# Phase 9 - Reporting, Dashboards & Security Review

#### Objective:

To provide analytical insights into events, tickets, and vendors, and to enforce security standards in Salesforce for data integrity and controlled access.

# 1. Reports

#### **Definition:**

Reports are organized representations of Salesforce data, used to analyze trends, performance, and outcomes. Salesforce provides different report formats:

• Tabular: Simple list of records

• Summary: Grouped records with subtotals

Matrix: Grouped by rows and columns

• Joined: Multiple related reports combined

#### **Steps Completed:**

#### 1. Created Event Records Report

Report Type: Event Records

Selected fields: Event Name, Date, Type, Location, Number of Tickets

Filters applied: Event Status = Active

#### 2. Created **Ticket Report**

Report Type: Event Records with Tickets

Selected fields: Ticket Name, Status, Price, Attendee Email, Event Name

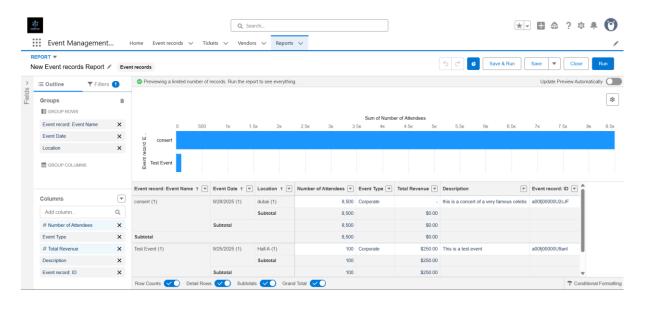
Filters applied: Ticket Status = Booked

# Notes:

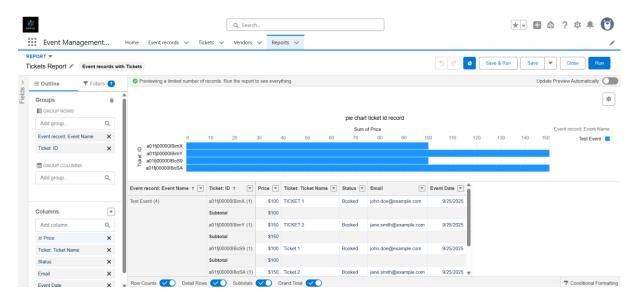
- Reports are saved and shared with appropriate profiles for visibility.
- Reports can be exported for offline analysis if needed.

#### **Screenshot:**

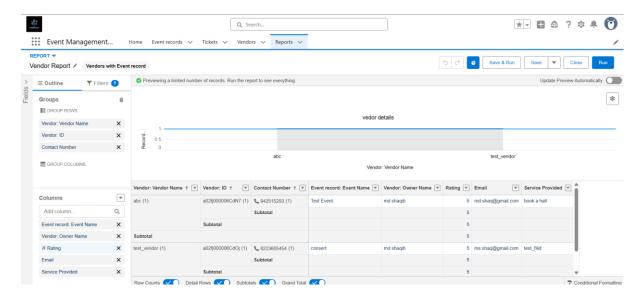
### #Event Records Report layout



# • Ticket Report layout:



# # Vendor Report layout:



# 2. Dashboards

### **Definition:**

Dashboards are visual displays of report data, showing key metrics and trends using charts, tables, and gauges.

# **Steps Completed:**

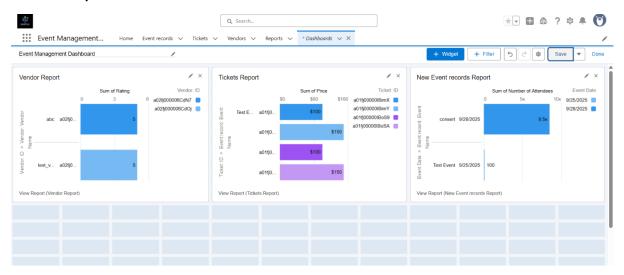
- 1. Created Event Management Dashboard
  - Components included:
    - Total Events (Metric)
    - Total Tickets Booked (Metric)
    - Revenue per Event (Chart)
  - Linked components to respective reports
- 2. Configured layout for visibility and readability

#### **Notes:**

• Dashboard helps management quickly monitor performance and attendance.

• Components can be updated as reports are refreshed.

# **Screenshot placeholders:**



# 3. Sharing Settings

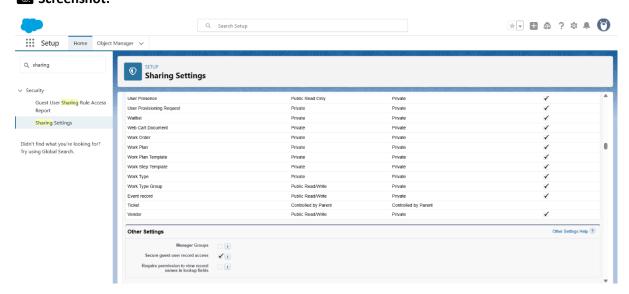
#### **Definition:**

Sharing settings determine how records are shared within the organization, controlling access to sensitive information.

# **Steps Completed:**

- Verified Organization-Wide Defaults (OWD) for objects
- Set sharing rules for Event, Ticket, and Vendor records to appropriate profiles
- Ensured only authorized roles can view/edit records

# Screenshot:



# 4. Field-Level Security

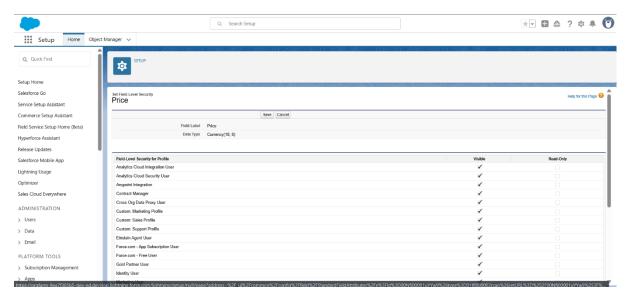
# **Definition:**

Field-level security restricts visibility and edit access to specific fields based on profile or permission sets.

# **Steps Completed:**

- Reviewed and adjusted field permissions for key objects
- Ensured sensitive fields (e.g., Attendee Email, Ticket Price) are restricted for some profiles

# **Screenshot:**



# **5. Session Settings & Login IP Ranges**

# **Definition:**

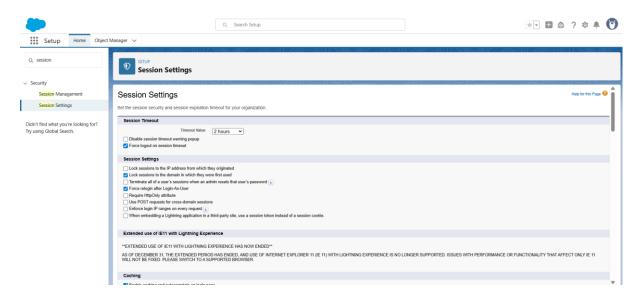
- Session Settings: Control session timeout, login security, and session policies.
- Login IP Ranges: Restrict login access to specific IP addresses for enhanced security.

# **Steps Completed:**

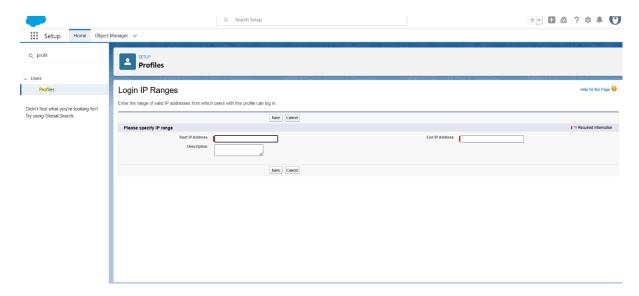
- Configured session timeout and security policies for users
- Added login IP ranges for Event Managers and Admins

### **Screenshot:**

Session settings



• Login IP range configuration



# 6. Audit Trail

#### **Definition:**

Audit Trail tracks changes made by administrators to setup and configuration, helping in compliance and monitoring.

# **Steps Completed:**

- Enabled audit trail to log metadata changes
- Reviewed changes for Phase 9 activities

#### **Screenshot:**

Audit trail logs

