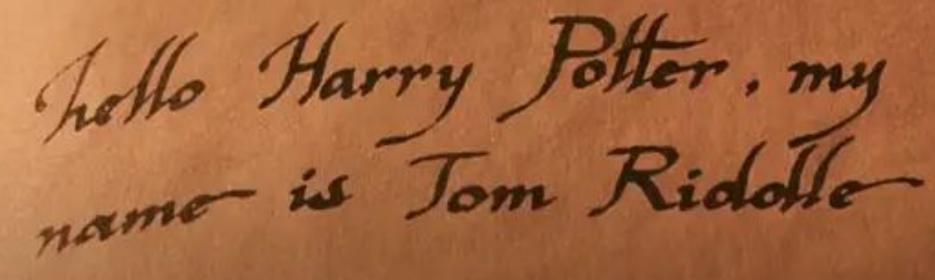
ELEC 424/553

Mobile & Embedded Systems

Lecture 11 - Writing Your Own Char Driver (2)



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Email Joe at <u>iy46@rice.edu</u> with any questions

init

- register_chrdev(0, DEVICE_NAME, &fops)
 - Provides major number for driver
 - Multiple devices can use same driver (with same major number)
 but will each have different minor numbers
 - 1st arg: Desired major number 0 means we will take whatever we are given ("dynamic")
 - 2nd arg: Can be arbitrary not used for /dev/device_name [instead has to do with device owner]
 - 3rd arg: file_operations struct to be linked between system call and driver

init

- class_create(THIS_MODULE, CLASS_NAME)
 - Create class of device
 - Can group together devices in /sys/class
 - 1st arq: Class owner module
 - o 2nd arg: Class name:)

init

 device_create(mescharClass, NULL, MKDEV(majorNumber, 0), NULL, DEVICE_NAME)

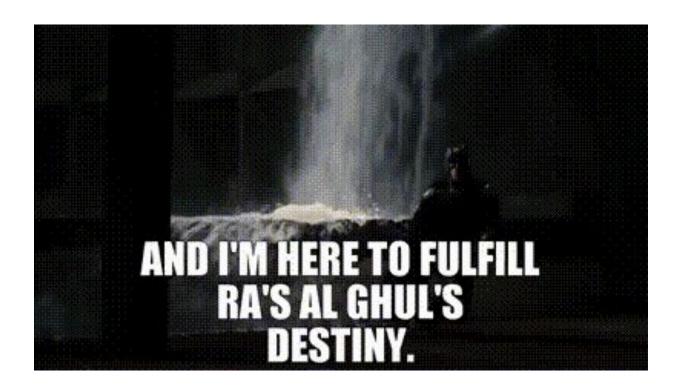
The following is quoted from the Linux source code from Bootlin Elixir - URL: https://elixir.bootlin.com/linux/latest/source/drivers/base/core.c#L4325:

- "* device_create creates a device and registers it with sysfs
 - * @class: pointer to the struct class that this device should be registered to
 - * @parent: pointer to the parent struct device of this new device, if any
 - * @devt: the dev_t for the char device to be added
- * @drvdata: the data to be added to the device for callbacks
- * @fmt: string for the device's name"

MKDEV(majorNumber, 0) - 1st arg is major number, 2nd arg is minor number

Finishing What We Started

exit



exit

- device_destroy(mescharClass, MKDEV(majorNumber,0))
 - Undoes device_create destroys device
- class_unregister(mescharClass)
 - Actually, this is called by class_destroy
- class_destroy(mescharClass)
 - Removes class
- unregister_chrdev(majorNumber, DEVICE_NAME)
 - Unassign major number to driver

The Code You'll See Today Is a Combination of:

- [Primarily] Derek Molloy's (Dr. Derek Molloy, School of Electronic Engineering, Dublin City University, Ireland) excellent work here: http://derekmolloy.ie/writing-a-linux-kernel-module-part-1-introduction/ <a href="http://derekmolloy.ie/writing-a-linux-kernel-module-part-2-a-character-device-part-2-a-chara
- [Primarily] My own craziness
- [Somewhat] The Linux Kernel Module Programming Guide: https://tldp.org/LDP/lkmpg/2.4/html/c577.htm
- [More referential] Corbet, Rubini, & Kroah-Hartman, Linux Device Drivers, 3rd Ed. URL: https://lwn.net/Kernel/LDD3/

Note: Copying Things To Raspberry Pi

From a terminal window not logged into the RPi, use SCP to copy files from your computer to the RPi

- scp hello.c Makefile test.c pi@raspberrypi.local:~/char_rw_driver

 If you want to copy from the RPi to your computer:
 - scp pi@raspberrypi.local:~/char_rw_driver/Makefile .

Let's walk through the code - here is where we started

```
#include <linux/module.h>
#include <linux/init.h>
#include <linux/kernel.h>
MODULE_LICENSE("GPL");
MODULE AUTHOR("Abraham Lincoln");
MODULE DESCRIPTION("Greatest module in the world!");
MODULE VERSION("0.000001");
static int multiplier = 10;
module param(multiplier, int, S IRUGO);
static int init hello init(void){
    printk(KERN INFO "Oh hi mark - I love Lisa %dX more than you do\n", multiplier);
    return 0;
}
static void exit hello exit(void){
    printk(KERN_INFO "sad, but still love Lisa %dX more than you\n", multiplier);
}
module_init(hello_init);
module_exit(hello_exit);
```

Add On To Hi Mark Module: Header Files

```
#include <linux/module.h>
#include <linux/init.h>
#include <linux/kernel.h>
#include <linux/fs.h>
#include <linux/device.h>
#include <linux/uaccess.h>
MODULE LICENSE("GPL");
MODULE_AUTHOR("Abraham Lincoln");
MODULE_DESCRIPTION("Greatest module in the world!");
MODULE VERSION("0.000001");
static int multiplier = 10;
module param(multiplier, int, S IRUGO);
static int __init hello_init(void){
    printk(KERN_INFO "Oh hi mark - I love Lisa %dX more than you do\n", multiplier);
    return 0;
}
static void __exit hello_exit(void){
    printk(KERN_INFO "sad, but still love Lisa %dX more than you\n", multiplier);
}
module_init(hello_init);
module_exit(hello_exit);
```

Add DEVICE_NAME and CLASS_NAME

```
#include <linux/module.h>
#include <linux/init.h>
#include <linux/kernel.h>
#include <linux/fs.h>
#include <linux/device.h>
#include <linux/uaccess.h>
#define DEVICE_NAME "meschar"
#define CLASS NAME "mes"
MODULE_LICENSE("GPL");
MODULE AUTHOR("Abraham Lincoln");
MODULE_DESCRIPTION("Greatest module in the world!");
MODULE VERSION("0.000001");
static int multiplier = 10;
module param(multiplier, int, S IRUGO);
static int __init hello_init(void){
    printk(KERN_INFO "Oh hi mark - I love Lisa %dX more than you do\n", multiplier);
    return 0;
}
static void exit hello exit(void){
    printk(KERN_INFO "sad, but still love Lisa %dX more than you\n", multiplier);
```

Add More Variables

```
#include <linux/module.h>
#include <linux/init.h>
#include <linux/kernel.h>
#include <linux/fs.h>
#include <linux/device.h>
#include <linux/uaccess.h>
#define DEVICE_NAME "meschar"
#define CLASS NAME "mes"
static int majorNumber;
static struct class* mescharClass = NULL;
static struct device* mescharDevice = NULL;
MODULE LICENSE("GPL");
MODULE_AUTHOR("Abraham Lincoln");
MODULE_DESCRIPTION("Greatest module in the world!");
MODULE_VERSION("0.000001");
static int multiplier = 10;
module_param(multiplier, int, S_IRUGO);
static int __init hello_init(void){
    printk(KERN_INFO "Oh hi mark - I love Lisa %dX more than you do\n", multiplier);
    return 0;
```

Add Prototype Function For Function To Use For open

```
#include <linux/module.h>
 #include <linux/init.h>
 #include <linux/kernel.h>
 #include <linux/fs.h>
 #include <linux/device.h>
 #include <linux/uaccess.h>
 #define DEVICE_NAME "meschar"
 #define CLASS NAME "mes"
 static int majorNumber;
 static struct class* mescharClass = NULL;
 static struct device* mescharDevice = NULL;
static int device open(struct inode *, struct file *);
 MODULE LICENSE("GPL");
 MODULE_AUTHOR("Abraham Lincoln");
 MODULE_DESCRIPTION("Greatest module in the world!");
 MODULE VERSION("0.000001");
 static int multiplier = 10;
 module_param(multiplier, int, S_IRUGO);
 static int __init hello_init(void){
     printk(KERN_INFO "Oh hi mark - I love Lisa %dX more than you do\n", multiplier);
     return 0;
```

Link open System Call With Driver device_open

```
#include <linux/module.h>
#include <linux/init.h>
#include <linux/kernel.h>
#include <linux/fs.h>
#include <linux/device.h>
#include <linux/uaccess.h>
#define DEVICE_NAME "meschar"
#define CLASS NAME "mes"
static int majorNumber;
static struct class* mescharClass = NULL;
static struct device* mescharDevice = NULL;
static int device open(struct inode *, struct file *);
static struct file operations fops =
     .open = device_open
MODULE LICENSE("GPL");
MODULE_AUTHOR("Abraham Lincoln");
MODULE DESCRIPTION("Greatest module in the world!");
MODULE VERSION("0.000001");
static int multiplier = 10;
```

Overhaul hello_init

```
MUDULE_AUIMUK("ADFANAM LINCOIN");
MODULE DESCRIPTION("Greatest module in the world!");
MODULE VERSION("0.000001");
static int multiplier = 10;
module_param(multiplier, int, S_IRUGO);
static int __init hello_init(void){
    majorNumber = register_chrdev(0, DEVICE_NAME, &fops);
    mescharClass = class create(THIS MODULE, CLASS NAME);
    mescharDevice = device_create(mescharClass, NULL, MKDEV(majorNumber, 0), NULL, DEVICE_NAME);
    printk(KERN_INFO "Oh hi mark - I love Lisa %dX more than you do\n", multiplier);
    return 0;
static void __exit hello_exit(void){
    printk(KERN INFO "sad, but still love Lisa %dX more than you\n", multiplier);
module_init(hello_init);
module_exit(hello_exit);
```

Overhaul hello_exit

```
MUDULE_AUIMUK("ADFANAM LINCOIN");
MODULE DESCRIPTION("Greatest module in the world!");
MODULE VERSION("0.000001");
static int multiplier = 10;
module_param(multiplier, int, S_IRUGO);
static int __init hello_init(void){
    majorNumber = register_chrdev(0, DEVICE_NAME, &fops);
    mescharClass = class create(THIS MODULE, CLASS NAME);
    mescharDevice = device_create(mescharClass, NULL, MKDEV(majorNumber, 0), NULL, DEVICE_NAME);
    printk(KERN_INFO "Oh hi mark - I love Lisa %dX more than you do\n", multiplier);
    return 0;
static void __exit hello_exit(void){
    device destroy(mescharClass, MKDEV(majorNumber,0));
    class unregister(mescharClass);
    class_destroy(mescharClass);
    unregister_chrdev(majorNumber, DEVICE_NAME);
    printk(KERN_INFO "sad, but still love Lisa %dX more than you\n", multiplier);
}
module_init(hello_init);
module_exit(hello_exit);
```

Define device_open

```
static void __exit hello_exit(void){
    device destroy(mescharClass, MKDEV(majorNumber,0));
    class_unregister(mescharClass);
    class_destroy(mescharClass);
    unregister_chrdev(majorNumber, DEVICE_NAME);
    printk(KERN_INFO "sad, but still love Lisa %dX more than you\n", multiplier);
}
static int device_open(struct inode *inodep, struct file *filep){
    printk(KERN_INFO "You're tearing me apart, Lisa!\n");
    return 0:
module_init(hello_init);
module exit(hello exit);
```

User Interaction

- We need a user application to call **open** for this device
- This will also require an addition to the Makefile

Create New File: testmeschar.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
int main(){
    int fd;
    printf("Warm it up.exe\n");
    fd = open("/dev/meschar", O_RDWR); // Capital o, not zero return 0;
}
```



From GIFER. URL: https://i.gifer.com/YgY.gif

Modify Makefile

```
obj-m+=hello.o

all:
    make -C /lib/modules/$(shell uname -r)/build/ M=$(PWD) modules
    $(CC) testmeschar.c -o test

clean:
    make -C /lib/modules/$(shell uname -r)/build/ M=$(PWD) clean
    rm test
```

Try It Out!

- make
- sudo insmod hello.ko
- ls /dev
- ls /dev/mes* (* is a wildcard, different from a <u>Yellowcard</u>)
- ls /sys/class/mes
 - ls /sys/class/mes/meschar
- cat /sys/module/hello/parameters/multiplier
- (other terminal window) tail -f /var/log/kern.log
 - Or: dmesg
- sudo ./test (run many times) [MAKE SURE TO RUN WITH sudo!]
- sudo rmmod hello.ko

Let's Make device_open Actually Do Something - Add Open Counter

```
1 #include <linux/module.h>
 2 #include <linux/init.h>
 3 #include <linux/kernel.h>
 4 #include <linux/fs.h>
 5 #include <linux/device.h>
 6 #include <linux/uaccess.h>
 7 #define DEVICE_NAME "meschar"
 8 #define CLASS_NAME "mes"
10 static int majorNumber;
11 static struct class* mescharClass = NULL;
12 static struct device* mescharDevice = NULL;
13 static int timesCalled = 0;
14
15 static int device_open(struct inode *, struct file *);
16
17 static struct file_operations fops =
18 {
     .open = device_open
20 };
```

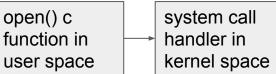
Increment Open Counter in device_open

```
38 static void __exit hello_exit(void){
39
       device_destroy(mescharClass, MKDEV(majorNumber,0));
       class_unregister(mescharClass);
       class_destroy(mescharClass);
41
       unregister_chrdev(majorNumber, DEVICE_NAME);
42
       printk(KERN_INFO "sad, but still love Lisa %dX more than you\n", multiplier);
43
44 }
46 static int device_open(struct inode *inodep, struct file *filep){
       timesCalled++;
       printk(KERN_INFO "You're tearing me apart, Lisa! Also I've been opened %d times.\n", timesCalled);
49
       return 0;
50 }
51
52 module_init(hello_init);
53 module_exit(hello_exit);
```

Try It Out

- sudo insmod hello.ko
- (other terminal window) tail -f /var/log/kern.log
- **sudo** ./test (run many times)
- sudo rmmod hello.ko

ns



```
open()
function in
driver
```

fops struct

file_operations

```
/ include / linux / fs.h
                                                                                          Identifier
                                                     Now let's implement
       struct file_operations {
2022
                                                     read and write
2023
               struct module *owner:
               loff_t (*llseek) (struct rile *, loff
2024
2025
               ssize_t (*read) (    uct file *, char __user *, size_t, loff_t *);
2026
               ssize_t (*write) (struct file *, const char __user *, size_t, loff_t *);
2027
               ssize_t (*read_iter) (struct kiocb *, struct iov_iter *);
               ssize_t (*write_iter) (struct kiocb *, struct iov_iter *);
2028
2029
               int (*iopoll)(struct kiocb *kiocb, bool spin);
               int (*iterate) (struct file *, struct dir context *);
2030
2031
               int (*iterate_shared) (struct fi
                                                Implemented
2032
               _poll_t (*poll) (struct file *,
               long (*unlocked ioctl) (struct 5
2033
                                                                              ng);
               long (*compat_ioctl) (struct file open last time
2034
2035
               int (*mmap) (struct fice *, stru
               unsigned long _ap_supported_flags;
2036
2037
               int (*open) (struct inode *, struct file *);
               int (*flush) (struct file *, fl_owner_t id);
2038
2039
               int (*release) (struct inode *, struct file *);
               int (*fsync) (struct file *, loff t, loff t, int datasync);
2040
2041
               int (*fasync) (int, struct file *, int);
2042
               int (*lock) (struct file *, int, struct file lock *);
```

Goal: Interact With User String Using read and write

write

- Allow user to enter string
- Save the string

read

Print out the saved string

Considerations: The user is not always our friend.

Also, what could go wrong in a concurrent situation?



Defining The Problem: A Lack of Synchronization



Also Remember: We Don't Trust User Applications, Ever

```
/ include / linux / uaccess.h
                                                             All syr V
                                                                         Sear
       static __always_inline unsigned long __must_check
188
      copy_from_user(void *to, const void __user *from, unsigned long n)
189
190
               if (likely(check_copy_size(to, n, false)))
191
192
                       n = copy from user(to, from, n);
193
               return n:
194
195
       static __always_inline unsigned long __must_check
196
      copy to user (void user *to, const void *from, unsigned long n)
197
198
               if (likely(check_copy_size(from, n, true)))
199
                       n = copy to user(to, from, n);
200
201
               return n;
202
```

Add On To fops struct

40 static void __exit hello_exit(void){

```
17 static struct file_operations fops =
                                              We can put a comma here, no
18 {
                                              problem
     .open = device_open,
     .read = device_read,
                                              This is good practice since the code
     .write = device_write, 
                                              may be modified later and someone
22 };
                                              will forget to put a comma
23
24 MODULE_LICENSE("GPL");
25 MODULE_AUTHOR("Abraham Lincoln");
26 MODULE_DESCRIPTION("Greatest module in the world!");
27 MODULE_VERSION("0.000001");
28
29 static int multiplier = 10;
30 module_param(multiplier, int, S_IRUGO);
31
32 static int __init hello_init(void){
33
      majorNumber = register_chrdev(0, DEVICE_NAME, &fops);
      mescharClass = class_create(THIS_MODULE, CLASS_NAME);
34
35
      mescharDevice = device_create(mescharClass, NULL, MKDEV(majorNumber, 0), NULL, DEVICE_NAME);
      printk(KERN_INFO "Oh hi mark - I love Lisa %dX more than you do\n", multiplier);
36
37
      return 0;
38 }
39
```

write() or read() c function in user space system call handler in kernel space fops struct function in driver

file_operations

```
/ include / linux / fs.h
                                                                         All symbo >
                                                                                      Search Identifier
        struct file_operations {
2022
2023
                struct module *owner:
2024
                loff t (*llseek) (struct file *, loff t, int):
2025
                ssize_t (*read) (struct file *, char __user *, size_t, loff_t *);
                ssize_t (*write) (struct file *, const char __user *, size_t, loff t *):
2026
2027
                ssize t (*read iter) (struct kiocb *, struct iov iter *);
                ssize_t (*write_iter) (struct kiocb *, struct iov_iter *);
2028
                int (*iopoll)(struct kiocb *kiocb, bool spin);
2029
2030
                int (*iterate) (struct file *, struct dir context *);
2031
                int (*iterate_shared) (struct file *, struct dir_context *);
2032
                __poll_t (*poll) (struct file *, struct poll_table_struct *);
2033
                long (*unlocked ioctl) (struct file *, unsigned int, unsigned long);
2034
                long (*compat ioctl) (struct file *, unsigned int, unsigned long);
2035
                int (*mmap) (struct file *, struct vm_area_struct *);
2036
                unsigned long mmap_supported_flags;
2037
                int (*open) (struct inode *, struct file *);
                int (*flush) (struct file *, fl_owner_t id);
2038
2039
                int (*release) (struct inode *, struct file *);
2040
                int (*fsync) (struct file *, loff t, loff t, int datasync);
2041
                int (*fasync) (int, struct file *, int);
2042
                int (*lock) (struct file *, int, struct file lock *);
```

Add Skeletons For New Functions

```
48 static int device_open(struct inode *inodep, struct file *filep){
       timesCalled++;
49
       printk(KERN_INFO "You're tearing me apart, Lisa! Also I've been opened %d times.\n", timesCalled);
50
51
       return 0;
52 }
53
  static ssize_t device_read(){
56 }
57
  static ssize_t device_write(){
60 }
61
62
63 module_init(hello_init);
64 module_exit(hello_exit);
```

Add Input Argument Types For New Functions

```
48 static int device_open(struct inode *inodep, struct file *filep){
       timesCalled++;
49
       printk(KERN_INFO "You're tearing me apart, Lisa! Also I've been opened %d times.\n", timesCalled);
50
51
       return 0:
52 }
53
  static ssize_t device_read(struct file *, char __user *, size_t, loff_t *){
55
56 }
57
  static ssize_t device_write(struct file *, const char __user *, size_t, loff_t *){
59
60 }
61
62
63 module_init(hello_init);
64 module_exit(hello_exit);
```

Give Names To Input Arguments For New Functions

```
48 static int device_open(struct inode *inodep, struct file *filep){
49
       timesCalled++:
      printk(KERN_INFO "You're tearing me apart, Lisa! Also I've been opened %d times.\n", timesCalled);
      return 0;
52 }
  static ssize_t device_read(struct file *filep, char __user *buf, size_t length, loff_t *offset){
56 }
  static ssize_t device_write(struct file *filep, const char __user *buf, size_t length, loff_t *offset){
59
60 }
62
63 module_init(hello_init);
64 module_exit(hello_exit);
```

Let's Make device_write Do Something

```
47
48 static int device_open(struct inode *inodep, struct file *filep){
       timesCalled++:
       printk(KERN_INFO "You're tearing me apart, Lisa! Also I've been opened %d times.\n", timesCalled);
       return 0:
52 }
53
54 static ssize_t device_read(struct file *filep, char __user *buf, size_t length, loff_t *offset){
56 }
58 static ssize_t device_write(struct file *filep, const char __user *buf, size_t length, loff_t *offset){
      long error_count;
      printk("Running device_write\n");
      error_count = copy_from_user(message, buf, length);
      size_of_message = strlen(message);
      printk(KERN_INFO "mesChar: Received %d characters from the user\n", size_of_message);
      printk(KERN_INFO "Message received: %s\n", message);
      return length;
66 }
67
69 module init(hello init):
70 module exit(hello exit);
```

Add return to device_read

```
2 static int device_open(struct inode *inodep, struct file *filep){
       timesCalled++:
       printk(KERN_INFO "You're tearing me apart, Lisa! Also I've been opened %d times.\n", timesCalled);
       return 0:
 6 }
8 static ssize_t device_read(struct file *filep, char __user *buf, size_t length, loff_t *offset){
      return 0;
10 }
11
12 static ssize_t device_write(struct file *filep, const char __user *buf, size_t length, loff_t *offset){
13
      long error_count;
      printk("Running device_write\n");
14
15
      error_count = copy_from_user(message,buf,length);
16
      size_of_message = strlen(message);
      printk(KERN_INFO "mesChar: Received %d characters from the user\n", size_of_message);
17
      printk(KERN_INFO "Message received: %s\n", message);
19
      return length;
20 }
21
23 module init(hello init);
24 module exit(hello exit);
```

Need To Add message & size_of_message

```
1 #include <linux/module.h>
 2 #include <linux/init.h>
 3 #include <linux/kernel.h>
 4 #include ux/fs.h>
 5 #include <linux/device.h>
 6 #include <linux/uaccess.h>
 7 #define DEVICE NAME "meschar"
 8 #define CLASS NAME "mes"
10 static int majorNumber;
11 static struct class* mescharClass = NULL;
12 static struct device* mescharDevice = NULL;
13 static int timesCalled = 0:
14 static char message[256] = {0};
15 static short size of message;
16
17 static int device_open(struct inode *, struct file *);
19 static struct file operations fops =
20 {
21
      .open = device_open,
     .read = device read,
23
      .write = device_write,
24 };
```

Also Need To Add Function Prototypes

```
1 #include linux/module.h>
 2 #include <linux/init.h>
 3 #include <linux/kernel.h>
 4 #include ux/fs.h>
 5 #include <linux/device.h>
 6 #include <linux/uaccess.h>
 7 #define DEVICE NAME "meschar"
 8 #define CLASS NAME "mes"
10 static int majorNumber;
11 static struct class* mescharClass = NULL;
12 static struct device* mescharDevice = NULL;
13 static int timesCalled = 0:
14 static char message[256] = {0};
15 static short size of message;
16
17 static int device open(struct inode *, struct file *);
18 static ssize_t device_read(struct file *, char __user *, size_t, loff_t *);
19 static ssize t device write(struct file *, const char user *, size t, loff t *);
21 static struct file operations fops =
22 {
23
      .open = device_open,
      .read = device_read,
24
      .write = device write,
```