Explanatory Notes for 6.390

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X.17 Dimensions (Optional)

Here's a quick aside to clear up possible confusion from the last section: our definition of axes and "dimensions".

We said a vector has 1 axis, or "dimension" of movement. But, can't a vector have **multiple** dimensions?

Clarification 1

We have two competing definition of **dimension**: this explains why we can say seemingly conflicting things about derivatives.

So far, by "dimension", we mean, "a separate value we can adjust".

Under this definition, a (k × 1) column vector has k dimensions: it contains k
different scalars we can adjust.

 $\begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ \vdots \\ v_k \end{bmatrix}$ We can adjust each of our k scalars.

- You might say a (k × r) matrix has k dimensions, too: based on the dimensionality of its column vectors.
 - Since we prioritize the size of the vectors, we could say this is a very "vector-centric" definition.

In this section, by "dimension", we mean, "an index we can adjust (move along) to find another scalar.

- Under this definition, a (k × 1) column vector has 1 dimension: we only have 1 axis of movement.
- You might say a (k×r) matrix has 2 dimensions: a horizontal one, and a vertical
 one.
 - This **definition** is the kind we use in the following sections.