

**University of Asia Pacific**  
**Department of Computer Science & Engineering**  
**Mid-Semester Examination Fall -2020**  
**Program: B. Sc Engineering (2<sup>nd</sup> Year/ 2<sup>nd</sup> semester)**

**Course Title:** Algorithms

**Course No.** CSE 207

**Credit:** 3.00

**Time:** 1.00 Hours.

**Full Mark:** 60

There are **Three (3)** Questions. Answer all of them. All questions are of equal value. Figures in the right margin indicate marks.

1. a) Given the algorithm below, find the **Time Complexity**. Here, **id** is your registration number. Show the **detailed steps** of your calculation. [12]

```
fun(a[m], b[n])
    for( i = 1; i <= m; i++)
        if ( id is even )
            for( j = 1; j <= n; j = 2*j)
                if( a[i] == j)
                    return j
            else
                for(j = 1; j*j <= n; j++)
                    if(b[j] == i)
                        return i

    return -1
```

- b) For the algorithm in Q1a, provide example value of **a[m]**, and **b[n]** for both **Best case** [8] and **Worst-case** scenario. The size of a and b will depend on your registration number. Use the following formula to calculate **m** and **n**.

$m = 6 + \text{last 2 digits of your registration number} \% 3$   
 $n = 8 + \text{last 2 digits of your registration number} \% 3$

Or,

- b) Solve the following recursive Time Complexity equation using Master Theorem. [8]

$$T(n) = aT(n/3) + cn^p$$

where  $a = 3 * (\text{last 2 digits of your registration number} \% 3 + 1)$   
 $p = \text{last 2 digits of your registration number} \% 4$

2. a) Greedy algorithm doesn't provide optimal solution for all problems. A problem must have few properties to be solvable by Greedy algorithm. Mention what those properties are and briefly describe those properties. [10]
- b) You are playing a game in a party. There are  $n$  balloons and one of them has a gemstone inside it. You are asked to find the balloon with the gemstone in it. Write an  $O(\log n)$  **divide and conquer** algorithm to locate/find the balloon with the gemstone. [10]

Hints:

- 1) Balloon with the gemstone will be heavier than the other balloons.
- 2) Dividing the balloons into 2 halves will give you a clue which pile has the balloon with gemstone.

3. Determine the Maximum Subarray Sum using the **Divide and Conquer** approach for the following data— [20]

11    -2    16    A    16    -7    12    -B    3

Here, A is the last digit of your ID.

B is the second last digit of your ID.

For example, if your ID is 113058, then,  $A = 8$  and  $B = 5$ .

Or,

3. Illustrate the **activity selection** problem for the following scenario— [20]

Activity	Starting Time	Finish Time
I	5	9
II	A	B
III	C	D
IV	3	4
V	0	6
VI	8	9

Here, A is your ID mod 3.  $B = A + 3$ . C is your ID mod 7.  $D = C + 2$ .

Will this approach always give the optimal solution?

What do you think? explain your answer.