

1. Write a program to add, multiply, transpose two NXM matrices.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{ int p,q,r,s,a[20][20],b[20][20],i,j,sum[20][20],tr[20][20],ch;
  clrscr();
  printf("Note : For Addition or Multiplication , no. of rows and columns should be
same and for transpose of matrices , your first matrices entered should be the
desired matrices .\n");
  printf("Enter the no. of rows for first matrices: \n");
  scanf("%d",&p);
  printf("Enter the no. of columns for first matrices: ");
  scanf("%d",&q);
  printf("Enter the Data Elements of first matrices\n");
  for(i=0;i<p;i++)
  { for(j=0;j<q;j++)
    { scanf("%d",&a[i][j]); } }
  printf("Enter the no. of rows for second matrices: \n");
  scanf("%d",&r);
  printf("Enter the no. of columns for second matrices: ");
  scanf("%d",&s);
  printf("Enter the Data Elements of second matrices\n");
  for(i=0;i<r;i++)
  { for(j=0;j<s;j++)
    { scanf("%d",&b[i][j]); } }
  do
  { if(p==r&&q==s)
    { printf("Enter 1 for addition or subtraction of matrices\n");
      if(q==r){printf("Enter 2 for multiplication of matrices\n");}
      printf("Enter 3 for transpose of first matrices\n"); }
    else if(p!=q&&q==r)
    { printf("Enter 2 for multiplication of matrices\n");
      printf("Enter 3 for transpose of first matrices\n"); }
    else
    { printf("Enter 3 for transpose of first matrices\n"); }
    scanf("%d",&ch);
    switch(ch)
    {
    case 1 :
      for(i=0;i<p;i++)
      { for(j=0;j<q;j++)
        { sum[i][j]=a[i][j]+b[i][j];} }
      printf("The resultant matrices is :\n");
      for(i=0;i<p;i++)
      {for(j=0;j<q;j++)
        {printf("%3d",sum[i][j]); }
        printf("\n"); }
      break;
    case 2 :

      printf("The resultant matrices is : \n");
      int k;
      for(i=0;i<p;i++)
      { for(j=0;j<s;j++)
        { sum[i][j]=0;
          for(k=0;k<p;k++)
          { sum[i][j]+=a[i][k]*b[k][j]; }
          printf("%d\t",sum[i][j]); }
          printf("\n"); }
      break;
    case 3 :
```

```

for(i=0;i<p;i++)
{ for(j=0;j<q;j++)
{ tr[j][i]=a[i][j]; } }
printf("The resultant matrices is :\n");
for(i=0;i<q;i++)
{ for(j=0;j<p;j++)
{ printf("%3d",tr[i][j]); }
printf("\n"); }
break; }}
while(ch>0);
getch();
}

```

2. Write a program to store & transpose a sparse matrices.

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
// transpose for the sparse matrix
void main()
{
clrscr();
int a[10][10],b[10][10];
int m,n,p,q,t,col;
int i,j;
printf("enter the no of row and columns :\n");
scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
for(i=1;i<=m;i++)
{
for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
{
printf("a[%d][%d]= ",i,j);
scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
}
}
printf("\n\n");
printf("\n\nThe matrix is :\n\n");
for(i=1;i<=m;i++)
{
for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
{
printf("%d",a[i][j]);
}
printf("\n");
}
t=0;
printf("\n\nthe non zero value matrix are :\n\n");
for(i=1;i<=m;i++)
{
for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
{
if(a[i][j]!=0)
{
t=t+1;
b[t][1]=i;
b[t][2]=j;
b[t][3]=a[i][j];
} }
}
printf("\n");
printf("a[0 %d %d %d\n",m,n,t);

```

```

for(i=1;i<=t;i++)
{
printf("a[%d %d %d %d \n",i,b[i][1],b[i][2],b[i][3]);
}
b[0][1]=n; b[0][2]=m; b[0][3]=t;
q=1;
printf("\n\nthe transpose of the matrix :\n ");
if(t>0)
{
for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
{
for(j=1;j<=t;j++)
{
if(b[j][2]==i)
{
a[q][1]=b[j][2]; a[q][2]=b[j][1];
a[q][3]=b[j][3]; q=q+1;
} }
} }
printf("\n\n");
printf("a[0 %d %d %d\n",b[0][1],b[0][2],b[0][3]);
for(i=1;i<=t;i++)
{
printf("a[%d %d %d %d\n",i,a[i][1],a[i][2],a[i][3]);
}
getch();
}

```

3. Write a program to find the position of a substring within another string.

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
void main()
{char str[20] , pat[20] ;
int i=0,j,k=0 ;
printf("Enter the first string :");
gets(str);
printf("\n Enter the 2nd string : ");
gets(pat);
while(str[i]!='\0')
{ if(str[i]==pat[0])
{ j=1;
while(pat[j]!='\0' && str[j+i]!='\0' && pat[j]== str[j+i])
{ j++;
k=1; }
if(pat[j]!='\0')
printf("pattern string found at %d position " , i+1);
}
i++;
if(k==0)
{ if(str[j+i]!='\0')
printf("pattern not found ");
}
}
getch();
}

```

4. Write a program for string matching.

```
#include "stdio.h"
#include "conio.h"
#include "string.h"
void main()
{ void match(char str1[],char str2[]);    //function declaration
char str1[50],str2[50];
int s;
clrscr();
printf("Enter string 1 and string 2\n");
scanf("%s%s",&str1,&str2);
s=match(str1,str2);
if(s== -1)
printf("\nNo match found");
else
printf("\nThe location where the first match occurred is %d",s);
getch();
}

void match(char str1[],char str2[])
{ int i,j;
for(i=0;i<strlen(str2);i++)
{ for(j=0;j<strlen(str1);j++)
{ if(str2[i]==str1[j])
{ return j+1; } } }
}
```

5. Write a program to reverse a string and check whether string is palindrome or not.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{ int i, j, k;
char str[100];
char rev[100];
printf("Enter a string\t");
scanf("%s",&str);
for(i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++);
{ k = i-1; }
for(j = 0; j <= i-1; j++)
{ rev[j] = str[k];
k--; }
if(rev==str)
printf("String is Palindrome");
else printf("String is not Palindrome");
getch();
}
```

6. Write a program to insert, delete & update any string at particular position.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
```

```

int a[20],b[20],c[40];
int m,n,p,val,i,j,key,pos,temp;
char str[100],str1[50],str2[50];
clrscr();

void insert()
{ printf("\nEnter the position for the new element:\t");
  scanf("%d",&pos);
  printf("\nEnter the element to be inserted :\t");
  scanf("%d",&val);
  for(i=n-1;i>=pos;i--)
  { a[i+1]=a[i]; }
  a[pos]=val;
  n=n+1;
}

void del()
{printf("\nEnter the position of the element to be deleted:\t");
  scanf("%d",&pos);
  val=a[pos];
  for(i=pos;i<n-1;i++)
  { a[i]=a[i+1]; }
  n=n-1;
  printf("\nThe deleted element is =%d",val);
}

char *update_str(char *str, char *orig, char *rep)
{
static char buffer[4096];
char *p;
if(!(p = strstr(str, orig)))
return str;
strncpy(buffer, str, p-str);
buffer[p-str] = '\0';
sprintf(buffer+(p-str), "%s%s", rep, p+strlen(orig));
return buffer;
}

void main()
{
do{
printf("\n\n-----Menu-----\n");
printf("1.Insert\n");
printf("2.Delete\n");
printf("3. Update \n");
printf("4.Exit\n");
printf("-----");
printf("\nEnter your choice:\t");
scanf("%d",&choice);
switch(choice)
{
case 1: insert();
        break;
case 2: del();
        break;
case 3: printf("Enter a one line string..\n");
        gets(str);
        printf("Enter the sub string to be replaced...\n");
        gets(str1);
        printf("Enter the replacing string....\n");
        gets(str2);
        puts(update_str(str, str1, str2));
        break;
}
}
}

```

```

case 4: exit(0);
        break;
default: printf("\nInvalid choice:\n");
        break;
}
}while(choice!=4);
getch();
}

```

7. Write a menu driven program to perform uppercase, lowercase, length,copy & concatenation in string by using string.h.

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>

void main()
{char str[20],str1[20];
  int ch,i,j;
  clrscr();
  do
  {
    printf("\n*****MENU*****");
    printf("\n1.Find Uppercase");
    printf("\n2.Find Lowercase");
    printf("\n3.Find Length");
    printf("\n4.Copy the Strings");
    printf("\n5.Concatenate the Strings");
    printf("\n6.Exit");
    printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d",&ch);
    switch(ch)
    {
case1:
{printf("\nEnter the string: ");
  scanf("%s",&str);
  printf("The Upper Case of String is : %s",strupr(str));
  break;
}
case2:
{printf("\nEnter the string: ");
  scanf("%s",&str);
  printf("The Lower Case of String is : %s",strlwr(str));
  break;
}
case 3:
{printf("\nEnter the string: ");
  scanf("%s",&str);
  i=strlen(str);
  printf("\nThe Length of given string is: %d",i);
  break;
}
case 4:
{printf("\nEnter the first string: ");
  scanf("%s",&str);
  printf("\nEnter the second string: ");
  scanf("%s",&str1);
  strcpy(str,str1);
  printf("\nThe Copied string is: %s",str);
}
}
}

```

```

    break;
}
case 5:
{printf("\nEnter the first string: ");
  scanf("%s",&str);
  printf("\nEnter the second string: ");
  scanf("%s",&str1);
  strcat(str,str1);
  printf("\nThe Concatenated string is: %s",str);
  break;
}
case 6:
{exit(0);
  break;
}
default:
{printf("\n Invalid option."); }
}
}while(ch!=6);
getch();
}

```

9. Write recursive functions to calculate factorial, n raised by power of p & fibonacci series.

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>

int fact(int n)
{if(n==1)
  return 1;
  else
  return(n*fact(n-1));
}

int power(int base,int exp)
{if ( exp!=1 )
  return (base*power(base,exp-1));
}

void printFibonacci(int n)
{static long int first=0,second=1,sum;
  if(n>0)
  {sum = first + second;
    first = second;
    second = sum;
    printf("%ld ",sum);
    printFibonacci(n-1); }
}

void main()
{int num,f,base,exp,k,n,ch;
  long int i=0,j=1,f;
  clrscr();
  printf("*****MENU*****");
  printf("\n 1.Factorial ");
  printf("\n 2.Power of base x ");
  printf("\n 3.Fibonacci Series ");
}

```

```

printf("\n 4.EXIT ");
printf("\n Enter your choice ");
scanf("%d",&ch);
switch(ch)
{
case 1: {printf("Enter a number: ");
        scanf("%d",&num);
        f=fact(num);
        printf("\nFactorial of %d is: %d",num,f);
        break;
        }
case 2: {printf("Enter base number: ");
        scanf("%d",&base);
        printf("Enter power number(positive integer): ");
        scanf("%d",&exp);
        printf("%d^%d = %d", base, exp, power(base, exp));
        break;
        }
case 3: {printf("Enter the range of the Fibonacci series: ");
        scanf("%d",&n);
        printf("Fibonacci Series: ");
        printf("%d %d ",0,1);
        printFibonacci(n);
        break;
        }
case 4: {exit(0);
        break;
        }
}
getch();
}

```