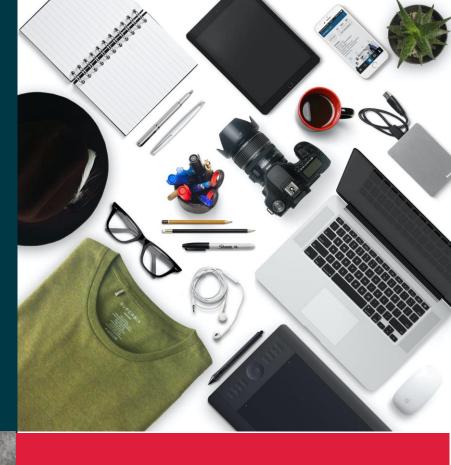


DSA – Data Structures Trie







Course Planning

Algorithms	Data Structures	Algorithmic Approaches	Interview Practices
1.Introduction	1.Asymptotic Analysis	1.Search Algorithms	1.In-place Reversal
2.Number 1	2.Dynamic Array	2.Sort Algorithms	2.Two Heaps
3.Number 2	3.LinkedList	3.Dac Algorithms	3.Subsets
4.String 1	4.Stack	4.Recursion	4.Modified BS
5.String 2	5.Queue	5.Sliding Window	5.Bitwise XOR
6.Array 1	6.HashTable	6.Two Pointers	6.Top 'K' Elements
7.Array 2	7.Tree	7.Fast & Slow	7.K-way Merge
8.Matrix	8.Trie	8.Cyclic Sort	8.Knapsack Problem
9.DP 1	9.Directed Graph	9.Breadth First Search	9.Topological Sort
10.DP 2	10.Undirected Graph	10.Depth First Search	10.Mock Interview



Implementation

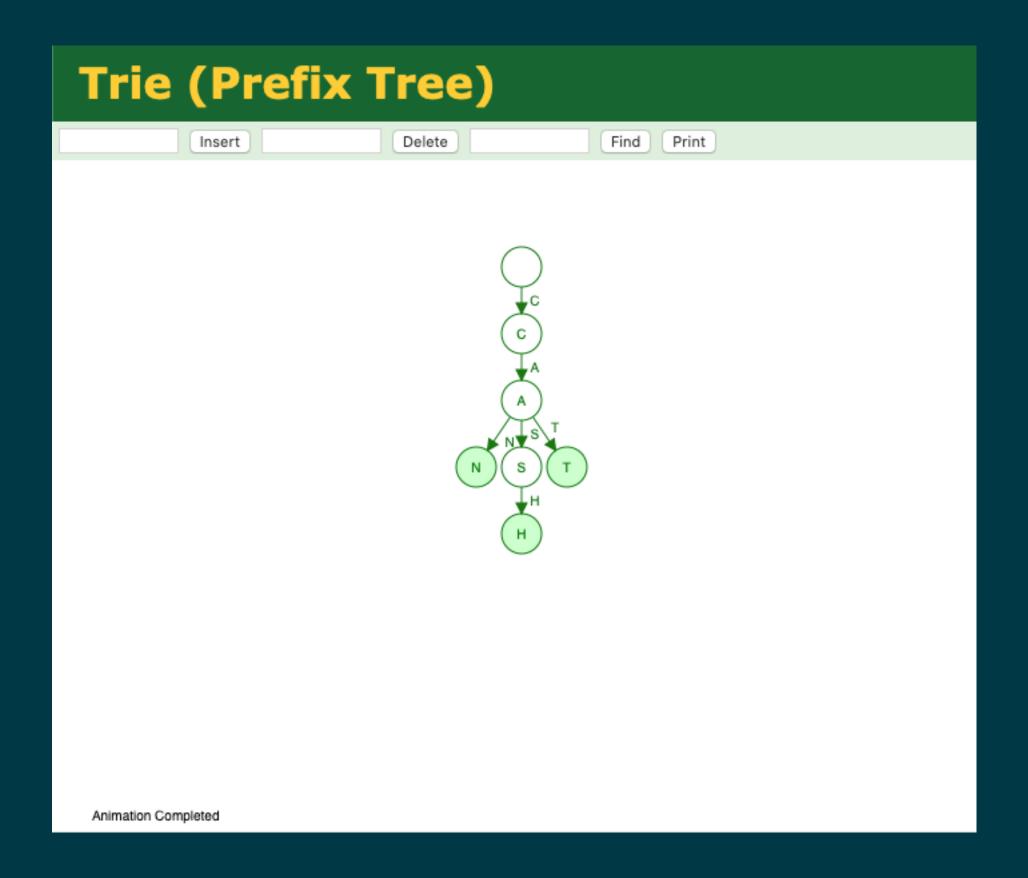
Google

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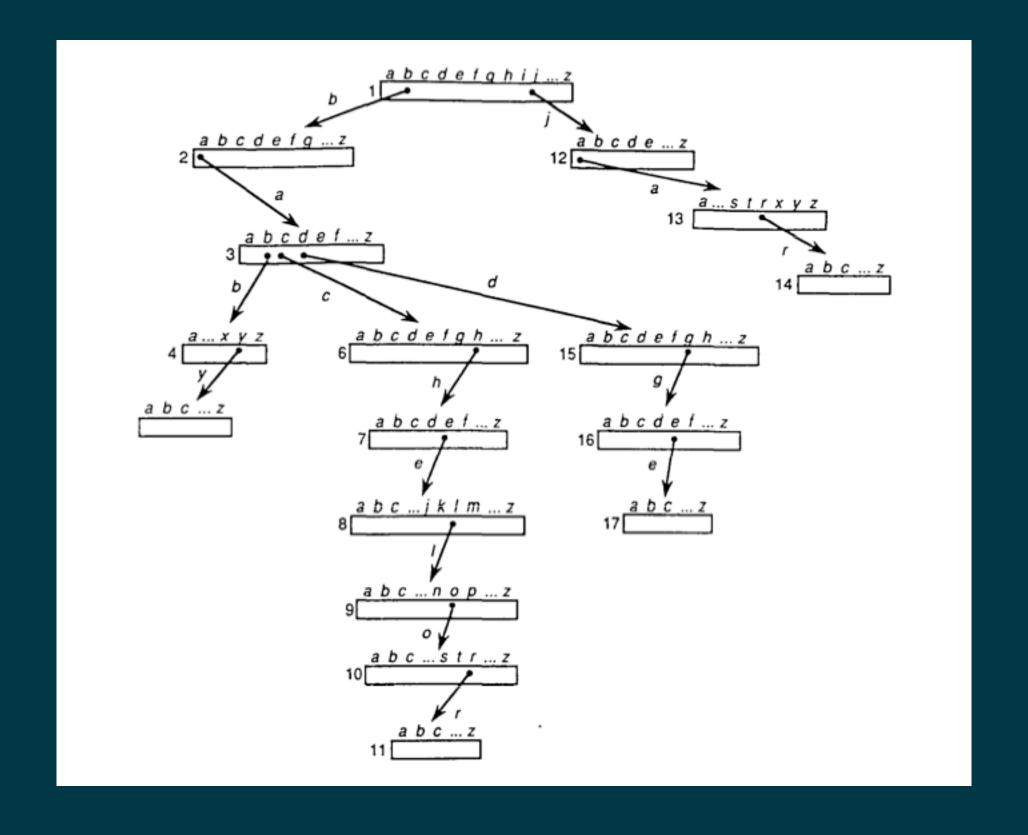
Remove

- Q data
- data structures and algorithms
- Q data structure tree
- Q data structures
- Q data science
- Q dataset
- Q data
- Q database
- datacamp
- q data mining
- Q data studio

Visualization



Structure



Trie with Array

```
public class TrieArray {

public class Node{
    private char value;
    private boolean isWord;
    private Node[] children;

public Node(char value){
        this.value = value;
        this.children = new Node[26];
        this.isWord = false;
    }
}

Node root;

public TrieArray() {
    root = new Node('\0');
}
```

insert

```
public void insert(String word) {
   Node curr = root;
   for(int i =0;i<word.length();i++){
        char c = word.charAt(i);
        int index = c-'a';

        if(curr.children[index] == null)
            curr.children[index] = new Node(c);

        curr = curr.children[index];
   }
   curr.isWord = true;
}</pre>
```

search

```
public boolean search(String word) {
   Node curr = root;
   for(int i = 0;i<word.length();i++){
        char c = word.charAt(i);
        int index = c-'a';

        if(curr.children[index] == null) return false;
        curr = curr.children[index];
   }
   return curr.isWord;
}</pre>
```

startsWith

```
public boolean startsWith(String prefix) {
   Node curr = root;
   for(int i = 0;i<prefix.length();i++){
        char c = prefix.charAt(i);
        int index = c-'a';

        if(curr.children[index] == null)
            return false;

        curr = curr.children[index];
   }
   return true;
}</pre>
```

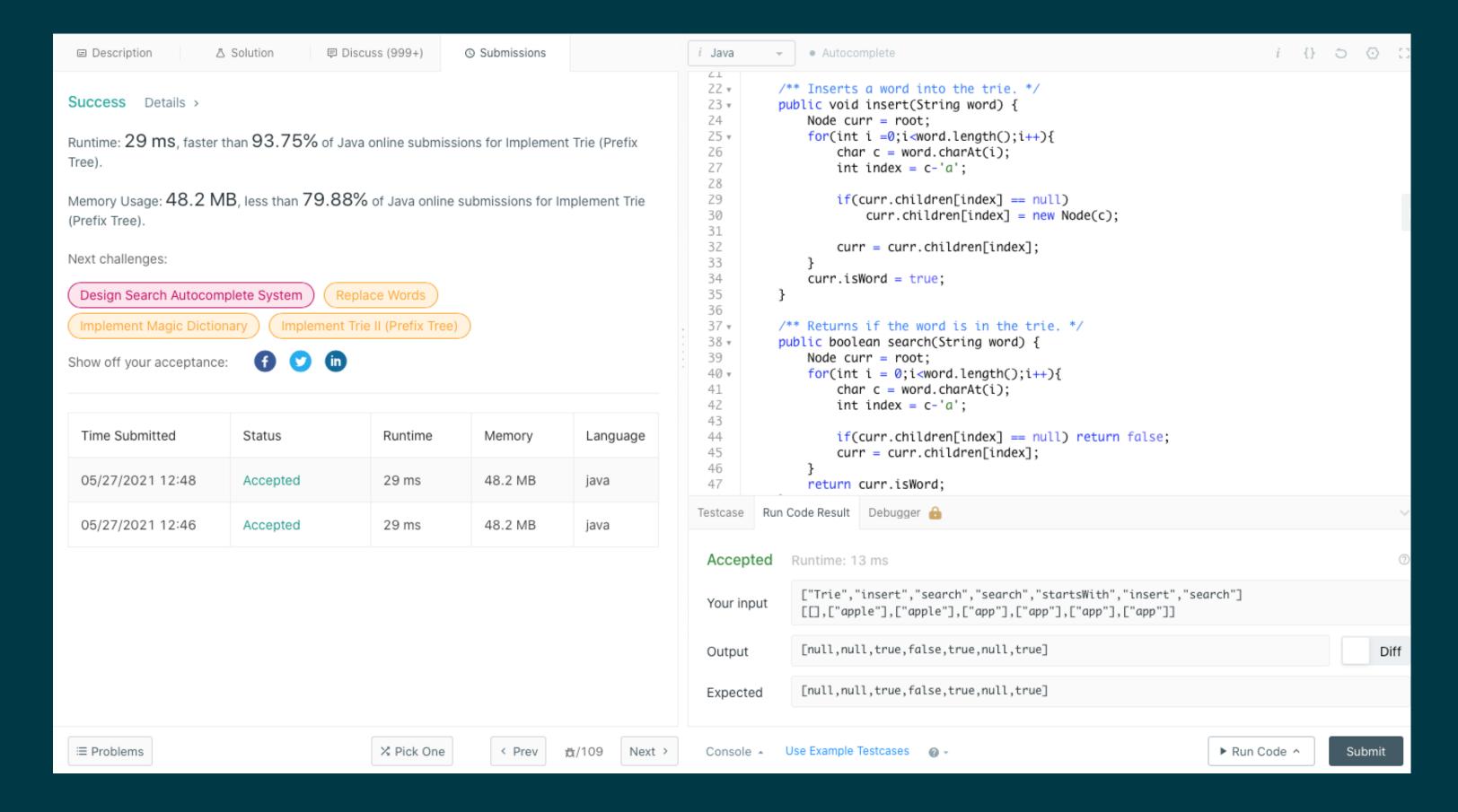
traversal

```
public void traverse() {
    traverse(root);
}

private void traverse(Node root) {
    if(root != null) {
        System.out.println(root.value);

        for(var child: root.children) {
            traverse(child);
        }
    }
}
```

Leetcode Trie



Task 1

Darsda o`tilgan Trie(Array) da so`zni o`chirish imkoniyatini yarating.

public void remove(String word)

Task 2

Darsda o`tilgan Trie dagi array children o`rniga HashMap ishlatib Trie ni boshqatdan qurib chiqing.

HashMap<Character, Node> children

Task 3

HashMap orqali yaratilgan Trie ni Leetcode da tekshiring.

https://leetcode.com/problems/implement-trie-prefix-tree/