



a	
□ b	
С	
O d	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers:	
d	Ç.
4) Which of these access specifiers can be used for an interface?	1 point
a public	₽.
a. public b. private	D.
c. protected	
d. All of the above	
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a O b	
© c	
C d	
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No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers:	
a	
5)	1 point
Which of the following is an incorrect statement about packages?	
 a. Interfaces specifies what class must do but not how it does. b. Interfaces are specified public if they are to be accessed by any code c. All variables in interface are implicitly final and static. d. All variables are static and methods are public if interface is defined 	
ab	
© c	
O d	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers:	
d	
6) Which one is correct declaration for implementing two interfaces?	1 point
 a. class C implements A, B { } b. class C implements A, implements B { } 	
c. class C implements A extends B { }	
d. class C extend A, B { }	
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Ос	
c d	
© c	

7) The fields in an interface are implicitly specified as	1 point
	,
a. public b. protected	
c. private d. static and final	
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o a b	
С с	<u>R</u>
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No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers:	R
8) Let us consider the following piece of code in Java.	1 point
<pre>interface A { inti = 111; }</pre>	
<pre>class B implements A { void methodB() { i = 222; System.out.printl(i);</pre>	
}	
What will be the result of this code will be?	
 a. There is no main () method so the program is not executable. b. The value of i will be printed as 111, as it is static and final by default. c. The value of i will be printed as 222, as it is initialized in class B. d. Compile time error 	
a b c d	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers:	
9)	1 point
·,	- point

Which of the following is/are true?	
1) Every class is a part of some package.	
2) All classes in a file are part of the same package.	
3) If no package is specified, the classes in the file go into a special unn	amed package.
4) If no package is specified, a new package is created with folder name	
class is put in this package.	
a. Only 1, 2 and 3	
b. Only 3 and 4	<u></u>
c. Only 1 and 3	ومدانا
d. Only 3	
O a	
b	
0 6	
O d	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers:	
a	
¹⁰ Which of the following class inheritance is/ are not supported in Java?	1 point
a. Single inheritance	
b. Hybrid inheritance	
c. Multilevel inheritance	
d. Multiple inheritance	
a	
□ b	
С	
d d	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers:	
b d	
11)	1 point
If a class inheriting an abstract class does not define all of its methods, then	
a. Abstract class.	
b. A normal class.	
c. Final class	
d. An interface	
O a	
o b	
0 c	
0 d	
No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0	
Accepted Answers:	
a	

12) Does a subclass inherit both member variables and methods?	1 point
a. No—only member variables are inherited.	
b. No—only methods are inherited.	
c. Yes—both are inherited - but not those are declared as private.	
d. Yes—only the members/ methods with protected are inherited.	
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□ b	D.
С	
O d	₩.
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	믔
Accepted Answers:	
С	묘
13; Can an object subclass another object?	1 point
a. Yes—as long as single inheritance is followed.	
b. No—inheritance is only between classes.	
c. Only when one has been defined in terms of the other.	
d. Yes—when one object is used in the constructor of another.	
a	
0 b	
© c	
O d	
No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0	
Accepted Answers:	
14)	1 point
	,

```
What is the output for the following Java program?
class Base {
     public void show() {
            System.out.println("Base show() called");
class Derived extends Base {
public void show() {
                                                                        S.
      System.out.println("Derived show() called");
public class Main {
public void show() {
      System.out.println("Main show() called");
      public static void main(String[ ] args) {
             Base bb = new Derived();;
            bb.show();
     }
}
   a. Base show() called
  b. Main show() called
  c. Derived show() called
   d. Compile time error
  a
  b
  ( c
 No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0
 Accepted Answers:
Which of the following accessspecifiers can be used for a class so that its members c
accessed by a different class in the same package?
   a. public
   b. protected
   c. private
   d. default
  a
  b
  ( c
 No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0
 Accepted Answers:
    Previous Page
                                                                End
```