

Coffee Machine

Write a program that calculates the price a customer has to pay for drinks they bought from a coffee machine.

	Without sugar	Normal	Extra sugar
Espresso	\$0.90	\$1	\$1.20
Cappuccino	\$1.00	\$1.20	\$1.60
Tea	\$0.50	\$0.60	\$0.70

Keep in mind the following **discounts**:

- When selecting a drink **without sugar**, there is a 35% discount.
- When **"Espresso"** is selected if **at least 5 drinks** have already been purchased, there is a 25% discount.
- When the amount **exceeds \$15**, 20% discount from the final price.

The discounts are applied in the order of their description.

Input

You receive **3 arguments**:

- **First - drink - string**: "Espresso", "Cappuccino" or "Tea"
- **Second - sugar - string**: "Without", "Normal" or "Extra"
- **Third - count drinks - a whole number in the range [1... 50]**

Output

One string:

"You bought {count drinks} cups of {drink} for {total price} dollars."

The price must be formatted to the second digit after the decimal point.

Function Setup

```
function main(drink, sugar, numOfDrinks){  
}
```

Examples

Input	Output	Comments
Espresso Without 10	You bought 10 cups of Espresso for 4.39 dollars.	Selected are 10 cups of espresso without sugar 0.90 each -> \$9 35% discount for a sugar free drink of \$9 -> 3.15 -> $9 - 3.15 = 5.85$ 25% discount on the purchase of at least 5 cups of espresso. 25% of 5.85 -> 1.4625 $5.85 - 1.4625 \rightarrow 4.3875$
Cappuccino Normal 13	You bought 13 cups of Cappuccino for 12.48 dollars.	Selected are 13 cups of cappuccino with normal sugar \$1.20 each -> \$15.60 $15.60 \geq 15.00 \rightarrow 20\%$ discount of 15.60 is 3.12 $15.60 - 3.12 = \$12.48$
Tea Extra 3	You bought 3 cups of Tea for 2.10 dollars.	Selected are 3 cups of tea with extra sugar \$0.70 each -> \$2.10 There are no discounts, the total price is \$2.10