi^2] - 2 \times (-1 + \chi^2))
                                              (m vn^2 \chi - I (-1 + vn^2 \chi^2) (\omega ni - I \omega nr))) / (Sqrt[1 - \chi^2] (M + M vn^2)
                                                          (\text{Im } \chi + 2 (1 + \text{Sqrt}[1 - \chi^2] - 2 \times^2 (-1 + \chi^2) + 2 \times (1 - \chi^2 + \text{Sqrt}[1 - \chi^2])) (\omega \text{ni} - \chi^2)
                                                              [I \omega nr) \( \text{ } \( \lambda \text{ } \text{ } \text{ } \text{ } \lambda - \text{ } \te
                           # + (1 + 2 \times + (4 \text{ M} \times (1 + x) \text{ vn}^2 (-1 + \chi^2) (1 + \text{Sqrt}[1 - \chi^2] + 2 \times \text{Sqrt}[1 - \chi^2])) /
                                           (Sqrt[1 - \chi^2] (M + M vn^2 (2 - \chi^2 + 2 Sqrt[1 - \chi^2] - 4 x^2 (-1 + \chi^2) +
                                                                      4 \times (1 - \chi^2 + \text{Sqrt}[1 - \chi^2])))) / (x (1 + x)) D[#, x] + D[#, {x, 2}] &;
prec = SetPrecision[#, setprec] &;
(*The angular equation in matrix form*)
```

```
mat = prec@(Mat[m, \eta, v, \mu, a, \omega] vn^2);
matdettemp = prec@Det[mat]; (*With and without the vn^12 in front,
    which is analytically equivalent to not having it there,
    changes the resulting root starting from the sixth decimal*)
matdet[rv_{,} iv_{]} := prec@(matdettemp //. \{vn -> rv + I iv\});
absdetmat[rv_, iv_] := prec@Log[Abs[matdet[rv, iv]]];
Rmaxfunc[wIn_, vIn_, \muIn_, branch3_] := Module[{wIn1 = wIn, vIn1 = vIn, \muIn1 = \muIn},
     prec = SetPrecision[#, setprec] &;
     \mu i = prec@\mu In;
     wrpoint = Re[wIn] // Rationalize [#, 0] &;
     wipoint = Im[wIn] // Rationalize [#, 0] &;
     vrpoint = Re[vIn] // Rationalize [#, 0] &;
     vipoint = Im[vIn] // Rationalize [#, 0] &;
     vrootSollist = prec@
          NSolve[SetPrecision[(matdettemp /. \{\mu n \rightarrow \mu i, \omega nr \rightarrow wrpoint, \omega ni \rightarrow wipoint\}),
              setprec] == 0, vn, WorkingPrecision -> setprec];
     vrootVallist = prec@Table[{vn/. vrootSollist[[l]] // Re, vn/. vrootSollist[[l]] // Im},
           {l, 1, Length[vrootSollist]}];
     vroottemp = prec@Nearest[vrootVallist, {vrpoint, vipoint},
            WorkingPrecision -> setprec] // First;
     vroot = prec@{rv -> vroottemp[[1]], iv -> vroottemp[[2]]};
     Frob[x] := x^{-1}\lambda (1 + Sum[Symbol["QNMcode'c" <> ToString[n]] x^n, {n, 1, 2}]);
     exptemp = Series[
           SetPrecision [x^{(1\lambda + 2)}] (DiffRadx @Frob[x]) // Simplify, setprec], \{x, 0, 2\}] == 0;
     K = (-m \chi + 2 (1 + Sqrt[1 - \chi^2]) (I \omega ni + \omega nr)) / (2 Sqrt[1 - \chi^2]) /.
          \{\omega \text{nr} \rightarrow \text{wrpoint}, \omega \text{ni} \rightarrow \text{wipoint}\};
     exptemp1 = SetPrecision[exptemp /. \{\mu n \rightarrow \mu i\} /. \{\omega nr \rightarrow wrpoint, \omega ni \rightarrow wipoint\} /.
              {vn -> rv + I iv} /. vroot // LogicalExpand , setprec];
     (*setprecNSolve[ju_]:=Piecewise[{{setprec-1,ju≤ 22},{setprec-2,ju>22}}];*)
     Coeff = NSolve[exptemp1, \{\lambda, c1, c2\},
           WorkingPrecision -> setprec - 2(*setprecNSolve [i]*)][[branch3]];
     \lambda test = Abs[(\lambda /. Coeff) + K];
     (*If[Log[λtest]<-15,{},Print[λtest]Print[
             "Error: Possible problem with value for λ or κ!"|Print[Precision[K]]];*)
     Frob0fr[rt_] := SetPrecision [Frob[x] \#. Coeff \#. {x -> (rt M - rp[a]) / (rp[a] - rm[a])}
            (*/.\lambda\to K)*) /. \{\mun -> \mui, \omeganr -> wrpoint, \omegani -> wipoint\} // Simplify, setprec];
     R0 = SetPrecision[Limit[FrobOfr[rt], rt -> rtstart[a]], setprec];
     dR0 = SetPrecision[Limit[D[FrobOfr[rt], rt], rt -> rtstart[a]], setprec];
```

```
solR = NDSolve[{(DiffRadrt @R[rt] /. {vn \rightarrow rv + I iv} /. vroot /. {\mu n \rightarrow \mu i, \omega nr \rightarrow vrpoint,
                   ωni -> wipoint}) == 0, R[rtstart[a]] == R0, R'[rtstart[a]] == dR0},
            R, {rt, rtstart[a], rstop[μi]}, Method -> {"StiffnessSwitching "},
            WorkingPrecision -> setprec - 2, MaxSteps -> maxstep] // First;
      Rmax = SetPrecision[Log[Abs[R[rt] /. solR /. {rt -> rstop[\mu i]}]], setprec];
      vrootout = prec@(vroottemp[[1]] + I vroottemp[[2]]);
      \omegaout = prec@wIn;
];
(*Regime of consideration *)
\mustart = \musta;
\mustop = \musto;
\omegamesh = 20;
\omegaprecstep = 2;
\omegarstepsize = 400;
\mumesh = 1;
branch = branch1;
(*Non-relativistic limit and its values as first guesses*)
ωnonRel[μn_, na_] := (μn(1 - μn^2/(2 na^2))) // Rationalize[#, 0] &;
    (*Provides only a guess for the real part.*)
If Sin == -1,
(*This is for S=-1*)
Print["Picked S=-1 vnonrel"];
vnonRel[\omega a_{-}] := -\omega a / (1 - \chi \omega a) // Rationalize [#, 0] &;
If[Sin == 0,
(*This is for S=0*)
Print["Picked S=0 vnonrel"];
vnonRel[\omega a_{-}] := 1/(2 \chi) (2 - \chi \omega a + Sqrt[(-2 + \chi \omega a) ^ 2 + 4 \chi \omega a]);
If [Sin == 1, (*This is for S=+1*)]
Print["Picked S=+1 vnonrel"];
vnonRel[\omegab_] :=
          v \parallel . (NSolve[a v^3 (1 – a \omegaa) – (6 – a \omegaa (2 – a \omegaa)) v^2 + \omegaa v + \omegaa 2, v][[2]] \parallel Simplify) \mid .
             \{M \rightarrow 1\} //. \{\omega a \rightarrow \omega b\};
Print["Error: S not in (-1,0,+1)!"];
Abort[];
]]];
```

```
(*For a given complex (!) \omega,
    this provides an initial guess for real and imaginary parts*)
μrange = {0, Range[μstart, μstop, (μstop - μstart) / μmesh]} // Flatten // Rationalize [#, 0] &;
μall = Take[μrange, -Length[μrange] + 1];
\murangenumber = Length[\murange] - 1;
(*Initial \omega guesses*)
\omegaintR = \omeganonRel[\mustart, n];
\omegaintI = \omegaImIn;
vint = SetPrecision[
      {rv -> Re[vnonRel[ωintR + I ωintI]], iv -> Im[vnonRel[ωintR + I ωintI]]}, setprec];
(*The function to be minimized*)
funcmin[win_, vin_, \muin_, branch_] := Module[{win1 = win, vin1 = vin, \muin1 = \muin},
Rmaxfunc[win, vin, \muin, branch];
Rmax
];
(*Isomorphism from R^2 to C (and inverse)*)
R2toC[vec_] := vec[[1]] + I vec[[2]];
CtoR2[num_] := {Re[num], Im[num]};
vrootminall = ConstantArray [0, Length[μrange]];
solRminall = ConstantArray [0, Length[µrange]];
\omegaminall = ConstantArray [0, Length[\murange]];
\muminall = ConstantArray [0, Length[\murange]];
plotlist = ConstantArray [0, {Length[\murange], \omegaprecstep}];
vrootminout = ConstantArray [0, Length[µrange]];
solRminout = ConstantArray[0, Length[µrange]];
\omegaminout = ConstantArray [0, Length[\murange]];
μminout = ConstantArray [0, Length[μrange]];
lminout = ConstantArray [0, Length[µrange]];
(*The only reliable value for \omega and v is starting at [[2]],
    since in the first step,
   we use the non-rel. result without (!) optimization and minimization to our
      equations!!! Always remove the first value from the list*)
vrootminall[[1]] = vint;
\omegaminall[[1]] = SetPrecision[\omegaintR + I \omegaintI, setprec];
(*The minimum search mesh boundaries for the real part of \omega_*)
rrinitial = 1/2 (\omeganonRel[\mustart, n+1] - \omeganonRel[\mustart, n]);
```

```
rrdelta[u_] :=
     If [u == 1, rrinitial, 1/2 (\omega nonRel [\mu range[[u + 1]], n + 1] - \omega nonRel [\mu range[[u + 1]], n])];
(*The minimum search mesh boundaries for the imaginary part of \omega*)
iiThreshhold = 10 ^ - 1;
iiinitial = 1;
iidelta[u_] := SetPrecision[If[u < 4, iiinitial ,</pre>
        If [Abs [Log10 [Im[\omegaminall [[u]]]] - Log10 [Im[\omegaminall [[u - 1]]]]] > iiThreshhold,
         Abs[Log10[Im[\omegaminall[[u]]]] - Log10[Im[\omegaminall[[u - 1]]]], 0.5]], setprec];
(*The code:*)
offset = 0;
Clear[y];
For[i = 1, i <= \murangenumber, i++,
branchtemp = branch;
If[i \leftarrow 2, {},
If [Abs[Log10[Im[\omegaminall[[i]]]] - Log10[Im[\omegaminall[[i - 1]]]]] > 2,
branch = Select[{1, 2}, # != branchtemp &] // First;
\omegaminall[[i]] = \omegaminalltemp;
i = i - 1;
Print["flip!"];
branch = branchtemp]];
Print[ToString[i] <> ToString["/"] <> ToString [μmesh]];
\mui = \murange[[i + 1]];
Print[µi // N];
(*We always take the previous \omega as the new guess,
     since these are much closer to the actual value than the non-
      rel limit. In the very first step, we use the non-rel limit as guess*)
wintr = SetPrecision [\omeganonRel[\mui, n], setprec];
winti = SetPrecision [Im[\omegaminall[[i]]], setprec];
vroot = vrootminall[[i]];
(*The initial iteration boaundries*)
rrboundary = rrdelta[i];
iiboundary = iidelta[i];
(*For the very first iteration,
     we choose this asymmetric search interval, since the real part of the
      frequency is monotonically increasing with \mu (if not rescaled by \mu^{-1})*)
(*\omega rrange = SetPrecision [If[wintr+rrboundary < \omega nmax, Range[wintr-rrboundary]]
```

```
wintr+rrboundary,(2rrboundary)/ωmesh],Range[wintr-rrboundary,
            ωnmax = 10^-6, Abs[wintr-rrboundary -(ωnmax = 10^-6)]/ωmesh]], setprec];*)
\omegairange = SetPrecision [10 ^ Range[Log10[winti] - iiboundary,
           Log10[winti] + iiboundary, (2 iiboundary) / \omegamesh], setprec];
(*ωrrangeplot [i]=Show[ListPlot [Table[{i,ωrrange [[k]]},{k,1,Length[ωrrange]}]],
         ListPlot [{{i, ωminall [[i]]//Re}}, PlotStyle → Red]];*)
\omegairangeplot[i] = Show[ListLogPlot[Table[{i, \omegairange[[k]]}, {k, 1, Length[\omegairange]}]],
        ListLogPlot [{{i, ωminall[[i]] // Im}}, PlotStyle -> Red]];
     \delta\omega r = 0;
     aa = 1;
     aatest = -1;
     wrpoint = wintr;
          While[aatest < 0,
               AAtest = maxR[2] - maxR[1];
               wrpoint = SetPrecision [If[aa <= 2, wintr - aa \delta \omegar + offset,
           If[AAtest < 0, wintr - aa \delta \omegar + offset, wintr + aa \delta \omegar + offset]], setprec];
               wipoint = winti;
               (*To pick the correct v solution form the set of roots of the EVP,
      we compare it to either the non-rel. limit using the current \omega,
      or the previous (previous mass) minimal result for v*)
               vrpoint = prec@(rv /. vroot);
               vipoint = prec@(iv /. vroot);
               vrootSollist =
        NSolve[SetPrecision[(matdettemp /. \{\mu n \rightarrow \mu i, \omega nr \rightarrow wrpoint, \omega ni \rightarrow wipoint\}),
            setprec] == 0, vn, WorkingPrecision -> setprec];
               vrootVallist = SetPrecision[Table[{vn/. vrootSollist[[l]] # Re,
            vn/. vrootSollist[[l]] // Im}, {l, 1, Length[vrootSollist]}], setprec];
               vroottemp = Nearest[vrootVallist, {vrpoint, vipoint},
           WorkingPrecision -> setprec] // First;
               vroot = SetPrecision [{rv -> vroottemp[[1]], iv -> vroottemp[[2]]}, setprec];
               Frob[x_] := x \wedge (-I \lambda) (1 + Sum[Symbol["QNMcode'c" <> ToString[n]] x \wedge n, \{n, 1, 2\}]);
               exptemp = Series[
           SetPrecision [x^{(1\lambda + 2)}] (DiffRadx @Frob[x]) // Simplify, setprec], \{x, 0, 2\}] == 0;
               K = (-m \chi + 2 (1 + Sqrt[1 - \chi^2]) (I \omega ni + \omega nr)) / (2 Sqrt[1 - \chi^2]) /.
         {\omeganr -> wrpoint, \omegani -> wipoint};
               exptemp1 = SetPrecision[exptemp /. \{\mu n \rightarrow \mu i\} /. \{\omega nr \rightarrow wrpoint,
                ωni -> wipoint} /. {vn -> rv + I iv} /. vroot // LogicalExpand , setprec];
               (*setprecNSolve[ju_]:=Piecewise[{{setprec-1,ju≤ 22},
            {setprec - 2, ju > 22}}];*)
```

```
(*setprecNSolve[i]*)][[branch]];
                                                  \lambda test = Abs[(\lambda /. Coeff) + K];
                                                  (*If[Log[λtest]<-15,{},Print[λtest]Print[
                                         "Error: Possible problem with value for λ or κ!"]Print[Precision[K]]];*)
                                                  FrobOfr[rt_] := SetPrecision[Frob[x] //. Coeff //.
                                            \{x \rightarrow (rt M - rp[a]) / (rp[a] - rm[a])\}(*/.\{\lambda \rightarrow K\}*) /.
                                        \{\mu n \rightarrow \mu i, \omega nr \rightarrow wrpoint, \omega ni \rightarrow wipoint\} // Simplify, setprec];
                                                  R0 = SetPrecision[Limit[FrobOfr[rt], rt -> rtstart[a]], setprec];
                                                  dR0 = SetPrecision [Limit[D[FrobOfr[rt], rt], rt -> rtstart[a]], setprec];
                                                  solR =
                          NDSolve [{(DiffRadrt @ R[rt] /. \{vn \rightarrow rv + I \ iv\} /. vroot /. \{\mu n \rightarrow \mu i, \omega nr \rightarrow wrpoint, \omega nr \rightarrow wrpoin
                                                           \omegani -> wipoint}) == 0, R[rtstart[a]] == R0, R'[rtstart[a]] == dR0},
                                    R, {rt, rtstart[a], rstop[μi]}, Method -> {"StiffnessSwitching "},
                                   WorkingPrecision -> setprec - 2, MaxSteps -> maxstep] // First;
                                        solRIterationR [aa] = solR;
                                                  vrootIterationR [aa] = vroot;
                                                  \omegaIterationR [aa] = SetPrecision [wrpoint, 20];
                                                  maxR[aa] =
                           SetPrecision [Log[Abs[R[rt] /. solRIterationR [aa] /. {rt -> rstop[μi]}]], setprec];
                                                  aatest = If[aa \leftarrow 2, -1, maxR[aa] - maxR[aa - 1]];
                                                   \delta \omega r = SetPrecision[rrdelta[i]/\omega rstepsize, 20];
                                                  If[aa > 500, Print["aa>500: Terminated!"]; Break[], {}];
                                 ; aa ++];
                                 If[AAtest < 0, Print["-1"], Print["+1"]];</pre>
                                 Print[aa - 1];
                                 \omegaminR = \omegaIterationR [aa - 1];
                                 If[aa > 50 && AAtest < 0, offset = 1 (\omegaminR - \omeganonRel[\mui, n]), {}];
                                 If[aa > 100 && AAtest < 0, offset = 2 (\omegaminR - \omeganonRel[\mui, n]), {}];
                                 vtransfer = vroottemp[[1]] + I vroottemp[[2]];
                                 \omegatransfer = \omegaminR + I winti;
(*Initial simplex dimensions*)
 prec = SetPrecision [#, 20] &;
 Print["Simplex code..."];
 rrinitial2 = \delta \omega r / 10;
 iiinitial2 = 10^{(\log 10[Im[\omega minall[[i]]]]-1)};
```

Coeff = NSolve[exptemp1, {λ, c1, c2}, WorkingPrecision -> setprec - 2

```
vint = prec@vtransfer;
wint = prec@\omegatransfer;
wvec0 = prec@{Re[wint], Im[wint]};
wvec1 = prec@{Re[wint] - rrinitial2, Im[wint]};
wvec2 = prec@{Re[wint], Im[wint] - iiinitial2};
newsimplex = prec@{wvec0, wvec1, wvec2};
Print[SetPrecision [wint, 20]];
testnorm = 1;
count = 1;
temprint = "Count: "<> ToString[count];
(*termination test:*)
testnorm > 10 ^ (Log10[Im[wint]] - modeprec),
(*Simplex*)
funcofsimplex = Table[funcmin[R2toC[newsimplex[[j]]], vint, \mui, branch], {j, 1, 3}];
fh = prec@Max[funcofsimplex];
posfh = Position[funcofsimplex , fh][[1]];
xh = prec@newsimplex[[posfh]] // First;
fl = Min[funcofsimplex];
posfl = Position[funcofsimplex , fl][[1]];
xl = prec@newsimplex[[posfl]] // First;
fs = prec@Delete[funcofsimplex , {posfh , posfl}] // First;
posfs = Position[funcofsimplex , fs][[1]];
xs = prec@newsimplex[[posfs]] // First;
centroid = prec@1/2(xl + xs);
(*Transformation of simplex*)
\alphaSimplex = 1;
\betaSimplex = 1/2;
\gammaSimplex = 2;
\deltaSimplex = 1/2;
(*Reflection point*)
xr = prec@(centroid + \alpha Simplex (centroid - xh));
fr = prec @ funcmin[R2toC[xr], vint, μi, branch];
(*Body of the method*)
If[fl <= fr && fr < fs,
(*Print["Reflected 1"];*)
xnew = xr;
x1 = xs;
```

```
x2 = x1;
If[fr < fl,</pre>
(*expansion*)
xe = prec@(centroid + γSimplex (xr - centroid));
fe = prec @ funcmin[R2toC[xe], vint, μi, branch];
If[fe < fr,</pre>
(*Print["Expanded"];*)
xnew = xe;
x1 = xs;
x2 = x1;
(*Print["Reflected 2"];*)
xnew = xr;
x1 = xs;
x2 = x1;
];
(*contraction *)
If[fr >= fs,
(*outside*)
If[fr < fh,</pre>
xc = prec@(centroid + βSimplex (xr - centroid));
fc = prec@funcmin[R2toC[xc], vint, µi, branch];
If[fc <= fr,</pre>
(*Print["Contracted 1"];*)
xnew = xc;
x1 = xs;
x2 = x1;
(*Print["Shrunk 1"];*)
xnew = prec@(xl + \deltaSimplex (xs - xl));
x1 = prec@(xl + \delta Simplex (xh - xl));
x2 = x1;
];
(*inside*)
xc = prec@(centroid + βSimplex (xh - centroid));
fc = prec@funcmin[R2toC[xc], vint, µi, branch];
If[fc < fh,
(*Print["Contracted 2")*)
xnew = xc;
x1 = xs;
```

```
x2 = x1;
(*Print["Shrunk 2"];*)
xnew = prec@(xl + \deltaSimplex (xs - xl));
x1 = prec@(xl + \delta Simplex (xh - xl));
x2 = x1;
];
, Print["Error1!"]];
, Print["Error2!"]];
];
];
(*new simplex*)
newsimplex = prec@({xnew, x1, x2} // Abs);
xnewprint = R2toC[xnew];
simplexset[i, count] = newsimplex;
vint = prec@vrootout;
testnorm = prec@Max[{Norm[xnew - x1], Norm[xnew - x2], Norm[x1 - x2]}];
testnormset[i, count] = testnorm;
count = count + 1;
temprint = "Count: " <> ToString[count];
Print[temprint];
If[count > 5000, Print["Terminated loop 3"]; Break[], {}];
];
     \omegaminalltemp = \omegaminall[[i]];
     funcmin[prec@R2toC[1/3(xnew + x1 + x2)], vint, \mu i, branch];
     \muminall[[i + 1]] = \mui;
     solRminall[[i + 1]] = solR;
     vrootminall[[i + 1]] = prec@{rv -> Re[vrootout], iv -> Im[vrootout]};
     \omegaminall[[i + 1]] = \omegaout;
     lminout[[i]] = \lambda /. Coeff;
     printw = prec@\omegaminall[[i + 1]];
     Print[printw];
     Print["-----"];
(*If[count>5000,Print["Terminated 3!"];Break[],{}];*)
If[aa > 500, Print["Terminated 2!"]; Break[], {}];
Print[count];
Print[testnorm];
solRminout[[i]] = solRminall[[i + 1]];
\omegaminout[[i]] = \omegaminall[[i + 1]];
vrootminout[[i]] = vrootminall[[i + 1]];
```

```
\muminout[[i]] = \mui;
Print["Solving angular equation..."];
b = Table[Symbol["QNMcode`b" <> ToString[i]], {i, 0, kmax}];
AnglCoeffList = ConstantArray [0, {Length[\mu minout]}];
AnglFuncList = ConstantArray [0, {Length[\( \mu\)minout]}];
(*The b0 will parameterize all the solutions for \vec{b} in the
      kernel of mat. With pick a b0, such that the resulting angular
       solution has a global maximum of O(1); for numerical convenience .*)
Y[l_{m}, m_{\theta}] := Spherical Harmonic Y[l, m, \theta, \phi] Exp[-Im \phi] // Simplify;
Sfunc[m_, \theta_, \eta_] :=
       Sum[Symbol["QNMcode`b" \iff ToString[kp]] \times Y[Abs[m] + 2 kp + \eta, m, \theta], \{kp, \theta, kmax\}];
Do[(*Note the multiplication by some power of vn in order to get the
        components of the matrix to be of order 1, rather than e-10∗)
b0norm = 10;
matplug = prec@(mat // Simplify) //. {vn -> rv + I iv} /. vrootminout[[n]] /.
          \{\mu n \rightarrow \mu \text{minout}[[n]], \omega nr \rightarrow \text{Re}[\omega \text{minout}[[n]]], \omega ni \rightarrow \text{Im}[\omega \text{minout}[[n]]]\} // \text{Simplify};
mattemp = prec@matplug . b;
linsys = Table[mattemp[[l]] == 0, {l, 1, kmax + 1}] //. {b0 -> b0norm};
solvar = Table[Symbol["QNMcode`b" <> ToString[i]], {i, 0, kmax}];
AnglCoeff = Solve[linsys, solvar] //. {b0 -> b0norm} // Flatten;
AnglCoeffList [[n]] = AnglCoeff;
Splot[\theta_{-}] := Sfunc[m, \theta, \eta] //. AnglCoeff //. {b0 -> b0norm} // Simplify;
AnglFuncList [[n]] = Splot[\theta];
, {n, 1, i}];
Print["Done"];
modedataoutput = {AnglCoeffList , AnglFuncList ,
        \muminout, \nurootminout, \omegaminout, solRminout, lminout};
spinstring = NumberForm[spin * 10 ^ 6 // Round, 6, DigitBlock -> 5,
        ExponentStep -> 6, NumberSeparator -> ""];
Export[ToString[ToString[destinationPATH] <> "/m" <> ToString[m] <> ToString["n"] <>
         ToString[nh] <> ToString["_a"] <> ToString[spinstring] <> ToString["_S"] <>
         ToString[If[Sin < 0, "m", "p"]] <> ToString[Abs[Sin]] <> ToString["_prec_"] <>
         ToString[If[direc < 1, "m", "p"]] <> ToString["_HPee.mx"]], modedataoutput];
ClearSystemCache ["Numerical"];
];
Print["Minimization: Done!"];
```